# Exercise-5: Visualising how a deep CNN makes decsisions

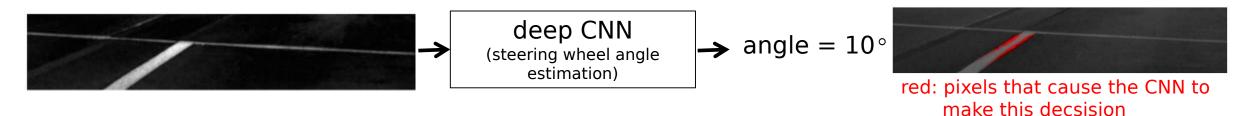
#### [ Background ]

Reference paper:

https://arxiv.org/abs/1611.05418

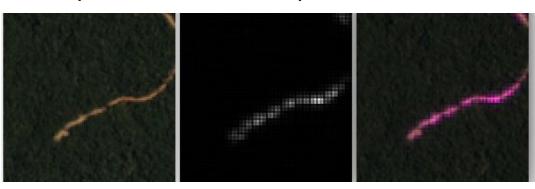
[1] "VisualBackProp: visualizing CNNs for autonomous driving" - Mariusz Bojarski(NVIDIA), Anna Choromanska, Krzysztof Choromanski, Bernhard Firner, Larry Jackel, Urs Muller, Karol Zieba, Arvix 2016

In this paper, the authors propose a method to determine which pixels in the image causes the final output of a deep CNN.



We want to implement the visualisation method of the paper in pytorch and apply it to our satellite image classification problem. An example is:

input image classified as 'road'



pixels that cause this decsision

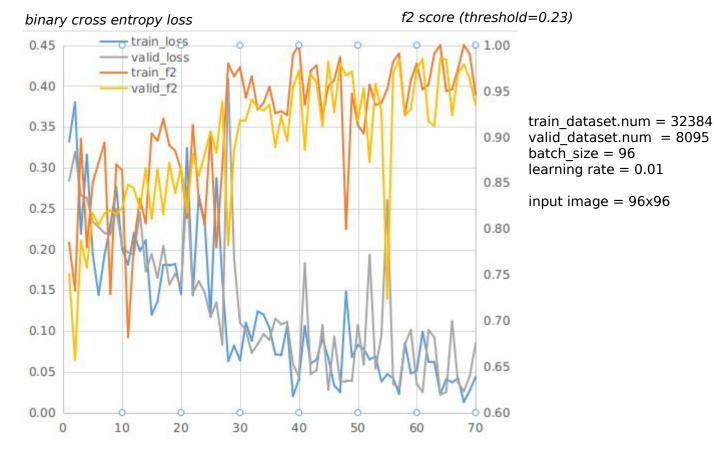
# [ tasks ] Duration: 4 days

- **Step.1**. Read the paper[1]. Make a presentation (e.g. PPT) to explain:
  - the steps to compute the contribution score of each pixel to the final decision
  - the mathematical reasoning for the above steps

[ 10 marks ]

**Step.2**. Train a single label classifier. We use the 'road' class. Use the CNN below.

			parameters		
		feature maps	kernel	strid	pad
input		3x96x96			
block-0					
col	nv2d	8x?x?	1x1	1	0
ba	tchnorm2d				
rel	u				
block-1		100			
col	nv2d	32x?x?	3x3	2	1
ba	tchnorm2d	- 1111			
rel	u				
block-2					
COI	nv2d	32x?x?	3x3	2	1
ba	tchnorm2d				
rel	u				
block-3					
COI	nv2d	64x?x?	3x3	2	1
ba	tchnorm2d				
rel	u	The second secon			
global maxpool		64			
block-8					
lin	ear	512			
ba	tchnorm1d				
rel	u				
prob					
lin	ear	?			



example results

[ 10 marks ]

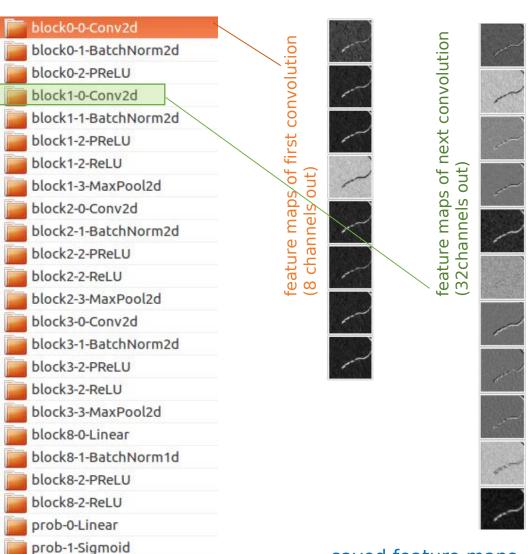
# **Step.3**. Write a function to save all feature maps (ouput of each layers) during a forward pass of a given image. *Hint: use 'register\_forward\_hook()*'

see: http://pytorch.org/tutorials/beginner/former\_torchies/nn\_tutorial.html#forward-and-backward-function-hooks https://discuss.pytorch.org/t/how-to-extract-features-of-an-image-from-a-trained-model/119

example results



input



# **Step.4**. Write a function compute and visualise the contribution score of each pixel

see: https://github.com/mbojarski/VisualBackProp

# example results

input image classified as 'road'



pixels that cause this decsision

[ 20 marks ]

**Question:** Explain why is there blocky artifacts in the visualisation. Suggest a way to solved it

[ 10 marks ]

**Bouns**. Use maxpool2d with stride=2 to instead of conv2d for "downsampling" in the CNN you have made previously.

- 1. Do you think the new CNN will be more accurate? Why?
- 2. Modify the visualisation function to support maxpool2d in the new CNN. Hint: you may have to use the maxunpool2d()

# More results (on validation set):

image (true label) estimated probability

