BITS Pilani - Hyderabad Campus Advanced Operating Systems (G 623)

Lab Sheet 4

1st Sem 2025-26

Program1: Creating multiple threads and making them add numbers to a global variable, print the final value of the global variable.

```
/* thread1.c */
#include <stdio.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
#include <pthread.h>
#define N 5
int sum = 0;
void* fun(void *val) { int
      *n = (int *)val;
   sum += *n;
   return NULL;
}
int main(int argc, char* argv[]) {
      pthread t t[N];
      int data[N], errcode, i;
     for(i = 0; i < N; i ++) {
      data [i] = atoi (argv[i + 1]);
         if (pthread_create (&t[i], NULL, fun, (void*)&data[i])) {
                printf ("Error creating thread\n");
          exit(1);
      }
   for (i = 0; i < N; i ++) {
      pthread join (t[i], NULL);
   printf("Sum: %d\n", sum);
   exit(0);
```

Compiling and running it:

\$ cc -pthread -o thread1 thread1.c \$./thread1 1 2 3 4 5 Sum: 15

Program2: Creating multiple threads and manipulating a shared memory, using **mutex**.

```
/* thread2.c*/
#include <stdio.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
#include <pthread.h>
#define N 5
int sum = 0;
int inc = 5;
pthread mutex t lock;
void *fun(void *val)
 pthread mutex lock(&lock);
  sum += inc;
 printf ("Value: %d\n", sum);
 inc += 5;
 pthread mutex unlock(&lock);
 pthread exit (NULL);
}
int main (int argc, char* argv[])
pthread t t[N];
int errcode, i;
 for (i = 0; i < N; i ++)
 if (pthread create(&t[i], NULL, fun, NULL))
  printf ("Error creating thread\n");
  return EXIT FAILURE;
  }
 for (i = 0; i < N; i ++)
   pthread join (t[i], NULL);
return EXIT SUCCESS;
```

Compiling and running it:

\$ gcc -pthread -o thread2 thread2.c \$./thread2

Value: 5 Value: 15 Value: 30 Value: 50 Value: 75

Program3. Making two threads communicate using a Pipe. One thread writes into it, and the other reads from it.

```
/* thread3.c */
#include <unistd.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
#include <stdio.h>
#include <pthread.h>
int pipedata[2];
void *reader function() {
        while(1) {
           char ch;
           if (read(pipedata[0], &ch, 1)!=1) {
                 printf ("Read error\n");
                 exit(1);
           printf("Thread ID:%lu, Data read: %c\n", pthread_self(),ch);
           if(ch=='q') {
                 break;
      pthread exit (NULL);
}
  void *writer function() {
      int i = 0;
      char ch = 'a', dummy;
      while (ch != 'q') {scanf
           ("%c", &ch); scanf
           ("%c", &dummy);
           if (write(pipedata[1], &ch,1)!=1)
            printf("Write error\n");
            exit(1);
           printf("Thread ID:%lu,Data written:%c\n",pthread self(),ch);
      pthread_exit(NULL);
}
int main () {
      pthread_t reader, writer;
      if (pipe(pipedata) < 0)
        printf("Pipe creation error\n");
        exit (1);
      pthread create (&writer, NULL, writer function, NULL);
      pthread create(&reader, NULL, reader function, NULL);
      pthread join(writer, NULL);
      pthread join(reader, NULL);
   exit(0);
}
```

Compiling and running it:

\$ gcc -pthread -o thread3 thread3.c

\$./thread3 a

Thread ID: 123145302839296, Data written: a Thread ID: 123145303375872, Data read: a c Thread ID: 123145302839296, Data written: c Thread ID: 123145303375872, Data read: c

<u>Task:</u> Create a multi-threaded program to implement the below distributed system with 3 nodes and their communication channels as shown in the below diagram. Assume that the communication channels are FIFO channels. Show the message communication amongst these channels using Pipes as communication medium.


