

# **DISTRICT NUTRITION PROFILE**

Led by IFPRI 🕅

# **LOHARDAGA | JHARKHAND**

**MARCH 2022** 

## **About District Nutrition Profiles:**

District Nutrition Profiles (DNPs) are available for 707 districts in India. They present trends for key nutrition and health outcomes and their cross-sectoral determinants in a district. The DNPs are based on data from the National Family Health Survey (NFHS)-4 (2015-2016) and NFHS-5 (2019-2020). They are aimed primarily at district administrators, state functionaries, local leaders, and development actors working at the district-level.



Figure 1: Map highlights district Lohardaga in the state/UT of Jharkhand

Optimum fetal and child nutrition and development

#### **IMMEDIATE DETERMINANTS**

Breastfeeding, nutrient-rich foods, caregiving practices, low burden of infectious diseases

# UNDERLYING AND BASIC DETERMINANTS

Women's status, sanitation and hygiene, food security, socioeconomic conditions

Source: Adapted from Black et al. (2008)

# NUTRITION-SPECIFIC INTERVENTIONS

Service delivery to mothers and infants along the continuum of care, access to health facilities

#### INTERVENTIONS THAT AFFECT UNDERLYING AND BASIC DETERMINANTS

Women's empowerment, sanitation, agriculture, and social safety net programs

# What factors lead to child undernutrition?

Given the focus of India's national nutrition mission on child undernutrition, the DNPs focus on the determinants of child undernutrition (Figure on the left). Multiple determinants of suboptimal child nutrition and development contribute to the outcomes seen at the district-level. Different types of interventions can influence these determinants. Immediate determinants include inadequacies in food, health, and care for infants and young children, especially in the first two years of life. Nutrition-specific interventions such as health service delivery at the right time during pregnancy and early childhood can affect immediate determinants. Underlying and basic determinants include women's status, household food security, hygiene, and socio-economic conditions. Nutrition-sensitive interventions such as social safety nets, sanitation programs, women's empowerment, and agriculture programs can affect underlying and basic determinants.

# District demographic profile, 2019-20

Lohardaga



960/1,000

Sex ratio (females per 1,000 males) of the total population



138,156

Number of women in reproductive age (15-49 yrs)



16,622

Number of pregnant women



11,076

Number of live births



53,345

Total number of children under 5 vrs



11.102

Children under 5 yrs whose births were registered

#### Source:

- 1. IFPRI estimates The headcount was calculated as the product of the undernutrition prevalence and the total eligible projected population for each district in 2019. Projected population for 2019 was estimated using Census 2011.
- 2. NFHS-4 (2015-16) & NFHS-5 district & state factsheets (2019-20).

Citation: Singh. N., P.H. Nguyen, M. Jangid, S.K. Singh, R. Sarwal, N. Bhatia, R. Johnston, W. Joe, and P. Menon. 2022. District Nutrition Profile: Lohardaga, Jharkhand. New Delhi, India: International Food Policy Research Institute.

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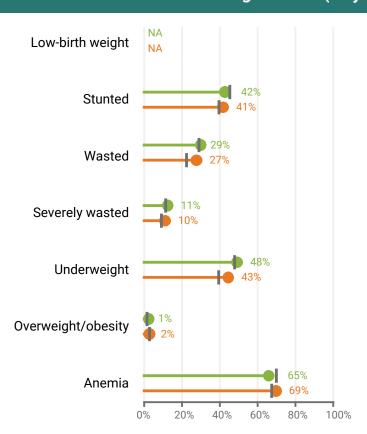












Jharkhand

2016

2020

# Burden on nutrition outcomes (2020)

Indicators	No. of children (<5 yrs)
Low-birth weight	NA
Stunted	21,728
Wasted	14,211
Severely wasted	5,356
Underweight	23,168
Overweight/obesity	966
Anemia	32,902
Total children	53,345

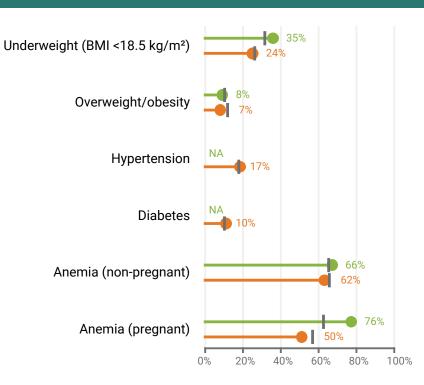
Note: NA refers to data are unavailable for a given round of NFHS data.

## Points of discussion:

- · What are the trends in undernutrition among children under five years of age (stunting, wasting, underweight, and anemia)?
- What are the trends in overweight/obesity among children under five years of age in the district?

# The state of nutrition outcomes among women (15-49 years)

Lohardaga



Jharkhand





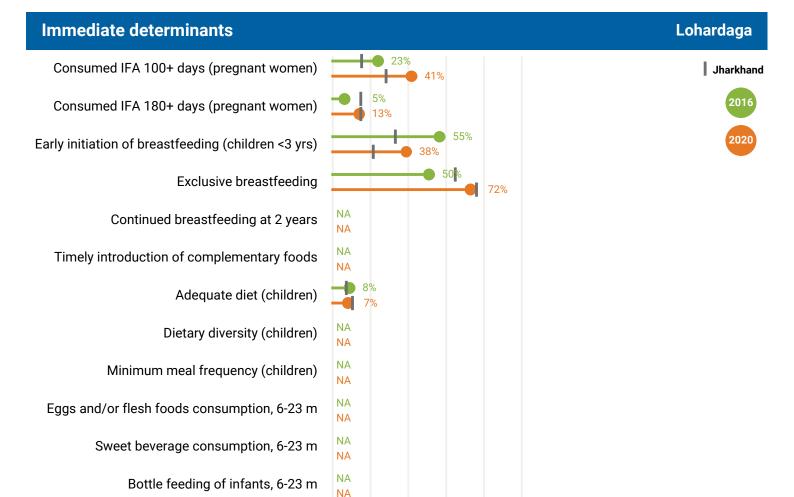
## Burden on nutrition outcomes (2020)

Indicators	No. of women (15-49 yrs)
Underweight	33,282
Overweight/obesity	9,643
Hypertension	24,122
Diabetes	13,747
Anemia (non-preg)	85,850
Anemia (preg)	8,324
Total women (preg)	16,622
Total women	138,156

Note: NA refers to data are unavailable for a given round of NFHS data.

### Points of discussion:

- What are the trends in underweight and anemia among women (15-49 yrs) in the district?
- What are the trends in overweight/obesity and other nutrition-related non-communicable diseases in the district?



#### Points of discussion:

• What are the trends in infant and young child feeding (timely initiation of breastfeeding, exclusive breastfeeding, timely initiation of complementary feeding, and adequate diet)? What can be done to improve infant and young child feeding?

40%

60%

80%

100%

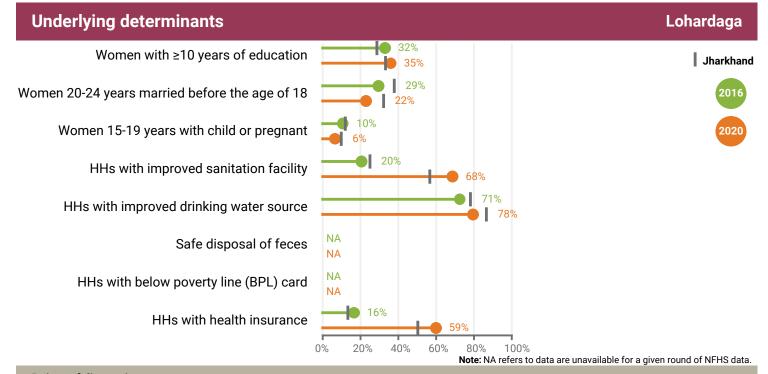
Note: NA refers to data are unavailable for a given round of NFHS data.

• What are the trends in IFA consumption among pregnant women in the district? How can the consumption be improved?

20%

0%

· What additional data are needed to understand diets and/or other determinants?



## Points of discussion:

- · How can the district increase women's literacy, and reduce early marriage, if needed?
- How does the district perform on providing drinking water and sanitation to its residents? Since sanitation and hygiene play an important role in improving nutrition outcomes, how can all aspects of sanitation be improved?
- How can programs that address underlying and basic determinants (education, poverty, gender) be strengthened?
- What additional data are needed on food systems, poverty or other underlying determinants?

Demand for FP satisfied lodized salt Pregnancy registered (MPC card) ANC first trimester > 4 ANC visits Weighing Birth preparedness counselling Breastfeeding counselling Tetanus injection Received IFA tab/syrup **Deworming** Food supplementation Institutional birth Financial assistance (JSY) Skilled birth attendant Postnatal care for mothers Postnatal care for babies Food supplementation Health & nutrition education Health checkup (ICDS) Full immunization Vitamin A Pediatric IFA Deworming Food supplementation (6-35 months)





## Points of discussion:

• How does the district perform on health and nutrition interventions along the continuum of care? Does it adequately provide both prenatal and postnatal services to women of reproductive age, pregnant women, new mothers and newborns?

Weighing

Counselling on child growth

ORS during diarrhea

Zinc during diarrhea

Careseeking for ARI

Preschool at AWC

Health checkup from AWC

• How has access to health and ICDS services changed over time (food supplementation, health and nutrition education and health checkups)?

