

Supplemental Material for ‘Using lineage age to  
augment search space exploration in lexibase  
selection’

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# Chapter 1

## Introduction

This is not intended as a stand-alone document, but as a companion to our manuscript.

### 1.1 About our supplemental material

As you may have noticed (unless you're reading a pdf version of this), our supplemental material is hosted using GitHub pages. We compiled our data analyses and supplemental documentation into this nifty web-accessible book using bookdown.

The source code/configuration files for this supplemental material can be found in this GitHub repository.

Our supplemental material includes the following:

- GP instruction set (Section 2)
- Experiment data availability (Section 3)
- GP data analysis + statistics (Section 4)

### 1.2 Contributing authors

- Karen Suzue
- Charles Ofria
- Alexander Lalejini



## Chapter 2

# SignalGP instruction set

Below, we document the instruction set used in our GP system for our experiments.

Abbreviations:

- EOP: End of program
- Reg: local register
  - Reg[0] indicates the value at the register specified by an instruction's first *argument*, Reg[1] indicates the value at the register specified by an instruction's second argument, and Reg[2] indicates the value at the register specified by the instruction's third argument.
  - Reg[0], Reg[1], *etc.*: Register 0, Register 1, *etc.*
- Input: input buffer
  - Follows same scheme as Reg
- Output: output buffer
  - Follows same scheme as Reg
- Global: global memory buffer
  - Follows same scheme as Reg
- Arg: Instruction argument
  - Arg[i] indicates the i'th instruction argument (an integer encoded in the genome)
  - E.g., Arg[0] is an instruction's first argument

Instructions that would produce undefined behavior (e.g., division by zero) are treated as no operations.

## 2.1 Default Instructions

I.e., instructions used across all diagnostic tasks.

Instruction	Arguments Used	Description
Nop	0	No operation
Not	1	$\text{Reg}[0] = \neg \text{Reg}[0]$
Inc	1	$\text{Reg}[0] = \text{Reg}[0] + 1$
Dec	1	$\text{Reg}[0] = \text{Reg}[0] - 1$
Add	3	$\text{Reg}[0] = \text{Reg}[1] +$ $\text{Reg}[2]$
Sub	3	$\text{Reg}[0] = \text{Reg}[1] -$ $\text{Reg}[2]$
Mult	3	$\text{Reg}[0] = \text{Reg}[1] *$ $\text{Reg}[2]$
Div	3	$\text{Reg}[0] = \text{Reg}[1] /$ $\text{Reg}[2]$
Mod	3	$\text{Reg}[0] = \text{Reg}[1] \%$ $\text{Reg}[2]$
Nand	2	$\text{Reg}[0] = \neg(\text{Reg}[1] \&$ $\text{Reg}[2])$
TestEqu	3	$\text{Reg}[0] = \text{Reg}[1] ==$ $\text{Reg}[2]$
TestNEqu	3	$\text{Reg}[0] = \text{Reg}[1] !=$ $\text{Reg}[2]$
TestLess	3	$\text{Reg}[0] = \text{Reg}[1] <$ $\text{Reg}[2]$
TestLessEqu	3	$\text{Reg}[0] = \text{Reg}[1] <=$ $\text{Reg}[2]$
TestGreater	3	$\text{Reg}[0] = \text{Reg}[1] >$ $\text{Reg}[2]$
TestGreaterEqu	3	$\text{Reg}[0] = \text{Reg}[1] >=$ $\text{Reg}[2]$
SetMem	2	$\text{Reg}[0] = \text{Arg}[1]$
Terminal	1	$\text{Reg}[0] = \text{double value}$ encoded by instruction tag
CopyMem	2	$\text{Reg}[0] = \text{Reg}[1]$
SwapMem	2	$\text{Swap}(\text{Reg}[0], \text{Reg}[1])$
InputToWorking	2	$\text{Reg}[0] = \text{Input}[1]$
WorkingToOutput	2	$\text{Output}[1] = \text{Reg}[0]$
If	1	If $\text{Reg}[0] != 0$ , proceed. Otherwise skip to the next Close or EOP.



Instruction	Arguments Used	Description
While	1	While $\text{Reg}[0] \neq 0$ , loop. Otherwise skip to next Close or EOP.
Close	0	Indicate the end of a control block of code (e.g., loop, if).
Break	0	Break out of current control flow (e.g., loop).
Call	0	Call a function, using this instruction's tag to determine which function is called.
Routine	0	Same as call, but local memory is shared. Sort of like a jump that will jump back when the routine ends.
Return	0	Return from the current function call.
WorkingToGlobal	2	$\text{Global}[1] = \text{Reg}[0]$
GlobalToWorking	2	$\text{Reg}[1] = \text{Global}[0]$
FullGlobalToWorking	0	Copy entire global memory buffer into working memory buffer
FullWorkingToGlobal	0	Copy entire working memory buffer into global memory buffer

Note that Nand performs a bitwise operation.

## 2.2 Problem-specific instructions

Each problem has problem-specific instructions for producing output.

### 2.2.1 Bouncing Balls

- SubmitOutput

### **2.2.2 Dice Game**

- SubmitOutput

### **2.2.3 GCD**

- SubmitOutput

### **2.2.4 Grade**

- SubmitA
- SubmitB
- SubmitC
- SubmitD
- SubmitF

### **2.2.5 Snow Day**

- SubmitOutput

## Chapter 3

# Data availability

### 3.1 Source code

Source code for this work can be accessed on GitHub: <https://github.com/amlalejini/age-based-lex>.

### 3.2 Experimental results

Data generated from our experiments used in analyses are available online, archived in an OSF repository: <https://osf.io/efb4j/>.



## Chapter 4

# Program synthesis experiments

```
experiment_slug <- "2024-05-20-inj-int"

working_directory <- paste0(
  "experiments/",
  experiment_slug,
  "/analysis/"
)

if (exists("bookdown_wd_prefix")) {
  working_directory <- paste0(
    bookdown_wd_prefix,
    working_directory
  )
}
```

### 4.1 Dependencies

```
library(tidyverse)

## Warning: package 'ggplot2' was built under R version
4.2.3

## Warning: package 'dplyr' was built under R version
4.2.3
```

```

## Warning: package 'stringr' was built under R version
4.2.3

## — Attaching core tidyverse packages

      tidyverse 2.0.0 —
## v dplyr      1.1.4      v readr      2.1.4
## v forcats    1.0.0      v stringr   1.5.1
## v ggplot2    3.5.1      v tibble    3.2.1
## v lubridate  1.9.3      v tidyr     1.3.0
## v purrr      1.0.2
## — Conflicts

      tidyverse_conflicts() —
## x dplyr::filter() masks stats::filter()
## x dplyr::lag()     masks stats::lag()
## i Use the conflicted package (<http://conflicted.r-lib.org/>) to force all conflicts to become errors

library(cowplot)

## Warning: package 'cowplot' was built under R version
4.2.3

##
## Attaching package: 'cowplot'
##
## The following object is masked from 'package:lubridate':
##
##      stamp

library(RColorBrewer)
library(khroma)
library(rstatix)

##
## Attaching package: 'rstatix'
##
## The following object is masked from 'package:stats':
##
##      filter

library(knitr)
library(kableExtra)

```

```
##
## Attaching package: 'kableExtra'
##
## The following object is masked from 'package:dplyr':
##
##      group_rows

source("https://gist.githubusercontent.com/benmarwick/2
       a1bb0133ff568cbe28d/raw/
       fb53bd97121f7f9ce947837ef1a4c65a73bffb3f/geom_flat_
       violin.R")
library(ggpattern)

print(version)

##
## platform      aarch64-apple-darwin20
## arch          aarch64
## os            darwin20
## system        aarch64, darwin20
## status
## major         4
## minor         2.1
## year          2022
## month         06
## day           23
## svn rev       82513
## language      R
## version.string R version 4.2.1 (2022-06-23)
## nickname      Funny-Looking Kid
```

## 4.2 Setup

```
# Configure our default graphing theme
theme_set(theme_cowplot())
# Create a directory to store plots
plot_directory <- paste0(working_directory, "plots/")
dir.create(plot_directory, showWarnings=FALSE)
```

### 4.2.1 Load summary data

```

summary_data_loc <- paste0(working_directory, "data/
  aggregate.csv")
summary_data <- read_csv(summary_data_loc)

## Rows: 2700 Columns: 61
## — Column specification

```

---

```

## Delimiter: ","
## chr (11): ANCESTOR_FILE_PATH, EVAL_MODE,
##          ORG_INJECTION_MODE, POP_INT_MODE, ...
## dbl (50): AGE_LEX_AGE_ORDER_LIMIT,
##          EVAL_CPU_CYCLES_PER_TEST, MAX_ACTIVE_THRE...
##
## i Use 'spec()' to retrieve the full column
##   specification for this data.
## i Specify the column types or set 'show_col_types =
##   FALSE' to quiet this message.

summary_data <- summary_data %>%
  mutate(
    PROBLEM = as.factor(PROBLEM) ,
    SELECTION = as.factor(SELECTION) ,
    EVAL_MODE = as.factor(EVAL_MODE) ,
    NUM_COHORTS = as.factor(NUM_COHORTS) ,
    TEST_DOWNSAMPLE_RATE = as.factor(TEST_DOWNSAMPLE_RATE) ,
    AGE_LEX_AGE_ORDER_LIMIT = as.factor(AGE_LEX_AGE_ORDER_
      _LIMIT) ,
    RECOMB_PER_FUNC_SEQ_RECOMB_RATE = as.factor(RECOMB_
      PER_FUNC_SEQ_RECOMB_RATE) ,
    ORG_INJECTION_COUNT = as.factor(ORG_INJECTION_COUNT) ,
    ORG_INJECTION_MODE = factor(
      ORG_INJECTION_MODE,
      levels = c(
        "none" ,
        "random" ,
        "recombine-random" ,
        "recombine-complement"
      )
    ) ,
    inject_cond = str_c(SELECTION, ORG_INJECTION_MODE,
      sep = "_") ,
    ORG_INJECTION_INTERVAL = as.factor(ORG_INJECTION_
      INTERVAL) ,
    .keep = "all"
  )

```



```

) %>%
mutate(
  inject_cond = factor(
    inject_cond,
    levels = c(
      "age-lexicase_random",
      "lexicase_random",
      "lexicase_none"
    ),
    labels = c(
      "age-lex_inj_rand",
      "lex_inj_rand",
      "lex_inj_none"
    )
  ),
  sol_descends_injected = elite_elite_age != update &
    found_solution == "1"
)

solution_counts <- summary_data %>%
  group_by(
    PROBLEM,
    SELECTION,
    AGE_LEX_AGE_ORDER_LIMIT,
    ORG_INJECTION_COUNT,
    ORG_INJECTION_MODE,
    ORG_INJECTION_INTERVAL,
    inject_cond
  ) %>%
  summarize(
    solution_count = sum(found_solution == "1"),
    replicates = n(),
    no_solution_count = n() - sum(found_solution == "1"),
    elite_from_injected = sum(elite_elite_age != update),
    sol_from_injected = sum(elite_elite_age != update &
      found_solution == "1")
  )

## 'summarise()' has grouped output by 'PROBLEM', '
## SELECTION',
## 'AGE_LEX_AGE_ORDER_LIMIT', 'ORG_INJECTION_COUNT', '
## ORG_INJECTION_MODE',
## 'ORG_INJECTION_INTERVAL'. You can override using the
## '.groups' argument.

# print(solution_counts, n=208)

```

```

solution_table <- kable(solution_counts) %>%
  kable_styling(latex_options = "striped", font_size =
    25)
save_kable(solution_table, paste0(plot_directory, "
  solution_counts_table.pdf"))
solution_table

```

#### 4.2.2 Success rates across injection intervals

```

plot <- solution_counts %>%
  ggplot(
    aes(
      x = inject_cond,
      y = solution_count,
      fill = ORG_INJECTION_INTERVAL,
      pattern_angle = inject_cond
    )
  ) +
  geom_col_pattern(
    position = "dodge",
    pattern = "stripe",
    pattern_color = "gray",
    pattern_fill = "gray",
    pattern_spacing = 0.03,
    pattern_density = 0.05,
    # position = position_dodge(width = 0.4)
  ) +
  geom_text(
    aes(y = -0.7, label = solution_count),
    position = position_dodge(width=0.9)
  ) +
  scale_fill_bright() +
  scale_color_bright() +
  scale_x_discrete(
    name = "Inject□condition"
  ) +
  scale_y_continuous(
    "Solution□count"
  ) +
  facet_grid(
    PROBLEM ~ AGE_LEX_AGE_ORDER_LIMIT
  ) +
  theme(
    legend.position = "right",

```

PROBLEM	SELECTION	AGE_LEX_AGE_
bouncing-balls	age-lexicase	10
bouncing-balls	age-lexicase	10
bouncing-balls	age-lexicase	10
bouncing-balls	age-lexicase	20
bouncing-balls	age-lexicase	20
bouncing-balls	age-lexicase	20
bouncing-balls	lexicase	10
bouncing-balls	lexicase	10
bouncing-balls	lexicase	10
bouncing-balls	lexicase	10
bouncing-balls	lexicase	10
bouncing-balls	lexicase	10
bouncing-balls	lexicase	20
bouncing-balls	lexicase	20
bouncing-balls	lexicase	20
bouncing-balls	lexicase	20
bouncing-balls	lexicase	20
bouncing-balls	lexicase	20
dice-game	age-lexicase	10
dice-game	age-lexicase	10
dice-game	age-lexicase	10
dice-game	age-lexicase	20
dice-game	age-lexicase	20
dice-game	age-lexicase	20

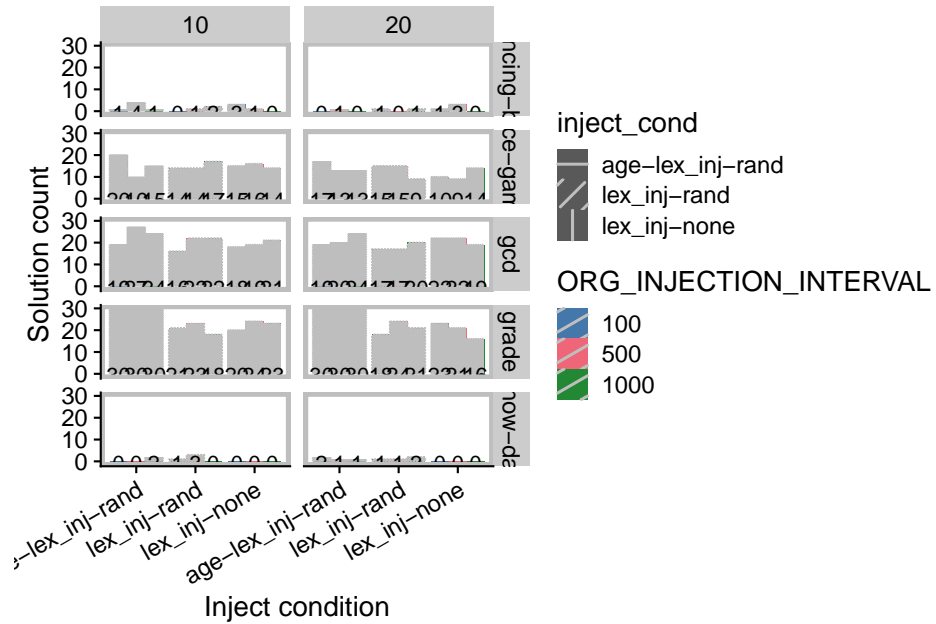
```

axis.text.x = element_text(
  angle = 30,
  hjust = 1
),
panel.border = element_rect(color = "gray", size =
  2)
)

## Warning: The 'size' argument of 'element_rect()' is
## deprecated as of ggplot2 3.4.0.
## i Please use the 'linewidth' argument instead.
## This warning is displayed once every 8 hours.
## Call 'lifecycle::last_lifecycle_warnings()' to see
## where this warning was generated.

ggsave(
  filename = paste0(plot_directory, "solutions-bar.pdf"),
  plot = plot,
  width = 10,
  height = 15
)
plot

```



## 4.3 Interval 100 with age order limit 10

### 4.3.1 Problem-solving success

```

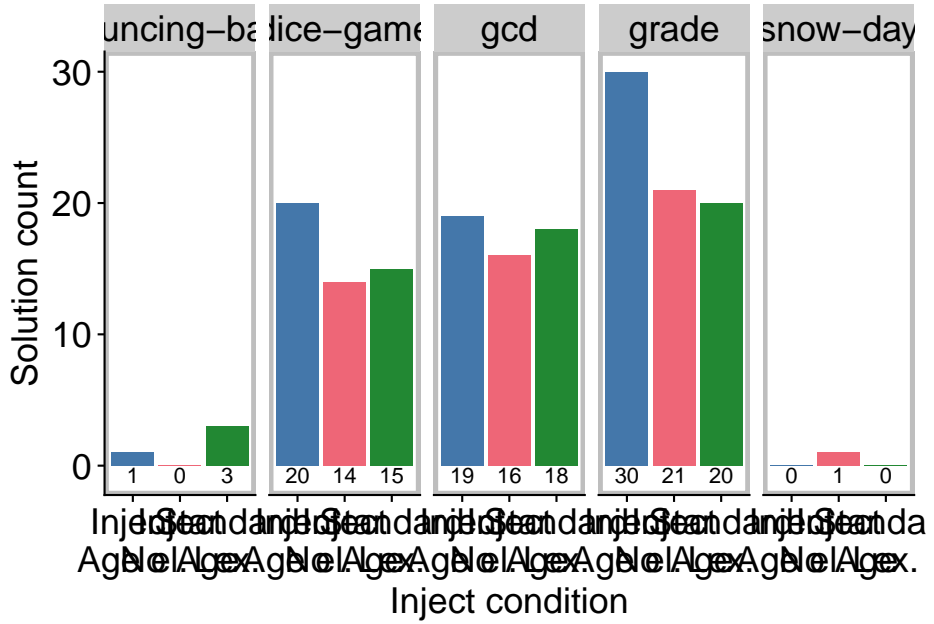
plot <- solution_counts %>%
  filter(ORG_INJECTION_INTERVAL == "100" & AGE_LEX_AGE_
    ORDER_LIMIT == "10") %>%
  ggplot(
    aes(
      x = inject_cond,
      y = solution_count,
      fill = inject_cond
    )
  ) +
  geom_col() +
  geom_text(
    aes(y = -0.7, label = solution_count),
    position = position_dodge(width=0.9)
  ) +
  scale_fill_bright() +
  scale_color_bright() +
  scale_x_discrete(
    name = "Inject□condition",
    limits = c("age-lex_inj-rand", "lex_inj-rand", "lex_
      inj-none"),
    labels = c("Inject\nAge□el.", "Inject\nNo□Age", "
      Standard\nLex.")
  ) +
  scale_y_continuous(
    "Solution□count"
  ) +
  facet_wrap(
    ~ PROBLEM,
    nrow = 1
  ) +
  theme(
    legend.position = "none",
    axis.text = element_text(
      size = 18
    ),
    axis.title = element_text(
      size = 18
    ),
    strip.text = element_text(
      size = 18
    )
  )

```

```

    ),
    # axis.text.x = element_text(
    #   angle = 30,
    #   hjust = 1
    # ),
    panel.border = element_rect(color = "gray", size =
    2)
  )
  ggsave(
    filename = paste0(plot_directory, "solutions-bar-100-
    ol10.pdf"),
    plot = plot,
    width = 18,
    height = 8
  )
  plot

```



#### 4.3.1.1 Statistics

```

sol_stats_data <- solution_counts %>%
  ungroup() %>%
  select (
    PROBLEM,
    ORG_INJECTION_INTERVAL,

```

```

    AGE_LEX_AGE_ORDER_LIMIT,
    inject_cond,
    solution_count,
    no_solution_count
  )

fisher_results <- data.frame(
  comparison = character(),
  group1 = character(),
  group2 = character(),
  n = integer(),
  p = double(),
  p.adj = double(),
  p.adj.signif = character()
)

# ORG_INJECTION_INTERVAL
# AGE_LEX_AGE_ORDER_LIMIT
inj_intervals <- levels(sol_stats_data$ORG_INJECTION_
  INTERVAL)
age_limits <- levels(sol_stats_data$AGE_LEX_AGE_ORDER_
  LIMIT)
problems <- levels(sol_stats_data$PROBLEM)

for (inj_interval in inj_intervals) {
  for (age_limit in age_limits) {
    for (problem in problems) {
      ft_results <- sol_stats_data %>%
        filter(
          PROBLEM == problem & AGE_LEX_AGE_ORDER_LIMIT ==
            age_limit & ORG_INJECTION_INTERVAL == inj_
              interval
        ) %>%
        select(inject_cond, solution_count, no_solution_
          count) %>%
        column_to_rownames(var = "inject_cond") %>%
        pairwise_fisher_test(
          p.adjust.method = "holm"
        ) %>%
        add_significance("p.adj")

      ft_results <- ft_results %>%
        mutate(
          problem = rep(problem, nrow(ft_results)),
          inj_interval = rep(inj_interval, nrow(ft_

```

```

      results)),
      age_limit = rep(age_limit, nrow(ft_results)),
      .keep = "all"
    ) %>%
    relocate(problem, inj_interval, age_limit)

    fisher_results <- rbind(
      fisher_results,
      ft_results
    )
  }
}

fisher_results <- as.tibble(fisher_results)

## Warning: 'as.tibble()' was deprecated in tibble 2.0.0.
## i Please use 'as_tibble()' instead.
## i The signature and semantics have changed, see '?
  as_tibble'.
## This warning is displayed once every 8 hours.
## Call 'lifecycle::last_lifecycle_warnings()' to see
  where this warning was generated.

fisher_results <- fisher_results %>%
  mutate(
    # comparison = as.factor(comparison),
    problem = as.factor(problem),
    inj_interval = as.factor(inj_interval),
    age_limit = as.factor(age_limit),
    group1 = as.factor(group1),
    group2 = as.factor(group2),
  ) %>%
  group_by(
    problem
  )

fisher_table <- kbl(fisher_results) %>% kable_styling()
save_kable(fisher_table, paste0(plot_directory, "stats_
  table.pdf"))
fisher_table

```

### 4.3.2 Proportion of solutions that descend from injected programs



problem	inj_interval	age_limit	group1	group2	n	p	p.adj	p.adj.s
bouncing-balls	100	10	age-lex_inj-rand	lex_inj-none	60	6.12e-01	1.00e+00	ns
bouncing-balls	100	10	age-lex_inj-rand	lex_inj-rand	60	1.00e+00	1.00e+00	ns
bouncing-balls	100	10	lex_inj-none	lex_inj-rand	60	2.37e-01	7.11e-01	ns
dice-game	100	10	age-lex_inj-rand	lex_inj-none	60	2.95e-01	5.90e-01	ns
dice-game	100	10	age-lex_inj-rand	lex_inj-rand	60	1.92e-01	5.76e-01	ns
dice-game	100	10	lex_inj-none	lex_inj-rand	60	1.00e+00	1.00e+00	ns
gcd	100	10	age-lex_inj-rand	lex_inj-none	60	1.00e+00	1.00e+00	ns
gcd	100	10	age-lex_inj-rand	lex_inj-rand	60	6.01e-01	1.00e+00	ns
gcd	100	10	lex_inj-none	lex_inj-rand	60	7.95e-01	1.00e+00	ns
grade	100	10	age-lex_inj-rand	lex_inj-none	60	7.97e-04	2.39e-03	**
grade	100	10	age-lex_inj-rand	lex_inj-rand	60	1.94e-03	3.88e-03	**
grade	100	10	lex_inj-none	lex_inj-rand	60	1.00e+00	1.00e+00	ns
snow-day	100	10	age-lex_inj-rand	lex_inj-none	60	1.00e+00	1.00e+00	ns
snow-day	100	10	age-lex_inj-rand	lex_inj-rand	60	1.00e+00	1.00e+00	ns
snow-day	100	10	lex_inj-none	lex_inj-rand	60	1.00e+00	1.00e+00	ns
bouncing-balls	100	20	age-lex_inj-rand	lex_inj-none	60	1.00e+00	1.00e+00	ns
bouncing-balls	100	20	age-lex_inj-rand	lex_inj-rand	60	1.00e+00	1.00e+00	ns
bouncing-balls	100	20	lex_inj-none	lex_inj-rand	60	1.00e+00	1.00e+00	ns
dice-game	100	20	age-lex_inj-rand	lex_inj-none	60	1.19e-01	3.57e-01	ns
dice-game	100	20	age-lex_inj-rand	lex_inj-rand	60	7.96e-01	7.96e-01	ns
dice-game	100	20	lex_inj-none	lex_inj-rand	60	2.95e-01	5.90e-01	ns
gcd	100	20	age-lex_inj-rand	lex_inj-none	60	5.80e-01	1.00e+00	ns
gcd	100	20	age-lex_inj-rand	lex_inj-rand	60	7.92e-01	1.00e+00	ns
gcd	100	20	lex_inj-none	lex_inj-rand	60	2.79e-01	8.37e-01	ns
grade	100	20	age-lex_inj-rand	lex_inj-none	60	1.05e-02	2.10e-02	*
grade	100	20	age-lex_inj-rand	lex_inj-rand	60	1.24e-04	3.72e-04	***
grade	100	20	lex_inj-none	lex_inj-rand	60	2.67e-01	2.67e-01	ns
snow-day	100	20	age-lex_inj-rand	lex_inj-none	60	4.92e-01	1.00e+00	ns
snow-day	100	20	age-lex_inj-rand	lex_inj-rand	60	1.00e+00	1.00e+00	ns
snow-day	100	20	lex_inj-none	lex_inj-rand	60	1.00e+00	1.00e+00	ns
bouncing-balls	500	10	age-lex_inj-rand	lex_inj-none	60	3.53e-01	1.00e+00	ns
bouncing-balls	500	10	age-lex_inj-rand	lex_inj-rand	60	3.53e-01	1.00e+00	ns
bouncing-balls	500	10	lex_inj-none	lex_inj-rand	60	1.00e+00	1.00e+00	ns
dice-game	500	10	age-lex_inj-rand	lex_inj-none	60	1.92e-01	5.76e-01	ns
dice-game	500	10	age-lex_inj-rand	lex_inj-rand	60	4.30e-01	8.60e-01	ns
dice-game	500	10	lex_inj-none	lex_inj-rand	60	7.97e-01	8.60e-01	ns
gcd	500	10	age-lex_inj-rand	lex_inj-none	60	3.03e-02	9.09e-02	ns
gcd	500	10	age-lex_inj-rand	lex_inj-rand	60	1.81e-01	3.62e-01	ns
gcd	500	10	lex_inj-none	lex_inj-rand	60	5.80e-01	5.80e-01	ns
grade	500	10	age-lex_inj-rand	lex_inj-none	60	2.37e-02	4.74e-02	*
grade	500	10	age-lex_inj-rand	lex_inj-rand	60	1.05e-02	3.15e-02	*
grade	500	10	lex_inj-none	lex_inj-rand	60	1.00e+00	1.00e+00	ns
snow-day	500	10	age-lex_inj-rand	lex_inj-none	60	1.00e+00	1.00e+00	ns
snow-day	500	10	age-lex_inj-rand	lex_inj-rand	60	2.37e-01	7.11e-01	ns
snow-day	500	10	lex_inj-none	lex_inj-rand	60	2.37e-01	7.11e-01	ns
bouncing-balls	500	20	age-lex_inj-rand	lex_inj-none	60	6.12e-01	1.00e+00	ns
bouncing-balls	500	20	age-lex_inj-rand	lex_inj-rand	60	1.00e+00	1.00e+00	ns
bouncing-balls	500	20	lex_inj-none	lex_inj-rand	60	2.37e-01	7.11e-01	ns
dice-game	500	20	age-lex_inj-rand	lex_inj-none	60	4.22e-01	8.44e-01	ns
dice-game	500	20	age-lex_inj-rand	lex_inj-rand	60	7.96e-01	8.44e-01	ns
dice-game	500	20	lex_inj-none	lex_inj-rand	60	1.87e-01	5.61e-01	ns
gcd	500	20	age-lex_inj-rand	lex_inj-none	60	7.79e-01	1.00e+00	ns
gcd	500	20	age-lex_inj-rand	lex_inj-rand	60	5.96e-01	1.00e+00	ns

```

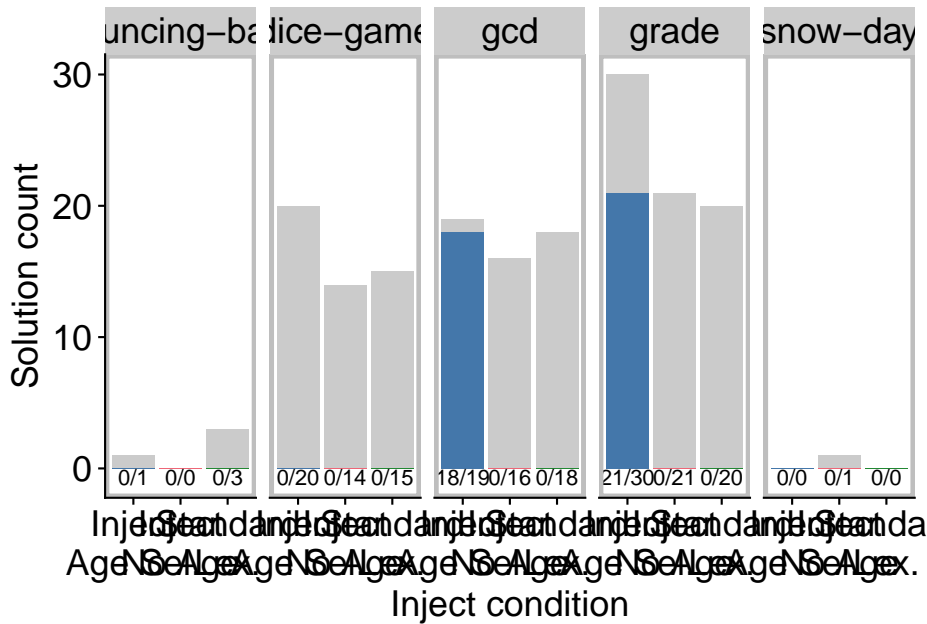
plot <- solution_counts %>%
  filter(ORG_INJECTION_INTERVAL == "100" & AGE_LEX_AGE_
    ORDER_LIMIT == "10") %>%
  ggplot(
    aes(
      x = inject_cond,
      # y = solution_count,
      y = sol_from_injected,
      fill = inject_cond
    )
  ) +
  geom_col(aes(y = solution_count), fill = "grey", alpha
    = 0.8) +
  geom_col() +
  geom_text(
    aes(y = -0.7, label = paste0(sol_from_injected, "/",
      solution_count)),
    position = position_dodge(width=0.9)
  ) +
  scale_fill_bright() +
  scale_color_bright() +
  scale_x_discrete(
    name = "Inject□condition",
    limits = c("age-lex_inj-rand", "lex_inj-rand", "lex_
      inj-none"),
    labels = c("Inject\nAge□Sel.", "Inject\nNo□Age", "
      Standard\nLex.")
  ) +
  scale_y_continuous(
    "Solution□count"
  ) +
  facet_wrap(
    ~ PROBLEM,
    nrow = 1
  ) +
  theme(
    legend.position = "none",
    axis.text = element_text(
      size = 18
    ),
    axis.title = element_text(
      size = 18
    ),
    strip.text = element_text(
      size = 18
    ),
  )

```

```

    panel.border = element_rect(color = "gray", size =
      2)
  )
  ggsave(
    filename = paste0(plot_directory, "solutions-bar-il100-
      ol10-prop-descend.pdf"),
    plot = plot,
    width = 18,
    height = 8
  )
  plot

```



### 4.3.3 Lineage age distributions

Distributions of lineage age for solutions that descended from injected programs

```

plot <- summary_data %>%
  filter(
    inject_cond == "age-lex_inj-rand" & ORG_INJECTION_
      INTERVAL == "100" &
      AGE_LEX_AGE_ORDER_LIMIT == "10" & PROBLEM %in% c("gcd
        ", "grade") &
    sol_descends_injected
  ) %>%
  ggplot(

```

```

aes(
  x = PROBLEM,
  # y = elite_elite_age,
  y = elite_elite_age / update,
  fill = PROBLEM
)
) +
# geom_flat_violin(
#   position = position_nudge(x = .2, y = 0),
#   alpha = .8,
#   adjust = 1.5
# ) +
geom_point(
  mapping = aes(color = PROBLEM),
  position = position_jitter(width = .2),
  size = .5,
  alpha = 0.8
) +
geom_boxplot(
  width = .2,
  outlier.shape = NA,
  alpha = 0.5
) +
scale_y_continuous(
  name = "Elite age (as % of elapsed generations)"
) +
scale_x_discrete(
  name = "Problem"
) +
scale_fill_dark() +
scale_color_dark() +
# facet_wrap(
#   ~PROBLEM,
#   nrow = 1
#   # ncol = 1
# ) +
# coord_flip() +
theme(
  legend.position = "none",
  axis.text.x = element_text(
    angle = 30,
    hjust = 1
  ),
  panel.border = element_rect(color = "gray", size = 2)
)
ggsave(

```

```
filename = paste0(plot_directory , "elite-age-prop.pdf")  
,  
plot = plot ,  
width = 6,  
height = 4  
)
```