

The background of the slide is a photograph of a modern, multi-story office building with a glass facade. The building is viewed from a low angle, looking up. The entire image is overlaid with a semi-transparent blue filter. The word "CYBAGE" is visible on the upper part of the building's facade.

CYBAGE

# Angular JS (Day 5)

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## Document History

Version No.	Authored/ Modified by	Remarks/ Change History	Date <dd- mon-yy >
1.0	Asfiya Khan	First version of Angular 4	13 March 2018

## Course Structure

<b>Target audience</b>	Trainee,SE,SSE
<b>Level</b>	1,2,3
<b>Pre-requisites</b>	Javascript,TypeScript,HTML,CSS
<b>Training methods</b>	Presentation , Demos, Hands-on
<b>Evaluation</b>	Multiple Choice Question

## Agenda



Architecture  
and  
Components



Data Binding  
and Pipes



Routing and  
Navigation



Templates  
,Interpolation  
and Directives



Angular  
Modules



Services and  
Dependency  
Injection



Ng-Forms



Retrieving  
data using  
HTTP

# Forms Module(NgForm)

There are two different types of forms:

- template-driven forms
- model-driven or reactive forms

Both the technologies belong to the @angular/forms library and are based on the same form control classes.

# Template Driven Forms

*“Directives allow you to attach behavior to elements in the DOM.”*

- Angular provides form-specific directives that you can use to bind the form input data and the model.
- The form-specific directives add extra functionality and behavior to a plain HTML form.
- The end result is that the template takes care of binding values with the model and form validation.

# Forms Module

**#email = "ngModel"**

The control input is valid

**email.valid**

**email.invalid**

The control value has changed

**email.dirty**

**email.pristine**

The control has been visited

**email.touched**

**email.untouched**

**Note:** The green shape indicates that the value will be true whereas the red shape indicates the value will be false.

# Reactive Forms

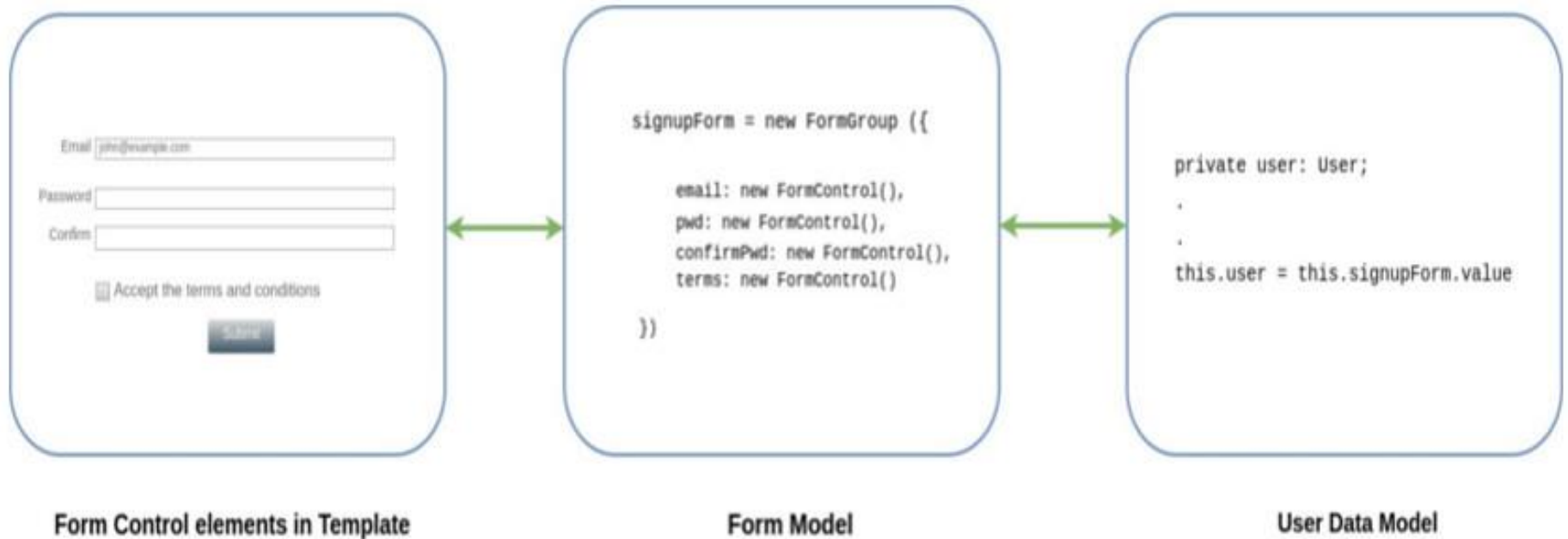
- In this approach we create and initialize the *form control objects* in our component class.
- They are intermediate objects that hold the state of the form.
- We will then bind them to the *form control elements* in the template.

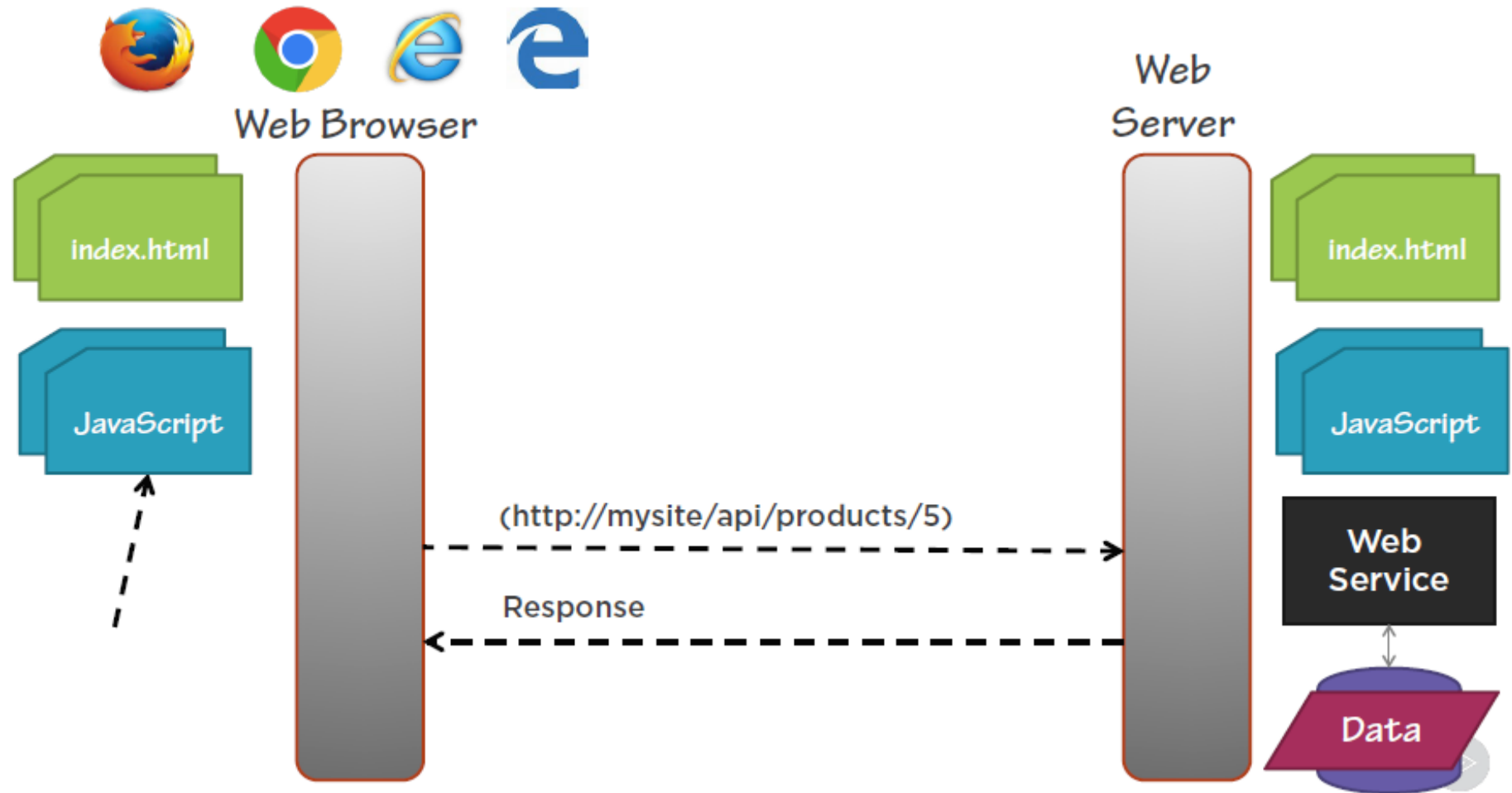


# Reactive Forms

- The form control object listens to any change in the input control values, and they are immediately reflected in the object's state.
- Since the component has direct access to the data model structure, all changes can be synchronized between the data model, the form control object, and the input control values.

# Reactive Forms





# Observables and Reactive Extensions



Help manage asynchronous data

Treat events as a collection

- An array whose items arrive asynchronously over time

Are a proposed feature for ES 2016

Use Reactive Extensions (RxJS)

Are used within Angular

# Observable Operators



Methods on observables that compose new observables

Transform the source observable in some way

Process each value as it is emitted

Examples: map, filter, take, merge, ...

# Observables

## Interactive diagrams of Rx Observables



```
map(x => 10 * x)
```



# Promise vs Observable

## Promise

Provides a single future value

Not lazy

Not cancellable

## Observable

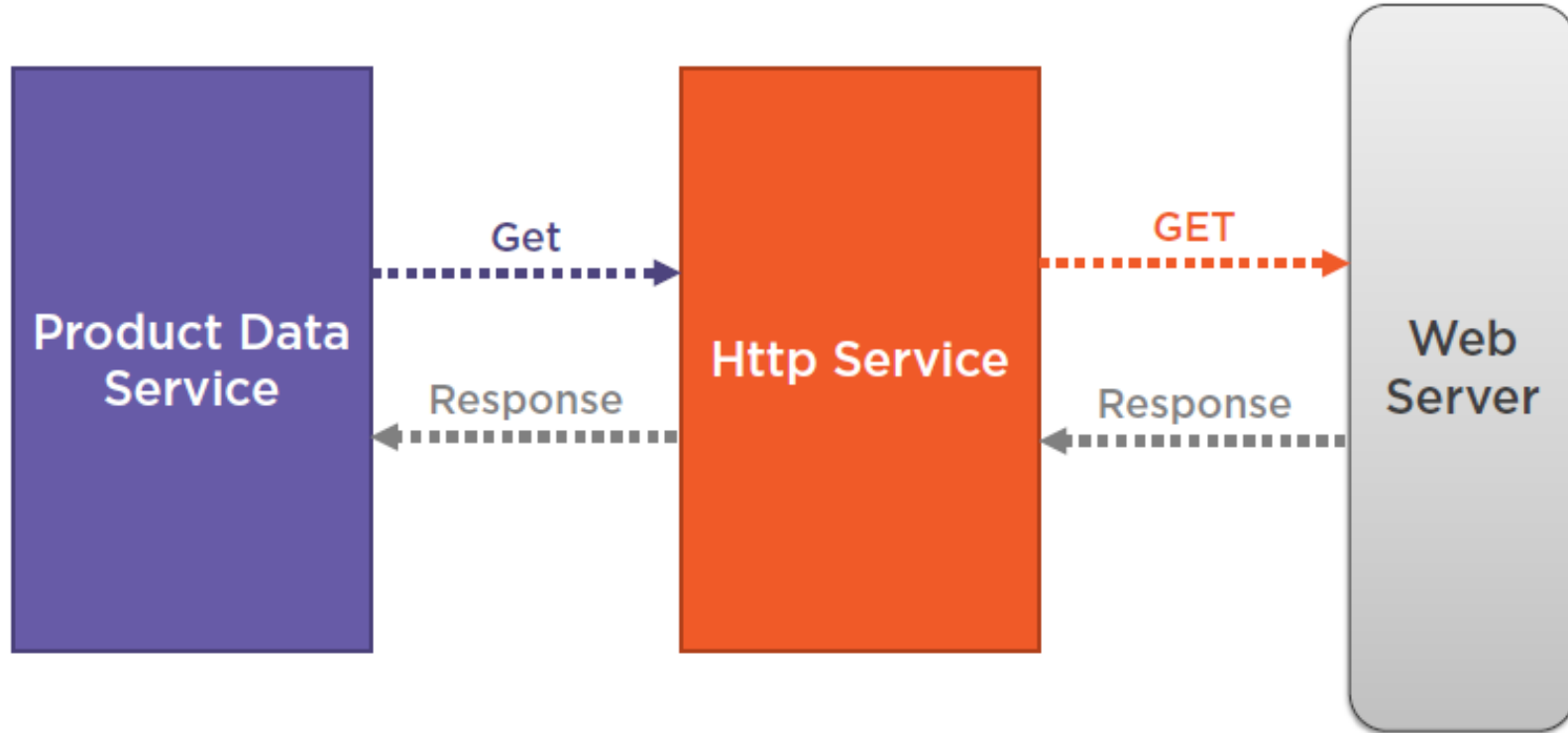
Emits multiple values over time

Lazy

Cancellable

Supports map, filter, reduce and similar operators

## Sending an Http Request





# Sending an Http Request

product.service.ts

```
...
import { HttpClient } from '@angular/common/http';

@Injectable()
export class ProductService {
  private _productUrl = 'www.myWebService.com/api/products';

  constructor(private _http: HttpClient) { }

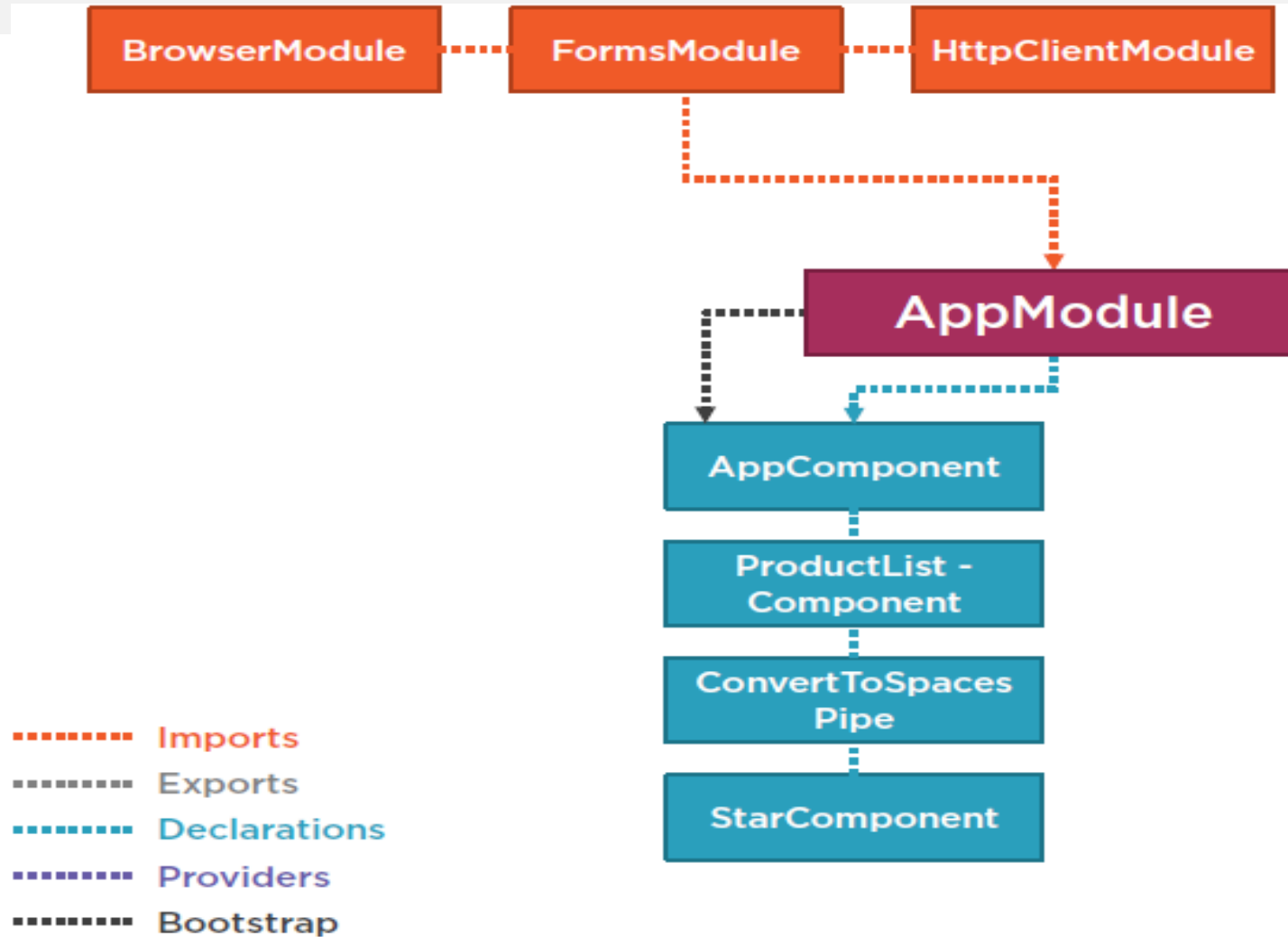
  getProducts() {
    return this._http.get(this._productUrl);
  }
}
```

# Registering the Http Service Provider

app.module.ts

```
...
import { HttpClientModule } from '@angular/common/http';

@NgModule({
  imports: [
    BrowserModule,
    FormsModule,
    HttpClientModule ],
  declarations: [
    AppComponent,
    ProductListComponent,
    ConvertToSpacesPipe,
    StarComponent ],
  bootstrap: [ AppComponent ]
})
export class AppModule { }
```



# Sending an Http Request

product.service.ts

```
...
import { HttpClient } from '@angular/common/http';

@Injectable()
export class ProductService {
  private _productUrl = 'www.myWebService.com/api/products';

  constructor(private _http: HttpClient) { }

  getProducts() {
    return this._http.get(this._productUrl);
  }
}
```

# Sending an Http Request

product.service.ts

```
...
import { HttpClient } from '@angular/common/http';

@Injectable()
export class ProductService {
  private _productUrl = 'www.myWebService.com/api/products';

  constructor(private _http: HttpClient) { }

  getProducts() {
    return this._http.get<IProduct[]>(this._productUrl);
  }
}
```

# Sending an Http Request

product.service.ts

```
...
import { HttpClient } from '@angular/common/http';
import { Observable } from 'rxjs/Observable';

@Injectable()
export class ProductService {
  private _productUrl = 'www.myWebService.com/api/products';

  constructor(private _http: HttpClient) { }

  getProducts(): Observable<IProduct[]> {
    return this._http.get<IProduct[]>(this._productUrl);
  }
}
```

# Exception Handling

product.service.ts

```
...
import { HttpClient, HttpResponse } from '@angular/common/http';
import { Observable } from 'rxjs/Observable';
import 'rxjs/add/operator/catch';
import 'rxjs/add/operator/do';
...

getProducts(): Observable<IProduct[]> {
  return this._http.get<IProduct[]>(this._productUrl)
    .do(data => console.log('All: ' + JSON.stringify(data)))
    .catch(this.handleError);
}

private handleError(err: HttpResponse) {
}
```

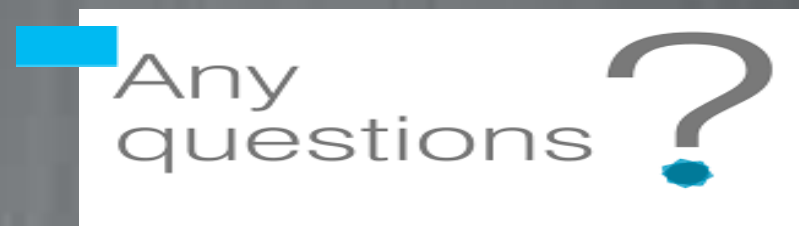
# Subscribing to an Observable

```
x.then(valueFn, errorFn)           //Promise
x.subscribe(valueFn, errorFn)       //Observable
x.subscribe(valueFn, errorFn, completeFn) //Observable
let sub = x.subscribe(valueFn, errorFn, completeFn)
```

## product-list.component.ts

```
ngOnInit(): void {
    this._productService.getProducts()
        .subscribe(products => this.products = products,
                    error => this.errorMessage = <any>error);
}
```





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Thank You!