Q: I wanted to compile a program that I hadn't finished writing, so I "conditioned out" the unfinished part:

#if 0 ... #endif

When I compiled the program, I got an error message referring to one of the lines between #if and #endif. Doesn't the preprocessor just ignore these lines? [p. 338]

A: No, the lines aren't completely ignored. Comments are processed before preprocessing directives are executed, and the source code is divided into preprocessing tokens. Thus, an unterminated comment between #if and #endif may cause an error message. Also, an unpaired single quote or double quote character may cause undefined behavior.

## **Exercises**

## Section 14.3

- . Write parameterized macros that compute the following values.
  - (a) The cube of x.
  - (b) The remainder when n is divided by 4.
  - (c) 1 if the product of x and y is less than 100, 0 otherwise.

Do your macros always work? If not, describe what arguments would make them fail.

- W 2. Write a macro NELEMS (a) that computes the number of elements in a one-dimensional array a. Hint: See the discussion of the sizeof operator in Section 8.1.
  - 3. Let DOUBLE be the following macro:

```
#define DOUBLE(x) 2*x
```

- (a) What is the value of DOUBLE (1+2)?
- (b) What is the value of 4/DOUBLE (2)?
- (c) Fix the definition of DOUBLE.
- W 4. For each of the following macros, give an example that illustrates a problem with the macro and show how to fix it.

```
(a) #define AVG(x,y) (x-y)/2
```

- (b) #define AREA(x,y) (x)\*(y)
- **W** \*5. Let TOUPPER be the following macro:

```
#define TOUPPER(c) ('a'<=(c)&&(c)<='z'?(c)-'a'+'A':(c))
```

Let s be a string and let i be an int variable. Show the output produced by each of the following program fragments.

```
(a) strcpy(s, "abcd");
i = 0;
putchar(TOUPPER(s[++i]));
```