

Using 1st law $ds = \frac{du + PdV}{T}$ and $U = U(V, T)$

$$dU = \left(\frac{\partial U}{\partial V}\right)_T dV + \left(\frac{\partial U}{\partial T}\right)_V dT \quad \text{we get} \quad ds = \left\{ \frac{P}{T} + \frac{1}{T} \left(\frac{\partial U}{\partial V}\right)_T \right\} dV + \frac{1}{T} \left(\frac{\partial U}{\partial T}\right)_V dT$$

$$\text{Now } U = U(V, T) = BT^n \ln(V/V_0) + f(T)$$

$$ds = \left(\frac{AT^2}{V} + \frac{BT^{n-1}}{V} \right) dV + \left[\frac{f'(T)}{T} + nBT^{n-2} \ln \frac{V}{V_0} \right] dT$$

for ds to be exact differential, we have

$$\frac{\partial}{\partial T} \left(\frac{V_0 BT^{n-1} + AT^2}{V} \right) = \frac{\partial}{\partial V} \left(\frac{f'(T)}{T} + nBT^{n-2} \ln \frac{V}{V_0} \right)$$

$$\frac{B(n-1)T^{n-2}}{V} + \frac{2AT}{V} = nBT^{n-2} \frac{1}{V}$$

$$\cancel{nBT^{n-2}} - BT^{n-2} + 2AT = \cancel{nBT^{n-2}} \quad \therefore 2AT = BT^{n-2}$$

$$\therefore B = 2A, \quad n = 3.$$

$$2. \quad \Delta S_{\text{universe}} = \int_{T_1}^{T_c} \frac{C_p dT}{T} + \int_{T_2}^{T_c} \frac{C_p dT}{T} = C_p \ln \frac{T_c^2}{T_1 T_2} \geq 0$$

$$\therefore T_c^2 \geq T_1 T_2 \quad \text{or} \quad T_c \geq \sqrt{T_1 T_2}$$

Maximum work can be obtained using reversible engine $\Delta S = 0$.

$$W_{\text{max}} = C_p (T_1 + T_2 - 2T_c^{\text{min}}) = C_p (T_1 + T_2 - 2\sqrt{T_1 T_2})$$

$$= C_p (\sqrt{T_1} - \sqrt{T_2})^2$$