

ASSIGNMENT: 12.2

A. Consider the schema for Company Database:

EMPLOYEE (SSN, Name, Address, Sex, Salary, SuperSSN, DNo)

DEPARTMENT (DNo, DName, MgrSSN, MgrStartDate)

DLOCATION (DNo,DLoc)

PROJECT (PNo, PName, PLocation, DNo)

WORKS_ON (SSN, PNo, Hours)

TABLE CREATES:

```
CREATE TABLE DEPARTMENT(  
    D_NO VARCHAR2(10) PRIMARY KEY,  
    D_NAME VARCHAR2(20),  
    MGRSSN VARCHAR2(20),  
    MGRSTART_DATE DATE  
);
```

```
CREATE TABLE EMPLOYEE(  
    SSN VARCHAR2(10) PRIMARY KEY,  
    NAME VARCHAR2(20),  
    D_NO VARCHAR2(10),  
    ADDRESS VARCHAR2(20),  
    SEX VARCHAR2(10),  
    SALARY NUMBER(20),  
    SUPPER_SSN NUMBER(20),  
    FOREIGN KEY (D_NO) REFERENCES DEPARTMENT(D_NO) ON DELETE CASCADE  
);
```

```
CREATE TABLE DLOCATION(  
    D_NO VARCHAR2(10) PRIMARY KEY,  
    D_LOC VARCHAR2(10),  
    D_NAME VARCHAR2(20),  
    MGRSSN VARCHAR2(20),  
    MGRSTART_DATE DATE  
);
```

```

D_LOC VARCHAR2(10) PRIMARY KEY,

D_NO VARCHAR2(20),

FOREIGN KEY (D_NO) REFERENCES DEPARTMENT(D_NO) ON DELETE CASCADE

);

CREATE TABLE PROJECT(

P_NO VARCHAR2(10) PRIMARY KEY,

D_NO VARCHAR2(20),

P_NAME VARCHAR2(20),

P_LOCATION VARCHAR2(20),

FOREIGN KEY (D_NO) REFERENCES DEPARTMENT(D_NO) ON DELETE CASCADE

);

CREATE TABLE WORKS_ON(

SSN VARCHAR2(10),

P_NO VARCHAR2(10),

HOURS VARCHAR2(20),

FOREIGN KEY (P_NO) REFERENCES PROJECT(P_NO) ON DELETE CASCADE,

FOREIGN KEY (SSN) REFERENCES EMPLOYEE(SSN) ON DELETE CASCADE

);

```

SQL> DESC DEPARTMENT;		
Name	Null?	Type
D_NO	NOT NULL	VARCHAR2(10)
D_NAME		VARCHAR2(20)
MGRSSN		VARCHAR2(20)
MGRSTART_DATE		DATE
SQL> DESC EMPLOYEE;		
Name	Null?	Type
SSN	NOT NULL	VARCHAR2(10)
NAME		VARCHAR2(20)
D_NO		VARCHAR2(10)
ADDRESS		VARCHAR2(20)
SEX		VARCHAR2(10)
SALARY		NUMBER(20)
SUPPER_SSN		NUMBER(20)
SQL> DESC DELOCATION;		
ERROR:		
ORA-04043: object DELOCATION does not exist		
SQL> DESC DLOCATION;		
Name	Null?	Type
D_LOC	NOT NULL	VARCHAR2(10)
D_NO		VARCHAR2(20)
SQL> DESC PROJECT;		
Name	Null?	Type
P_NO	NOT NULL	VARCHAR2(10)
D_NO		VARCHAR2(20)
P_NAME		VARCHAR2(20)
P_LOCATION		VARCHAR2(20)
SQL> DESC WORKS_ON;		
Name	Null?	Type

VALUE INSERT:

```
INSERT INTO DEPARTMENT VALUES('D001','ACCOUNT','6001','25-JAN-2024');
INSERT INTO DEPARTMENT VALUES('D002','FINANCE','6001','24-JAN-2024');
INSERT INTO DEPARTMENT VALUES ('D003','PROJECT HEAD','6001','2-FEB-2024');
INSERT INTO DEPARTMENT VALUES('D004','HR','6001','25-AUG-2024');
```

```
SQL> SELECT * FROM DEPARTMENT;
```

D_NO	D_NAME	MGRSSN	MGRSTART_
D001	ACCOUNT	6001	25-JAN-24
D002	FINANCE	6001	24-JAN-24
D003	PROJECT HEAD	6001	02-FEB-24
D004	HR	6001	25-AUG-24

```
INSERT INTO EMPLOYEE VALUES('E001','ELISA
SCOTT','D001','LONDON','FEMAIL',700000,5001);
INSERT INTO EMPLOYEE VALUES('E002','LUKAS','D002','LONDON','MAIL',6000,5001);
INSERT INTO EMPLOYEE VALUES('E003','MARIA
SCOTT','D001','INDIA','FEMAIL',500000,5001);
INSERT INTO EMPLOYEE VALUES('E004','JAMES LATIN','D003','BANGKOK','MAIL',6000,5001);
INSERT INTO EMPLOYEE VALUES('E005','NARINE DAS','D001','BRAZIL','MAIL',96000,5001);
INSERT INTO EMPLOYEE VALUES('E006','DJ ALI','D004','US','MAIL',69000,5001);
INSERT INTO EMPLOYEE VALUES('E007','MAHUR
DAS','D001','AMERIKA','FEMAIL',36000,5001);
INSERT INTO EMPLOYEE VALUES('E008','PRVIN KUNDU','D001','IRAIN','MAIL',78000,5001);
INSERT INTO EMPLOYEE VALUES('E009','RISHAB PANTH','D001','ISRAIL','MAIL',93000,5001);
INSERT INTO EMPLOYEE VALUES('E010','CHITRO ROY','D004','LONDON','MAIL',120000,5001);
```

```
SQL> SELECT * FROM EMPLOYEE;
```

SSN	NAME	D_NO	ADDRESS	SEX	SALARY	SUPPER_SSN
E001	ELISA SCOTT	D001	LONDON	FEMAIL	700000	5001
E002	LUKAS	D002	LONDON	MAIL	6000	5001
E003	MARIA SCOTT	D001	INDIA	FEMAIL	500000	5001
E004	JAMES LATIN	D003	BANGKOK	MAIL	6000	5001
E005	NARINE DAS	D001	BRAZIL	MAIL	96000	5001
E006	DJ ALI	D004	US	MAIL	69000	5001
E007	MAHUR DAS	D001	AMERIKA	FEMAIL	36000	5001
E008	PRVIN KUNDU	D001	IRAIN	MAIL	78000	5001
E009	RISHAB PANTH	D001	ISRAIL	MAIL	93000	5001
E010	CHITRO ROY	D004	LONDON	MAIL	120000	5001

```
10 rows selected.
```

```

INSERT INTO DLOCATION VALUES('PUNE','D001');
INSERT INTO DLOCATION VALUES('DELHI','D002');
INSERT INTO DLOCATION VALUES('MUMBAI','D003');
INSERT INTO DLOCATION VALUES('HYDERABAD','D004');

```

```
SQL> SELECT * FROM DLOCATION;
```

D_LOC	D_NO
PUNE	D001
DELHI	D002
MUMBAI	D003
HYDERABAD	D004

```

INSERT INTO PROJECT VALUES('P001','D001','IOT','LONDON');
INSERT INTO PROJECT VALUES('P002','D002','ML','PARIS');
INSERT INTO PROJECT VALUES('P003','D003','WEB DEV','LONDON');
INSERT INTO PROJECT VALUES('P004','D004','AI','NEW YORK');

```

```
SQL> SELECT * FROM PROJECT;
```

P_NO	D_NO	P_NAME	P_LOCATION
P001	D001	IOT	LONDON
P002	D002	ML	PARIS
P003	D003	WEB DEV	LONDON
P004	D004	AI	NEW YORK

```

INSERT INTO WORKS_ON VALUES('E001','P001','78 HOURS');
INSERT INTO WORKS_ON VALUES('E002','P002','178 HOURS');
INSERT INTO WORKS_ON VALUES('E003','P003','86 HOURS');
INSERT INTO WORKS_ON VALUES('E004','P004','145 HOURS');

```

```
SQL> SELECT * FROM WORKS_ON;
```

SSN	P_NO	HOURS
E001	P001	78 HOURS
E002	P002	178 HOURS
E003	P003	86 HOURS
E004	P004	145 HOURS

Write SQL queries:

1. Make a list of all project numbers for projects that involve an employee whose last name is 'Scott', either as a worker or as a manager of the department that controls the project.

```
SELECT DISTINCT PROJECT.P_No
FROM PROJECT
JOIN WORKS_ON ON PROJECT.P_No = WORKS_ON.P_No
JOIN EMPLOYEE ON WORKS_ON.SSN = EMPLOYEE.SSN
JOIN DEPARTMENT ON PROJECT.D_No = DEPARTMENT.D_No
WHERE EMPLOYEE.Name LIKE '%SCOTT%'
OR DEPARTMENT.MgrSSN IN (SELECT SSN FROM EMPLOYEE WHERE Name LIKE '%SCOTT%');
```

```
SQL> SELECT DISTINCT PROJECT.P_No
2      FROM PROJECT
3      JOIN WORKS_ON ON PROJECT.P_No = WORKS_ON.P_No
4      JOIN EMPLOYEE ON WORKS_ON.SSN = EMPLOYEE.SSN
5      JOIN DEPARTMENT ON PROJECT.D_No = DEPARTMENT.D_No
6      WHERE EMPLOYEE.Name LIKE '%SCOTT%'
7      OR DEPARTMENT.MgrSSN IN (SELECT SSN FROM EMPLOYEE WHERE Name LIKE '%SCOTT%');

P_NO
-----
P001
P003
```

2. Show the resulting salaries if every employee working on the 'IoT' project is given a 10 percent raise.

```
SELECT E.SALARY, (E.SALARY*1.1) AS RAISE_SALARY
FROM EMPLOYEE E
JOIN WORKS_ON W ON E.SSN=W.SSN
JOIN PROJECT P ON P.P_NO=W.P_NO
WHERE P.P_NAME='IOT';
```

```
SQL> SELECT E.SALARY, (E.SALARY*1.1) AS RAISE_SALARY
2  FROM EMPLOYEE E
3  JOIN WORKS_ON W ON E.SSN=W.SSN
4  JOIN PROJECT P ON P.P_NO=W.P_NO
5  WHERE P.P_NAME='IOT';
```

SALARY	RAISE_SALARY
700000	770000

3. Find the sum of the salaries of all employees of the 'Accounts' department, as well as the maximum salary, the minimum salary, and the average salary in this department

```
SELECT SUM(E.SALARY) AS SUMOFSALARY, MAX(E.SALARY) AS MAXOFSALARY,
MIN(E.SALARY) AS MINOFSALARY, AVG(E.SALARY) AS AVGOFSALARY

FROM EMPLOYEE E

JOIN DEPARTMENT D ON E.D_NO=E.D_NO

WHERE D.D_NAME='ACCOUNT'

GROUP BY D.D_NAME;
```

```
SQL> SELECT SUM(E.SALARY) AS SUMOFSALARY, MAX(E.SALARY) AS MAXOFSALARY, MIN(E.SALARY) AS MINOFSALARY, AVG(E.SALARY) AS AVGOFSALARY
2  FROM EMPLOYEE E
3  JOIN DEPARTMENT D ON E.D_NO=E.D_NO
4  WHERE D.D_NAME='ACCOUNT'
5  GROUP BY D.D_NAME;
```

SUMOFSALARY	MAXOFSALARY	MINOFSALARY	AVGOFSALARY
1704000	700000	6000	170400

4. Retrieve the name of each employee who works on all the projects controlled by department number 5 (use NOT EXISTS operator).

```
SELECT E.NAME
FROM EMPLOYEE E
WHERE NOT EXISTS (SELECT *
FROM PROJECT P
JOIN DEPARTMENT D ON P.D_NO = D.D_NO
WHERE D.D_NO = 'D004'
AND NOT EXISTS ( SELECT *
FROM WORKS_ON W
```

```
WHERE W.P_NO = P.P_NO  
AND W.SSN = E.SSN  
)  
);
```

```
SQL> SELECT E.NAME  
2 FROM EMPLOYEE E  
3 WHERE NOT EXISTS (  
4 SELECT *  
5 FROM PROJECT P  
6 JOIN DEPARTMENT D ON P.D_NO = D.D_NO  
7 WHERE D.D_NO = 'D004'  
8 AND NOT EXISTS (  
9 SELECT *  
10 FROM WORKS_ON W  
11 WHERE W.P_NO = P.P_NO  
12 AND W.SSN = E.SSN  
13 )  
14 );
```

```
NAME  
-----  
JAMES LATIN
```

5. For each department that has more than five employees, retrieve the department number and the number of its employees who are making more than Rs. 6,00,000.

```
SELECT D.D_NAME, E.D_NO, COUNT(*) AS Total_Count  
FROM EMPLOYEE E  
JOIN DEPARTMENT D ON E.D_NO = D.D_NO  
WHERE (  
    SELECT COUNT(*)  
    FROM EMPLOYEE  
    WHERE D_NO = E.D_NO  
) > 5  
AND E.SALARY > 600000  
GROUP BY E.D_NO, D.D_NAME;
```

```

SQL> SELECT D.D_NAME, E.D_NO, COUNT(*) AS Total_Count
2  FROM EMPLOYEE E
3  JOIN DEPARTMENT D ON E.D_NO = D.D_NO
4  WHERE (
5      SELECT COUNT(*)
6      FROM EMPLOYEE
7      WHERE D_NO = E.D_NO
8  ) > 5
9  AND E.SALARY > 600000
10 GROUP BY E.D_NO, D.D_NAME;

```

D_NAME	D_NO	TOTAL_COUNT
-----	-----	-----
ACCOUNT	D001	1

PL/SQL queries:

B. Write a program in PL/SQL to create a procedure to displays the GCD of nos.

```
DECLARE
N1 NUMBER(10);
N2 NUMBER(10);
GCD NUMBER(10);
I NUMBER(10);
BEGIN
N1:=&N1;
N2:=&N2;
FOR I IN 1..N1
LOOP
IF MOD(N1,I) = 0 AND MOD(N2,I) = 0 THEN
GCD:=I;
END IF;
END LOOP;
DBMS_OUTPUT.PUT_LINE('GCD=' || GCD);
END;
```

```
SQL> DECLARE
2  N1 NUMBER(10);
3  N2 NUMBER(10);
4  GCD NUMBER(10);
5  I NUMBER(10);
6  BEGIN
7  N1:=&N1;
8  N2:=&N2;
9  FOR I IN 1..N1
10 LOOP
11 IF MOD(N1,I) = 0 AND MOD(N2,I) = 0 THEN
12 GCD:=I;
13 END IF;
14 END LOOP;
15 DBMS_OUTPUT.PUT_LINE('GCD=' || GCD);
16 END;
17 /
```

Enter value for n1: 12

old 7: N1:=&N1;

new 7: N1:=12;

Enter value for n2: 27

old 8: N2:=&N2;

new 8: N2:=27;

GCD=3

PL/SQL procedure successfully completed.

C. Write a program in PL/SQL to create a cursor displays the name and salary of each employee in the EMPLOYEES table whose salary is less than that specified by a passed-in parameter value.

```
DECLARE
SALBOUND EMPLOYEE.SALARY%TYPE;
C_NAME EMPLOYEE.NAME%TYPE;
C_SALARY EMPLOYEE.SALARY%TYPE;
CURSOR C_EMPLOYEE IS
SELECT NAME, SALARY FROM EMPLOYEE;
BEGIN
SALBOUND:=&SALBOUND;
OPEN C_EMPLOYEE;
LOOP
FETCH C_EMPLOYEE INTO C_NAME, C_SALARY;
EXIT WHEN C_EMPLOYEE%NOTFOUND;
IF C_SALARY<SALBOUND THEN
DBMS_OUTPUT.PUT_LINE(C_NAME || ' ' || C_SALARY);
END IF;
END LOOP;
CLOSE C_EMPLOYEE;
END;
/
```

```
SQL> DECLARE
2  SALBOUND EMPLOYEE.SALARY%TYPE;
3  C_NAME EMPLOYEE.NAME%TYPE;
4  C_SALARY EMPLOYEE.SALARY%TYPE;
5  CURSOR C_EMPLOYEE IS
6  SELECT NAME, SALARY FROM EMPLOYEE;
7  BEGIN
8  SALBOUND:=&SALBOUND;
9  OPEN C_EMPLOYEE;
10 LOOP
11 FETCH C_EMPLOYEE INTO C_NAME, C_SALARY;
12 EXIT WHEN C_EMPLOYEE%NOTFOUND;
13 IF C_SALARY<SALBOUND THEN
14 DBMS_OUTPUT.PUT_LINE(C_NAME || ' ' || C_SALARY);
15 END IF;
16 END LOOP;
17 CLOSE C_EMPLOYEE;
18 END;
19 /
Enter value for salbound: 500000
old   8: SALBOUND:=&SALBOUND;
new   8: SALBOUND:=500000;
DAVE WATSON 400000
JULIE EVANS 350000
CHRIS BUTLER 300000

PL/SQL procedure successfully completed.
```