About this text...

Focus on explanation by pictures, to develop an insight

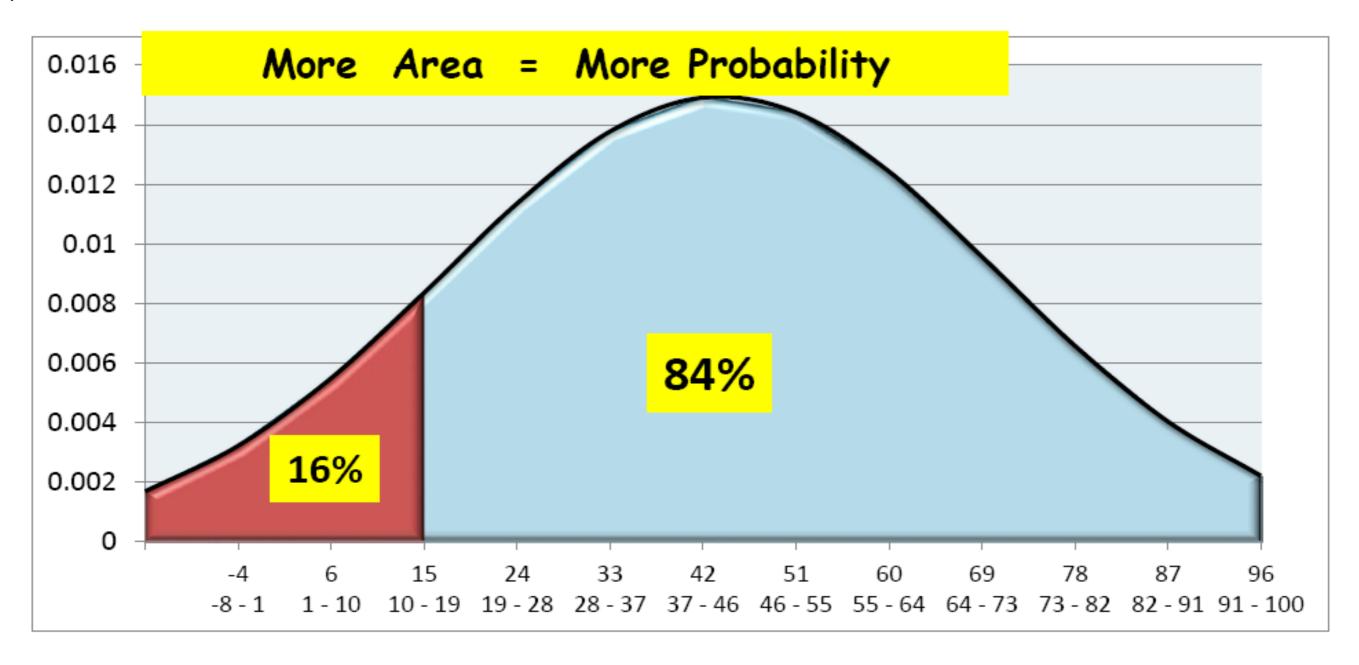
Extensive, but NOT a formal and comprehensive information

To be studied along with other (formal) text / literature

Assumes some previous knowledge of terms

Assumes some previous knowledge of Normal Distribution curve

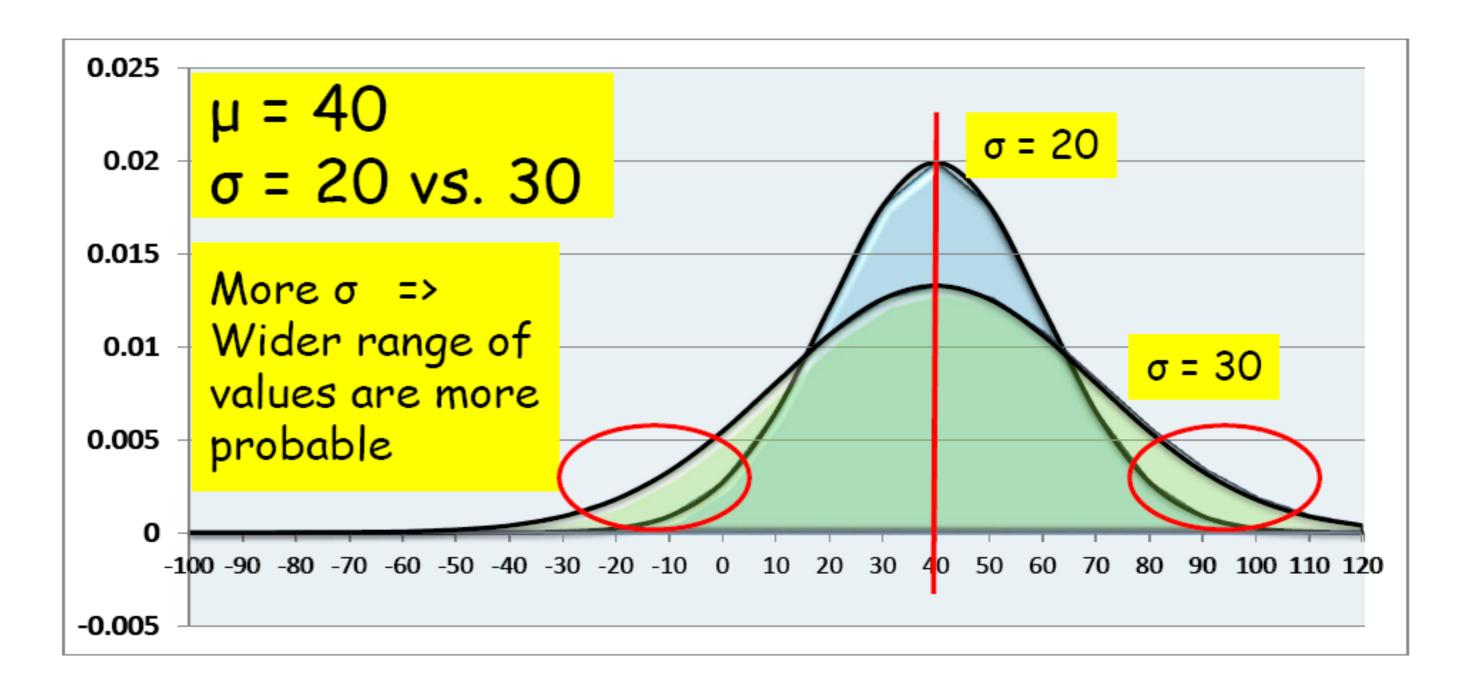
Interpretation of area under Normal distribution curve :-



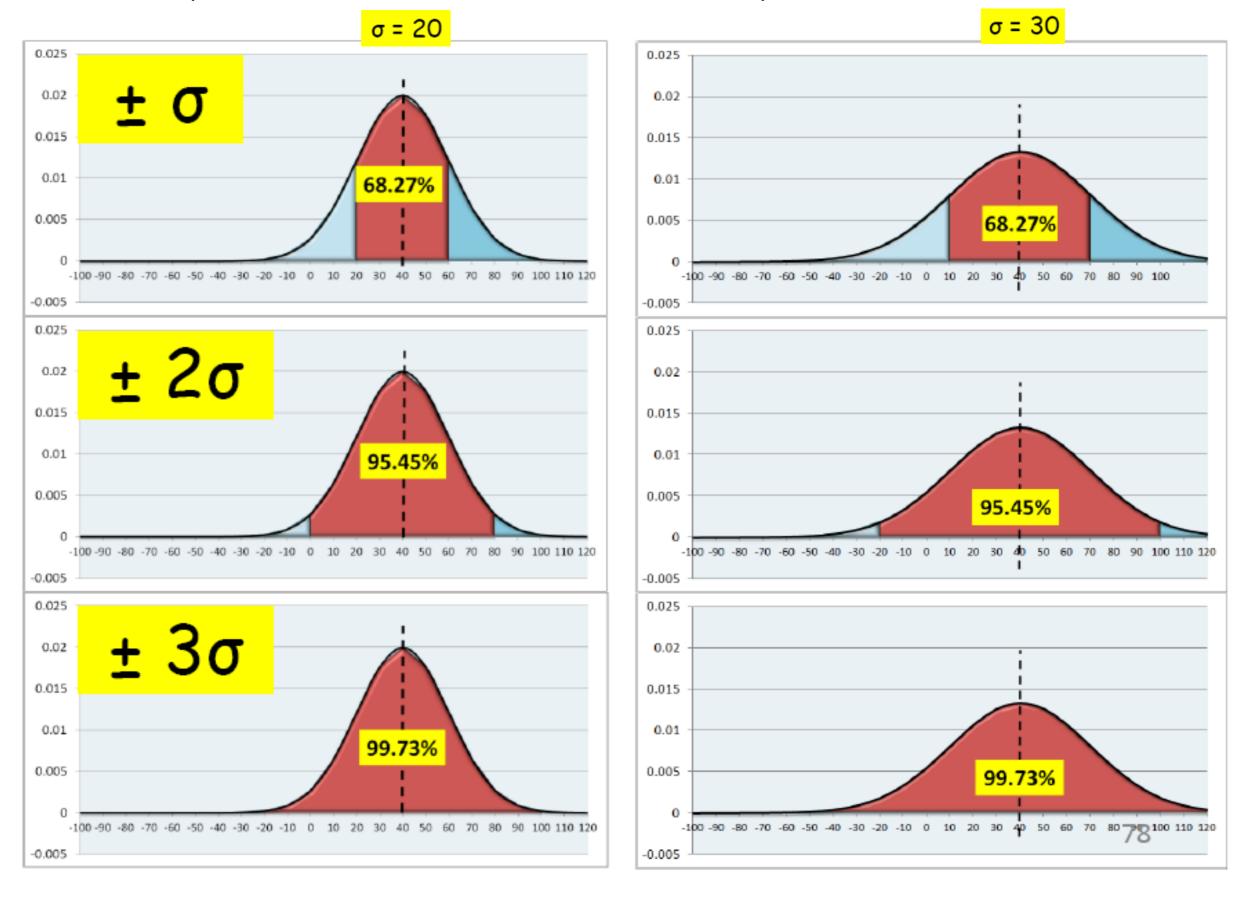
Probability of observations being < 15 = 16%

Probability of observations being > 15 = 84%

Interpretation of Standard Deviation



In general, area b/w multiples of std. dev. about mean remains same irrespective of the value of mean or std. Dev.



In general, area b/w multiples of std. dev. about mean remains same irrespective of the value of mean or std. Dev.

Example: Area between +/-1 sigma is = 69.27% Example: Area between \pm -3 sigma is = 99.73% Are a <= -1 Are a <= -3 0.13% 68.27% 99.73% Are a -1 ~ 1 Area -3 ~ 3 15.87% 0.13% Are a >= 1 Are a >= 3 100.00% 100.00% -1 2 -1 0 -3 -2 0 1 3 4 1 Study of Cp and Cpk aims to know actual 99.73% parts what is the size and position of this Rejection 99.73% zone w.r.t. the zone defined by drawing (USL-LSL) **Expectation of Drawing** $\mathrm{USL}-\overline{\overline{X}}$ Cpk = lesser of -

$$Cp = \frac{\text{USL} - \text{LSL}}{6\sigma} \quad \text{or} \quad \frac{2T}{6\sigma}.$$

Numerator = Drawing Band Denominator = 99.73% Parts = say 'spread'

=> Cp = How much is the drawing band bigger than the 'spread'?

As drawing band is usually fixed,

Cp = Indicator of Size of the 'spread'

Bigger the Cp, => smaller is Spread wrt tolerance

The Better it is.

$$Cpk = lesser of \frac{USL - \overline{X}}{3\sigma} \quad or \quad \frac{\overline{X} - LSL}{3\sigma}$$

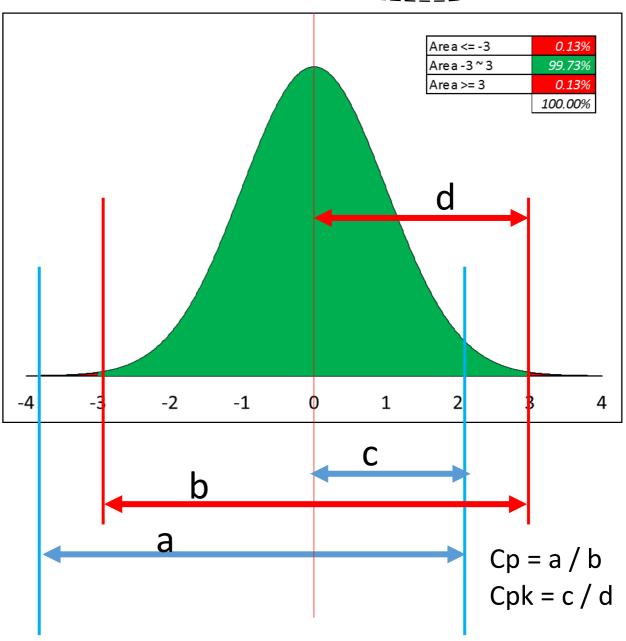
Numerator = Nearest distance from actual mean where a drawing band. edge is located.

Denominator = 99.73% / 2 = half the 'spread'

=> Cpk = sitting on the actual mean, distance of tolerance band edge upon distance of the 'spread' edge

Yardstick for Cp = 6 sigma band about mean :-

Yardstick : Area between $\frac{6\sigma}{+/-3}$ sigma is = 99.73%

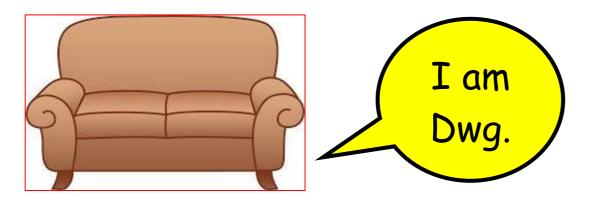


=> Cpk = Indicator of Position of the 'spread' Bigger Cpk, => Nearer is the spread edge wrt tol. Edge = > The Better it is.

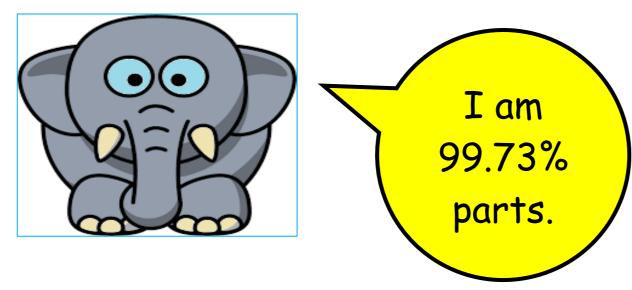
To understand further,

Let us introduce 2 characters :-

Sofa represents allowed/design range



Elephant represents the 99.73% of the parts

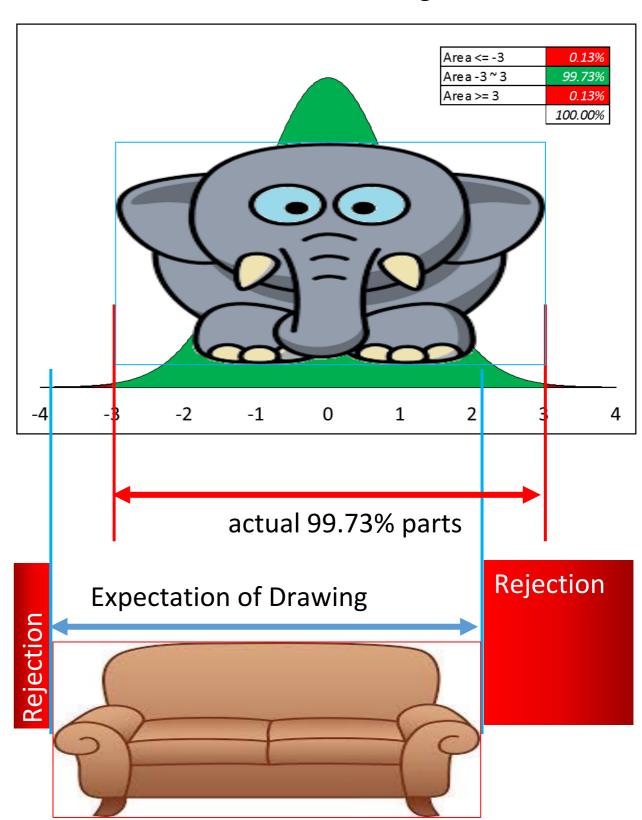


Then the study becomes :-

How well the Elephant sits on the Sofa?

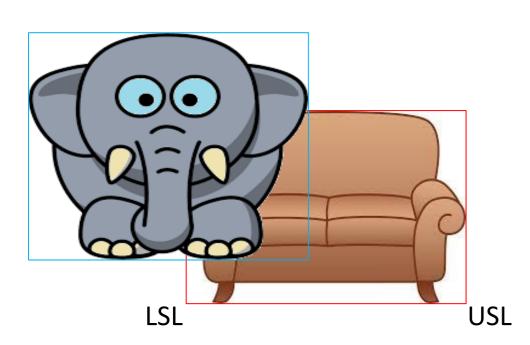
Yardstick for Cp = 6 sigma band about mean :-

Yardstick: Area between +/-3 sigma is = 99.73%



$$Cp = \frac{\text{USL} - \text{LSL}}{6\sigma} \quad \text{or} \quad \frac{2T}{6\sigma}$$

Numerator = Drawing Band Denominator = 99.73% Parts = say 'spread'



Width of sofa and width of elephant is same 99.73% parts band = Dwg. Band => Cp = 1

But some part of elephant (parts) is outside sofa (dwg.)

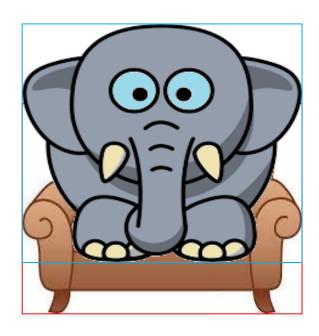
Cp = 1 means ...

Numerator = Denominator

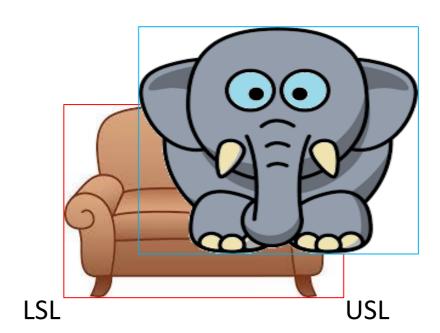
OR in other words...

99.73% parts band = Dwg. Band

in magnitude (width)



Cp = 1 does not necessarily mean ... that 99.73% parts are within dwg. Band :-

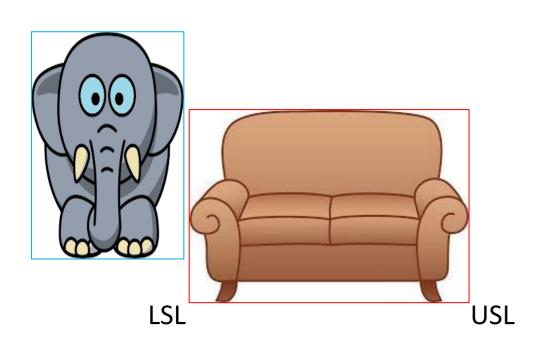


Width of sofa and width of elephant is same 99.73% parts band = Dwg. Band => Cp = 1

But some part of elephant (parts) is outside sofa (dwg.)

$$Cp = \frac{\text{USL} - \text{LSL}}{6\sigma} \quad \text{or} \quad \frac{2T}{6\sigma}$$

Numerator = Drawing Band Denominator = 99.73% Parts = say 'spread'



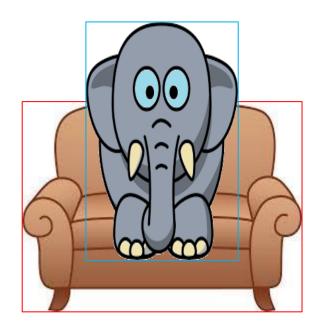
Width of sofa > width of elephant 99.73% parts band < Dwg. Band => Cp > 1

But whole of elephant (parts) is outside sofa (dwg.)

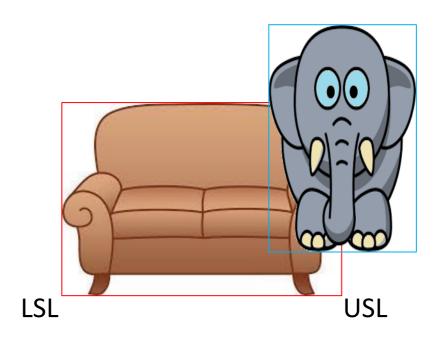
Cp > 1 means ...

Numerator > Denominator

OR in other words...
99.73% parts band < Dwg. Band
in magnitude (width)



Cp > 1 does not necessarily mean ... that 99.73% parts are within dwg. Band :-

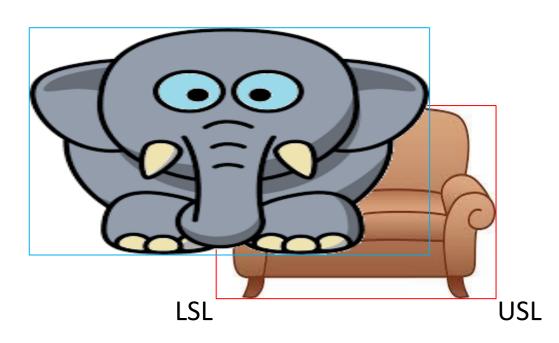


Width of sofa > width of elephant 99.73% parts band < Dwg. Band => Cp > 1

But some part of elephant (parts) is outside sofa (dwg.)

$$Cp = \frac{\text{USL} - \text{LSL}}{6\sigma}$$
 or $\frac{2T}{6\sigma}$

Numerator = Drawing Band Denominator = 99.73% Parts = say 'spread'



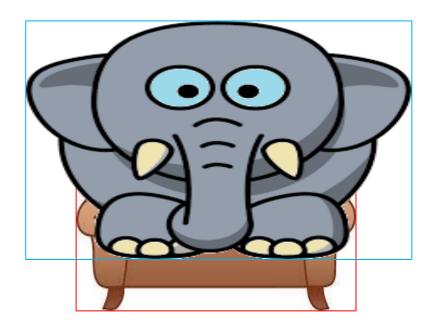
Width of sofa < width of elephant 99.73% parts band > Dwg. Band => Cp < 1

Necessarily some part of elephant (parts) is outside sofa (dwg.)

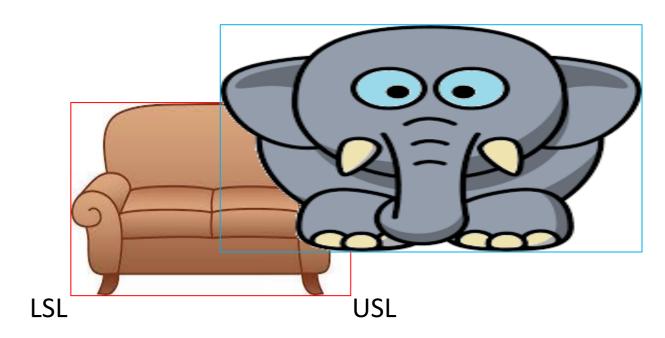
Cp < 1 means ...

Numerator < Denominator

OR in other words...
99.73% parts band > Dwg. Band
in magnitude (width)



Cp < 1 does however necessarily mean ... that some of 99.73% parts are outside dwg. Band :-



Width of sofa < width of elephant 99.73% parts band > Dwg. Band => Cp < 1

Necessarily some part of elephant (parts) is outside sofa (dwg.)

$$Cpk = lesser of \frac{USL - \overline{X}}{3\sigma} \quad or \quad \frac{\overline{X} - LSL}{3\sigma}$$

Cp = Cpk means...

Numerator = Nearest distance from actual mean where a drawing band. edge is located.

Denominator = 99.73% / 2 = half the 'spread'

... Parts spread symmetric about Dwg. Mean

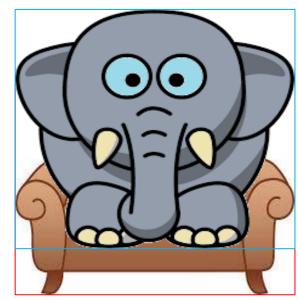
=> Cpk = sitting on the actual mean, distance of tolerance band edge upon distance of the 'spread' edge

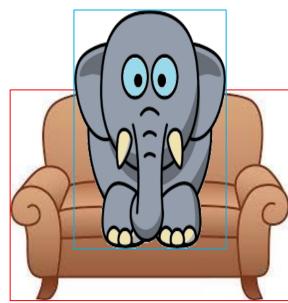
Max. possible +ve value of Cpk is Cp

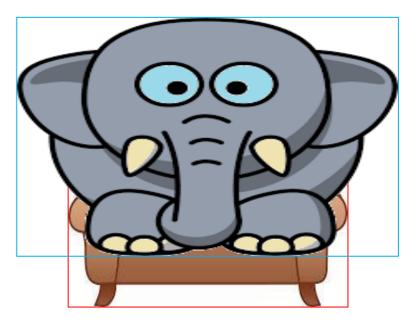
"Criteria for Centering of process is : Cp = Cpk"

What does Cpk < 0, Cpk = 0, Cpk = -1, Cpk = 1 etc. mean...?

Refer next pages and observe carefully...







Sofa : design range Elephant : 99.73% parts		Meaning of Cpk < 0			
		Cpk < -1	Cpk = -1	-1 < Cpk < 0	
	Cp > 1				
	Cp = 1	Elephant is more than just outside Sofa, its edge is away from Sofa edge	Whole of the Elephant is <i>just</i> outside Sofa, its edge same as Sofa edge	Less than half of Elephant is on the Sofa, and most part of Elephant is outside Sofa	
	Cp < 1	100% spread is way beyond dwg. band	100% spread is just beyond dwg. band	< 50% spread OK	
Elephant smaller than Sofa	Cp > 1	Cp > 1 , Cpk < -1	Cp > 1 , Cpk = -1	Cp>1, -1 < Cpk < 0	
Elephant size = Sofa	Cp = 1	Cp = 1 , Cpk < -1	Cp = 1 , Cpk = -1	Cp = 1 , -1 < Cpk < 0	
Elephant bigger than Sofa	Cp < 1	Cp < 1 , Cpk < -1	Cp < 1 , Cpk = -1	Cp < 1 , -1 < Cpk < 0	
		Cpk < -1	Cpk = -1	-1 < Cpk < 0	

Sofa : design range Elephant : 99.73% parts		Meaning of 0 <= Cpk < 1			
		Cpk = 0	0 < Cpk < 1 & Cp>Cpk	0 < Cpk < 1 & Cp=Cpk	
	Cp > 1				
	Cp = 1	Exactly half of the Elephant is on the Sofa, rest half is outside Sofa	More than half of Elephant is on the Sofa, and some (non zero and <half) elephant<br="" of="" part="">is outside Sofa</half)>	Still there are rejections at both ends of tol. band	
	Cp < 1	50% spread OK	> 50% spread OK < 50% spread Rejected	Elephant at Sofa center (as Cp = Cpk)	
Elephant smaller than Sofa	Cp > 1	Cp > 1 , Cpk = 0	Cp>1,0 <cpk<1 &="" cp="">Cpk</cpk<1>	Cp>1,0 <cpk<1 &="" cp="Cpk</td"></cpk<1>	
Elephant size = Sofa	Cp = 1	Cp = 1 , Cpk = 0	Cp = 1 , 0 < Cpk < 1 & Cp>Cpk	Cp=1,0 <cpk<1 &="" cp="Cpk</td"></cpk<1>	
Elephant bigger than Sofa	Cp < 1	Cp < 1 , Cpk = 0	Cp < 1 , 0 < Cpk < 1 & Cp>Cpk	Cp<1,0 <cpk<1 &="" cp="Cpk</td"></cpk<1>	
		Cpk = 0	0 < Cpk < 1 & Cp>Cpk	0 < Cpk < 1 & Cp=Cpk	

Sofa : design range Elephant : 99.73% parts		Meaning of Cpk >= 1		
		Cpk = 1	Cpk > 1 & Cp > Cpk	Cpk > 1 & Cp = Cpk
	Cp > 1	Elephant fully on the Sofa, and at the Edge of Sofa	Elephant fully on the Sofa, but offset from center	Elephant at Sofa center (as Cp = Cpk)
	Cp = 1	" ditto " (NOTE : Since Elephant size = Sofa, so it also means that Elephant at Sofa center as Cp = Cpk)		
	Cp < 1	100% spread is just within tol. band	100% spread is within tol. band, some safety margin	100% spread is within tol. band, Best safety margin
Elephant smaller than Sofa	Cp > 1	Cp > 1 , Cpk = 1	Cp>1, Cpk>1 & Cp>Cpk	Cp>1, Cpk>1 & Cp = Cpk
Elephant size = Sofa	Cp = 1	Cp = 1 , Cpk = 1	Cp = 1 , Cpk > 1 & Cp > Cpk	Cp = 1 , Cpk > 1 & Cp = Cpk
Elephant bigger than Sofa	Cp < 1	Cp < 1 , Cpk = 1	Cp<1, Cpk>1 & Cp>Cpk	Cp < 1 , Cpk > 1 & Cp = Cpk
		Cpk = 1	Cpk > 1 & Cp > Cpk	Cpk > 1 & Cp = Cpk