

Task 1: The Knight's Tour Problem

Create a function `bool SolveKnightsTour(int[,] board, int moveX, int moveY, int moveCount, int[] xMove, int[] yMove)` that attempts to solve the Knight's Tour problem using backtracking. The function should return true if a solution exists and false otherwise. The board represents the chessboard, moveX and moveY are the current coordinates of the knight, moveCount is the current move count, and xMove[], yMove[] are the possible next moves for the knight. Fill the chessboard such that the knight visits every square exactly once. Keep the chessboard size to 8x8.

```
package com.wipro.backtracking;
```

```
public class KnightsTourAlgo {  
    // Possible moves of a Knight  
    int[] pathRow = { 2, 2, 1, 1, -1, -1, -2, -2 };  
    int[] pathCol = { -1, 1, -2, 2, -2, 2, -1, 1 };  
  
    public static void main(String[] args) {  
        KnightsTourAlgo knightTour = new  
KnightsTourAlgo();  
  
        int[][] visited = new int[8][8];  
        visited[0][0] = 1;  
  
        if (!(knightTour.findKnightTour(visited, 0, 0,  
1))) {  
            System.out.println("Soultion Not  
Available :(");  
        }  
    }  
}
```

```
    }  
}
```

```
    private boolean findKnightTour(int[][] visited, int  
row, int col, int move) {  
        if (move == 64) {  
            for (int i = 0; i < 8; i++) {  
                for (int j = 0; j < 8; j++) {  
                    System.out.printf("%2d  
",visited[i][j]);  
                }  
                System.out.println();  
            }  
            return true;  
        } else {  
            for (int index = 0; index < pathRow.length;  
index++) {  
                int rowNew = row + pathRow[index];  
                int colNew = col + pathCol[index];  
                // Try all the moves from current  
coordinate  
                if (ifValidMove(visited, rowNew,
```

```

colNew)) {

    // apply the move
    move++;
    visited[rowNew][colNew] = move;
    if (findKnightTour(visited,
rowNew, colNew, move)) {
        return true;
    }
    // backtrack the move
    move--;
    visited[rowNew][colNew] = 0;

}

}

}

return false;
}

```

```

private boolean isValidMove(int[][] visited, int

```

```

rowNew, int colNew) {

    if (rowNew >= 0 && rowNew < 8 && colNew >= 0 &&
colNew < 8 && visited[rowNew][colNew] == 0) {

        return true;

    }

    return false;

}

}

```

Task 2: Rat in a Maze

Implement a function `bool SolveMaze(int[,] maze)` that uses backtracking to find a path from the top left corner to the bottom right corner of a maze. The maze is represented by a 2D array where 1s are paths and 0s are walls. Find a rat's path through the maze. The maze size is 6x6.

```
package com.wipro.backtracking;
```

```
public class RatInMaze {
```

```
    int[] pathRow = { 0, 0, 1, -1};
```

```
    int[] pathCol = { 1, -1, 0, 0};
```

```
    private void findPathInMaze(int[][] maze, int[][] visited, int row, int col, int destRow, int destCol, int
move) {
```

```
        if (row == destRow && col == destCol) {
```

```
            for (int i = 0; i < 6; i++) {
```

```
                for (int j = 0; j < 6; j++) {
```

```
                    System.out.printf("%2d ", visited[i][j]);
```

```

        }

        System.out.println();

    }

    System.out.println("*****");
} else {

    for (int index = 0; index < pathRow.length; index++) {

        int rowNew = row + pathRow[index];

        int colNew = col + pathCol[index];

        if (isValidMove(maze, visited, rowNew, colNew)) {

            move++;

            visited[rowNew][colNew] = move;

            findPathInMaze(maze, visited, rowNew, colNew, destRow, destCol, move);

            move--;

            visited[rowNew][colNew] = 0;

        }

    }

}

}

private boolean isValidMove(int[][] maze, int[][] visited, int rowNew, int colNew) {

    return (rowNew >= 0 && rowNew < 6 && colNew >= 0 && colNew < 6 &&
    maze[rowNew][colNew] == 1 && visited[rowNew][colNew] == 0);

}

public static void main(String[] args) {

```

```

int[][] maze = {
    {1, 0, 1, 1, 0, 1},
    {1, 1, 1, 0, 1, 1},
    {0, 0, 0, 1, 0, 1},
    {1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 0},
    {0, 0, 0, 0, 1, 1},
    {1, 1, 1, 0, 0, 1}
};

int[][] visited = new int[6][6];

visited[0][0] = 1;

RatInMaze ratInMaze = new RatInMaze();

ratInMaze.findPathInMaze(maze, visited, 0, 0, 5, 5, 1);
}
}

```

Task 3: N Queen Problem

Write a function `bool SolveNQueen(int[,] board, int col)` in C# that places N queens on an N x N chessboard so that no two queens attack each other using backtracking. Place N queens on the board such that no two queens can attack each other. Use a standard 8x8 chessboard.

```

package com.wipro.backtracking;

```

```

public class NQueensProblem {

```

```

public static void main(String[] args) {
    int size = 8;
    boolean[][] board = new boolean[size][size];

    NQueensProblem nQueensProblem = new
NQueensProblem();

    if (!nQueensProblem.nQueen(board, size, 0)) {
        System.out.println("No solution found :(
");
    }

}

private boolean nQueen(boolean[][] board, int size,
int row) {
    if (row == size) {
        printBoard(board, size);
        return true;
    } else {
        for (int col = 0; col < size; col++) {
            if (isValidCell(board, size, row, col))
{

```

```

        board[row][col] = true;
        if (nQueen(board, size, row + 1)) {
            return true;
        }
        board[row][col] = false;
    }
}
}
return false;
}

```

```

private boolean isValidCell(boolean[][] board, int
size, int row, int col) {
    // Check column
    for (int i = 0; i < row; i++) {
        if (board[i][col]) {
            return false;
        }
    }

    // Check upper left diagonal

```



```
        for (int i = row, j = col; i >= 0 && j >= 0; i--,
j--) {
            if (board[i][j]) {
                return false;
            }
        }

        // Check upper right diagonal
        for (int i = row, j = col; i >= 0 && j < size;
i--, j++) {
            if (board[i][j]) {
                return false;
            }
        }

        return true;
    }
}
```

```
private void printBoard(boolean[][] board, int
size) {
    for (int i = 0; i < size; i++) {
        for (int j = 0; j < size; j++) {
```

```
        System.out.print(board[i][j] ? "Q " :  
"- ");  
    }  
    System.out.println();  
}  
}  
}
```