MILLAT UMIDI UNIVERSITY

COURSE OF COMPUTER SCIENCE LABORATORY PRACTICE n. 4

Exercise 1:

Write down a Python program in order to display, one after the other, the following two series of numbers (where the dots, used for short, must be replaced by the correct numbers).

• First series:

```
(0,0) (0,1) (0,2) (0,3) ... (0,9) (1,0) (1,1) (1,2) (1,3) ... (1,9) (2,0) (2,1) (2,2) (2,3) ... (2,9) ... (9,0) (9,1) (9,2) (9,3) ... (9,9)
```

• Second series:

```
0 1 2 3 ... 9
10 11 12 13 ... 19
20 21 22 23 ... 29
...
90 91 92 93 ... 99
```

Exercise 2:

Write down a *set* of Python programs (one per figure) able to:

- read a positive integer number *n*.
- display the geometric figures (with "side" equal to n) as detailed in the following examples.

Example: assume n=4. Then, the figures to be printed are the following ones:

Example: assume n=5. Then, the figures to be printed are the following ones:

Exercise 3:

Write down a Python program able to display a given number of asterisks on a row, repeating this operation as long as the number introduced by the user is positive. In other words, the program must:

- read an integer number *n*.
- if n > 0, display n asterisks one after the other in one row, then ask for a new value of n.
- if $n \le 0$, stop the program execution.

Example: the following is a possible program execution (underlined text is typed by the user).

```
Input n: 5
****

Input n: 13
*******

Input n: 2
**

Input n: -3
Execution terminated.
```

Exercise 4:

Let the Floyd's triangle be defined by the following figure:

```
1
2 3
4 5 6
7 8 9 10
11 12 13 14 15
```

Write down a Python allowing to:

- read a strictly positive integer number *n*
- display the first *n* rows of the Floyd's triangle (the spacing between numbers for a pretty print is not relevant)

Example: let n=3. Then, the program must produce the following output:

```
1
2 3
4 5 6
```

Example: let n=4. Then, the program must produce the following output:

```
1
2 3
4 5 6
7 8 9 10
```

Finally, write another program in order to print only the first *n* numbers of the triangle.

Example: let n=5. Then, the program must produce the following output:

```
1
2 3
4 5
```

Example: let n=7. Then, the program must produce the following output:

```
1
2 3
4 5 6
7
```