FOOD DELIVERY APP

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1. Project Overview

Project Name: Food Delivery App (Web & Mobile)

Objective:

To develop a food delivery platform available via web and mobile, where users can browse restaurants, add items to their cart, place orders, and track the order status. The app will have a restaurant management dashboard and real-time order tracking.

2. System Requirements

Functional Requirements:

- User Authentication (common across web and mobile):
 - Users can sign up, log in, and log out securely.
 - Passwords should be encrypted, and JWT (JSON Web Tokens) will be used for authentication.
- Customer Features (Web & Mobile):
 - o **Browse Restaurants:** Users can search and view restaurants and their menu.
 - o **View Menu:** Users can view detailed information about the restaurant's menu.
 - o Add to Cart: Users can add food items to the cart and update the cart.
 - Place Order: Users can place an order by checking out with the items in the cart.
 - **Track Order:** Users can track their order status (Pending, Preparing, Delivered) in real time.
- Restaurant Features (Web-Based Dashboard):
 - o **Restaurant Dashboard:** Restaurants can log in to view and manage incoming orders.
 - o Menu Management: Restaurants can add, update, or delete items from their menu.
 - Order Management: Restaurants can view and update the status of customer orders (Pending, Preparing, Delivered).
- Admin Features (Optional, Web):
 - o Admins can manage all users, restaurants, and orders via an admin dashboard.

Non-Functional Requirements:

• Security:

- o HTTPS should be used to ensure secure data transmission.
- Sensitive data (passwords, etc.) should be encrypted and stored securely.
- Use JWT for secure authentication.

Performance:

 The system should handle at least 100 concurrent user sessions without performance degradation.

• Scalability:

 Both web and mobile platforms should be scalable, allowing future expansions with additional features or an increased number of users.

Usability:

 The app should have a user-friendly UI/UX, providing a seamless experience for users on both web and mobile platforms.

Availability:

• The app should be available 24/7 with minimal downtime.

3.Architecture

Web-Based Version:

Frontend Tech Stack:

- React or Vue.js for building dynamic, responsive user interfaces.
- o CSS Framework: Bootstrap or Tailwind CSS for responsive and mobile-first design.

Backend Tech Stack:

 Node.js with Express or Python with Flask/Django for the backend, handling API requests and database queries.

Database:

- MongoDB (NoSQL) or PostgreSQL/MySQL (SQL) to store:
 - Users (Customers, Restaurant Owners, Admins)

- Restaurants
- Menu Items
- Orders
- Order Statuses

Mobile App Version:

• Mobile Tech Stack:

 React Native (recommended for leveraging React skills) or Flutter to build cross-platform mobile apps (iOS and Android).

• Mobile-Specific Features:

- o Push notifications for real-time updates on orders.
- o Offline capabilities using local storage for browsing menus.

Shared Backend API:

- The backend APIs will serve both the web and mobile platforms.
- RESTful APIs will provide access to functionalities such as restaurant listings, placing orders, and updating order status.

4. User Roles and Permissions

Customer (Web & Mobile):

• Can register, log in, browse restaurants, view menus, add items to the cart, place orders, and track orders.

Restaurant Owner (Web-Based Dashboard):

 Can log in to the dashboard, manage their menu, view incoming orders, and update order statuses.

Admin (Web-Based, Optional):

• Can manage users, restaurants, and orders.

5.User Interface Design

Web App:

Landing Page: Displays a list of restaurants.

- Restaurant Menu Page: Displays a restaurant's available menu items.
- Cart Page: Allows users to review and manage their selected items.
- Order Status Page: Displays the status of a customer's order.
- Restaurant Dashboard: Allows restaurant owners to manage menus and orders.

Mobile App:

- The UI should be simplified for mobile use:
 - o **Restaurant List**: Similar to web, but optimized for mobile screens.
 - o Menu Pages: Mobile-friendly versions of restaurant menus.
 - o Cart & Order Summary: Streamlined for quick interactions.
 - o **Order Status**: Push notifications for real-time updates on orders.

6. API Endpoints

- Authentication API:
 - a. POST /api/register: Register a new user (customer or restaurant owner).
 - b. POST /api/login: Log in a user.
- Restaurant API:
 - a. GET /api/restaurants: Retrieve the list of restaurants.
 - b. GET /api/restaurants/:id/menu: Retrieve the menu for a specific restaurant.
- Order API:
 - a. POST /api/orders: Place a new order.
 - b. GET /api/orders/:orderId: Retrieve order details and status.
 - c. PATCH /api/orders/:orderId: Update order status (for restaurant owners).
- Restaurant Management API (Dashboard):
 - a. GET /api/dashboard/orders: Retrieve all incoming orders for a restaurant.
 - b. POST /api/dashboard/menu: Add a new menu item.
 - c. PATCH /api/dashboard/menu/:menuItemId: Update or delete menu items.

7. Milestones and Timeline

- Wireframes and UI Design: 1-2 weeks.
- Web App Frontend Development: 3-4 weeks.
- Mobile App Development (React Native/Flutter): 3-4 weeks.
- Backend API Development: 4-5 weeks.
- Database Setup: 1-2 weeks.

- Testing (Unit, Integration, UAT): 2-3 weeks.
- Deployment (Web & Mobile): 1-2 weeks.

8.Testing and Validation

- Unit Testing: For individual components, APIs, and backend logic.
- Integration Testing: Ensuring frontend and backend work together smoothly.
- User Acceptance Testing (UAT): Gather feedback from potential users to refine UX.
- **Performance Testing:** Ensuring the system can handle concurrent users, especially during high traffic times.

9. Deployment and Maintenance

Web App Deployment:

Host the web app on Netlify, Vercel, or AWS.

Mobile App Deployment:

 Use React Native or Flutter to create iOS and Android apps, deploy them on the App Store and Google Play Store.

Backend Deployment:

• Use **Heroku**, **AWS**, or **DigitalOcean** to deploy the backend APIs.

Monitoring and Maintenance:

- Set up monitoring tools like New Relic or Google Cloud Monitoring to track app performance, user activities, and bugs.
- Plan for regular updates and feature additions based on user feedback.