lim f (h) = 0.35355

1. Estimate

2. Estimate

$$\lim_{x \to 0} \frac{x^2}{\cos(x) - 1}$$

to 5 decimal digits.

to 5 decimal digits.

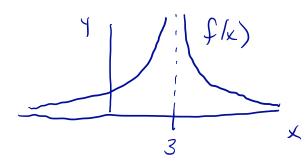
$$f(x) = \frac{x^2}{(05(4)^{-1})} \qquad \frac{x}{(0.1)} = \frac{f(x)}{(0.01)} \qquad \frac{x}{(0.001)} = \frac{1}{(0.000)} \qquad \frac{1}{(0.000)} \qquad \frac{1}{(0.000)} = \frac{1}{(0.000)} \qquad \frac{1}{(0.000)} = \frac{1}{(0.000)} \qquad \frac{1}{(0.000)} = \frac{1}{(0.$$

3. Sketch the graph of

$$f(x)=\frac{1}{(3-x)^2}.$$

Then determine

$$\lim_{x\to 3} f(x).$$



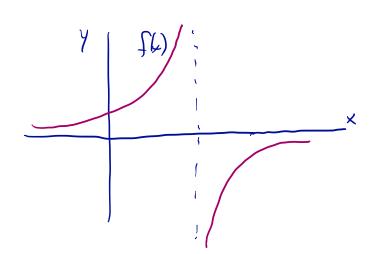
4. Determine

$$\lim_{x\to 3^+}\frac{1}{3-x}$$

and

$$\lim_{x\to 3^-}\frac{1}{3-x}.$$

A sketch of the graph might be helpful.



$$f(x) = \frac{1}{3-x}$$

5. Determine exactly

$$\lim_{x \to 2} \frac{x^2 - 7x + 10}{x - 2}$$

$$\lim_{x \to 2} \frac{x^2 - 7x + 10}{x - 2} = \lim_{x \to 2} \frac{(x - 2)(x - 5)}{(x - 2)}$$

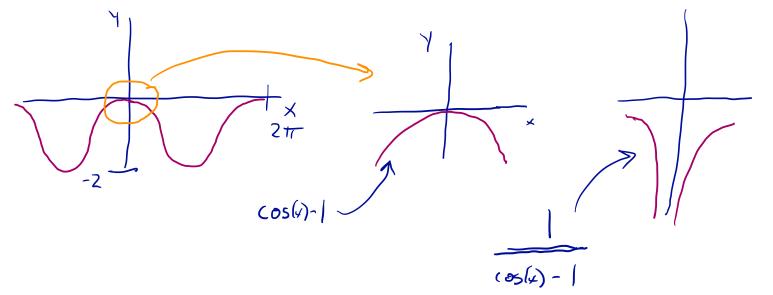
$$= \lim_{x \to 2} x - 5$$

$$= -3$$

6. Determine if

$$\lim_{x\to 0}\frac{1}{\cos(x)-1}$$

exists. If not, determine if the left- and right-hand limits exist.



$$||M|| = -60$$

$$\times -50 \quad \cos(x) - 1$$

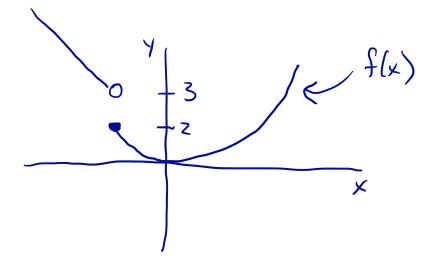
7. Determine the left- and right-hand limits at 0 of f(x) = x/|x|.

$$f(x) = \frac{1}{|x|} = \begin{cases} 1 & x > 0 \\ -1 & x < 0 \end{cases}$$
undefined $x = 0$

8. Suppose

$$g(x) = \begin{cases} x^2 + 1 & x \ge -1 \\ 2 - x & x < -1. \end{cases}$$

Sketch the graph. Then determine if $\lim_{x\to -1} g(x)$ exists. If not, determine if the leftand right-hand limits exist.



$$|\int_{1}^{1} (x) = (-1)^{2} + 1 = 2$$

$$\lim_{x \to -1} f(x) = 2 - (-1) = 3$$

9. Determine

and

$$\lim_{x \to 0^+} 10^{-\frac{1}{x}}$$

$$\lim_{x\to 0^{-}} 10^{-\frac{1}{x}}.$$

As
$$x \rightarrow 0^+$$
, $\frac{-1}{x} \rightarrow -\infty$ and $10^{-\frac{1}{x}} \rightarrow 0$

$$10^{-\frac{1}{x}} \rightarrow 0$$

As
$$\times \rightarrow 0^-, -\frac{1}{x} \rightarrow +\infty$$
 and $10^{-\frac{1}{x}} \rightarrow \infty$