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Cheatsheets / Learn Java

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String Methods

length() String Method in Java

In Java, the length() string method returns the total number of characters – the length – of a String .

```
System.out.println(str.length());
// prints 10
```

String str = "Codecademy";

concat() String Method in Java

In Java, the concat() string method is used to append one String to the end of another String . This method returns a String representing the text of the combined strings.

```
String s1 = "Hello";
String s2 = " World!";

String s3 = s1.concat(s2);
// concatenates strings s1 and s2

System.out.println(s3);
// prints "Hello World!"
```

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String Method equals() in Java

In Java, the equals() string method tests for equality between two String s. equals() compares the contents of each String . If all of the characters between the two match, the method returns true . If any of the characters do not match, it returns false .

Additionally, if you want to compare two strings without considering upper/lower cases, you can use .equalsIgnoreCase().

indexOf() String Method in Java

In Java, the indexOf() string method returns the first occurence of a character or a substring in a String. The character/substring that you want to find the index of goes inside of the ().

If indexOf() cannot find the character or substring, it will return -1.

```
String s1 = "Hello";
String s2 = "World";
System.out.println(s1.equals("Hello"));
// prints true
System.out.println(s2.equals("Hello"));
// prints false
System.out.println(s2.equalsIgnoreCase("world"));
// prints true
String str = "Hello World!";
System.out.println(str.indexOf("1"));
// prints 2
System.out.println(str.indexOf("Wor"));
// prints 6
System.out.println(str.indexOf("z"));
```

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// prints -1

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charAt() String Method in Java

In Java, the charAt() string method returns the character of a String at a specified index. The index value is passed inside of the $\ ()$, and should lie between 0 and $\ length()$ -1.

toUpperCase() and toLowerCase() String Methods

In Java, we can easily convert a String to upper and lower case with the help of a few string methods:

- toUpperCase() returns the string value converted to uppercase.
- toLowerCase() returns the string value converted to lowercase.

```
System.out.println(str.charAt(0));
// prints 'T'

System.out.println(str.charAt(15));
// prints 'g'

String str = "Hello World!";

String uppercase = str.toUpperCase();
// uppercase = "HELLO WORLD!"

String lowercase = str.toLowerCase();
// lowercase = "hello world!"
```

String str = "This is a string";

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