

Data624 - Project1

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Overview

This project includes 3 time series dataset and requires to select best forecasting model for all 3 datasets.

- Part A - ATM Forecast
- Part B - Forecasting Power
- Part C - Waterflow Pipe

Part A - ATM Forecast

The dataset contains cash withdrawals from 4 different ATM machines from May 2009 to Apr 2010. The variable 'Cash' is provided in hundreds of dollars and data is in a single file. Before starting our analysis we will first download the excel from github and then read it through read_excel.

Exploratory Analysis

```
temp.file <- tempfile(fileext = ".xlsx")
download.file(url="https://github.com/amit-kapoor/data624/blob/main/Project1/ATM624Data.xlsx?raw=true",
             destfile = temp.file,
             mode = "wb",
             quiet = TRUE)
atm.data <- read_excel(temp.file, skip=0, col_types = c("date","text","numeric"))

glimpse(atm.data)

## Rows: 1,474
## Columns: 3
## $ DATE <dtm> 2009-05-01, 2009-05-01, 2009-05-02, 2009-05-02, 2009-05-03, 2009-
## $ ATM <chr> "ATM1", "ATM2", "ATM1", "ATM2", "ATM1", "ATM2", "ATM1", "ATM2", "~
```

```
## $ Cash <dbl> 96, 107, 82, 89, 85, 90, 90, 55, 99, 79, 88, 19, 8, 2, 104, 103, ~
```

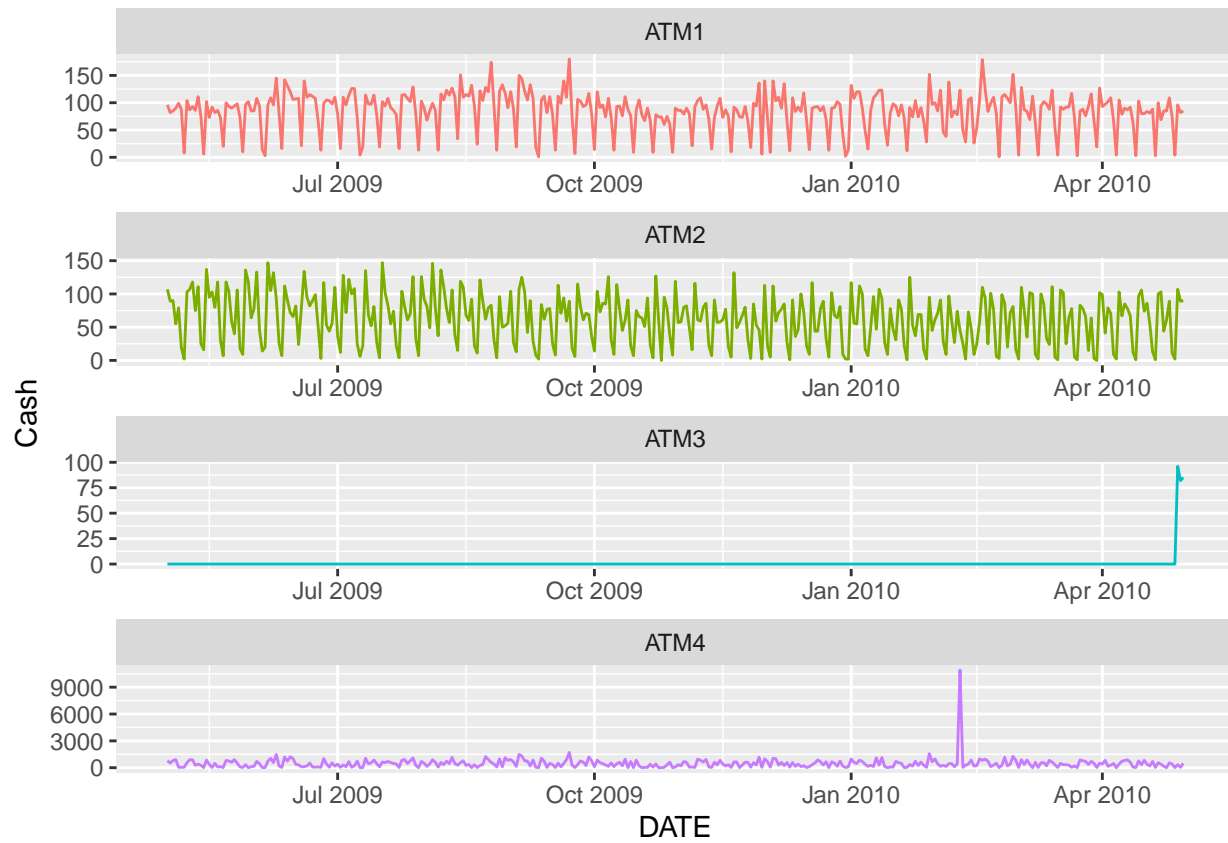
```
# rows missing values
```

```
atm.data[!complete.cases(atm.data),]
```

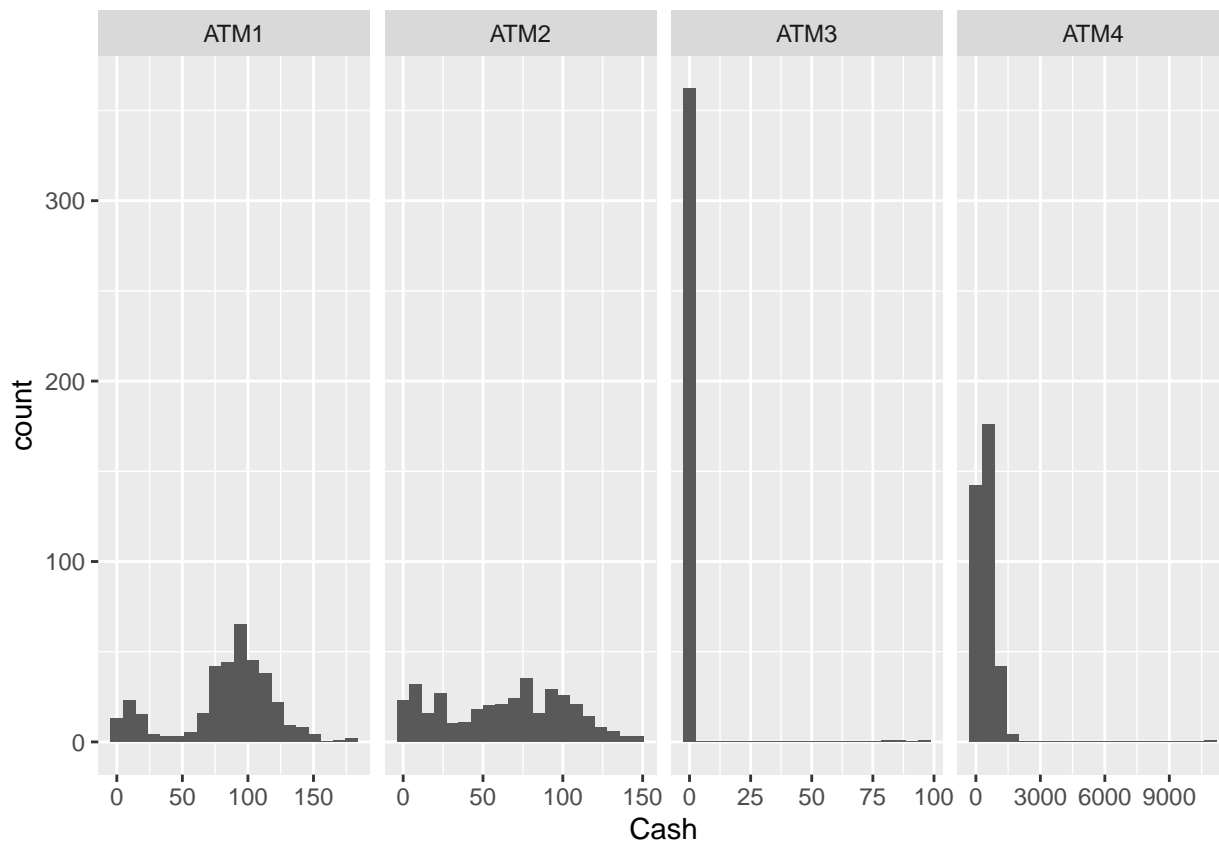
```
## # A tibble: 19 x 3
```

```
##   DATE           ATM   Cash
##   <dtm>         <chr> <dbl>
## 1 2009-06-13 00:00:00 ATM1    NA
## 2 2009-06-16 00:00:00 ATM1    NA
## 3 2009-06-18 00:00:00 ATM2    NA
## 4 2009-06-22 00:00:00 ATM1    NA
## 5 2009-06-24 00:00:00 ATM2    NA
## 6 2010-05-01 00:00:00 <NA>    NA
## 7 2010-05-02 00:00:00 <NA>    NA
## 8 2010-05-03 00:00:00 <NA>    NA
## 9 2010-05-04 00:00:00 <NA>    NA
##10 2010-05-05 00:00:00 <NA>    NA
##11 2010-05-06 00:00:00 <NA>    NA
##12 2010-05-07 00:00:00 <NA>    NA
##13 2010-05-08 00:00:00 <NA>    NA
##14 2010-05-09 00:00:00 <NA>    NA
##15 2010-05-10 00:00:00 <NA>    NA
##16 2010-05-11 00:00:00 <NA>    NA
##17 2010-05-12 00:00:00 <NA>    NA
##18 2010-05-13 00:00:00 <NA>    NA
##19 2010-05-14 00:00:00 <NA>    NA
```

```
ggplot(atm.data[complete.cases(atm.data),] , aes(x=DATE, y=Cash, col=ATM )) +  
  geom_line(show.legend = FALSE) +  
  facet_wrap(~ATM, ncol=1, scales = "free")
```



```
ggplot(atm.data[complete.cases(atm.data),] , aes(x=Cash )) +
  geom_histogram(bins=20) +
  facet_grid(cols=vars(ATM), scales = "free")
```



```
# consider complete cases
atm.comp <- atm.data[complete.cases(atm.data),]
# pivot wider with cols from 4 ATMs and their values as Cash
atm.comp <- atm.comp %>% pivot_wider(names_from = ATM, values_from = Cash)
head(atm.comp)
```

```
## # A tibble: 6 x 5
##   DATE                ATM1  ATM2  ATM3  ATM4
##   <dtm>              <dbl> <dbl> <dbl> <dbl>
## 1 2009-05-01 00:00:00    96   107    0  777.
## 2 2009-05-02 00:00:00    82    89    0  524.
## 3 2009-05-03 00:00:00    85    90    0  793.
## 4 2009-05-04 00:00:00    90    55    0  908.
## 5 2009-05-05 00:00:00    99    79    0  52.8
## 6 2009-05-06 00:00:00    88    19    0  52.2
```

```
# summary
atm.comp %>% select(-DATE) %>% summary()
```

```
##           ATM1           ATM2           ATM3           ATM4
##  Min.   : 1.00   Min.   : 0.00   Min.   : 0.0000   Min.   : 1.563
## 1st Qu.: 73.00   1st Qu.: 25.50   1st Qu.: 0.0000   1st Qu.: 124.334
## Median : 91.00   Median : 67.00   Median : 0.0000   Median : 403.839
## Mean   : 83.89   Mean   : 62.58   Mean   : 0.7206   Mean   : 474.043
## 3rd Qu.:108.00   3rd Qu.: 93.00   3rd Qu.: 0.0000   3rd Qu.: 704.507
## Max.   :180.00   Max.   :147.00   Max.   :96.0000   Max.   :10919.762
## NA's   :3       NA's   :2
```

Per above exploratory analysis, all ATMs show different patterns. We would perform forecasting for each

ATM separately.

- ATM1 and ATM2 shows similar pattern (approx.) throughout the time. ATM1 and ATM2 have 3 and 2 missing entries respectively.
- ATM3 appears to become online in last 3 days only and rest of days appears inactive. So the data available for this ATM is very limited.
- ATM4 requires replacement for outlier and we can assume that one day spike of cash withdrawal is unique. It has an outlier showing withdrawal amount 10920.

Data Cleaning

For this part we will first apply `ts()` function to get required time series. Next step is to apply `tsclean` function that will handle missing data along with outliers. To estimate missing values and outlier replacements, this function uses linear interpolation on the (possibly seasonally adjusted) series. Once we get the clean data we will use `pivot_longer` to get the dataframe in its original form.

```
atm.ts <- ts(atm.comp %>% select(-DATE))
head(atm.ts)
```

```
## Time Series:
## Start = 1
## End = 6
## Frequency = 1
##      ATM1 ATM2 ATM3      ATM4
## 1    96  107    0 776.99342
## 2    82   89    0 524.41796
## 3    85   90    0 792.81136
## 4    90   55    0 908.23846
## 5    99   79    0 52.83210
## 6    88   19    0 52.20845
```

```
# apply tsclean
atm.ts.cln <- sapply(X=atm.ts, tsclean)
atm.ts.cln %>% summary()
```

```
##      ATM1      ATM2      ATM3      ATM4
## Min.   : 1.00   Min.   : 0.00   Min.   : 0.0000   Min.   : 1.563
## 1st Qu.: 73.00  1st Qu.: 26.00  1st Qu.: 0.0000  1st Qu.: 124.334
## Median : 91.00  Median : 67.00  Median : 0.0000  Median : 402.770
## Mean   : 84.15  Mean   : 62.59  Mean   : 0.7206  Mean   : 444.757
## 3rd Qu.:108.00  3rd Qu.: 93.00  3rd Qu.: 0.0000  3rd Qu.: 704.192
## Max.   :180.00  Max.   :147.00  Max.   :96.0000  Max.   :1712.075
```

If we compare this summary with previous one of original data, ATM1 and ATM2 has no more NAs and ATM4 outlier value (10919.762) is handled and now the max value is 1712.075.

```
# convert into data frame, pivot longer , arrange by ATM and bind with dates
atm.new <- as.data.frame(atm.ts.cln) %>%
  pivot_longer(everything(), names_to = "ATM", values_to = "Cash") %>%
  arrange(ATM)

atm.new <- cbind(DATE = seq(as.Date("2009-05-1"), as.Date("2010-04-30"), length.out=365),
  atm.new)

head(atm.new)
```

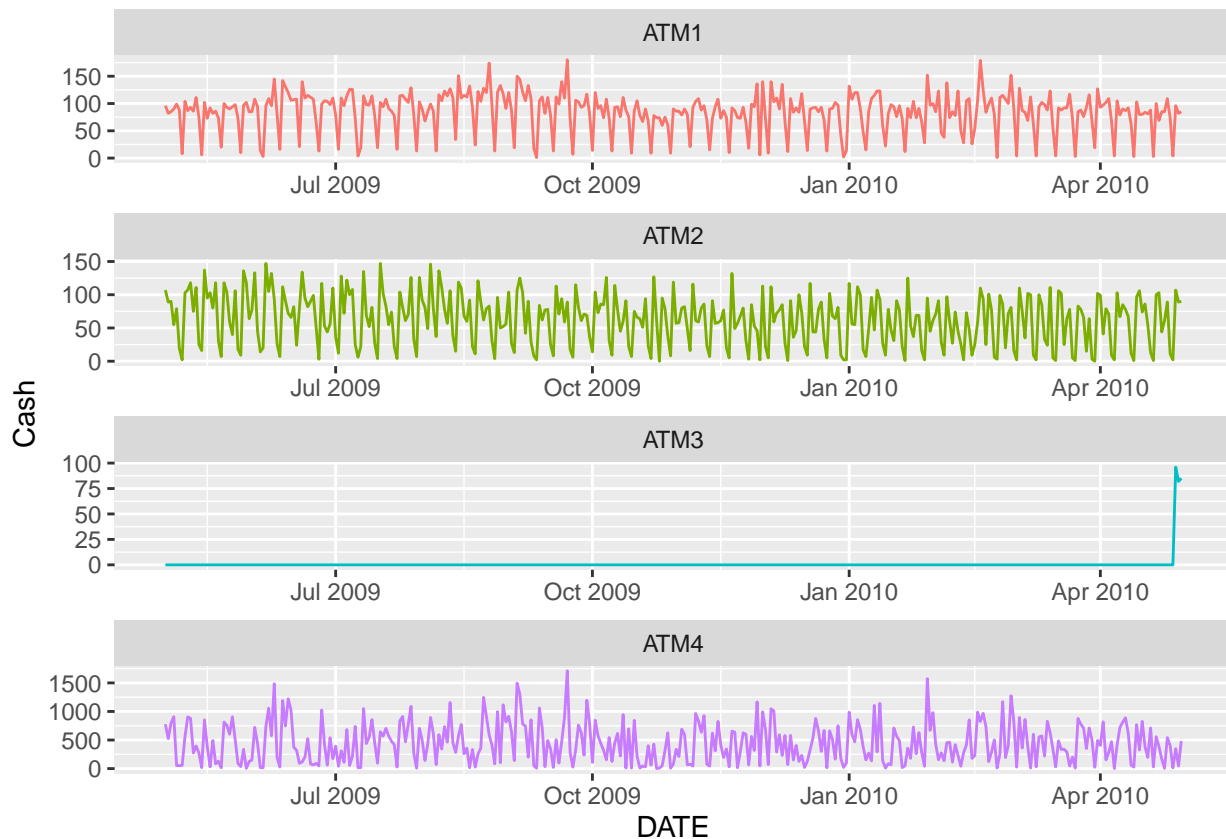
```
##      DATE  ATM Cash
## 1 2009-05-01 ATM1   96
```

```
## 2 2009-05-02 ATM1 82
## 3 2009-05-03 ATM1 85
## 4 2009-05-04 ATM1 90
## 5 2009-05-05 ATM1 99
## 6 2009-05-06 ATM1 88
```

```
#library(xlsx)
```

```
#write.xlsx(atm.new, 'atmnew.xlsx', sheetName = "Sheet1", col.names = TRUE, row.names = TRUE, append = .
```

```
ggplot(atm.new , aes(x=DATE, y=Cash, col=ATM )) +
  geom_line(show.legend = FALSE) +
  facet_wrap(~ATM, ncol=1, scales = "free")
```



Though above plot doesn't show much differences for ATM1,2,3 but tsclan handled the ATM4 data very well after replacing the outlier.

Time Series

```
# function to plot forecast(s)
atm.forecast <- function(timeseries) {
  # lambda value
  lambda <- BoxCox.lambda(timeseries)
  # models for forecast
  ets.model <- timeseries %>% ets(lambda = lambda)
  arima.model <- timeseries %>% auto.arima(lambda = lambda)
  # forecast
  atm.ets.fcst <- forecast(ets.model, h=31)
  atm.arima.fcst <- forecast(arima.model, h=31)
```

```

# plot forecasts
p1 <- autoplot(timeseries) +
  autolayer(atm.ets.fcst, PI=FALSE, series="ETS") +
  autolayer(atm.arima.fcst, PI=FALSE, series="ARIMA") +
  theme(legend.position = "top") +
  ylab("Cash Withdrawal")
# zoom in plot
p2 <- p1 +
  labs(title = "Zoom in ") +
  xlim(c(51,56))

grid.arrange(p1,p2,ncol=1)
}

```

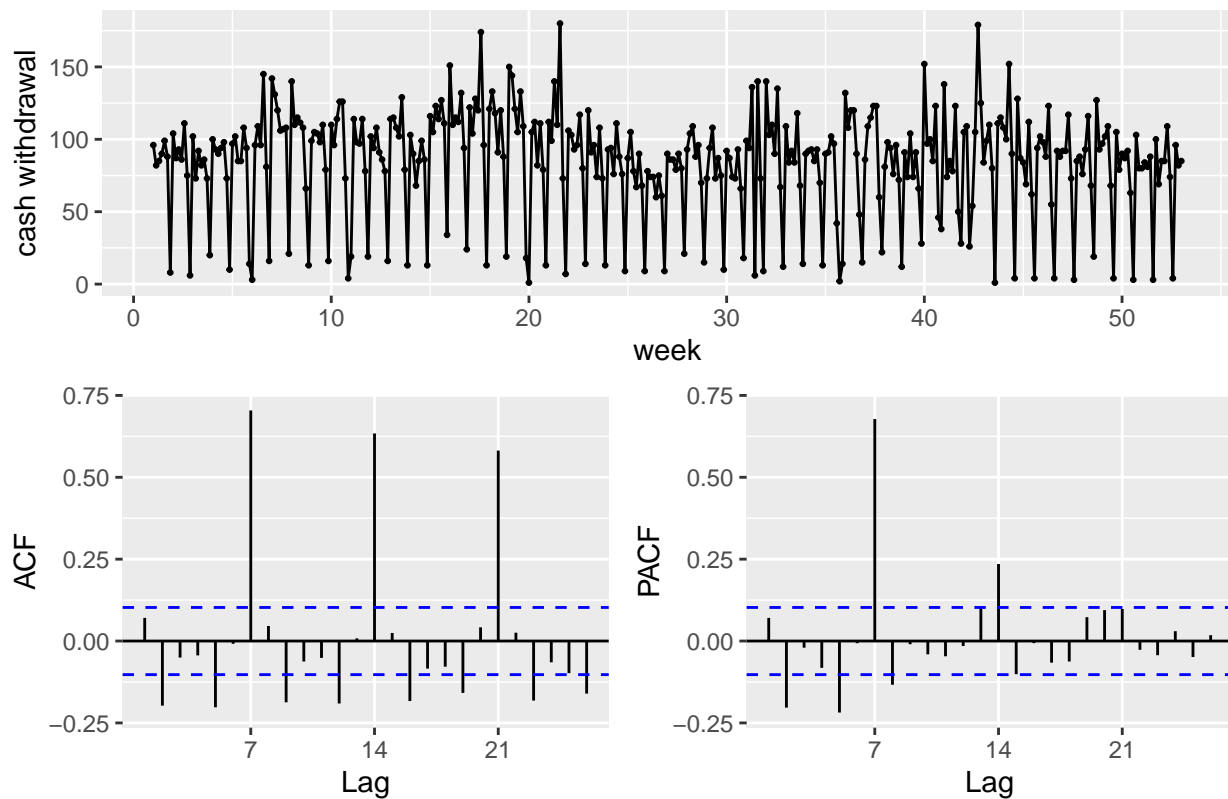
ATM1

```

atm1.ts <- atm.new %>% filter(ATM=="ATM1") %>% select(Cash) %>% ts(frequency = 7)
ggtsdisplay(atm1.ts, main="ATM1 Cash Withdrawal", ylab="cash withdrawal", xlab="week")

```

ATM1 Cash Withdrawal

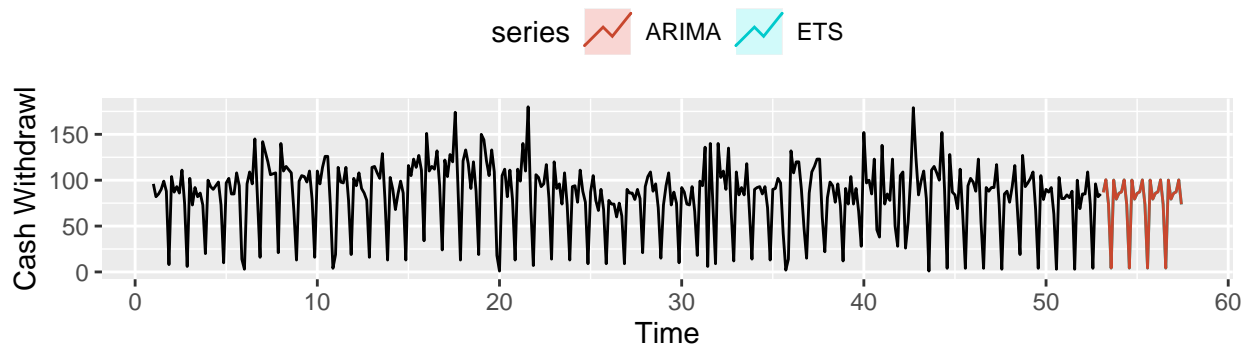


```
atm.forecast(atm1.ts)
```

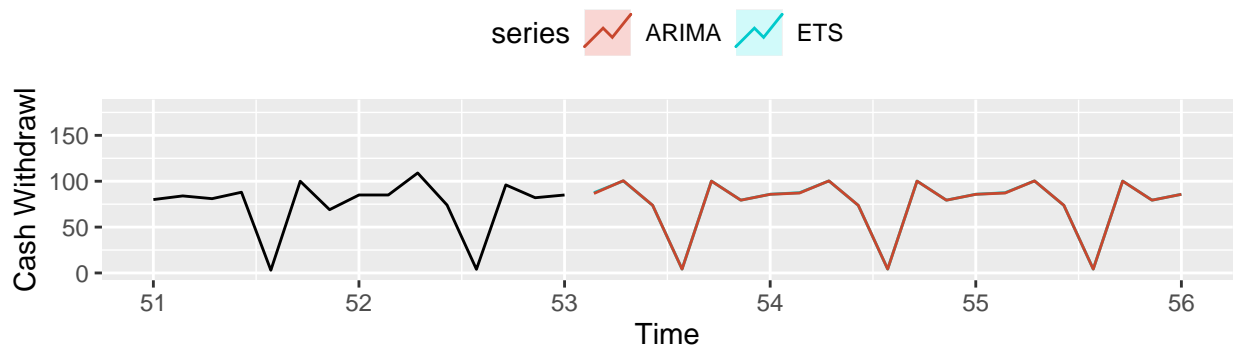
```

## Scale for 'x' is already present. Adding another scale for 'x', which will
## replace the existing scale.

```



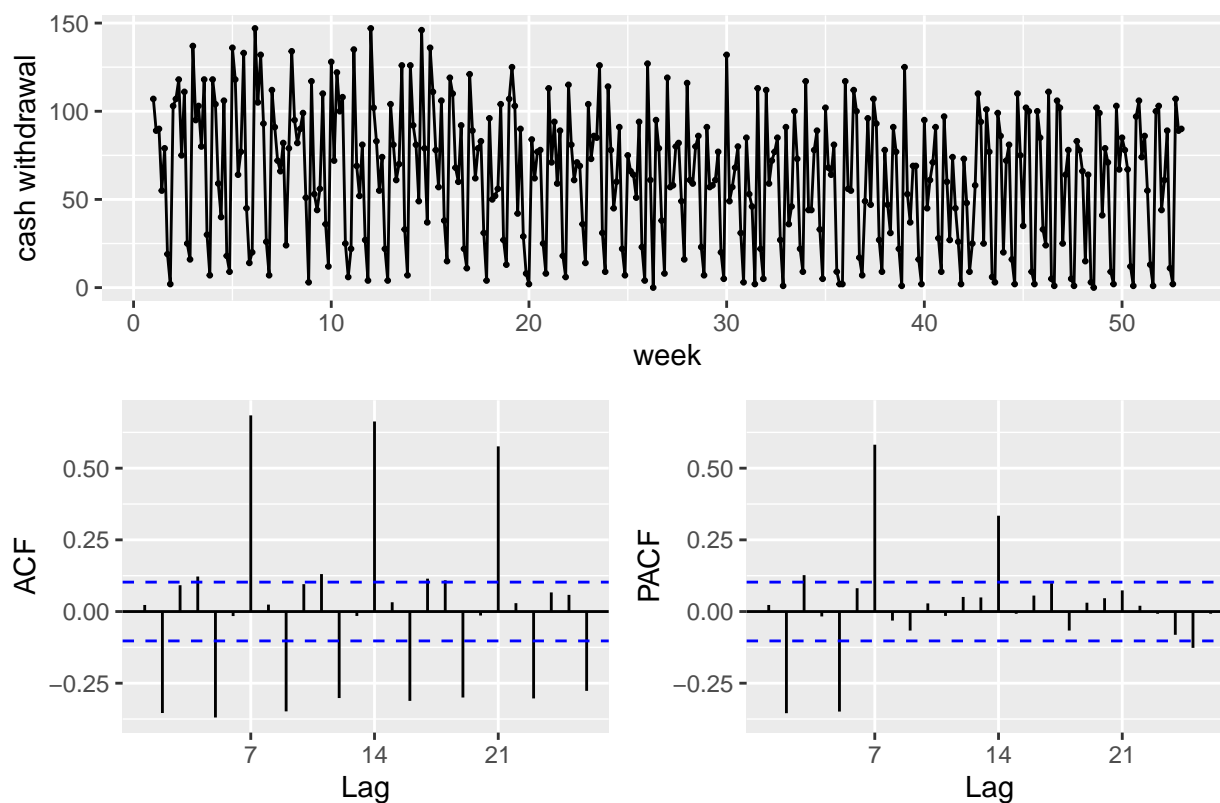
Zoom in



ATM2

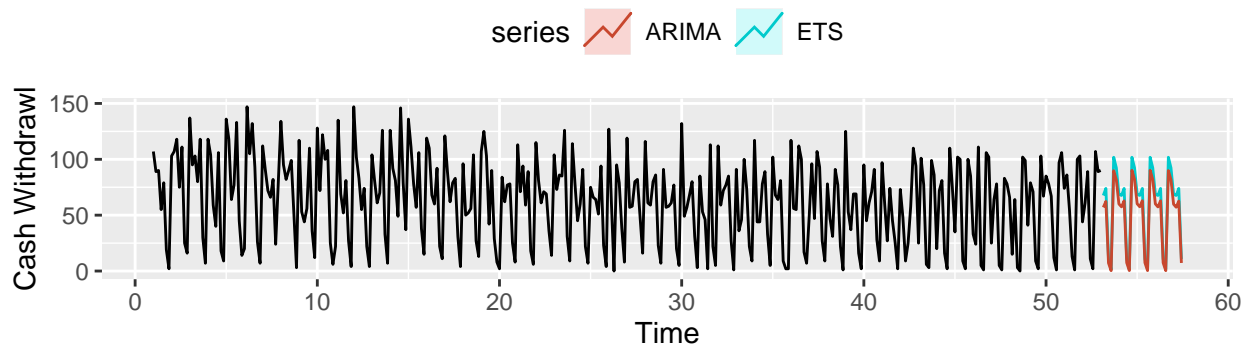
```
atm2.ts <- atm.new %>% filter(ATM=="ATM2") %>% select(Cash) %>% ts(frequency = 7)
ggtsdisplay(atm2.ts, main="ATM2 Cash Withdrawal", ylab="cash withdrawal", xlab="week")
```


ATM2 Cash Withdrawal

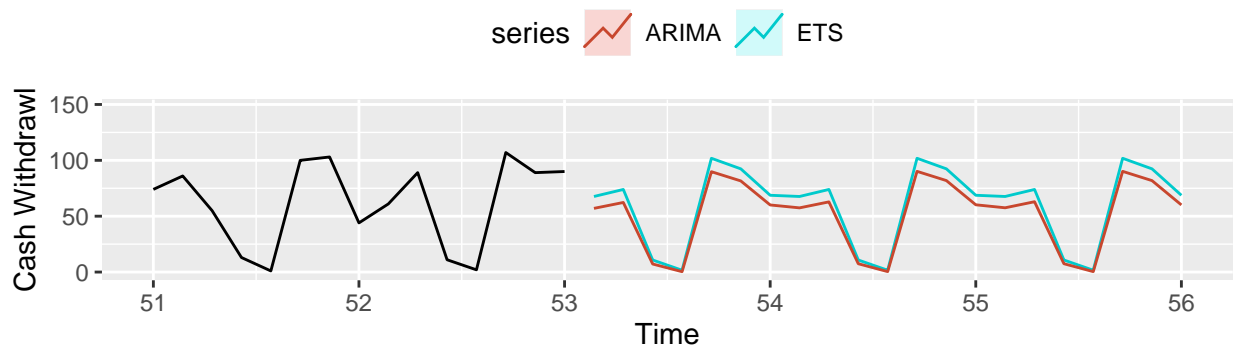


```
atm.forecast(atm2.ts)
```

```
## Scale for 'x' is already present. Adding another scale for 'x', which will
## replace the existing scale.
```

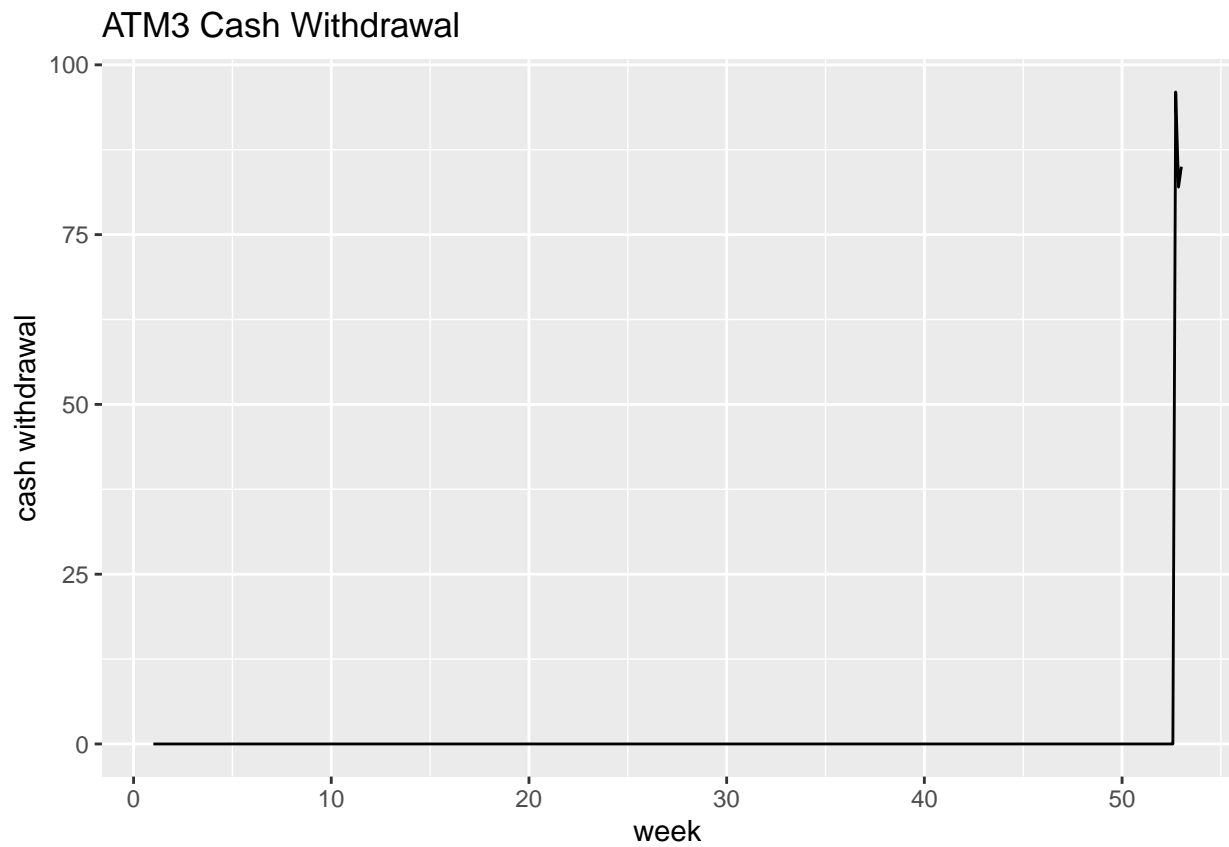


Zoom in



ATM3

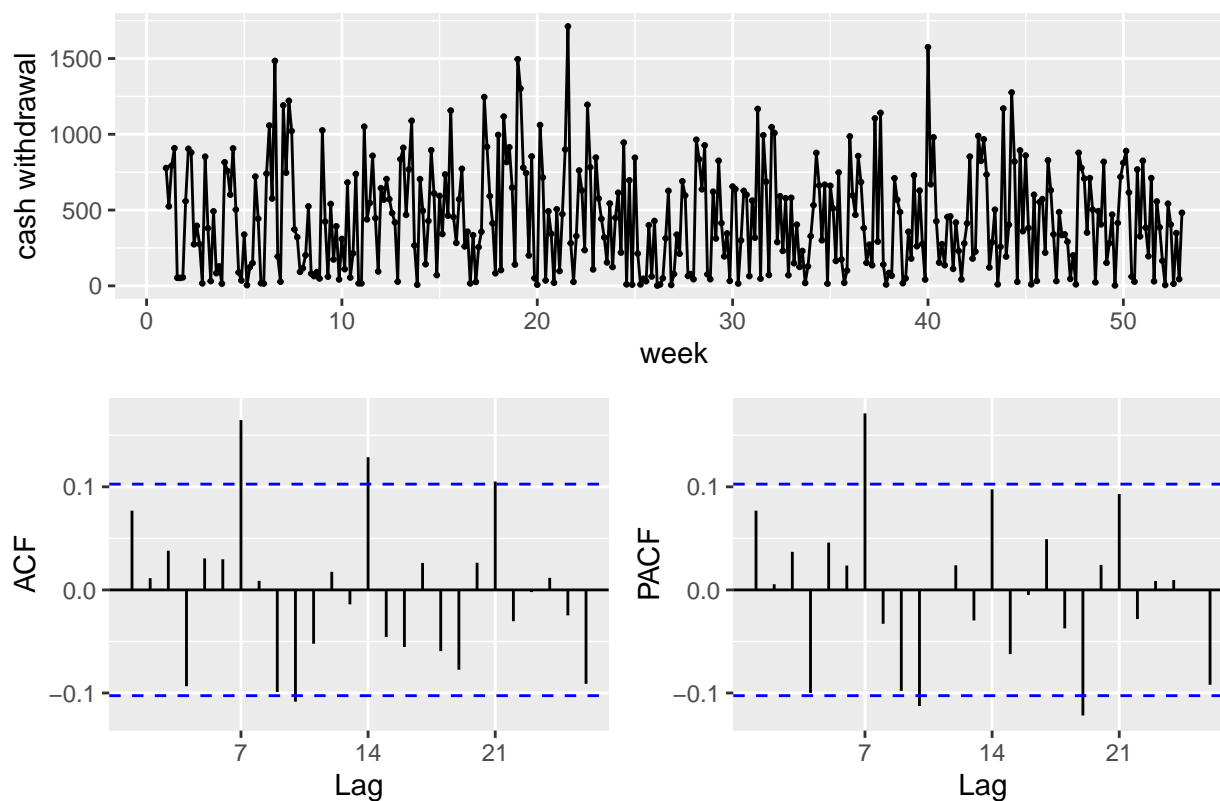
```
atm3.ts <- atm.new %>% filter(ATM=="ATM3") %>% select(Cash) %>% ts(frequency = 7)
autoplot(atm3.ts, main="ATM3 Cash Withdrawal", ylab="cash withdrawal", xlab="week")
```



ATM4

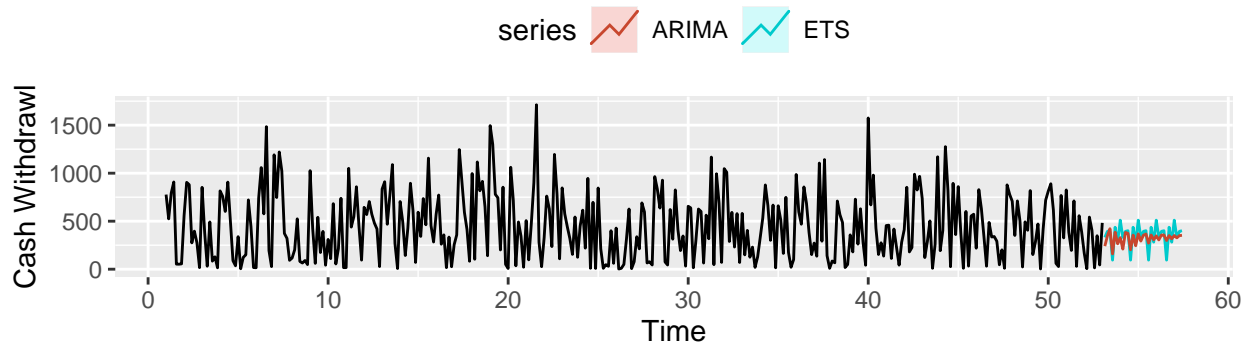
```
atm4.ts <- atm.new %>% filter(ATM=="ATM4") %>% select(Cash) %>% ts(frequency = 7)
ggtsdisplay(atm4.ts, main="ATM4 Cash Withdrawal", ylab="cash withdrawal", xlab="week")
```

ATM4 Cash Withdrawal

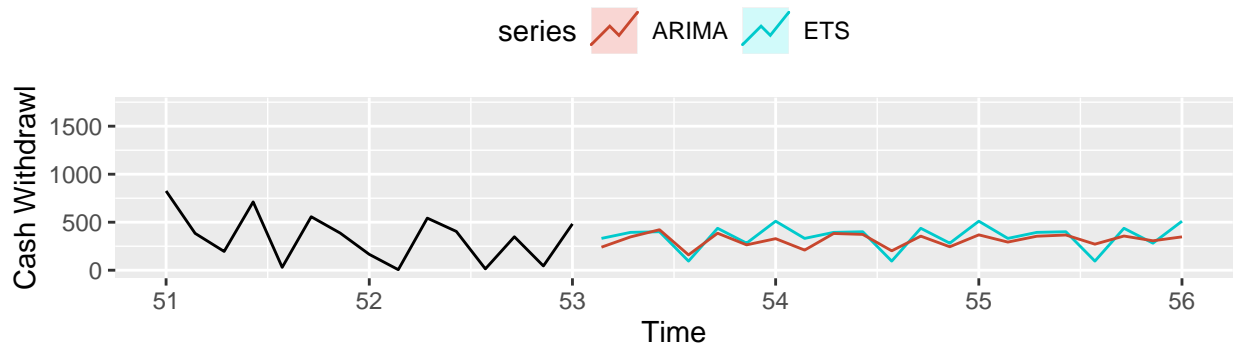


```
atm.forecast(atm4.ts)
```

```
## Scale for 'x' is already present. Adding another scale for 'x', which will  
## replace the existing scale.
```



Zoom in



```
atm4.ts %>% ets(lambda = BoxCox.lambda(atm4.ts))
```

```
## ETS(A,N,A)
##
## Call:
## ets(y = ., lambda = BoxCox.lambda(atm4.ts))
##
## Box-Cox transformation: lambda= 0.4498
##
## Smoothing parameters:
##   alpha = 1e-04
##   gamma = 0.1035
##
## Initial states:
##   l = 28.6369
##   s = -18.6503 -3.3529 1.6831 4.7437 5.4471 4.9022
##       5.2271
##
## sigma: 12.9202
##
##      AIC      AICc      BIC
## 4032.268 4032.890 4071.267
```

```
atm4.ts %>% auto.arima(lambda = BoxCox.lambda(atm4.ts))
```

```
## Series: .
## ARIMA(0,0,1)(2,0,0)[7] with non-zero mean
## Box Cox transformation: lambda= 0.449771
##
## Coefficients:
```

```
##          ma1      sar1      sar2      mean
##          0.0790  0.2078  0.2023  28.6364
## s.e.    0.0527  0.0516  0.0525   1.2405
##
## sigma^2 estimated as 176.5:  log likelihood=-1460.57
## AIC=2931.14   AICc=2931.3   BIC=2950.64
```

Part B - Forecasting Power

```
download.file(
  url="https://github.com/amit-kapoor/data624/blob/main/Project1/ResidentialCustomerForecastLoad-624.xlsx",
  destfile = temp.file,
  mode = "wb",
  quiet = TRUE)
power.data <- read_excel(temp.file, skip=0, col_types = c("numeric","text","numeric"))

head(power.data)
```

```
## # A tibble: 6 x 3
##   CaseSequence `YYYY-MMM`      KWH
##         <dbl> <chr>         <dbl>
## 1           733 1998-Jan    6862583
## 2           734 1998-Feb    5838198
## 3           735 1998-Mar    5420658
## 4           736 1998-Apr    5010364
## 5           737 1998-May    4665377
## 6           738 1998-Jun    6467147
```

Part C - Waterflow Pipe

```
download.file(url="https://github.com/amit-kapoor/data624/blob/main/Project1/Waterflow_Pipe1.xlsx?raw=true",
  destfile = temp.file,
  mode = "wb",
  quiet = TRUE)
pipe1.data <- read_excel(temp.file, skip=0, col_types = c("date","numeric"))

download.file(url="https://github.com/amit-kapoor/data624/blob/main/Project1/Waterflow_Pipe2.xlsx?raw=true",
  destfile = temp.file,
  mode = "wb",
  quiet = TRUE)

pipe2.data <- read_excel(temp.file, skip=0, col_types = c("date","numeric"))
head(pipe1.data)
```

```
## # A tibble: 6 x 2
##   `Date Time`      WaterFlow
##   <dtm>          <dbl>
## 1 2015-10-23 00:24:06    23.4
## 2 2015-10-23 00:40:02    28.0
## 3 2015-10-23 00:53:51    23.1
## 4 2015-10-23 00:55:40    30.0
## 5 2015-10-23 01:19:17     6.00
```

6 2015-10-23 01:23:58 15.9