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In [10]: import numpy as np
         import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
         import pandas as pd
         data = pd.read_csv('data/rls_data.csv')
         data = data[['x1', 'x2', 'x3', 'x4', 'y']].to_numpy()
In [12]: M = 4
         N = 50
         \# xs = np.random.randn(M, N)
         \# ws = np.random.randn(M)
         # ys = ws @ xs
         xs = np.array([data[:, 0], data[:, 1], data[:, 2], data[:, 3],])
         ys = data[:, 4]
         # print(xs , ys)
         x = xs.copy()
         y = ys.copy()
         wy = np.zeros(M)
In [13]: for i in range(M):
             for j in range(i+1, M):
                 wx = np.sum(x[j] * x[i])/np.sum(x[i]**2)
                 pxj = wx * x[i]
                 exj = x[j] - pxj
                 x[j] = exj
         for i in range(M-1, -1, -1):
             wy[i] = np.sum(y * x[i])/np.sum(x[i]**2)
             py = wy[i] * xs[i]
             ey = y - py
             y = ey
         print(wy)
         pred = wy @ xs
        [ 1.99791723e+15 -1.99791723e+15 -1.99791723e+15 -1.99791723e+15]
In [14]: | fig, axs = plt.subplots(1, 2, figsize=(20, 10))
         plt.subplot(1, 2, 1)
         plt.grid()
         plt.plot(ys)
         plt.plot(pred)
         plt.legend(["truth", "prediction"])
         plt.subplot(1, 2, 2)
         plt.grid()
         print(ys.shape, pred.shape)
         plt.plot(ys - pred)
         plt.legend(["error",])
         plt.show()
        (78,) (78,)
                                                      prediction
                                                                       100
       250
        200
```



