

Becoming Dataware

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RCUK Digital Economy

- Digital Economy is defined by the Research Councils as:
 The novel design or use of information and communication technologies to help transform the lives of individuals, society or business.
- The Digital Economy programme is:
 - Cross-Research Council (EPSRC, ESRC, AHRC)
 - Funded 2008-2011 for:
 - £80m research including 3 x £12m hubs
 - £36m training 8 x DTCs
 - Aimed at realising the transformational impact of ICT for all aspects of Business, Society and Government





What is Horizon?

- A Digital Economy Research Centre at the University of Nottingham comprising:
 - A Digital Economy Hub
 - £20m from RCUK and university
 - Spokes at Cambridge, Reading, Exeter, Brunel
 - A Doctoral Training Centre
 - £15m from RCUK and university
 - 20 PhD students per year for 5 years
 - Now 120+ partner companies, from 40 in initial bid
 - 3 TEDDI projects
 - ... + future Digital Economy projects





Our Digital Footprints

"Every time we register for a new web service, or upload our photos and videos, we are enlarging our own digital footprints"

- Whether "informed" or not
 - Facebook, Google
- Growing digital footprint poses major societal challenges
- ...but also forms a key basis for the digital economy's growth





In More Detail

- We are making more and more information about our lives available, digitally
 - Whether or not we realise it
 - Often in very large, very rich data silos (e.g., Facebook)
 - "Contextual footprint"
- Simultaneously, there are more and more opportunities for mutually beneficial exploitation of digital personal data
 - E.g., Shopping basket optimizer;
 Boots prescription conflict detector

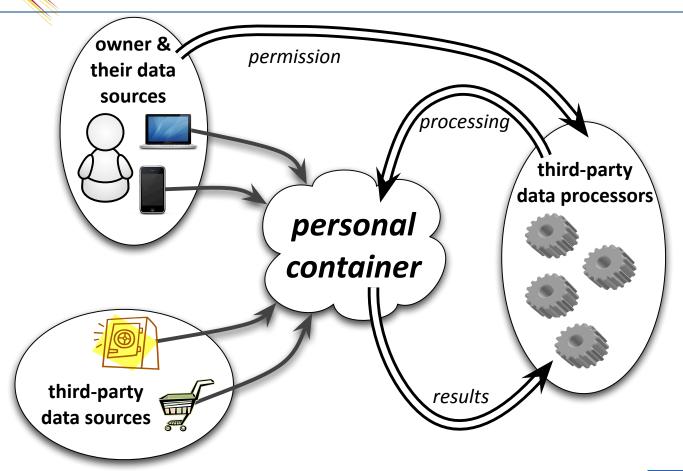
Key Challenge:

How do we enable individuals to control collection and exploitation of both *their data* and *data about them*?



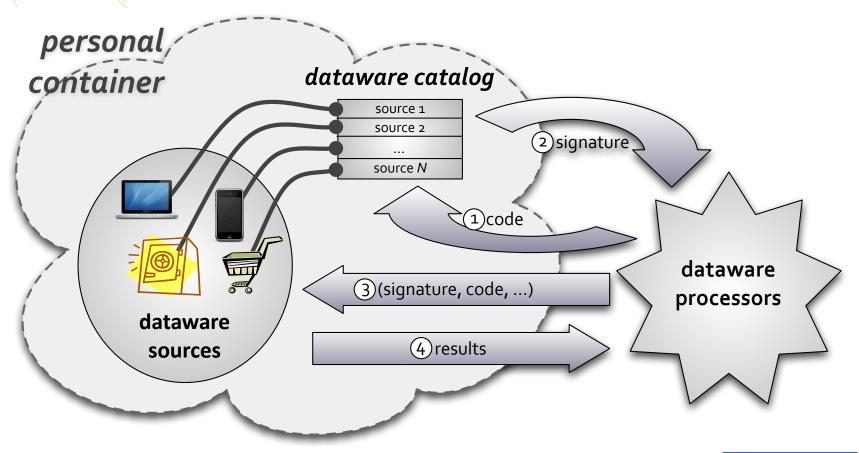


Dataware





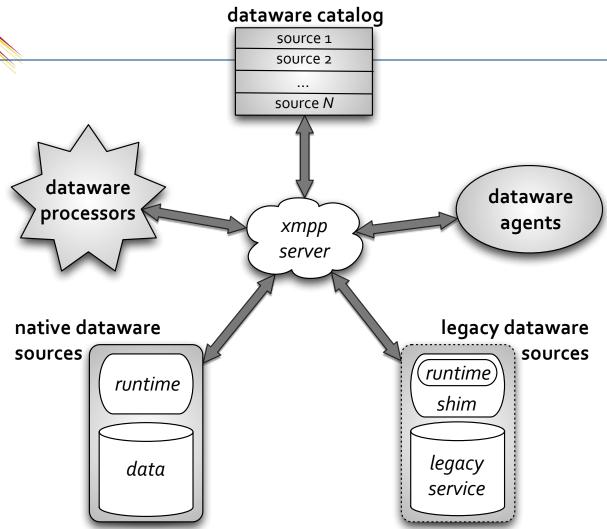
Components





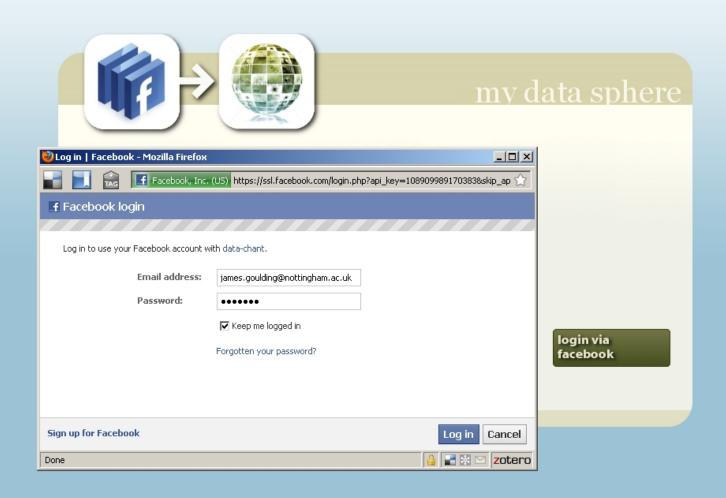


Implementation





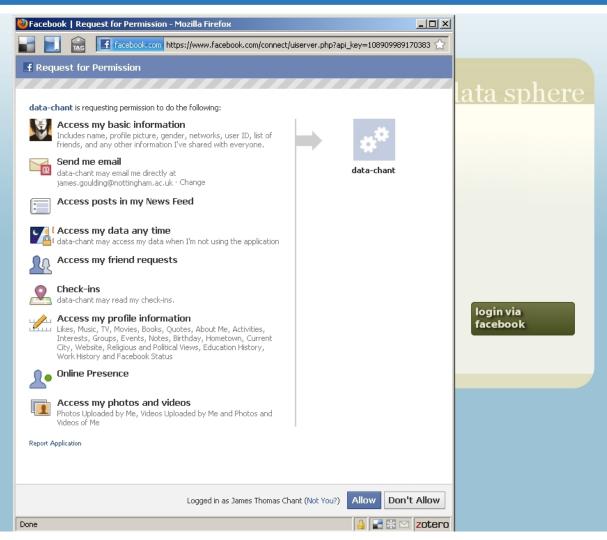
Shim Login







Shim Permission





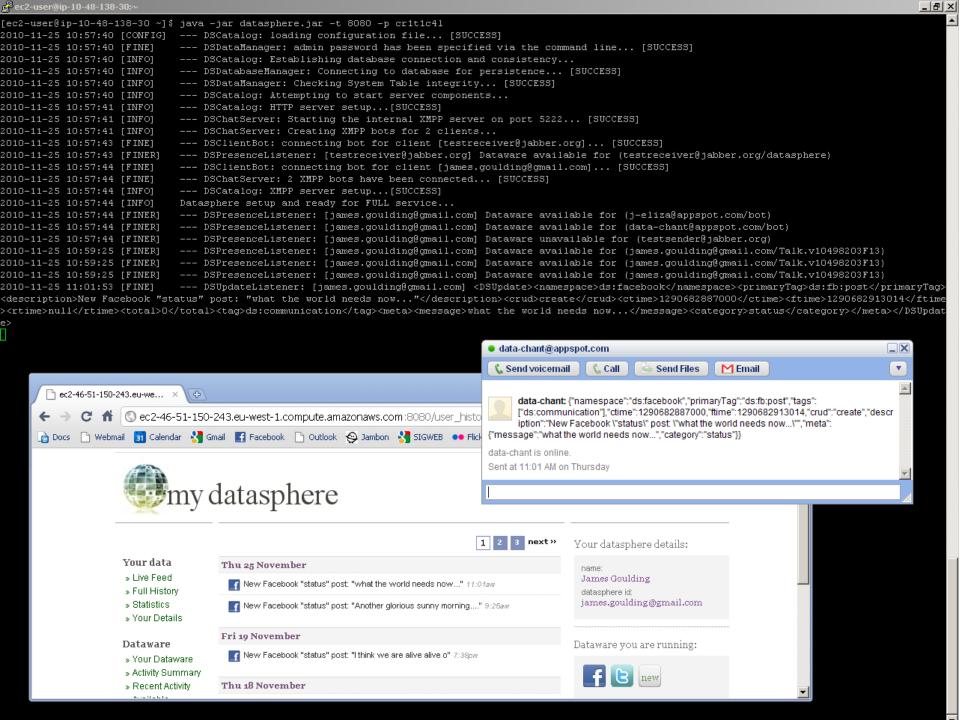


Web Interface

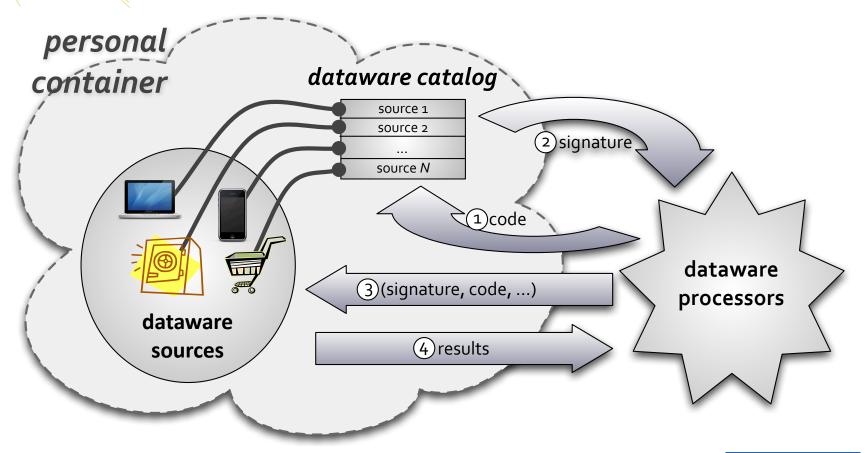
My Data Dataspheres Statistics Datablog History Login Register my datasphere Your datasphere details: Dataware Source summary: Your data name: » Live Feed Facebook Dataware Shim James Goulding » Full History namespace: datasphere id: ds:facebook james.goulding@gmail.com » Statistics subscription status: » Your Details ACTIVE unsubscribe Dataware you are running: Dataware » Your Dataware f B new » Activity Summary 1 2 next » » Recent Activity » Available Fri 19 November 🜃 New Facebook "status" post: "I think we are alive alive o" ७:३३००० Dataware requests: Sharing » Accounts Summary Thu 18 November » Your Requests » Sharing Stats 🜃 In your Facebook bio, your "quotes" has changed to "Quotation changed again so Available dataware: there! And again!" 9:47am 🚮 In your Facebook bio, your "birthday" has changed to "03/10/1995" 9:47am Wed 17 November III New Facebook "status" post: "mighty boooooshka" 5:05ρա Tue 16 November New Facebook "status" post: "test" 2:10,0m 🚮 In your Facebook bio, your "bio" has been removed. 2:02pm see all.

🜃 In your Facebook bio, your "hometown" has changed to Olton, Solihull, United Kingdom

(107013716004816) 2:01pm



Processing





Applications

- An application is a list of source schemas and signed components
 - Each element defines processing occurring on some data
- Each component starts out as
 - Code, describing the computation
 - Schedule, against which the code is executed
 - Result schema, describing the results
 - Result destination, JID to which results are sent



Application Signing

- Processor presents application to catalog
- Catalog applies user policy to determine whether to sign
 - Static policy concerning data to be processed, source, &c
 - Or interacting directly with user via web, chat, &c
- To sign, replace each component with one or more:
 - Result schema, schedule, code, as before
 - Source JID, specifying data source
 - Destination JID, to which results are sent
 - Signature, an HMAC for the component
- ...And then return to the submitting processor





Application Execution

- Processor distributes signed components to given sources
- Sources then:
 - Install components, notifying catalog
 - Execute components in runtime, as per schedule
 - Send results to specified destination
- During execution, the runtime monitors code
 - Enables periodic reporting back to user
 - Exceptions raised if code operates outside boundaries



JOINing Data

- A clear issue is how to deal with data JOINs
 - Recall: we're avoiding giving access to raw data
 - We must also avoid giving access to intermediate results
- Setup trusted third-party sources
 - Have no data of their own
 - Act as destination for other code
 - May host subsequent application components
- Makes sense that the catalog serves as at least one such





Summary

- So conceptually, a dataware application is:
 - A network of running components,
 - Each processing your personal data,
 - In a manner acceptable to you
- Your dataware implements your personal container:
 - Defining APIs to your data,
 - Enabling third-parties to process your data,
 - While ensuring you retain control,
 - And they don't get copies of your data
 - (unless you want them to!)





Evolution or Revolution?

- One way to put this in context is via Van Jacobson's content centric networking:
 - Telephones care about building paths (not calls)
 - Internet cared about connections (not data)
 - Content centric networking cares about data (not results)
- ...so, finally,
- Dataware, cares about results
 - Computation is as mobile as data, if not more so
 - (Anil) cf. datacentre computing, map-reduce, &c



Status

- First version of catalog built
- First legacy source built
 - Facebook, using Graph API
 - Twitter, Google Gdata on their way
- Now prototyping
 - Dataware Processor and first applications, and
 - Native source
- Challenge: how to build protocols for trusted aggregation
 - Would like to guarantee at-least-N contributors

