```
int power(int x, int n)
{
  int result = 1;

while (n-- > 0)
  result = result * x;

return result;
}
```

Unfortunately, C's requirement that arguments be passed by value makes it difficult to write certain kinds of functions. For example, suppose that we need a function that will decompose a double value into an integer part and a fractional part. Since a function can't *return* two numbers, we might try passing a pair of variables to the function and having it modify them:

```
void decompose(double x, long int_part, double frac_part)
{
  int_part = (long) x; /* drops the fractional part of x */
  frac_part = x - int_part;
}
```

Suppose that we call the function in the following way:

```
decompose(3.14159, i, d);
```

At the beginning of the call, 3.14159 is copied into x, i's value is copied into int_part, and d's value is copied into frac_part. The statements inside decompose then assign 3 to int_part and .14159 to frac_part, and the function returns. Unfortunately, i and d weren't affected by the assignments to int_part and frac_part, so they have the same values after the call as they did before the call. With a little extra effort, decompose can be made to work, as we'll see in Section 11.4. However, we'll need to cover more of C's features first.

Argument Conversions

C allows function calls in which the types of the arguments don't match the types of the parameters. The rules governing how the arguments are converted depend on whether or not the compiler has seen a prototype for the function (or the function's full definition) prior to the call:

- The compiler has encountered a prototype prior to the call. The value of each argument is implicitly converted to the type of the corresponding parameter as if by assignment. For example, if an int argument is passed to a function that was expecting a double, the argument is converted to double automatically.
- The compiler has not encountered a prototype prior to the call. The compiler performs the default argument promotions: (1) float arguments are converted to double. (2) The integral promotions are performed, causing char