1 Euler Method

$$ih\frac{d\left|\psi\right\rangle}{dt} = H\left|\psi\right\rangle \tag{1}$$

$$\Longrightarrow$$

$$ih \frac{|\psi(t_{k+1})\rangle - |\psi(t_k)\rangle}{\triangle t} = H |\psi(t_k)\rangle$$
 (2)

 \Longrightarrow

$$|\psi(t_{k+1})\rangle - |\psi(t_k)\rangle = -iH |\psi(t_k)\rangle \triangle t$$
 (3)

 \Longrightarrow

$$|\psi(t_{k+1})\rangle = (\mathbb{I} - iH \triangle t) |\psi(t_k)\rangle$$
 (4)

For code refer to Notebook

2 Crank Nicolson method

$$|\psi(t_{k+1})\rangle - |\psi(t_{k+1/2})\rangle = -iH |\psi(t_{k+1/2})\rangle \triangle t/2$$
(5)

and

$$\left|\psi(t_{k+1/2})\right\rangle - \left|\psi(t_k)\right\rangle = -iH\left|\psi(t_{k+1/2})\right\rangle \triangle t/2 \tag{6}$$

From (5)

$$|\psi(t_{k+1})\rangle = (\mathbb{I} - iH \triangle t/2) |\psi(t_{k+1/2})\rangle \tag{7}$$

From (6)

$$|\psi(t_k)\rangle = (\mathbb{I} + iH \triangle t/2) |\psi(t_{k+1/2})\rangle \tag{8}$$

 \Longrightarrow

$$\left[\mathbb{I} + \frac{iH \Delta t}{2}\right] |\psi(t_{k+1})\rangle = \left[\mathbb{I} - \frac{iH \Delta t}{2}\right] |\psi(t_k)\rangle \tag{9}$$

For code refer to Notebook