

```
In [ ]: ##### Author : Amir Shokri  
##### github link : https://github.com/amirshnll/Abalone  
##### dataset link : http://archive.ics.uci.edu/ml/datasets/Abalone  
##### email : amirsh.nll@gmail.com
```

```
In [5]: import sklearn  
import numpy as np  
import pandas as pd  
import seaborn as sns; sns.set()  
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt  
from sklearn.naive_bayes import GaussianNB  
from sklearn.preprocessing import StandardScaler  
from sklearn.model_selection import train_test_split  
from sklearn.metrics import classification_report, confusion_matrix
```

```
In [6]: #read file
df = pd.read_csv("D:\\\\abalone.txt", header=None)
for char in df:
    df = df.replace('M', '1')
    df = df.replace('F', '-1')
    df = df.replace('I', '0')
df

#separate the feature columns from the target column.
features = [0,1,2,3,4,5,6,7]
X = df[features]
y = df[8]
print(X)
print(y)
```

	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7
0	1	0.455	0.365	0.095	0.5140	0.2245	0.1010	0.1500
1	1	0.350	0.265	0.090	0.2255	0.0995	0.0485	0.0700
2	-1	0.530	0.420	0.135	0.6770	0.2565	0.1415	0.2100
3	1	0.440	0.365	0.125	0.5160	0.2155	0.1140	0.1550
4	0	0.330	0.255	0.080	0.2050	0.0895	0.0395	0.0550
...	..	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
4172	-1	0.565	0.450	0.165	0.8870	0.3700	0.2390	0.2490
4173	1	0.590	0.440	0.135	0.9660	0.4390	0.2145	0.2605
4174	1	0.600	0.475	0.205	1.1760	0.5255	0.2875	0.3080
4175	-1	0.625	0.485	0.150	1.0945	0.5310	0.2610	0.2960
4176	1	0.710	0.555	0.195	1.9485	0.9455	0.3765	0.4950

```
[4177 rows x 8 columns]
0      15
1       7
2       9
3      10
4       7
...
4172   11
4173   10
4174    9
4175   10
4176   12
Name: 8, Length: 4177, dtype: int64
```

```
In [7]: #separate the Training data and Test data
X_train, X_test, y_train, y_test = train_test_split(X,y,random_state=1, test_s
ize=0.2)
# Feature scaling
scaler = StandardScaler()
scaler.fit(X_train)
X_train = scaler.transform(X_train)
X_test = scaler.transform(X_test)
```

```
In [8]: # Finally for the Naive Bayes
NB = GaussianNB()
NB.fit(X_train, y_train);
```

```
In [9]: #In the prediction step, the model is used to predict the response for given data.
predictions = NB.predict(X_test)
print(predictions)
```

```
[ 7  9  6  9  8  5 10  8 27  7  9  4 10 11  6  9 10 11 11  9  8 11  6  9
  9 11 27  8 11 11  9  9  9  8  5  7 10 11  9 10  9 11 11 10  8  7 11  9
 11 10 10  8  9  4 11  9  9  6  8  6  7  8 11 10  7  7 10  9  9  7  9 11
  5  9  9  6 11 10  9  9  7  7  8  8  9  8  9  6 11  8  8  7  8 11  5  9
  9 11  5  9  8 11  6  8 10  8  8  8 10  9  7 11  8  6  5 10  7  6 11 11
 10  5  6  9  7 10  9 10  7 11  8  5  8  7 10  7 10 11  7 11  6  9  8 11
  7  9 11 11 10  9 10  5  9 10  8  9 10 10  9 11  9 11 11  5  7  7 11 10
  8 10  5 10 11  7  7  9  9 11  5  7 11  9  8  6  6  9 11  8 10 11  5  8
  5 11  7 11  6  3  7 10  3  8 11  9  7  7  8  7  8  6 10  7 10  7  7  7
 11  9 11  7  7  8  9 10  7  8  8 11 11  8  9  8 10 11  7  4 11  9 10  9
 17 10 10  9  6 10  9  7  7  8 11 11 11 11  4 17 11  9  6  9 10 10  7  9
  7  9 11  9  8 11  8  9 11  8 27  9  6  9 10 11  9  8 10  5  5  7  4  5
  6  9  7  7 11  9  7  9  6 10  9  9 11  7  7 11 11 10 10  7  7  9  7 11
 11  7  5 20 11 11  9  4 10 10 10 11  7 11  7  8  8  9  9  7  9  7  8  9
 11  3 11 20  5  6 11  9  8  9 18 10 10  9 10  4 11  7  4  9  7 10 11  9
  9  4  9  7  7 10  5  7 10  5  8 10 11 11  8  9  7 10  8  3  9  6  5  9
 11  5  7 10  7  9  6  9 11  7  9  7  8  8  9 10  8  6  9 10 10  6  9 10
  7 11 10 11 10  8 11  5  8  9  8  7  7  9 11  8 10  3  5 10  9 11  9  8
  9  7  7  9  9  7  7  9  9  8  7  8 11  7 10 11  7  7 11 10  3  6  7 11
  9  7 11  9 11  6 10 11  9 11  8 11  9  8 10  8  5  7 10  9  7 11 11  3
  6  6  9 10  6  7  6  9  8 11  8  9  7  5  4  6  6 11  9  7 27  5 10  7
 11 11  9  9  8 11 11  9  9  7  5  6  6 10  9  8  7 20 11 11  8  9 10  5
 11  9 10 10  9 11  9 11  8 11  6  6 11 11  9  9  5 11  8  7 10 11  9 11
  9 11 11  7  8 11  7  7  9  6  7  8  8 11  8  9 10  7  9  6 11  8 11  8
  8 11  7  8 11  9 11  3  7 11  7 10  3 11  8 17  7 10  8  5  9  9  3  9
 11  8 11  9  6  8 11 11 11 11  9 10  9  6 11  6  6  9 10  7 11 10  5  9
  9  9  7 11  8  7  5  7 10 11 10  5 11  5  7  9  9  4 11  7  7 11  6 11
  8  6  9  9 11 11  7 11  7 10 11  6  9  8  7 11  9  9  9  6  3  5  9 24
  6  6  8  8  8 10  6  8  5 10  9  7  7  7 10  7  7 11 10  9 11  9  8  9
  6  8  8  4 11  7  6 11  8 11 10 11  6  6  6 10  6 27 10 11  8 20  9  9
  7  9 11 11 11 11 10  9 10  8  9 10  9  8  9  9  9 10  9  8  9  7 11 10
 10 11  8 10  6  7  6 11 10  7 11  7  6  6  9  3  7  6  7  7  9  6  8  9
  7 10 10  5  9 11 11  6  6  7  7  7 10 10  7  9 11 11 10 10  8  8  9 10
 11 11  7 10  9  4  6 10 10 11 10  8  7  6  9 11  9 11  6  7  8  5 10  7
  8  8  6  9 10 11  6 11 11  6  8 10  7  5 11  9 11 10 11 11]
```

```
In [10]: #Last thing: evaluation of algorithm performance in classifying  
matrix=confusion_matrix(y_test,predictions)  
  
print(confusion_matrix(y_test,predictions))  
print(classification_report(y_test,predictions))
```

```

[[ 0  1  0  0  0  0  0  0  0  0  0  0  0  0  0  0  0  0  0  0  0  0  0]
 [ 0  2  0  0  0  0  0  0  0  0  0  0  0  0  0  0  0  0  0  0  0  0  0]
 [ 0  7  3  1  0  0  0  0  0  0  0  0  0  0  0  0  0  0  0  0  0  0  0]
 [ 0  1  7  9  3  0  0  0  0  0  0  0  0  0  0  0  0  0  0  0  0  0  0]
 [ 0  1  2 16 23  7  3  1  0  0  0  0  0  0  0  0  0  0  0  0  0  0  0]
 [ 0  0  1  9 18 33 10  8  0  1  0  0  0  0  0  0  0  0  0  0  0  0  0]
 [ 0  0  0  3 12 29 23 27  9  4  0  0  0  0  0  0  0  0  0  0  0  0  0]
 [ 0  0  0  1  6 25 22 33 22 23  0  0  0  0  0  0  0  0  0  0  0  0  0]
 [ 0  0  0  2  7 14 14 29 30 46  0  0  0  0  0  0  0  0  0  0  0  0  1]
 [ 0  0  0  0  0  9  8 21 14 38  0  0  0  0  0  0  0  0  0  0  0  0  1]
 [ 0  0  0  0  1  7 12 10 12 17  0  0  0  0  0  0  0  0  1  0  0  0  1  2]
 [ 0  0  0  0  1  2  3 11  4 18  0  0  0  0  0  0  0  0  0  0  0  0  0]
 [ 0  0  0  0  0  1  3  3  9  7  0  0  0  0  0  1  0  0  0  0  0  0  0]
 [ 0  0  0  0  0  0  3  7  7  4  0  0  0  0  0  0  0  0  0  0  0  0  0]
 [ 0  0  0  0  0  0  1  4  1  2  0  0  0  0  0  1  0  0  1  0  0  0  0]
 [ 0  0  0  0  0  0  2  5  1  2  0  0  0  0  0  1  0  0  0  0  0  0  1]
 [ 0  0  0  0  0  2  0  3  2  3  0  0  0  0  0  0  0  0  0  0  0  0  0]
 [ 0  0  0  0  0  1  1  1  2  1  0  0  0  0  0  0  0  0  1  0  0  0  0]
 [ 0  0  0  0  0  0  0  1  2  1  0  0  0  0  0  0  0  0  0  0  0  0  0]
 [ 0  0  0  0  0  0  0  0  0  1  0  0  0  0  0  0  1  0  1  0  0  0  0]
 [ 0  0  0  0  0  0  0  1  0  0  0  0  0  0  0  0  0  0  0  0  0  0  0]
 [ 0  0  0  0  0  0  0  0  0  0  0  0  0  0  0  0  0  0  0  0  0  0  0]
 [ 0  0  0  0  0  0  0  0  0  0  0  0  0  0  0  0  0  0  0  0  0  0  0]]

```

	precision	recall	f1-score	support
2	0.00	0.00	0.00	1
3	0.17	1.00	0.29	2
4	0.23	0.27	0.25	11
5	0.22	0.45	0.30	20
6	0.32	0.43	0.37	53
7	0.25	0.41	0.31	80
8	0.22	0.21	0.22	107
9	0.20	0.25	0.22	132
10	0.26	0.21	0.23	143
11	0.22	0.42	0.29	91
12	0.00	0.00	0.00	63
13	0.00	0.00	0.00	39
14	0.00	0.00	0.00	24
15	0.00	0.00	0.00	21
16	0.00	0.00	0.00	10
17	0.33	0.08	0.13	12
18	0.00	0.00	0.00	10
19	0.00	0.00	0.00	7
20	0.00	0.00	0.00	4
21	0.00	0.00	0.00	3
22	0.00	0.00	0.00	1
23	0.00	0.00	0.00	2
24	0.00	0.00	0.00	0
27	0.00	0.00	0.00	0
accuracy			0.23	836
macro avg	0.10	0.16	0.11	836
weighted avg	0.19	0.23	0.20	836

C:\ProgramData\Anaconda3\lib\site-packages\sklearn\metrics\\_classification.py:1221: UndefinedMetricWarning: Precision and F-score are ill-defined and being set to 0.0 in labels with no predicted samples. Use `zero\_division` parameter to control this behavior.

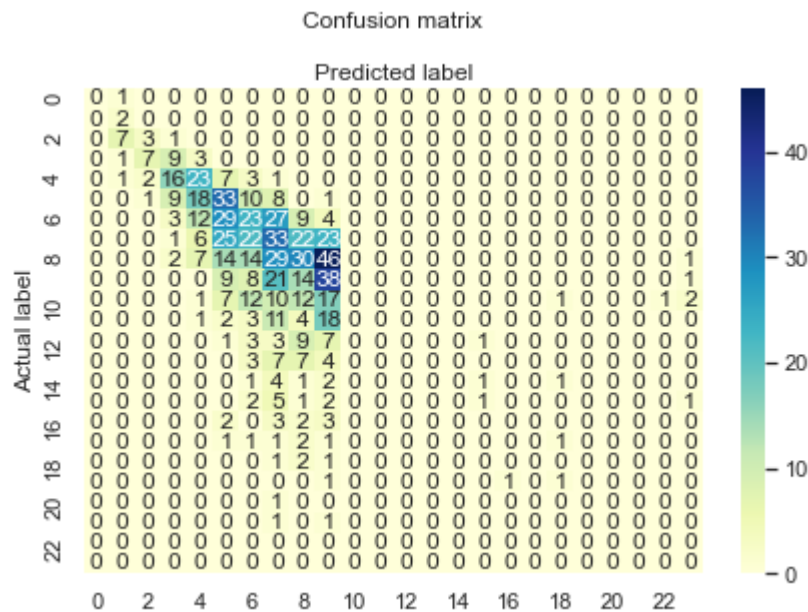
\_warn\_prf(average, modifier, msg\_start, len(result))

C:\ProgramData\Anaconda3\lib\site-packages\sklearn\metrics\\_classification.py:1221: UndefinedMetricWarning: Recall and F-score are ill-defined and being set to 0.0 in labels with no true samples. Use `zero\_division` parameter to control this behavior.

\_warn\_prf(average, modifier, msg\_start, len(result))

```
In [11]: #create heatmap
class_names=[0,1]
fig, ax = plt.subplots()
tick_marks = np.arange(len(class_names))
plt.xticks(tick_marks, class_names)
plt.yticks(tick_marks, class_names)
sns.heatmap(pd.DataFrame(matrix), annot=True, cmap="YlGnBu", fmt='g')
ax.xaxis.set_label_position("top")
plt.tight_layout()
plt.title('Confusion matrix', y=1.1)
plt.ylabel('Actual label')
plt.xlabel('Predicted label')
```

Out[11]: Text(0.5, 257.44, 'Predicted label')



In [ ]: