

*Diabetes is a great example whereby, giving the patient the tools, you can manage yourself very well. --  
Clayton Christensen*

### **Got It - A Sample Capstone Project**

A teen with type 1 diabetes (T1D) has to deal with not only the challenges brought on by adolescence, but also the complexities of managing a chronic disease. Although diabetes can be managed, it must be attended to several times per day, mostly around food and exercise. The management process requires knowledge, motivation, self-discipline, and emotional, social, financial, family, and health care support and resources.

Research suggests that the use of mobile tools for diabetes self-management is appealing to teens with T1D. However, conventional apps are not appealing and don't fit their needs. Although communication with parents, clinicians, and other supportive individuals is critical for teens with T1D to help them monitor, troubleshoot problems, and achieve basic self-care goals, this communication is also often viewed as a hassle by teenagers when parents repeatedly need to ask about their self-care. Many families therefore use text messaging to communicate about teens' blood glucose values. Teens' self-management could benefit from more integrated and regular mobile data collection and communication with others. Sharing blood glucose data is key, but also sharing information that will help understand what gets in the way of diabetes self-care (such as social context, stress, mood, and communication patterns with others) provides insight when problems occur, such as multiple high blood glucose values.

The *Got It* app helps teens track and manage their diabetes, as well as share their data and progress readily and securely with friends, family, and healthcare providers. The app is intended to (1) help teens pay more attention to their data and what is going on around them during times when they either don't take care of diabetes or when their blood glucose is very high or low, (2) facilitate secure sharing of blood glucose and behavioral data with others to help with support and problem solving, and (3) reduce teen stress of feeling isolated or not knowing how to solve a diabetes problem and reduce parent stress of not having important information with which to help their son or daughter.

### **Basic Project Requirements**

Any potential Capstone project must support multiple users and should leverage services running remotely in the cloud. Each project's specification clearly outlines the app's intended high-level behavior, yet leaves substantial room for individual creativity. Students will therefore need to flesh out many important design and implementation details. Basic requirements for all Capstone MOOC project specifications include:

1. Apps must support multiple users via individual user accounts.
2. At least one user-facing operation must be available only to authenticated users.
3. App implementations must comprise at least one instance of at least two of the following four fundamental Android components: Activity, BroadcastReceiver, Service, and ContentProvider.
4. Apps must interact with at least one remotely-hosted Java Spring-based service.
5. Apps must authenticate over the network via HTTP/HTTPS.

6. At runtime apps must allow users to navigate between at least three different user interface screens. For example, a hypothetical email reader app might have multiple screens, such as (1) a ListView showing all emails, (2) a detail View showing a single email, (3) a compose view for creating new emails, and (4) a Settings view for providing information about the user's email account.
7. Apps must use at least one advanced capability or API from the following list covered in the MoCCA Specialization: multimedia capture, multimedia playback, touch gestures, sensors, or animation. Experienced students are welcome to use other advanced capabilities not covered in the specialization, such as BlueTooth or Wifi-Direct networking, push notifications, or search. Moreover, projects that are specified by commercial organizations may require the use of additional organization-specific APIs or features not covered in the MoCCA Specialization. In these cases, relevant instructional material will be provided by the specifying organization.
8. Apps must support at least one operation that is performed off the UI Thread in one or more background Threads or a Thread pool. Communication between background Threads and the UI Thread should be handled by one of Android concurrency frameworks, such as the HaMeR or AsyncTask framework.

There may also be additional project-specific requirements (e.g., required use of a particular project-specific API or service).

#### **Basic Functional Description and App Requirements for *Got It***

1. The *Teen* is the primary user of the mobile app. A *Teen* is represented in the app by a unit of data containing the core set of identifying information about a diabetic adolescent, including (but not necessarily limited to) a first name, a last name, a date of birth, and a medical record number.
2. The *Teen* will receive a *Reminder* in the form of alarms or notifications at patient-adjustable times at least three times per day.
3. Once the *Teen* acknowledges a *Reminder*, the app will open for a *Check-In*. A *Check-In* is a unit of data associated with that *Teen*, a date, a time, and the user's responses to the following set of *Questions* at that date and time (see the ***Implementation Considerations*** for some suggested questions).
4. *Feedback* is the mechanism by which *Check-In* data is summarized and provided to the user in a meaningful way. A *Teen* is able to monitor their *Feedback* data that is updated at some appropriate interval (e.g., when a *Check-In* is completed, daily, weekly, or when requested by *Followers*). The *Feedback* data can be viewed graphically on the mobile device.
5. A *Follower* is a different type of user (e.g., a parent, clinician, friend, etc.) who does not have the ability to perform *Check-Ins*, but who can receive *Check-In* data shared from one or more *Teens*. A *Teen* can be a *Follower* for other *Teens*.
6. The *Teen* can choose what part(s) of their data to share with one or more *Followers*.
7. *Teen* data should only be disseminated to authorized/authenticated *Followers* and accessed over HTTPS to enhance privacy and security of the data.

## Implementation Considerations

- What will the user interface look like for a *Teen* so it is quick and simple to use? What input and output information will the (at least) three different user interface screens provide?
- How will *Reminders* be delivered to a *Teen* in a way that will help the *Teen* to use the app more frequently and consistently?
- What Questions will the *Teens* be asked? Sample questions include
  - a. What was your blood sugar level at [meal time/bedtime]?
  - b. What time did you check your blood sugar level at [meal time]?
  - c. What did you eat at [meal time]?
  - d. Did you administer insulin?
  - e. Who were you with when you checked/should have checked your blood sugar?
  - f. Where were you when you checked/should have checked your blood sugar?
  - g. How was your mood when you checked/should have checked your blood sugar?
  - h. How was your stress level when you checked/should have checked your blood sugar?
  - i. How was your energy level when you checked/should have checked your blood sugar?
  - j. Were any of these things happening at the time you checked/should have checked your blood sugar: Rushing; feeling tired of diabetes; feeling sick; on the road; really hungry; wanting privacy; busy and didn't want to stop; without supplies; feeling low; feeling high; having a lot of fun; tired
- How will the *Questions* asked to a *Teen* be stored, e.g., will they be hard-coded (and thus not extensible without changing the program) or database-driven (and thus extensible without changing the program)?
- How will the app handle missing data, e.g., skipped *Check-Ins* and/or *Questions* that aren't answered by a *Teen*.
- How will a *Teen* choose with which *Follower(s)* to share their *Check-In* data? Likewise, how will a *Teen* choose which elements of their *Check-In* data to share? Will the app's sharing capabilities be integrated with social media sites, such as Facebook, Instagram, Vine, Twitter, etc.?
- How will the app provide feedback to the teen on their blood glucose data, behavioral data, and missing *Check-In* data? Will the *Feedback* be pushed to the device or pulled from the server? How often should data be aggregated to communicate improvement or decline over time to the *Teen* or their *Followers*?
- How will the app provide individualized notifications to the teen based on patterns of *Check In* data, such as too many high or low blood glucose values, behavioral data, and missing data? (Note: High blood glucose values > 150, low blood glucose values < 70)
- How will *Feedback* data be transferred from a *Teen's* device to their *Followers*?

- How will another *Teen* or *Follower* be notified that a *Teen* has shared *Feedback*? What will this notification look like?
- How will *Feedback* data be securely transferred to/from the server and shared only with the right *Followers*?
- How, when, and how often will the *Teen* or *Follower* user enter their account information? For example, will the user enter this information each time they run the app? Will they specify the information as part of a preference screen?
- What user preferences can the user set? How will the app be informed of changes to these user preferences?
- How will the app handle concurrency issues, such as how will periodic updates occur - via server push or app pull? Will the data be pulled from the server in multiple requests or all at one time?
- How will the app use at least one advanced capability or API listed above? For example, will an animation be created to demonstrate app usage? Will *Teens* be allowed to take pictures of meter readings and share them to their *Followers*? Will push notifications from *Followers* be used to prompt *Teens* to share their data?
- Does the app really require two or more fundamental Android components? If so, which ones? For example, this app might benefit from using a `ContentProvider` (e.g., to store *Questions*) or from using a background `Service` that synchronizes local and remote data only when the device is connected to a WiFi network.