

*Returns* *c* (the character written). If a write error occurs, `putchar` sets the stream's error indicator and returns EOF. 7.3, 22.4

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**puts** *Write String* <stdio.h>

`int puts(const char *s);`

Writes the string pointed to by *s* to the `stdout` stream, then writes a new-line character.

*Returns* A nonnegative value if successful. Returns EOF if a write error occurs. 13.3, 22.5

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**putwc** *Write Wide Character to File (C99)* <wchar.h>

`wint_t putwc(wchar_t c, FILE *stream);`

Wide-character version of `putc`. 25.5

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**putwchar** *Write Wide Character (C99)* <wchar.h>

`wint_t putwchar(wchar_t c);`

Wide-character version of `putc`. 25.5

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**qsort** *Sort Array* <stdlib.h>

`void qsort(void *base, size_t nmemb, size_t size,  
int (*compar)(const void *, const void *));`

Sorts the array pointed to by *base*. The array has *nmemb* elements, each *size* bytes long. *compar* is a pointer to a comparison function. When passed pointers to two array elements, the comparison function must return a negative, zero, or positive integer, depending on whether the first array element is less than, equal to, or greater than the second. 17.7, 26.2

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**raise** *Raise Signal* <signal.h>

`int raise(int sig);`

Raises the signal whose number is *sig*.

*Returns* Zero if successful, nonzero otherwise. 24.3

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**rand** *Generate Pseudo-Random Number* <stdlib.h>

`int rand(void);`

*Returns* A pseudo-random integer between 0 and `RAND_MAX` (inclusive). 26.2

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**realloc** *Resize Memory Block* <stdlib.h>

`void *realloc(void *ptr, size_t size);`

*ptr* is assumed to point to a block of memory previously obtained from `calloc`, `malloc`, or `realloc`. `realloc` allocates a block of *size* bytes, copying the contents of the old block if necessary.

*Returns* A pointer to the beginning of the new memory block. Returns a null pointer if a block of the requested size can't be allocated. 17.3