$$0 = 0_0 - \frac{\theta_0 - \theta_{max}}{l}$$

$$0 = 100 - \frac{100 - 60}{10} = 20 = 100 - 100 = 20$$

$$= \frac{0.917 \times 80}{2 \times 0.005 \times 5} (10.1^{2} - 10^{2}) = 2949 \text{ See} = 49 \text{ min } 9 \text{ see}.$$

$$\frac{dx}{dt} = \frac{k\theta}{x p L} = \frac{0.004 \times 15}{2 \times 0.9 \times 80} \text{ cm/see} = \frac{0.004 \times 15 \times 3600}{2 \times 0.9 \times 80} \text{ cm/hour}$$

$$= 1.5 \text{ cm/hour}.$$

4) Here
$$\alpha_1 = \alpha_2$$
 & let the temperature of the welded surface be 0. $\alpha_1 = 100^{\circ}\text{C}$, $\alpha_2 = 0^{\circ}\text{C}$. Formula for the composite slab

$$S = \frac{K_1 A (0_1 - 0)}{\alpha_1} = \frac{K_2 A (0 - 0_2)}{\alpha_2}$$

$$\frac{6.92 \times A \times (100-0)}{\text{at}} = \frac{0.6 \times A \times (0-0)}{\text{at}} = \frac{92(100-0) = 500}{\text{c}}$$