



```

TRISE = 0x00;           //To configure PORTE as output
while (1)               //While loop for repeated operation
{
    PORTA = 0xAA;
    PORTB = 0xAA;
    PORTC = 0xAA;
    PORTD = 0xAA;
    PORTE = 0xAA;

    msdelay(200);

    PORTA = 0x55;
    PORTB = 0x55;
    PORTC = 0x55;
    PORTD = 0x55;
    PORTE = 0x55;

    msdelay(200);
}

}                       //End of the Program

//Function Definitions

void msdelay (unsigned int time)           //Function for delay

```

```

{
unsigned int i, j;

    for (i = 0; i < time; i++)

        for (j = 0; j < 710; j++);           //Calibrated for a 1 ms delay in
MPLAB
}

```

## 16 x2 LCD Interfacing

```

#include <xc.h>

//Configuration bit setting//

#pragma config OSC = HS           //Oscillator Selection
#pragma config WDT = OFF          //Disable Watchdog timer
#pragma config LVP = OFF          //Disable Low Voltage Programming
#pragma config PBADEN = OFF       //Disable PORTB Analog inputs


//Declarations

#define LCD_DATA    PORTD         //LCD data port to PORTD
#define ctrl        PORTE         //LCD control port to PORTE
#define rs          PORTEbits.RE0 //register select signal to RE0
#define rw          PORTEbits.RE1 //read/write signal to RE1

```

```

#define en          PORTEbits.RE2          //enable signal to RE2

//Function Prototypes

void init_LCD(void);          //Function to initialize the LCD
void LCD_command(unsigned char cmd);      //Function to pass command to the LCD
void LCD_data(unsigned char data);        //Function to write character to the LCD
void LCD_write_string(char *str);         //Function to write string to the LCD
void msdelay (unsigned int time);         //Function to generate delay

//Start of Main Program

void main(void)
{
    char var1[] = "SKNCOE";          //Declare message to be displayed
    char var2[] = "KOHLI";

    ADCON1 = 0x0F;                   //Configuring the PORTE pins as digital I/O
    TRISD = 0x00;                     //Configuring PORTD as output
    TRISE = 0x00;                     //Configuring PORTE as output

    init_LCD();                       // call function to initialise of LCD
    msdelay(50);                      // delay of 50 mili seconds

```

```

    LCD_write_string(var1);                //Display message on first line
    msdelay(15);

    LCD_command(0xC0);                    // initiate cursor to second line
    LCD_write_string(var2);                //Display message on second line

    while (1);                            //Loop here
}                                          //End of Main

//Function Definitions

void msdelay (unsigned int time)          //Function to generate delay
{
    unsigned int i, j;
    for (i = 0; i < time; i++)
        for (j = 0; j < 275; j++);      //Calibrated for a 1 ms delay in MPLAB
}

void init_LCD(void)                      // Function to initialise the LCD
{
    LCD_command(0x38);                    // initialization of 16X2 LCD in 8bit mode
    msdelay(15);
    LCD_command(0x01);                    // clear LCD
    msdelay(15);

```

```

    LCD_command(0x0C);                // cursor off

    msdelay(15);

    LCD_command(0x80);                // go to first line and 0th position

    msdelay(15);

}

```

```

void LCD_command(unsigned char cmd)    //Function to pass command to the LCD
{
    LCD_DATA = cmd;                    //Send data on LCD data bus

    rs = 0;                            //RS = 0 since command to LCD

    rw = 0;                            //RW = 0 since writing to LCD

    en = 1;                            //Generate High to low pulse on EN

    msdelay(15);

    en = 0;
}

```

```

void LCD_data(unsigned char data)      //Function to write data to the LCD
{
    LCD_DATA = data;                    //Send data on LCD data bus

    rs = 1;                            //RS = 1 since data to LCD

    rw = 0;                            //RW = 0 since writing to LCD

    en = 1;                            //Generate High to low pulse on EN

    msdelay(15);

    en = 0;
}

```

```

}

//Function to write string to LCD
void LCD_write_string( char *str)
{
    int i = 0;
    while (str[i] != '\0')
    {
        LCD_data(str[i]);           // sending data on LCD byte by byte
        msdelay(15);
        i++;
    }
}

```

## DC Motor Interfacing

```

#include <xc.h>

#pragma config OSC = HS           //Oscillator Selection
#pragma config WDT = OFF         //Disable Watchdog timer
#pragma config LVP = OFF         //Disable Low Voltage Programming
#pragma config PBADEN = OFF      //Disable PORTB Analog inputs

void myMsDelay (unsigned int time) // Definition of delay subroutine

```

```

{

    unsigned int i, j;

    for (i = 0; i < time; i++)        // Loop for i time

        for (j = 0; j < 375; j++); // Calibrated for a 1 ms delay in MPLAB

}

```

```

void main()

```

```

{

    TRISCbits.TRISC0 = 0 ;           // Set PORTC, RC0 as output (DCM IN1)
    TRISCbits.TRISC1 = 0 ;           // Set PORTC, RC1 as output (DCM IN2)
    TRISCbits.TRISC2 = 0 ;           // Set PORTC, RC2 as output (DCM EN1)
    TRISCbits.TRISC3 = 0 ;           // Set PORTC, RC3 as output (DCM EN2)
    TRISCbits.TRISC4 = 0 ;           // Set PORTC, RC4 as output (DCM IN3)
    TRISCbits.TRISC5 = 0 ;           // Set PORTC, RC5 as output (DCM IN4)

```

```

    PORTCbits.RC0 = 0;

```

```

    PORTCbits.RC1 = 0;

```

```

    PORTCbits.RC2 = 0;

```

```

    PORTCbits.RC3 = 0;

```

```

    PORTCbits.RC4 = 0;

```

```

    PORTCbits.RC5 = 0;

```

```

while(1)    // Endless Loop

```

```

{

```



```
PORTCbits.RC0 = 1;
```

```
PORTCbits.RC1 = 0;
```

```
PORTCbits.RC2 = 1;
```

```
PORTCbits.RC3 = 1;
```

```
PORTCbits.RC4 = 1;
```

```
PORTCbits.RC5 = 0;
```

```
myMsDelay(2000);
```

```
PORTCbits.RC0 = 0;
```

```
PORTCbits.RC1 = 0;
```

```
PORTCbits.RC2 = 0;
```

```
PORTCbits.RC3 = 0;
```

```
PORTCbits.RC4 = 0;
```

```
PORTCbits.RC5 = 0;
```

```
myMsDelay(2000);
```

```
PORTCbits.RC0 = 0;
```

```
PORTCbits.RC1 = 1;
```

```
PORTCbits.RC2 = 1;
```

```
PORTCbits.RC3 = 1;
```

```
PORTCbits.RC4 = 0;
```

```
PORTCbits.RC5 = 1;
```

```
    myMsDelay(2000);

    PORTCbits.RC0 = 0;

    PORTCbits.RC1 = 0;

    PORTCbits.RC2 = 0;

    PORTCbits.RC3 = 0;

    PORTCbits.RC4 = 0;

    PORTCbits.RC5 = 0;

    myMsDelay(2000);

}

}
```

## Interfacing LEDs, Switches, Buzzer and Relay

```
#include <xc.h>                                //Include Controller specific .h

//Configuration bit settings

#pragma config OSC = HS                        //Oscillator Selection

#pragma config WDT = OFF                       //Disable Watchdog timer
```

```

#pragma config LVP = OFF           //Disable Low Voltage Programming
#pragma config PBADEN = OFF       //Disable PORTB Analog inputs

//Declarations

#define Irbit  PORTBbits.RB0      //SW1 interfaced to RB0
#define rlbit  PORTBbits.RB1      //SW2 interfaced to RB1
#define relay  PORTBbits.RB2      //Relay interfaced to RB2
#define buzzer PORTBbits.RB3      //Buzzer interfaced to RB3


//Function Prototypes

void msdelay (unsigned int time); //Function for delay


//Start of Program Code

void main()                       //Main Program
{
    unsigned char val=0;          //Variable to latch the switch condition

    INTCON2bits.RBPU=0;           //To Activate the internal pull on PORTB

    ADCON1 = 0x0F;               //To disable the all analog inputs


    TRISBbits.TRISB0=1;           //To configure RB4 as input for sensing SW0

    TRISBbits.TRISB1=1;           //To configure RB5 as input for sensing SW1


    TRISBbits.TRISB2=0;           //To configure RC1 (relay) as output

```

```

TRISBbits.TRISB3=0;           //To configure RC2 (buzzer) as output

TRISD = 0x00;                 //To configure PORTD (LED) as output


PORTD = 0x00;                 //Initial Value for LED

buzzer = 0;                   //Initial Value for Buzzer

relay = 0;                     //Initial Value for Relay


while (1)                     //While loop for repeated operation
{
    if (!(Irbits))             //To check whether SW0 is pressed
        val = 1;              // Latch the status of switch SW0
    if (!(rlbits))             //To check whether SW1 is pressed
        val = 2;              // Latch the status of switch SW1


    if (val == 1)
    {
        buzzer = 1;
        relay = 1;
        PORTD = PORTD >>1;     //Shift right by 1 bit
        if (PORTD == 0x00)
            PORTD = 0x80;      // Make the MSB bit equal to 1
        msdelay(250);
    }

    if (val == 2)

```

```

    {
        buzzer = 0;

        relay = 0;

        PORTD = PORTD<<1;           //Shift left by 1 bit

        if (PORTD == 0x00)

            PORTD = 0x01;           // Make the LSB bit equal to 1

        msdelay(250);
    }
}

//End of the Program

//Function Definitions

void msdelay (unsigned int time)    //Function for delay
{
    unsigned int i, j;

    for (i = 0; i < time; i++)

        for (j = 0; j < 375; j++);    //Calibrated for a 1 ms delay in MPLAB
}

```

## Temperature Sensor Interfacing

\* LM35 Sensor is interfaced to AN1 (RA1)

\* Output in Degree Celsius shown on LCD

```
----- */
```

```
/* Interface Details
```

```
 * LM35 Sensor          - RA1 - AN1
```

```
 * LCD Data (D0 to D7)  - PORTD (RD0 to RD7)
```

```
 * LCD RS                - RE0
```

```
 * LCD RW                - RE1
```

```
 * LCD EN                - RE2
```

```
----- */
```

```
#include <xc.h>
```

```
//#include <pic18f4520.h>
```

```
//Configuration bit setting//
```

```
#pragma config OSC = HS           //Oscillator Selection
```

```
#pragma config WDT = OFF          //Disable Watchdog timer
```

```
#pragma config LVP = OFF          //Disable Low Voltage Programming
```

```
#pragma config PBADEN = OFF       //Disable PORTB Analog inputs
```

```
//Declarations for LCD Connection
```

```
#define LCD_DATA    PORTD          //LCD data port
```

```
#define en          PORTEbits.RE2  // enable signal
```

```
#define rw          PORTEbits.RE1  // read/write signal
```

```
#define rs          PORTEbits.RE0  // register select signal
```

```
//Function Prototypes
```

```
void ADC_Init(void); //Function to initialize the ADC

unsigned int Get_ADC_Result(void); //Function to Get ADC result after
conversion

void Start_Conversion(void); //Function to Start of Conversion

void msdelay (unsigned int time); //Function to generate delay

void init_LCD(void); //Function to initialise the LCD

void LCD_command(unsigned char cmd); //Function to pass command to the LCD

void LCD_data(unsigned char data); //Function to write character to the LCD

void LCD_write_string( char *str); //Function to write string to the LCD


//Start of main program

void main()
{
    char msg1[] = "LM35 Interface";

    char msg2[] = "Temp.: ";

    char msg3[] = {0xDF, 0x43, 0x00};

    unsigned char temp=0;

    unsigned char i=0, Thousands,Hundreds,Tens,Ones;

    unsigned int adc_val;

    unsigned char val, pot0[6];

    ADCON1 = 0x0F; //Configuring the PORTE pins as digital I/O

    TRISD = 0x00; //Configuring PORTD as output

    TRISE = 0x00; //Configuring PORTE as output
```

```

ADC_Init();                // Init ADC peripheral

init_LCD();                // Init LCD Module

LCD_write_string(msg1);    // Display Welcome Message

LCD_command(0xC0);         // Goto second line, 0th place of LCD

LCD_write_string(msg2);    // Display Message "Temp:"


while(1)
{
    Start_Conversion();    //Trigger conversion

    adc_val= Get_ADC_Result(); //Get the ADC output by polling GO bit

    adc_val = adc_val/2;    //Divide the value by 2 match with 10mv stepsize

    LCD_command (0xC7);    //Goto 8th place on second line of LCD


    val = (unsigned char) adc_val;

    i = (val/100);          //Get the Hundreds place

    Hundreds = i + 0x30;    // Convert it to ASCII

    LCD_data (Hundreds);    //Display Hundreds place


    i = (val%100)/10; //Get the Tens place

    Tens = i + 0x30;        // Convert it to ASCII

    LCD_data (Tens);        //Display Tens place

```



```
i = adc_val%10 ;           //Get the Ones place
Ones = i + 30;             // Convert it to ASCII
LCD_data (i + 0x30);       //Display Ones place
```

```
LCD_write_string(msg3);
```

```
msdelay(300);              //Delay between conversions.
```

```
}
```

```
}
```

```
//Function Definitions
```

```
void ADC_Init()
```

```
{
```

```
    ADCON0=0b00000100;      //A/D Module is OFF and Channel 1 is selected
```

```
    ADCON1=0b00001110;      // Reference as VDD & VSS, AN0 set as analog pins
```

```
    ADCON2=0b10001110;      // Result is right Justified
```

```
                                //Acquisition Time 2TAD
```

```
                                //ADC Clk FOSC/64
```

```
    ADCON0bits.ADON=1;       //Turn ON ADC module
```

```
}
```

```
void Start_Conversion()
```

```
{
```

```
    ADCON0bits.GO=1;
```

```
}
```

```
//If you do not wish to use adc conversion interrupt you can use this
```

```
//to do conversion manually. It assumes conversion format is right adjusted
```

```
unsigned int Get_ADC_Result()
```

```
{
```

```
    unsigned int ADC_Result=0;
```

```
    while(ADCON0bits.GO);
```

```
    ADC_Result=ADRESL;
```

```
    ADC_Result|=((unsigned int)ADRESH) << 8;
```

```
    return ADC_Result;
```

```
}
```

```
void msdelay (unsigned int time)           //Function to generate delay
```

```
{
```

```
    unsigned int i, j;
```

```
    for (i = 0; i < time; i++)
```

```
        for (j = 0; j < 275; j++);        //Calibrated for a 1 ms delay in MPLAB
```

```
}
```

```

void init_LCD(void)                                // Function to initialise the LCD
{
    LCD_command(0x38);                            // initialization of 16X2 LCD in 8bit mode
    msdelay(15);
    LCD_command(0x01);                            // clear LCD
    msdelay(15);
    LCD_command(0x0C);                            // cursor off
    msdelay(15);
    LCD_command(0x80);                            // go to first line and 0th position
    msdelay(15);
}

```

```

void LCD_command(unsigned char cmd)               //Function to pass command to the LCD
{
    LCD_DATA = cmd;                               //Send data on LCD data bus
    rs = 0;                                       //RS = 0 since command to LCD
    rw = 0;                                       //RW = 0 since writing to LCD
    en = 1;                                       //Generate High to low pulse on EN
    msdelay(15);
    en = 0;
}

```

```

void LCD_data(unsigned char data)                 //Function to write data to the LCD
{

```

```

    LCD_DATA = data;                                //Send data on LCD data bus

    rs = 1;                                           //RS = 1 since data to LCD

    rw = 0;                                           //RW = 0 since writing to LCD

    en = 1;                                           //Generate High to low pulse on EN

    msdelay(15);

    en = 0;
}

//Function to write string to LCD
void LCD_write_string(char *str)
{
    int i = 0;

    while (str[i] != 0)
    {
        LCD_data(str[i]);                            // sending data on LCD byte by byte

        msdelay(15);

        i++;
    }
}

```