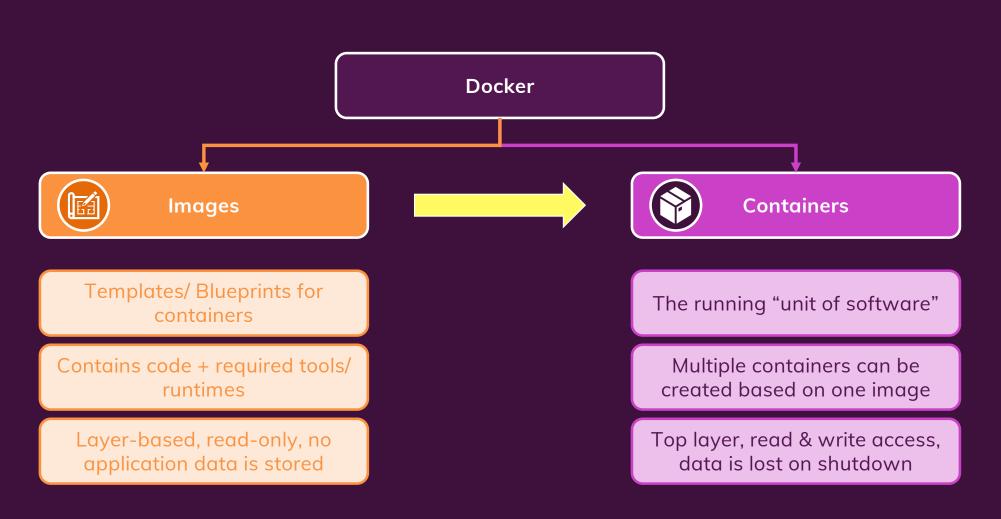
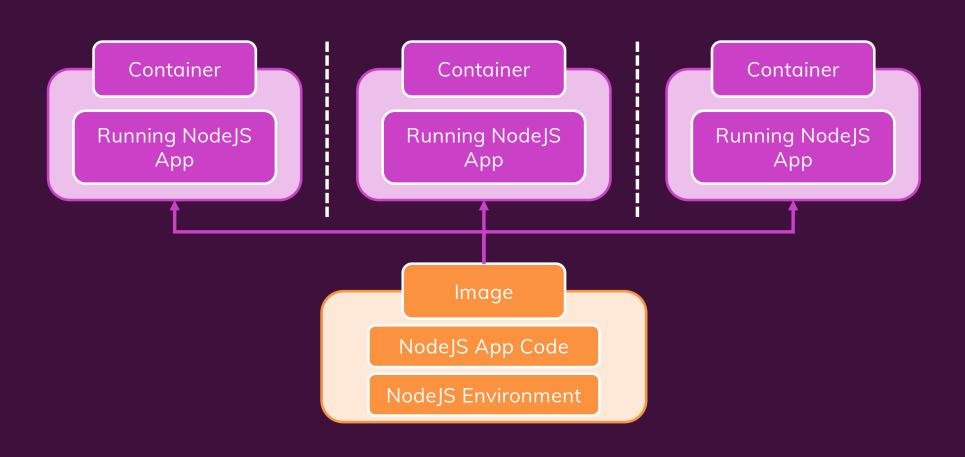


Images vs Containers



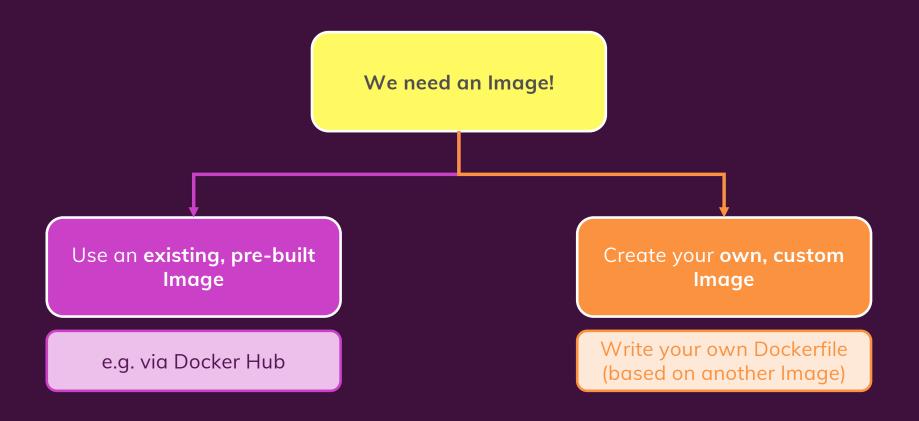


One Image, Multiple Containers



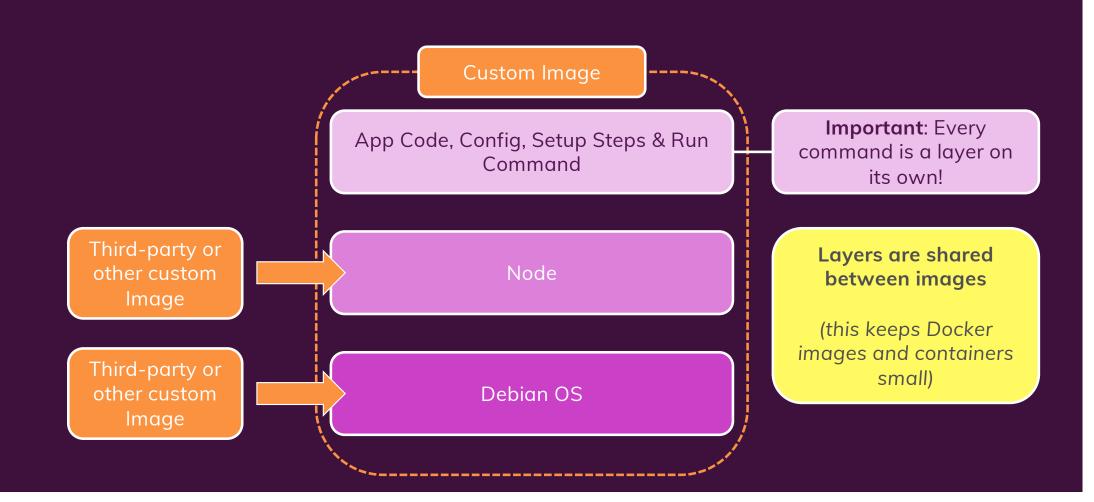


Finding / Creating Images





Images & Image Layers





A Container Is Based On An Image

When you re-build an image, only the layers that changed will be re-built

Container Layer (read-write)

Container

Read-write

Instruction #3: Image Layer 3

Instruction #2: Image Layer 2

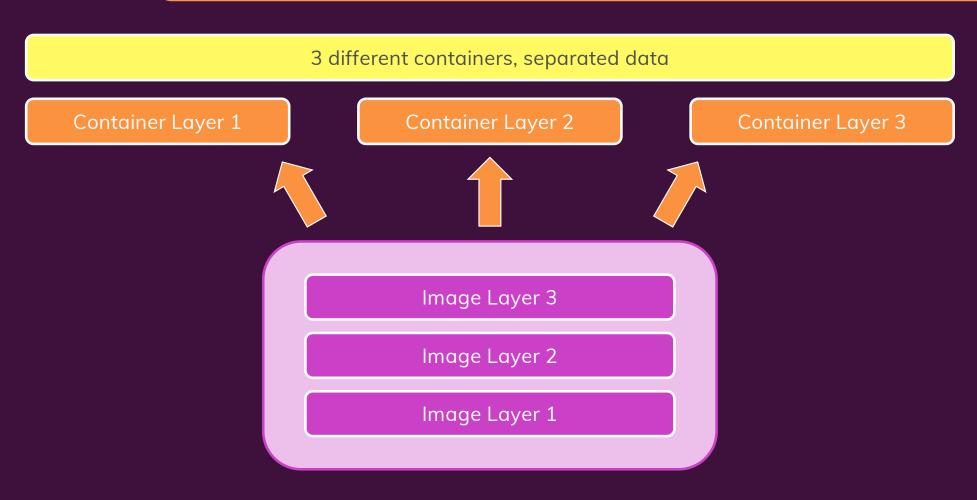
Instruction #1: Image Layer 1

Image

Read-only



Multiple Containers Can Be Based On The Same Image





Where To Get Images

Docker Hub

or

Build your Own

Cloud registry for third-party images

You can pull them to run as container

You can build your own images based on other images

Configure all tools and setup steps you need in your containers

Possibly share with other developers

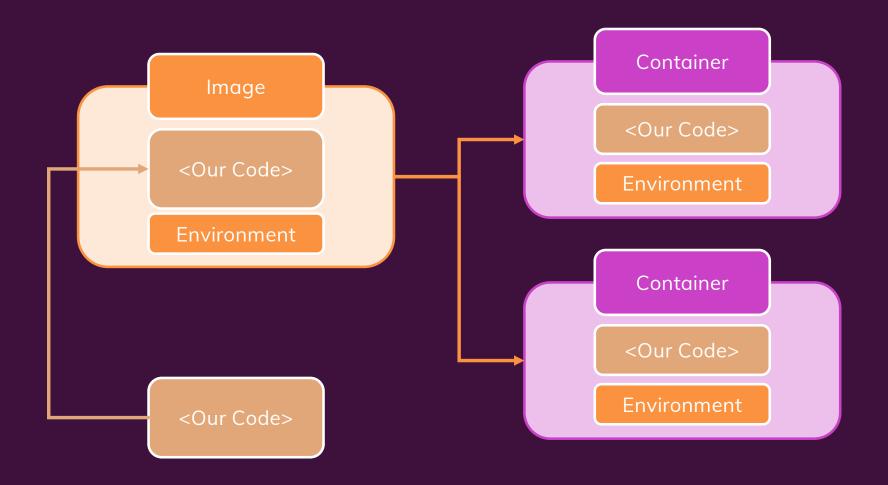


Combine third-party images with custom setup steps and tools

Typically, you'll combine both



Images & Containers – First Summary





Managing Images & Containers

Add --help to see all options

Images

Containers

Can be **tagged** (named)
-t, docker tag ...

Can be **listed** docker images

Can be **analyzed**docker image inspect

Can be **removed**docker rmi, docker prune

Can be **named**--name

Can be **configured in detail** see *--help*

Can be **listed**docker ps

Can be **removed**docker rm



Understanding Image Tags



Combined: A unique identifier



Sharing Images & Containers

Everyone who has an image, can create containers based on the image!

Share a **Dockerfile**

Simply run docker build .

Important: The Dockerfile instructions might need surrounding files / folders (e.g. source code)

Share a **Built Image**

Download an image, run a container based on it

No build step required, everything is included in the image already!



Sharing via Docker Hub or Private Registry

Free Usage Possible!

Docker Hub

Official Docker Image Registry

Public, private and "official" Images

Private Registry

Any provider / registry you want to use

Only your own (or team) Images

Share: docker push IMAGE_NAME

Use: docker pull IMAGE_NAME

Needs to be **HOST:NAME** to
talk to private
registry



Key Commands

docker create

Create a new container

docker run

Create and start a new container based on an image

docker stop docker start Stop a running container Start a stopped container

docker rm

Removed a stopped container (delete it)

docker push / pull

Share / Download a remote image

docker build

Build a new image based on a Dockerfile

docker rmi

Remove a local image



Module Summary

Docker is all about Images & Containers

Images are the **templates / blueprints** for **Containers**, multiple **Containers** can be created based on one **Image**.

Images are either downloaded (docker pull) or created with a Dockerfile and docker build.

Images contain multiple layers (1 Instruction = 1 Layer) to optimize build speed (caching!) and re-usability Containers are created with docker run IMAGE and can be configured with various options / flags

Containers can be listed (docker ps), removed (docker rm) and stopped + started (docker stop / start)

Images can also be listed (docker
 images), removed (docker rmi,
docker image prune) and shared
 (docker push / pull)