	1-1		. 22 ! 1. 2.
represented.			26.2
could be performed. The	function's behavior is	undefined if the	number can't be

# atoll Convert String to Long Long Integer (C99)

<stdlib.h>

long long int atoll(const char \*nptr);

Returns

A long long int value corresponding to the longest initial part of the string pointed to by nptr that has the form of an integer. Returns zero if no conversion could be performed. The function's behavior is undefined if the number can't be represented.

26.2

## bsearch Binary Search

<stdlib.h>

Searches for the value pointed to by key in the sorted array pointed to by base. The array has nmemb elements, each size bytes long. compar is a pointer to a comparison function. When passed pointers to the key and an array element, in that order, the comparison function must return a negative, zero, or positive integer, depending on whether the key is less than, equal to, or greater than the array element.

Returns

A pointer to an array element that tests equal to the key. Returns a null pointer if the key isn't found.

26.2

## btowc Convert Byte to

Convert Byte to Wide Character (C99)

<wchar.h>

wint t btowc(int c);

Returns

Wide-character representation of c. Returns WEOF if c is equal to EOF or if c (when cast to unsigned char) isn't a valid single-byte character in the initial shift state.

#### cabs Complex Absolute Value (C99)

<complex.h>

double cabs (double complex z);

cabsf float cabsf(float complex z);

cabsl long double cabsl (long double complex z);

Returns Complex absolute value of z.

27.4

#### cacos Complex Arc Cosine (C99)

<complex.h>

double complex cacos (double complex z);

cacosf float complex cacosf(float complex z);

cacosl long double complex cacosl(long double complex z);

Returns

Complex arc cosine of z, with branch cuts outside the interval [-1, +1] along the real axis. The return value lies in a strip mathematically unbounded along the imaginary axis and in the interval  $[0, \pi]$  along the real axis.