# In The Name of Allah Pattern Recognition (Spring 2024)

Instructor: Dr. Mahdi Yazdian-Dehkordi TAs: Darezereshki & Ramazankhani

Homework#4: Clustering
Due Date: 1403.03.15

For Part A and B, use the Aggregation dataset that has been attached.

## **PART A. Distance-Based (k-means)**

- 1- Implement the k-means model.
- 2- Run the algorithm on the dataset for  $k = \{1,2,3,4,5,6,7,8,9,10\}$ .
- 3- Obtain the cost function for every 10 modes of the previous section.
- 4- Plot the cost function corresponding to the previous section
- 5- Find the optimal k in this problem.
- 6- From the 10 models obtained in Part 2, plot the classification result by 5 models with better accuracy.

### PART B. Density-Based (DBSCAN)

- 1- Consider at least 10 different values for MinPts and 10 different values for  $\varepsilon$  of your choice.
- 2- Run the DBSCAN model on the data, corresponding to the two-by-two values of the parameters in the previous section. (Note that at least 10 \* 10 = 100 models are created)
- 3- Using the mean squared error (MSE) method, plot the MSE diagram corresponding to the models obtained in the previous section for different parameters. (plot a 3D diagrams: MinPts, e, MSE).
- 4- From the models obtained in Section 2, plot the classification result by 5 models with better accuracy.
- 5- Compare the result obtained in the previous section with what was obtained in Section 6 of exercise A and analyze the results.

# PART C. Kmeans and DBSCAN and Agglomerative Clustering

In this homework, you will work with 4 datasets as name of **noisy\_circles**, **noisy\_moons**, **blobs**, **no\_structure**.

It shows characteristics of different clustering algorithms on 2-dimensional datasets, with the exception of the last dataset.

- 1- Load and plot each dataset to visualize the dataset.
- 2- Train a Kmeans on your datasets.
- 3- Train a DBSCAN on your datasets and find best epsilon for each dataset.
- 4- Train an Agglomerative clustering on your datasets.
- 5- Plot and compare your results for different clustering algorithms and different datasets.

#### Good Luck.

