Solid State Physics

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Assignment I: Crystal Structure

Submission due date: 16/09/2019

Q.1) Primitive translation vector of HCP lattice is

$$\mathbf{a} = \frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}a\hat{\mathbf{i}} + \frac{a}{2}\hat{\mathbf{j}}, \quad \mathbf{b} = -\frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}a\hat{\mathbf{i}} + \frac{a}{2}\hat{\mathbf{j}}, \quad \mathbf{c} = c\hat{\mathbf{k}}.$$

Compute the volume of the primitive cell.

Q.2) (a) What is the similarity and difference between Diamond and Sodium Chloride crystal structure? (b) Show that for a fcc crystal structure, lattice constant is

$$\alpha = \left(\frac{4M}{\rho N}\right)^{1/3},$$

where M is the gram molecular weight of molecules at lattice points, ρ is the density and N is Avogadro's number.

Q.3) Show that the maximum radius of the sphere R that can just fit into the void at the body centre of the fcc structure coordinated by the facial atoms is R = 0.414r, where r is the radius of the atom.

Q.4) Find the Miller indices of a plane that makes an intercept of 3Å, 4Å, and 5Å on the coordinate axes of an orthorhombic crystal with a:b:c=1:2:5.

Q.5) (a) Calculate the angle between normals to the planes (111) and (101) in a simple cubic unit cell. (b) Sketch these planes and hence determine the Miller indices of the directions common to both the planes. (c) Show that mth order reflection from {hkl} planes overlap with the 1st order reflection from (nh nk nl) planes.

Q.6) Define

$$\mathbf{a}^{**} = 2\pi \frac{\mathbf{b}^* \times \mathbf{c}^*}{\mathbf{a}^* \cdot \mathbf{b}^* \times \mathbf{c}^*}, \mathbf{b}^{**} = 2\pi \frac{\mathbf{c}^* \times \mathbf{a}^*}{\mathbf{a}^* \cdot \mathbf{b}^* \times \mathbf{c}^*}, \mathbf{c}^{**} = 2\pi \frac{\mathbf{a}^* \times \mathbf{b}^*}{\mathbf{a}^* \cdot \mathbf{b}^* \times \mathbf{c}^*},$$

as three vectors generated by primitive vectors $\mathbf{a}^{**}, \mathbf{b}^{**}, \mathbf{c}^{**}$. Firstly, check that

$$\mathbf{a}^* \cdot \mathbf{b}^* \times \mathbf{c}^* = \frac{(2\pi)^3}{\mathbf{a} \cdot \mathbf{b} \times \mathbf{c}},$$

and then show that $a^{**} = a, a^{**} = a, b^{**} = b, c^{**} = c$.

Q.7) Molecular weight of rock salt (NaCl crystal) is 58.5 Kg/kilomole and density is 2.16×10^3 kg/m³. Calculate the grating spacing d_{100} . Using that, compute wavelength of X-rays, if in 2^{nd} order, angle of diffraction is 26° .

Q.8) (a) If X-rays with wavelength $\lambda=0.5 \text{Å}$ is diffracted at 5° in 1st order, what is the spacing betweenadjacent planes of a crystal? At what angle will the second maximum occur? (b) Bragg angle for 1st order reflection from (111) plane of a crystal is 60°, when X-rays with wavelength $\lambda=1.8 \text{Å}$ is diffracted. Calculate the interatomic spacing in the unit cell. (c) Electrons are accelerated by 844 volts and are reflected from a crystal. The reflection maximum occurs when the glancing angle is 58°. Determine the interatomic spacing of the crystal.