Returns Arc cosine of x; the return value is in the range 0 to π. A domain error occurs if x isn't between −1 and +1. *23.3*

---

acosh — *Arc Hyperbolic Cosine (C99)* — <math.h>

```
double acosh(double x);
float acoshf(float x);
long double acoshl(long double x);
```

Returns Arc hyperbolic cosine of x; the return value is in the range 0 to +∞. A domain error occurs if x is less than 1. *23.4*

---

asctime — *Convert Broken-Down Time to String* — <time.h>

```
char *asctime(const struct tm *timeptr);
```

Returns A pointer to a null-terminated string of the form

```
Sun Jun  3 17:48:34 2007\n
```

constructed from the broken-down time in the structure pointed to by `timeptr`. *26.3*

---

asin — *Arc Sine* — <math.h>

```
double asin(double x);
float asinf(float x);
long double asinl(long double x);
```

Returns Arc sine of x; the return value is in the range −π/2 to +π/2. A domain error occurs if x isn't between −1 and +1. *23.3*

---

asinh — *Arc Hyperbolic Sine (C99)* — <math.h>

```
double asinh(double x);
float asinhf(float x);
long double asinhl(long double x);
```

Returns Arc hyperbolic sine of x. *23.4*

---

assert — *Assert Truth of Expression* — <assert.h>

`void assert(`*scalar* `expression);` *macro*

If the value of `expression` is nonzero, `assert` does nothing. If the value is zero, `assert` writes a message to `stderr` (specifying the text of `expression`, the name of the source file containing the `assert`, and the line number of the `assert`); it then terminates the program by calling `abort`. To disable `assert`, define the macro NDEBUG before including <assert.h>. *C99 changes:* The argument is allowed to have any scalar type; C89 specifies that the type is `int`. Also, C99 requires that the message written by `assert` include the name of the function in which the `assert` appears; C89 doesn't have this requirement. *24.1*

---

atan — *Arc Tangent* — <math.h>

```
double atan(double x);
float atanf(float x);
```