

# **Hochschule Bonn-Rhein-Sieg**University of Applied Sciences



# **Implementation and Evaluation of Text Classifiers**

**NLP Project** 

02.07.2020

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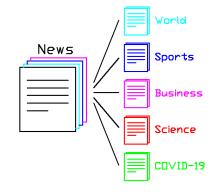
# Introduction

### Target:

- Implementing a news classifier with different techniques.
- Compare and benchmarking the results and performance of each method.

### Classes:

- World
- Sports
- Business
- Science
- COVID-19



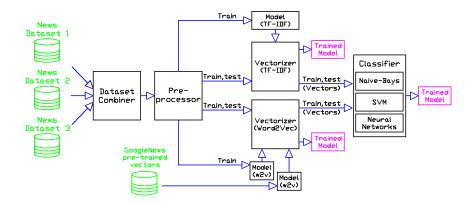






# **Pipeline**

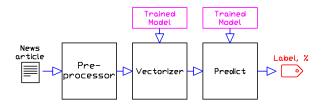
# Training phase:





# **Pipeline**

### Inference phase:





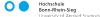
### **Datasets**

### Input datasets:

- AG's News Topic Classification Dataset [1]
  - Consists of 4 classes: World, Sport, Business, Science.
  - Each class contains 30,000 items.
  - Collected in 2015.
- COVID-19 News Articles Open Research Dataset [2]
  - Contains over 7,000 news articles about COVID-19.
  - Collected from CBC news.
- COVID-19 Public Media Dataset by Anacode [3]
  - Contains articles about COVID-19.
  - News articles from BBC, CNN, CNBC, and Reuters are picked.

#### Final dataset:

- 5 classes, each contain 30,000 items.
- Due to memory limitations, a reduced version is used for training:
  - Train set: 50,000
  - Test set: 5,000
- [1]: https://www.kaggle.com/amananandrai/ag-news-classification-dataset
- [2]: https://www.kaggle.com/ryanxjhan/cbc-news-coronavirus-articles-march-26
- [3]: https://www.kaggle.com/jannalipenkova/covid19-public-media-dataset





# **Pre-process**

0. Raw text:

Dolphin groups, or "pods", rely on 20 sociali ...
Tyrannosaurus rex achieved its massive size du...

1. Tokenization:

[Dolphin, groups, or, "pods", rely, on, 20, ...
[Tyrannosaurus, rex, achieved, its, massive, s...

2. To lower-case:

[dolphin, groups, or, "pods", rely, on, 20, ...
[tyrannosaurus, rex, achieved, its, massive, s...

3. Punctuation removal:

[dolphin, groups, or, pods, rely, on, 20, lit... [tyrannosaurus, rex, achieved, its, massive, s...

4. Number digits removal:

[dolphin, groups, or, pods, rely, on, socialit...
[tyrannosaurus, rex, achieved, its, massive, s...

Lemmatization:

[dolphin, group, or, pod, rely, on, socialite,... [tyrannosaurus, rex, achieved, it, massive, si...

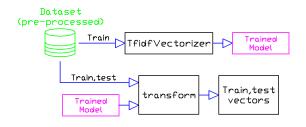
Stop words removal:

[dolphin, group, pod, rely, socialite, keep, c... [tyrannosaurus, rex, achieved, massive, size, ...



# **TF-IDF Vectorization**

- By TfidfVectorizer from Scikit-Learn.
- Model is learned from train set.
- Three different feature lengths are generated: 300, 1000, 8000.
- The whole matrix of vectors is stored on memory.
  - May cause memory error.

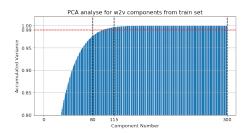




# Word2Vec Vectorization

### Training Word2Vec model:

- 1. Pre-trained vectors from Google. [1]
  - Contains 300-dimensional vectors for 3 million words and phrases.
- 2. Train set data.
  - Causes a dependency between vectorizer and classifier.
  - Three different feature lengths: 80, 115, 300



### Word averaging method:

- Converts word embeddings to get a vector per example.
- Takes average vector of all tokens in one example.
- [1]: https://code.google.com/archive/p/word2vec







# **Vectorization - Summary**

- Vectorization is done in 3 different ways, and with different vector lengths.
- · Resulting in 7 different vectorized datasets.
- · Each will be fed to the classifiers individually.

Model	Dim. Size		Train time	
	300	1535KB	4.8s	
TF-IDF	1000	1568KB	4.9s	
	8000	1897KB	5.3s	
	80	25.8MB	28s	
w2v, Train set	115	36MB	35s	
	300	90MB	64s	
w2v, Google	300	533MB	34s (load time)	

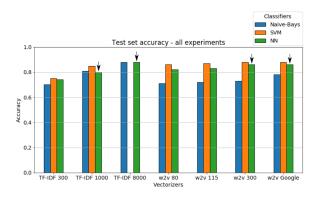


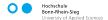




# Classification

- Three classification methods: Naive-Bays, SVM, NN
- Applying on all vectorized data, resulting 21 classifiers.







# **Classification - Training**

### Naive-Bays

Vectorizer	Dim.	Train time	Predict time	Memory usage	Test accuracy
	300	258ms	11ms	25KB	0.70
TF-IDF	TF-IDF 1000 289ms 8000 3.5s 80 70ms	31ms	80KB	0.81	
		3.5s	167ms	641KB	0.88
	80	70ms	10ms	7KB	0.71
w2v, Train set	115	72ms	10ms	10KB	0.72
	300	164ms	19ms	25KB	0.73
w2v, Google	300	218ms	17ms	25KB	0.78

#### SVM

Vectorizer	Dim.	Train time	Predict time	Memory usage	Test accuracy
300 371		37m	1m 30s	74MB	0.75
TF-IDF	TF-IDF 1000 3h 9m 8000 -	6m 50s	235MB	0.85	
8000 -	-	-	-		
	80	3m 46s	18s	12.6MB	0.86
w2v, Train set	115	4m 44s	24s	17.3MB	0.87
	300	9m 12s	57s	41.3MB	0.88
w2v, Google	300	13m 39s	57s	44.5MB	0.88

#### NN

Vectorizer	Dim.	Train time	Predict time	Memory usage	Test accuracy
	300	8m 19s	167ms	138KB	0.74
TF-IDF	TF-IDF 1000 9m 25s 8000 9m 35s	9m 25s	273ms	406KB	0.80
	8000	9m 35s	571ms	3094KB	0.88
	80	8m 1s	243ms	53KB	0.82
w2v, Train set	115	7m 48s	189ms	67KB	0.83
	300	7m 50s	187ms	138KB	0.86
w2v, Google	300	5m 3s	140ms	138KB	0.86





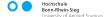
# **Classification - Inference**

- The inference phase is examined with 4 best classifiers.
- Recent articles from DW news website are used.
- For each class 5 articles are tested.

Classifier (NN) Load In	Inference	Inference accuracy						Test acc.	
	Interence	World	Sports	Business	Science	COVID-19	Avg.		
TF-IDF 1000	8s	25ms	3/5	5/5	1/5	3/5	5/5	0.68	0.80
TF-IDF 8000	8.3s	25ms	5/5	5/5	4/5	4/5	5/5	0.92	0.88
w2v 300	4.8s	18ms	1/5	0/5	2/5	4/5	1/5	0.32	0.86
w2v Google	42.3s	20ms	5/5	4/5	3/5	4/5	0/5	0.64	0.86

### Analysis:

- w2v 300: The dependency between vectorizer and classifier:
  - Low accuracy for an unseen domain.
  - High test accuracy is because of familiar domain.
- w2v Google: COVID19 related words are not included in the pre-trained dataset.
- TF-IDF 8000: Gives very good results with unseen domain.





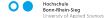
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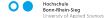
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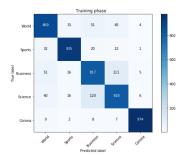
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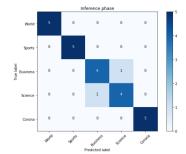




# **Best Result**

- Vectorization:
  - Type: TF-IDF
  - Vectors length: 8000Memory usage: 1897KB
  - Train time: 5.3s
- Classification, training phase:
  - Type: Neural networks
  - Test accuracy: 0.88
  - Memory usage: 3094KB
  - Train time: 9m 35s
- · Classification, inference phase:
  - Data: 25 news articles
  - Load time: 8.3s
  - Inference time: 25ms
  - Accuracy: 0.92











# Conclusions

- Words and phrases in news articles change over time.
- Word2Vec models are learned by the content of the corpus.
- Training a Word2Vec model on domain-specific data causes dependencies.
- Extracting sentence embedding by word averaging results in loosing information.
- TF-IDF vectors are not dependent on the whole content.
- TF-IDF vectorization gives better results in case of news classification.
- A vectorized dataset is stored on memory which can cause memory error.





### References

### GitHub repository of this project:

https://github.com/amirhpd/text\_classifier

#### Datasets:

https://www.kaggle.com/amananandrai/ag-news-classification-dataset https://www.kaggle.com/ryanxjhan/cbc-news-coronavirus-articles-march-26

https://www.kaggle.com/jannalipenkova/covid19-public-media-dataset

https://code.google.com/archive/p/word2vec

#### Guidance from:

https://www.kaggle.com/amananandrai/news-article-classifier-with-different-models

https://towards datascience.com/multi-class-text-classification-model-comparison-and-selection-and-selection-and-sel

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