Multiply the first sum by 3 and add it to the second sum.

Subtract 1 from the total.

Compute the remainder when the adjusted total is divided by 10.

Subtract the remainder from 9.

Using the Stouffer's example, we get 0 + 3 + 0 + 1 + 1 + 3 = 8 for the first sum and 1 + 8 + 0 + 5 + 7 = 21 for the second sum. Multiplying the first sum by 3 and adding the second yields 45. Subtracting 1 gives 44. The remainder upon dividing by 10 is 4. When the remainder is subtracted from 9, the result is 5. Here are a couple of other UPCs, in case you want to try your hand at computing the check digit (raiding the kitchen cabinet for the answer is *not* allowed):

```
Jif Creamy Peanut Butter (18 oz.): 0 51500 24128 ?
Ocean Spray Jellied Cranberry Sauce (8 oz.): 0 31200 01005 ?
```

The answers appear at the bottom of the page.

Let's write a program that calculates the check digit for an arbitrary UPC. We'll ask the user to enter the first 11 digits of the UPC, then we'll display the corresponding check digit. To avoid confusion, we'll ask the user to enter the number in three parts: the single digit at the left, the first group of five digits, and the second group of five digits. Here's what a session with the program will look like:

```
Enter the first (single) digit: 0
Enter first group of five digits: 13800
Enter second group of five digits: 15173
Check digit: 5
```

Instead of reading each digit group as a *five*-digit number, we'll read it as five one-digit numbers. Reading the numbers as single digits is more convenient; also, we won't have to worry that one of the five-digit numbers is too large to store in an int variable. (Some older compilers limit the maximum value of an int variable to 32,767.) To read single digits, we'll use scanf with the %1d conversion specification, which matches a one-digit integer.

```
/* Computes a Universal Product Code check digit */
#include <stdio.h>
int main(void)
{
   int d, i1, i2, i3, i4, i5, j1, j2, j3, j4, j5,
        first_sum, second_sum, total;

   printf("Enter the first (single) digit: ");
   scanf("%ld", &d);
   printf("Enter first group of five digits: ");
   scanf("%ld%ld%ld%ld%ld", &i1, &i2, &i3, &i4, &i5);
   printf("Enter second group of five digits: ");
   scanf("%ld%ld%ld%ld%ld", &j1, &j2, &j3, &j4, &j5);
```

The missing check digits are 8 (Jif) and 6 (Ocean Spray).