# ASSIGNMENT- (IO OPERATION)

## Q. What is Input and Output Stream in java?

Ans- A stream can be defined as a sequence of data. The InputStream is used to read data from a source and the OutputStream is used for writing data to a destination.

# Q. What are the methods of OutputStream?

- Ans- write() writes the specified byte to the output stream
- write(byte[] array) writes the bytes from the specified array to the output stream
- flush() forces to write all data present in the output stream to the destination
- close() closes the output stream.

#### Q. What is serialization in java?

Ans- Serialization is the process of converting an object into a stream of bytes to transfer it over a network or to store it in a file or database. In Java, serialization is done by implementing the Serializable interface.

# Q. What is the Serializable interface in java?

Ans- The Serializable interface in Java is a marker interface that has no methods. It is used to mark classes that can be serialized, meaning their object instances can be converted into a stream of bytes.

# Q. What is Deserialization in java?

Ans- Deserialization is the process of converting a stream of bytes back into an object instance. This is done after an object has been serialized.

#### Q. How is serialization is achieved in java?

Ans- Serialization is achieved in Java by implementing the Serializable interface. When an object is serialized, its state is converted into a stream of bytes, which can then be transferred over a network or stored in a file or database.

## Q. How is Deserialization is achieved in java?

Ans- Deserialization is achieved in Java by reading a stream of bytes and using them to recreate the original object instance. This is done by calling the readObject() method of an ObjectInputStream instance.

## Q. How can you avoid certain member variables of class from getting Serializable?

Ans- Mark member variables as static or transient, and those member variables will no more be a part of Serialization.

# Q. What classes are available int the Java IO File Classes API?

Ans-: The following classes are available in the Java IM API and are important to work with files in Java:-

- File
- RandomAccessFile
- FileInputStream
- FileReader
- FileOutputStream
- FileWriter

# Q. What is the Difference between Externalizable and Serialization interface?

Ans- Difference Between Externalizable and Serialization interface are-

	Serializable	Externalizable
Methods	It is a marker interface and it doesn't have	Its not a marker interface.
	any method.	It has method's called writeExternal() and
		readExternal()
Default	YES, Serializable provides its own default	NO, we need to override writeExternal()
Serialization	serialization process , we just need to	and readExternal() for the serialization
process	implement a Serializable interface.	process to happen.
Customizable	We can customize default serialization	Serialization process is completely
serialization	process by defining following methods in our	customized.
process	class readObject() and writeObject().	We need to override the Externalizable
		interface's writeExternal() and
		readExternal() methods.
<b>Control Over</b>	It provides less control.	Externalizable provides.
Serialization	Over Serialization as it's not mandatory to	You get control over the serialization
	define readObject() and writeObject()	process as it is important to override
	methods.	writeExternal() and readExternal() methods.
Constructor	Constructor is not called during	Constructor is called during deserialization.
call during	deserialization.	
deSerialization		