

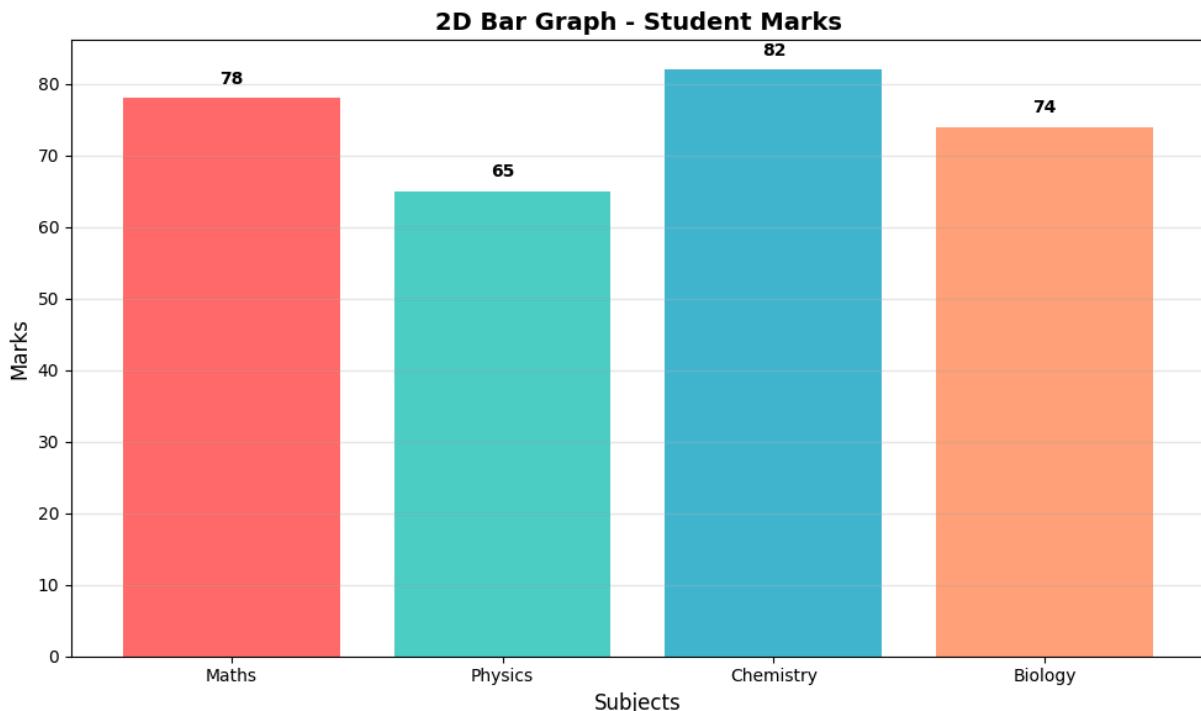
Amit Divekar | Practical 1

2D Plotting with Matplotlib

```
In [1]: import matplotlib.pyplot as plt  
import numpy as np
```

Q1. Write a Python program using Matplotlib to draw a 2D bar graph showing the marks obtained by a student in the subjects Maths, Physics, Chemistry, and Biology.

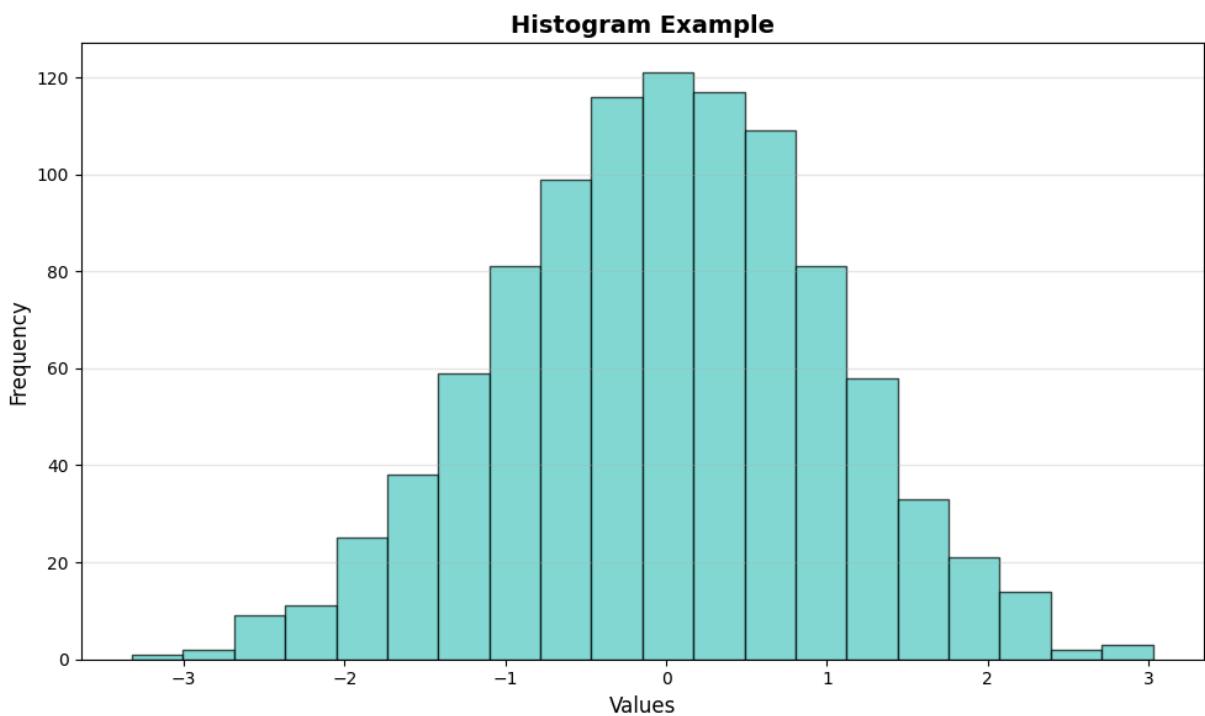
```
In [2]: import matplotlib.pyplot as plt  
subjects = ['Maths', 'Physics', 'Chemistry', 'Biology']  
marks = [78, 65, 82, 74]  
plt.figure(figsize=(10, 6))  
plt.bar(subjects, marks, color=['#FF6B6B', '#4ECDC4', '#45B7D1', '#FFA07A'])  
plt.xlabel("Subjects", fontsize=12)  
plt.ylabel("Marks", fontsize=12)  
plt.title("2D Bar Graph - Student Marks", fontsize=14, fontweight='bold')  
plt.grid(axis='y', alpha=0.3)  
for i, v in enumerate(marks):  
    plt.text(i, v+2, str(v), ha='center', fontweight='bold')  
plt.tight_layout()  
plt.show()
```



Q2. Write a Python program using NumPy and Matplotlib to generate 1000 random values and plot a histogram with 20 bins.

In [3]:

```
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
import numpy as np
data = np.random.randn(1000)
plt.figure(figsize=(10, 6))
plt.hist(data, bins=20, color="#4ECDC4", edgecolor='black', alpha=0.7)
plt.xlabel("Values", fontsize=12)
plt.ylabel("Frequency", fontsize=12)
plt.title("Histogram Example", fontsize=14, fontweight='bold')
plt.grid(axis='y', alpha=0.3)
plt.tight_layout()
plt.show()
```



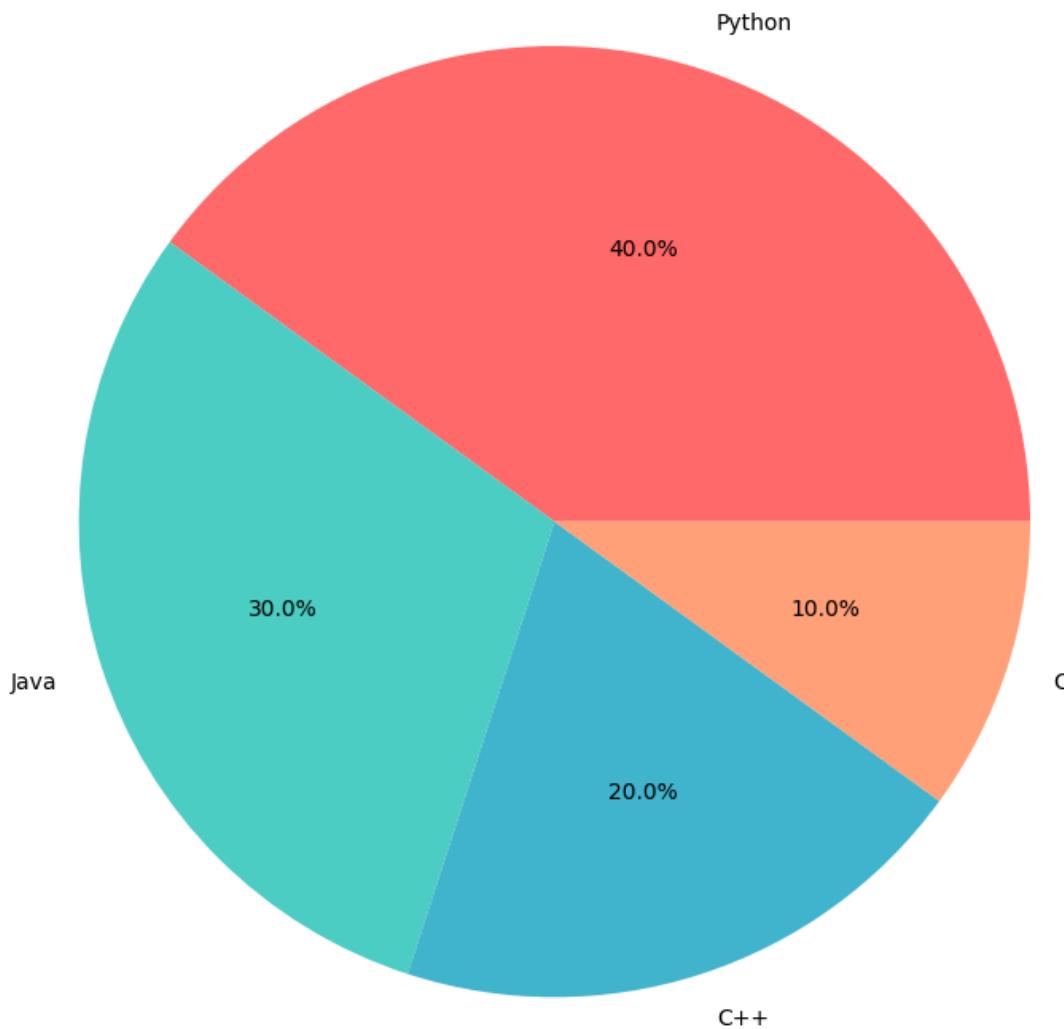
Q3. Write a Python program using Matplotlib to draw a pie chart showing the number of students using different programming languages: Python, Java, C++, and C.

In [4]:

```
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
languages = ['Python', 'Java', 'C++', 'C']
students = [40, 30, 20, 10]
plt.figure(figsize=(8, 8))
plt.pie(students, labels=languages, autopct='%1.1f%%', colors=[ '#FF6B6B', '#E69138', '#3CB371', '#800080'])
plt.title("Pie Chart Example", fontsize=14, fontweight='bold')
```

```
plt.tight_layout()  
plt.show()
```

Pie Chart Example



Q4. Write a Python program using NumPy and Matplotlib to draw a multiple (grouped) bar graph comparing the marks of Class A and Class B students in the subjects Maths, Physics, Chemistry, and Biology.

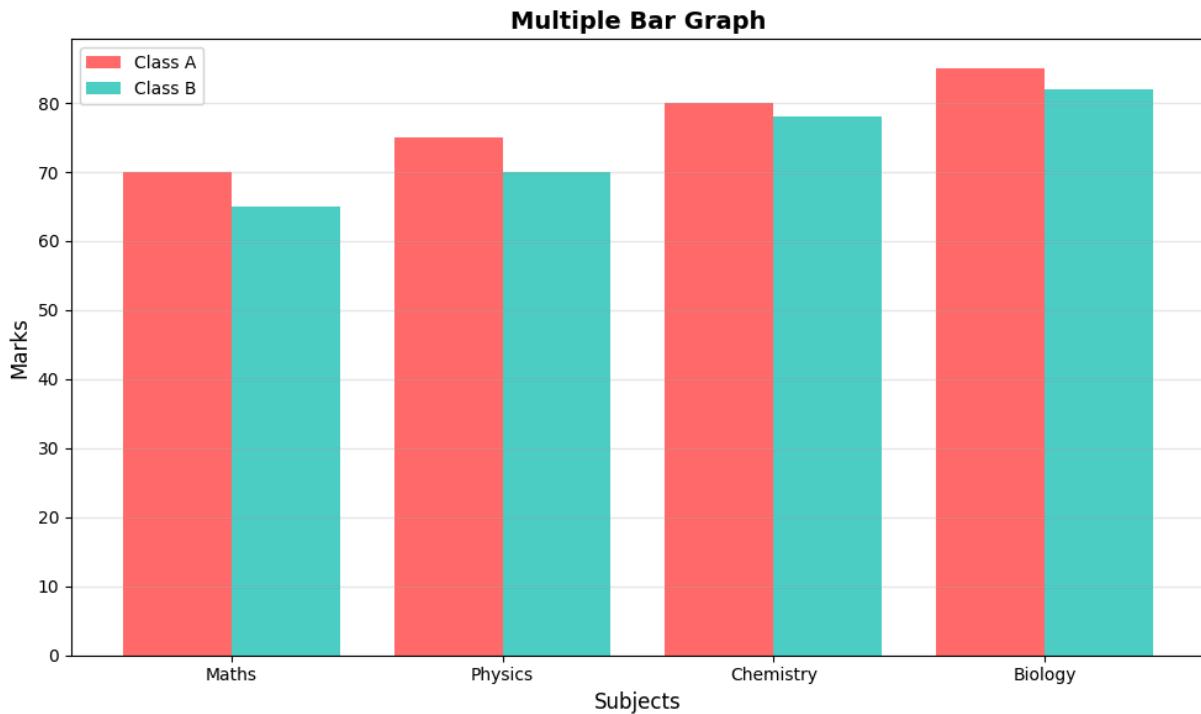
In [5]:

```
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt  
import numpy as np  
x = np.arange(4)  
marks1 = [70, 75, 80, 85]  
marks2 = [65, 70, 78, 82]  
plt.figure(figsize=(10, 6))
```

```

plt.bar(x - 0.2, marks1, width=0.4, label='Class A', color='#FF6B6B')
plt.bar(x + 0.2, marks2, width=0.4, label='Class B', color='#4ECDC4')
plt.xticks(x, ['Maths', 'Physics', 'Chemistry', 'Biology'])
plt.xlabel("Subjects", fontsize=12)
plt.ylabel("Marks", fontsize=12)
plt.title("Multiple Bar Graph", fontsize=14, fontweight='bold')
plt.legend()
plt.grid(axis='y', alpha=0.3)
plt.tight_layout()
plt.show()

```



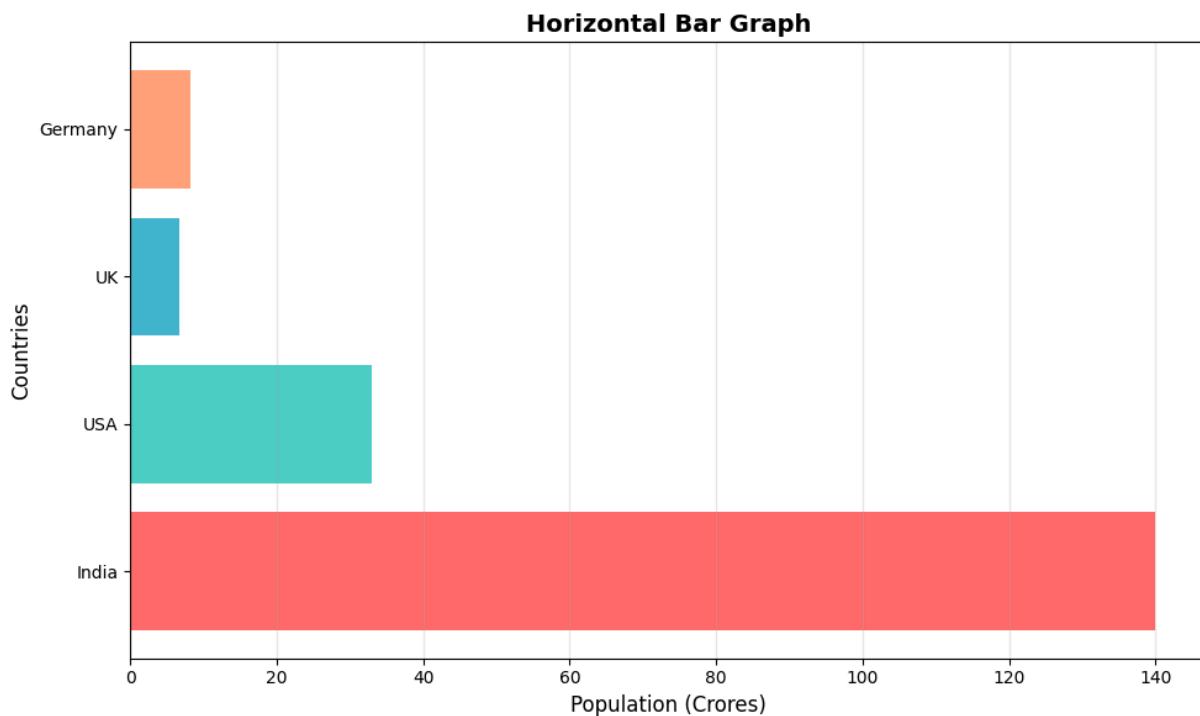
Q5. Write a Python program using Matplotlib to draw a horizontal bar graph representing the population (in crores) of the countries India, USA, UK, and Germany.

In [6]:

```

import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
countries = ['India', 'USA', 'UK', 'Germany']
population = [140, 33, 6.7, 8.3]
plt.figure(figsize=(10, 6))
plt.barrh(countries, population, color=['#FF6B6B', '#4ECDC4', '#45B7D1', '#FF
plt.xlabel("Population (Crores)", fontsize=12)
plt.ylabel("Countries", fontsize=12)
plt.title("Horizontal Bar Graph", fontsize=14, fontweight='bold')
plt.grid(axis='x', alpha=0.3)
plt.tight_layout()
plt.show()

```



Q6. Write a Python program using Matplotlib and NumPy to create three different plots (bar graph, histogram, and pie chart) in a single figure using subplots.

```
In [7]: import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
import numpy as np
plt.figure(figsize=(15, 4))
plt.subplot(1, 3, 1)
plt.bar(['A', 'B', 'C'], [10, 20, 15], color=['#FF6B6B', '#4ECDC4', '#45B7D1'])
plt.title("Bar")
plt.subplot(1, 3, 2)
plt.hist(np.random.randn(500), bins=15, color='FFA07A', edgecolor='black',
plt.title("Histogram")
plt.subplot(1, 3, 3)
plt.pie([30, 40, 30], labels=['X', 'Y', 'Z'], colors=['#FF6B6B', '#4ECDC4',
plt.title("Pie")
plt.suptitle("Subplots Example", fontsize=14, fontweight='bold')
plt.tight_layout()
plt.show()
```

Subplots Example