

casting ► 7.4

```
(void) printf("Hi, Mom!\n");
```

What we're doing is casting (converting) the return value of `printf` to type `void`. (In C, "casting to `void`" is a polite way of saying "throwing away.") Using `(void)` makes it clear to others that you deliberately discarded the return value, not just forgot that there was one. Unfortunately, there are a great many functions in the C library whose values are routinely ignored; using `(void)` when calling them all can get tiresome, so I haven't done so in this book.

## PROGRAM Testing Whether a Number Is Prime

To see how functions can make programs easier to understand, let's write a program that tests whether a number is prime. The program will prompt the user to enter a number, then respond with a message indicating whether or not the number is prime:

```
Enter a number: 34
Not prime
```

Instead of putting the prime-testing details in `main`, we'll define a separate function that returns `true` if its parameter is a prime number and `false` if it isn't. When given a number `n`, the `is_prime` function will divide `n` by each of the numbers between 2 and the square root of `n`; if the remainder is ever 0, we know that `n` isn't prime.

```
prime.c /* Tests whether a number is prime */

#include <stdbool.h> /* C99 only */
#include <stdio.h>

bool is_prime(int n)
{
    int divisor;

    if (n <= 1)
        return false;
    for (divisor = 2; divisor * divisor <= n; divisor++)
        if (n % divisor == 0)
            return false;
    return true;
}

int main(void)
{
    int n;

    printf("Enter a number: ");
    scanf("%d", &n);
    if (is_prime(n))
        printf("Prime\n");
    else
        printf("Not prime\n");
}
```