- **1.** Carothers 16.40
- **2.** Carothers 16.42
- **3.** Carothers 16.44
- **4.** Carothers 16.45
- **5.** Carothers 16.53
- **6.** Carothers 16.58
- **7.** Carothers 16.60
- **8.** Carothers 16.64
- **9.** Suppose  $E \subseteq \mathbb{R}$ . Prove that E is measurable if and only if for any  $\epsilon > 0$  there is an open set G and a closed set F such that  $F \subseteq E \subseteq G$  and  $m^*(G \setminus F) < \epsilon$ . (This is your text's definition of measurability.)
- **10.** Revisit 16.28 using the full power of the theorems we've developed for Lebesgue measure. That is, try to come up with a tidy short proof that  $m(\Delta_{\alpha}) = \alpha$ .