

Lab 9: Reading Material

Introduction to Python

Lab 9 addresses Python. So, you are required to:

1. Read Chapters 1 and 2 from [Python tutorial](#)
2. Browse through [chapter 3](#) and try to get familiar with Python Interactive GUI.

Additional Reading - Python(not obligatory)

- [Python v2.7.6 documentation](#)
- [Dive Into Python](#)
- [Wikibook](#)

Shell Commands

- [Plumbum library for integrating shell commands in python.](#)
- awk: parse CSV files. [working with CSV files](#), [adding conditions](#).
- sed: [replace values](#).
- sort: [sort alphabetically](#).
- wc: [word count](#).

Lab 9 - Python and Shell Commands

This lab may be done either solo or in pairs.

In this lab, you are going to use Python and shell commands to parse a CSV file and print some statistics about its content. The first part of this lab is about using shell commands in python (see: `awk`, `sed`, `sort`, `uniq`). The second part is about implementing a program to manage the Covid-19 vaccine distribution, it is all up to you!

Task 0

In this task, you are going to download a third-party library for integrating shell commands into Python and use it to extract a list of all the students in the file, and their number. You also need to extract a list of all error-codes (no repetitions) and their number.

Task 0a - Preparation

We are going to download a library that adds shell commands to python and use it during the lab. Do the following:

```
Download plumbum library:
$>wget
https://pypi.python.org/packages/50/15/f26f60e1bb82aabed7ff86f3fd297678404
7f9a291c63ac9019086a69559/plumbum-
1.6.3.tar.gz#md5=e0c588ba9271711fae3beb8c0511e8a9

Uncompress the file:
$>tar -xzvf plumbum-1.6.3.tar.gz

Change directory:
$> cd plumbum-1.6.3/
```

Your python code should be written in this directory.

Task 0b

The file to be parsed contains error-codes describing errors made by different students and how much to reduce for each errorcode. The format of the file is: `student\tab error_code1:1|error_code2:1|error_code3:0.5...` where the number after each `error_code` is used to give partial reduction. 1 means full reduction. Any number less than 1, means a partial reduction for its relevant `error_code`.

```
Example:
Danny    no_README:1|wrong_file_name:1|code_repetition:0.5|no_task2:1
```

Use the following file [grades_error-codes](#).

Write procedures in python that receive a grade file in the given format, see above, and calculates the following, one procedure per task:

- A list of all students mentioned in the file.
- The number of students mentioned in the file.
- A list of all error-codes mentioned in the file together with how many times each error-code was mentioned.
- The number of unique error-codes found in the file.

All these tasks must be done using shell commands in python, see: `awk`, `sed`, `sort`, `uniq`, `wc`. Each calculation must be a line of shell commands. Shell commands in python return a 'n' separated list of strings.

For example: in order to view the first field of every line of a file 'test', you can use `awk -F '\t' '{print $1}' test` where `'\t'` is the separator. In the reading material you can see several links that contain information and additional examples for using `awk`, `sed`, `sort`, `wc`, and `uniq`.

Task1 and Task2 can be done either with shell commands in python or regular python commands.

Task 1

You are about to implement the program managing the Covid-19 vaccine distribution, it is all up to you! You need to provide data and statistics. You have the liberty to implement the tasks as console arguments, as a menu, or to add a specified GUI (see Task 3).

The first file is [Vaccine Distribution](#) which stores the data regarding the vaccines in the following format: `company_name\tab date_of_arrival,number_of_vaccines,dose`

The second file is [Cities](#) which stores the data regarding the cities in Israel in the following format: `city\tab population`

Task 1a

Calculate the number of vaccines to be distributed by each company and output it to *vaccine.stats* in the following format: `company_name|number_of_vaccines`.

Task 1b

Calculate the number of vaccines to be in Israel after a specific date, add the option to filter by a company.

Task 1c

Draw a histogram of the number of vaccines to be in Israel by date, see [this page](#).

If you receive an error when trying to import matplotlib, run the following command in the shell: `pip install --user matplotlib`

Task 2

Now, that you know everything about the vaccine you can start to distribute it around the country.

Task 2a

Calculate the number of people that can get a vaccine according to the recommended dosage by each company, output it to *vaccine.stats* in the following format: `company_name|number_of_vaccines`.

Task2b

For a specific date, calculate which cities can get a vaccine such that all of the population is covered. This is similar to SubsetSum which is NP-hard, you may calculate it accurately (long computation..), you may use heuristics or any other reasonable idea.

Task 3 - Bonus task

Add GUI. You may use this package [tkinter](#)

Submission
