```
 1 //
 2 // Header file describing 'Node' members and features
 3 //
 4 // Created by am_ka on 2021-03-01.
 5 //
 6
 7 #ifndef ASSIGNMENT_3_NODE_H
 8 #define ASSIGNMENT_3_NODE_H
 9
10 #include <iostream>
11 #include <iomanip>
12
13 using namespace std;
14
15 // forward declaration
16 class Node;
17
18 typedef Node* NodePtr;
19
20 class Node {
21 public:
22     string data; // Value held
23
24     // Pointers to subsequent Nodes branching off
25     // current Node
26     NodePtr left;
27     NodePtr right;
28
29     // Default Node Constructor
30     Node() : data(""), left(nullptr), right(nullptr
   ) {}
31 };
32
33 #endif //ASSIGNMENT_3_NODE_H
34
```

```
1  //
2  // Header file describing 'BSTree' members and
   features
3  //
4  // Created by am_ka on 2021-03-01.
5  //
6
7  #ifndef ASSIGNMENT_3_BSTREE_H
8  #define ASSIGNMENT_3_BSTREE_H
9
10 #include "Node.h"
11 #include <vector>
12
13 // Console Output Color Values
14 const int RED_TEXT = 4;
15 const int WHITE_TEXT = 7;
16
17 class BSTree {
18 private:
19     NodePtr root; // Head of the Binary Search Tree
20     vector<string> allWords; // Vector to store the
   ordered data
21
22 public:
23     BSTree() : root(nullptr) {} // Constructor
24     virtual ~BSTree(); // Destructor
25
26     void Delete(); // Invoke DeleteTree
27     void DeleteTree(NodePtr node); // Remove Tree
   Contents
28     void Insert(string word);
29     void Insert(string word, NodePtr& node);
30     void Remove(string word);
31
32     void LoadTree(string filename); // Load File
   Contents into Tree
33
34     void Balance(); // Invoke Recursive Balancing
   Function
35     void Balance(vector<string> aList);
36
37     void CheckFile(string filename); // Check File
   Contents against Tree
38     bool CheckIfNodeExists(string key);
```

```
39      bool CheckIfNodeExists(NodePtr node, string key);
40
41      void Color(int c); // Coloring Function
42      string toLower(string word); // Bring a given
    string to all lower case
43
44      void PrintTree(ostream& output, NodePtr& node,
    int indent);
45
46      // Output Operator Friend Function
47      friend ostream& operator<< (ostream& output,
    BSTree& tree);
48
49  };
50  #endif //ASSIGNMENT_3_BSTREE_H
51
```

```cpp
#include <iostream>
#include <fstream>

#include "Node.h"
#include "BSTree.h"

using namespace std;

void TreeToFile(BSTree aTree); // File writing prototype

int main() {

    BSTree tree; // Declare tree
    tree.LoadTree("dictionary.txt"); // Load file contents into tree

    // Test 1
    cout << "\n\nDictionary Tree (Unbalanced)" << endl;
    cout << "----------------------------" << endl;
    cout << tree << endl;


    // Test 2
    cout << "\n\nDictionary Tree (Balanced)" << endl;
    cout << "--------------------------" << endl;
    tree.Balance();
    cout << tree << endl;

    // Test 3
    cout << "\n\nSpell Check Test" << endl;
    cout << "----------------" << endl;
    tree.CheckFile("mispelled.txt");

    TreeToFile(tree); // Write Tree to File


    return 0;

} // End Main


void TreeToFile(BSTree aTree) { // Redirect BST
```

```
41 output to a text file
42
43     fstream treeFile;
44     treeFile.open("..\\docs\\tree_file.txt", ios::out
   );
45     string branch;
46
47     // Back up stream buffer
48     streambuf* stream_buffer_cout = cout.rdbuf();
49
50     // Get stream buffer of file
51     streambuf* stream_buffer_file = treeFile.rdbuf();
52     cout.rdbuf(stream_buffer_file);
53
54     cout << aTree;
55
56     cout.rdbuf(stream_buffer_cout); // Redirect
   output to console
57     treeFile.close();
58
59 } // End TreeToFile()
60
```

```cpp
//
// Created by am_ka on 2021-03-01.
//

#include "Node.h"

```

```cpp
//
// cpp Source file defining 'BSTree' functionality
//
// Created by am_ka on 2021-03-01.
//

#include "BSTree.h"
#include "Node.h"
#include <vector>
#include <algorithm>
#include <cstring>
#include <fstream>
#include <winnt.h>
#include <afxres.h>


using namespace std;



BSTree::~BSTree() { // Destructor
    DeleteTree(root);
} // End Destructor()


void BSTree::Delete() { // Invoke DeleteTree()

    DeleteTree(root);
    delete root;
    root = nullptr;
}


void BSTree::DeleteTree(NodePtr node) { // Delete Tree Contents Recursively

    if (node != nullptr){

        DeleteTree(node->left);
        DeleteTree(node->right);

        delete node;
        node = nullptr; // Just to be Safe
    }
```

```
44 } // End DeleteTree()
45
46
47 // Invoke Recursive Invoke Function
48 void BSTree::Insert(string word) {
49
50     Insert(word, root);
51
52 } // End Insert()
53
54
55 // Navigate the search tree Recursively to Insert New
    Element/Node
56 void BSTree::Insert(string word, NodePtr& node) {
57
58     if (node == nullptr) {
59
60         node = new Node();
61         node->data = word;
62
63         // If inserted word is not in the
   alphabetizing vector 'allWords', add it to vector
64         if (!(find(allWords.begin(), allWords.end(),
   word) != allWords.end())){
65             allWords.push_back(word);
66             sort(allWords.begin(), allWords.end());
67         }
68
69
70     } else if (word < node->data) {
71
72         Insert(word, node->left);
73
74     } else if (word > node->data) {
75
76         Insert(word, node->right);
77
78     } else { // Word already exists within BS Tree
79
80         cout << "WARNING: '"<< node->data << "'
   Already Exists in the Current Context" << endl;
81     }
82 } // End Insert()
83
```

```
 84
 85 void BSTree::Remove(string word) { // Remove Element From BS Tree
 86
 87     NodePtr node = root;
 88     NodePtr parent = nullptr;
 89
 90     while (node != nullptr) {
 91         if (word < node->data) { // Go Left
 92             parent = node;
 93             node = node->left;
 94         } else if (word > node->data) { // Go Right
 95             parent = node;
 96             node = node->right;
 97         } else {
 98             break;
 99         }
100     }
101
102     if (node == nullptr) { // Tree Search Failed
103         cout << "'Remove()' Could Not Locate " << word << endl;
104     }
105
106     // If child has two children, use right most Node
107     // of left tree as successor
108     if (node->left != nullptr && node->right != nullptr) {
109
110         NodePtr successor = node->left; // start at left of tree
111
112         // Keep going right as far as possible
113         parent = node;
114         while(successor->right != nullptr) {
115             parent = successor;
116             successor = successor->right;
117         }
118
119         // Swap data with successor and successor is now the one to delete
120         node->data = successor->data;
121         node = successor;
```

```
122     }
123
124     // now the node to delete must have only one or
    no children
125
126     // assume there is a left child
127     NodePtr subtree = node->left;
128
129     // if no left child, maybe a right child
130     if (subtree == nullptr) {
131         subtree = node->right;
132     }
133
134     // connect any children to new parents
135     if (parent == nullptr) {
136         // must be the root node
137         root = subtree;
138     } else if (parent->left == node) {
139         // deleting a left node of a parent
140         parent->left = subtree;
141     } else if (parent->right == node) {
142         //deleting a right node of a parent
143         parent->right = subtree;
144     }
145
146     // Iterate through allWords vector
147     for (unsigned i = 0; i < allWords.size(); i++)
148     {
149         if( word == allWords.at(i))
150         {
151             allWords.erase(allWords.begin() + i);
152         }
153     }
154
155     delete node; // FINALLY
156
157 } // End Remove()
158
159
160 // Read text file and load individual words into
    BSTree
161 void BSTree::LoadTree(string filename) {
162
163     string row;
```

```
164     ifstream dictFile;
165     dictFile.open("..\\docs\\" + filename);
166     if (!dictFile.fail()) {
167         while (getline(dictFile, row)){
168             Insert(row);
169         }
170     }
171 
172     dictFile.close();
173 
174 } // End LoadTree()
175 
176 
177 void BSTree::Balance() { // Invoke Recursive Balance
     Function
178 
179     Delete();
180     Balance(allWords);
181 
182 } // End Balance()
183 
184 
185 // Recursively Balance BS Tree
186 void BSTree::Balance(vector<string> aList) {
187 
188     // Grab the Central Value of the aList Vector
189     unsigned middle = aList.size() / 2;
190     string pivot = aList[middle];
191 
192     Insert(pivot); // Insert the Central Value into
    Tree
193 
194     // If the Vector is larger than 2 values, split
    it into two
195     // and feed the new Vectors into new invocations
     of Balance()
196     if (aList.size() > 2) {
197 
198         vector<string> left;
199         vector<string> right;
200 
201         // Load larger vector contents into
202         // the two smaller vectors
203         for (unsigned i = 0; i < aList.size(); i++)
```

```
204         {
205             if(pivot != aList.at(i))
206             {
207                 if (i < middle) {
208 
209                     left.push_back(aList.at(i));
210 
211                 } else {
212 
213                     right.push_back(aList.at(i));
214                 }
215             }
216         }
217 
218         // Invoke this Function on the new Vectors
219         Balance(left);
220         Balance(right);
221 
222     } else if (aList.size() == 2) {
223 
224         // If aList has only 2 values, one has already been
225         // inserted, so insert the last one
226         Insert(aList.at(0));
227     }
228 
229 } // End Balance()
230 
231 
232 // Check a text file against the contents of the BS Tree
233 void BSTree::CheckFile(string filename) {
234 
235     string word;
236     ifstream aFile;
237     vector<string>tokens;
238     aFile.open("..\\docs\\" + filename);
239 
240     // Tokenize each word in the file and add it to 'tokens'
241     if (!aFile.fail()) {
242         while (getline(aFile, word, ' ')){
243 
244             // Remove any non alphanumeric
```

```
244 characters from word
245             for (string::iterator i = word.begin();
    i != word.end(); i++) {
246                 if(!isalpha(word.at(i - word.begin
    ())))
247                 {
248                     word.erase(i);
249                     i--;
250                 }
251             }
252             tokens.push_back(word);
253         }
254 
255         for (int i = 0; i < tokens.size(); i++) {
256 
257             // If token exists in tree, output
    normally to console
258             if (CheckIfNodeExists(toLower(tokens[i
    ])))
259             {
260                 cout << tokens[i] << ' ';
261 
262             } else { // Output token as red if not
    in tree
263 
264                 Color(RED_TEXT);
265                 cout << tokens[i] << ' ';
266                 Color(WHITE_TEXT);
267             }
268 
269             if (i % 5 == 0) { // Carriage return
    after 5 words
270 
271                 cout << "\n";
272             }
273 
274 
275         }
276 
277         cout << "\n";
278     }
279 
280     aFile.close();
281 
```

```
282 } // End CheckFile()
283
284
285 // Methods to recursively search through BS Tree,
286 // to match key (a word) against each value
287 bool BSTree::CheckIfNodeExists(string key) {
288
289     return CheckIfNodeExists(root, key);
290 }
291
292 bool BSTree::CheckIfNodeExists(NodePtr node, string
    key) {
293
294     if (node == nullptr) {
295
296         return false;
297     }
298
299     if (node->data == key) {
300
301         return true;
302     }
303
304     bool leftCheck = CheckIfNodeExists(node->left,
    key);
305     if (leftCheck){
306
307         return true;
308     }
309
310     bool rightCheck = CheckIfNodeExists(node->right
    , key);
311
312     return rightCheck;
313
314 } // End CheckIfNodeExists()
315
316
317 // Method to color console output
318 void BSTree::Color(int c) {
319
320     HANDLE hConsole;
321     hConsole = GetStdHandle(STD_OUTPUT_HANDLE);
322     SetConsoleTextAttribute(hConsole, c);
```

```
323     return;
324 
325 } // End Color()
326 
327 
328 // Convert a string to all lower case characters
329 string BSTree::toLower(string word){
330 
331     transform(word.begin(), word.end(), word.begin
    (), ::tolower);
332     return word;
333 
334 } // End toLower()
335 
336 
337 // Recursively print out Tree Contents
338 void BSTree::PrintTree(ostream& output, NodePtr&
    node, int indent) {
339     if (node != nullptr) {
340         PrintTree(output, node->right, indent + 5);
341         output << setw(indent) << node->data << endl
    ;
342         PrintTree(output, node->left, indent + 5);
343     }
344 } // End PrintTree()
345 
346 
347 // Define Output Operator Functionality
348 ostream& operator<<(ostream& output, BSTree& bst) {
349     bst.PrintTree(output, bst.root, 5);
350     return output;
351 }
352 
353 
```