## Solid State Physics

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## Assignment I

Q.1) Primitive translation vector of HCP lattice is

$$\mathbf{a} = \frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}\alpha\hat{\mathbf{i}} + \frac{\alpha}{2}\hat{\mathbf{j}}, \mathbf{b} = -\frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}\alpha\hat{\mathbf{i}} + \frac{\alpha}{2}\hat{\mathbf{j}}, \mathbf{c} = c\hat{\mathbf{k}}.$$

Compute the volume of the primitive cell.

Q.2) Show that for a fcc crystal structure, lattice constant is

$$a = \left(\frac{4M}{\rho N}\right)^{1/3},$$

where M is the gram molecular weight of molecules at lattice points,  $\rho$  is the density and N is Avogadro's number.

Q.3) Show that the maximum radius of the sphere R that can just fit into the void at the body centre of the fcc structure coordinated by the facial atoms is R = 0.414r, where r is the radius of the atom.

**Q.4)** Find the Miller indices of a plane that makes an intercept of  $3\mathring{A}, 4\mathring{A}$ , and  $5\mathring{A}$  on the coordinate axes of an orthorhombic crystal with a:b:c=1:2:5.

Q.5) Calculate the angle between normals to the planes (111) and (101) in a simple cubic unit cell. Sketch these planes and hence determine the Miller indices of the directions common to both the planes.

Q.6) Define

$$\mathbf{a}^{**} = 2\pi \frac{\mathbf{b}^* \times \mathbf{c}^*}{\mathbf{a}^* \cdot \mathbf{b}^* \times \mathbf{c}^*}, \mathbf{b}^{**} = 2\pi \frac{\mathbf{c}^* \times \mathbf{a}^*}{\mathbf{a}^* \cdot \mathbf{b}^* \times \mathbf{c}^*}, \mathbf{c}^{**} = 2\pi \frac{\mathbf{a}^* \times \mathbf{b}^*}{\mathbf{a}^* \cdot \mathbf{b}^* \times \mathbf{c}^*},$$

as three vectors generated by primitive vectors  $\mathbf{a}^{**}, \mathbf{b}^{**}, \mathbf{c}^{**}$ . Firstly, check that

$$\mathbf{a}^* \cdot \mathbf{b}^* \times \mathbf{c}^* = \frac{(2\pi)^3}{\mathbf{a} \cdot \mathbf{b} \times \mathbf{c}},$$

and then show that  $a^{**} = a, a^{**} = a, b^{**} = b, c^{**} = c$ 

Q.7) Molecular weight of rock salt (NaCl crystal) is 58.5Kg/kilomole and density is  $2.16 \times 10^3$ kg/m<sup>3</sup>. Calculate the grating spacing  $d_{100}$ . Using that, compute wavelength of X-rays, if in second order, angle of diffraction is  $26^{\circ}$ .

Q.8) If X-rays with wavelength  $\lambda = 0.5 \text{Å}$  is diffracted at 5° in first order, what is the spacing between adjacent planes of a crystal? At what angle will the second maximum occur?

- Q.9) Bragg angle for first order reflection from (111) plane of a crystal is  $60^{\circ}$ , when X-rays with wavelength  $\lambda = 1.8\text{Å}$  is diffracted. Calculate the interatomic spacing in the unit cell.
- Q.10) Electrons are accelerated by 844 volts and are reflected from a crystal. The reflection maximum occurs when the glancing angle is 58°. Determine the interatomic spacing of the crystal.

