- ① According to Wien's law $\lambda_m T = \lambda'_m T' = constant$. $\alpha T' = \frac{\lambda_m T}{\lambda_{m'}} = \frac{4700 \times 10^{-10} \times 6174}{1.4 \times 10^{-5}} = 207.27 \text{ K}$
- (2) $R_{sun} = 7 \times 10^8 \text{ m}$, δ_0 surface area $A = 4 \times R_{sun}^2$ = $4 \times 3.14 \times (7 \times 10^8)^2 \text{ m}^2$

0= 5.672 × 10 SI unit, T = 5800 K.

8. Total emitted energy by sun/second $U = AE = AOT^4$ $= 4 \times 3.14 \times (9 \times 10^6)^7 \times 5.692 \times 10^{-8} \times (5800)^9$ $= 3.95 \times 10^{26} \text{ Jouls}.$

R sun-earth = 1.5×10^{11} m. of Energy reaching/unitarea/see = $\frac{U}{4 \times R_{\text{sun-earth}}^2} = \frac{3.95 \times 10^{26}}{4 \times 3.14 \times (1.5 \times 10^{11})^2} = 1.4 \times 10^3 \text{ W/m}^2$

= 1.4 KW/m2.

(3) Energy received from sun to earth's surface/unit area/see $E = 10^{-1} \text{ J/cm}^2 \text{ see} = 10^{-3} \text{ J/m}^2 \text{ see}$ $8. \text{ Radiation pressure} \quad P = \frac{E}{C} = \frac{10^3}{3 \times 10^8} \text{ N/m}^2 = 3.33 \times 10^6 \text{ N/m}^2$

:. Total force due to solar radiation on the earth

= $P \times Surface area = 3.33 \times 10^{-6} \times 47 \times^{2}$

= $3.33 \times 10^{-6} \times 4 \times 3.14 \times \left(\frac{10^{7}}{2}\right)^{2}$

= 1.05 X109 N

radiation