

Reads characters from the stream pointed to by `stream` and stores them in the array pointed to by `s`. Reading stops at the first new-line character (which is stored in the string), when `n - 1` characters have been read, or at end-of-file. `fgets` appends a null character to the string.

Returns `s` (a pointer to the array in which the input is stored). Returns a null pointer if a read error occurs or `fgets` encounters the end of the stream before it has stored any characters. 22.5

fgetc *Read Wide Character from File (C99)* <wchar.h>

`wint_t fgetc(FILE *stream);`

Wide-character version of `fgetc`. 25.5

fgetws *Read Wide String from File (C99)* <wchar.h>

`wchar_t *fgetws(wchar_t * restrict s, int n,
FILE * restrict stream);`

Wide-character version of `fgets`. 25.5

floor *Floor* <math.h>

`double floor(double x);`

floorf `float floorf(float x);`

floorl `long double floorl(long double x);`

Returns Largest integer that is less than or equal to `x`. 23.3

fma *Floating Multiply-Add (C99)* <math.h>

`double fma(double x, double y, double z);`

fmaf `float fmaf(float x, float y, float z);`

fmal `long double fmal(long double x, long double y,
long double z);`

Returns $(x \times y) + z$. The result is rounded only once, using the rounding mode corresponding to `FLT_ROUNDS`. A range error may occur. 23.4

fmax *Floating Maximum (C99)* <math.h>

`double fmax(double x, double y);`

fmaxf `float fmaxf(float x, float y);`

fmaxl `long double fmaxl(long double x, long double y);`

Returns Maximum of `x` and `y`. If one argument is a NaN and the other is numeric, the numeric value is returned. 23.4

fmin *Floating Minimum (C99)* <math.h>

`double fmin(double x, double y);`

fminf `float fminf(float x, float y);`

fminl `long double fminl(long double x, long double y);`

Returns Minimum of `x` and `y`. If one argument is a NaN and the other is numeric, the numeric value is returned. 23.4