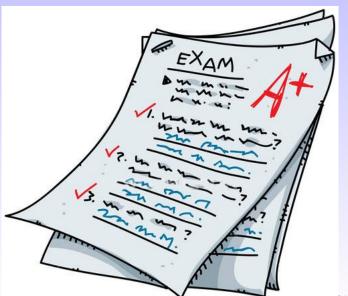
#### An Introduction to Bucket Sort

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May 24, 2015



8 students get following marks in an exam.

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29	25	3	49	9	37	21	43
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29	25	3	49	9	37	21	43

A teacher needs to sort the marks.

We can use some commonly used algorithms here. Like:

Bubble Sort

- Bubble Sort
- Merge Sort

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- Merge Sort
- Quick Sort

- Bubble Sort
- Merge Sort
- Quick Sort
- etc.

But wait!!!

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Is there a faster way to sort?

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Yes, there is.

#### **BUCKET SORT!!!**

Bucket sorting is a linear time algoritm of sorting

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**Assumptions:** 

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• inputs are distributed uniformly over a range.

# Back to our problem.

Index	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7
Value	29	25	3	49	9	37	21	43

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Index	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7
Value	29	25	3	49	9	37	21	43

#### Here, we assume

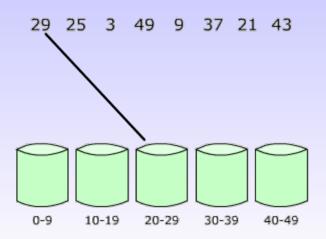
• Array size: 8

• Input range: 0-49

• Let's insert these numbers into 5 buckets.

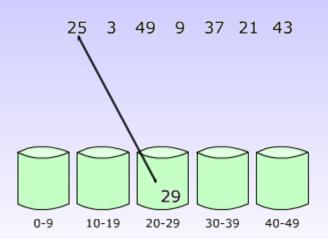
29 25 3 49 9 37 21 43



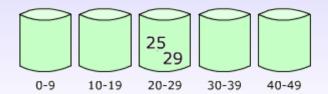


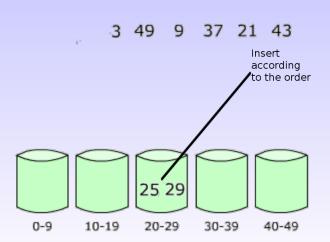
25 3 49 9 37 21 43

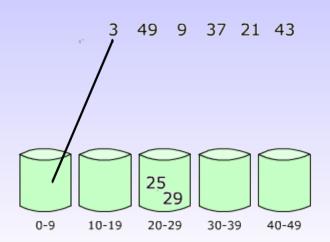




3 49 9 37 21 43

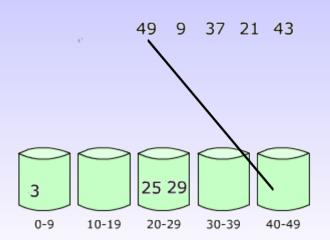






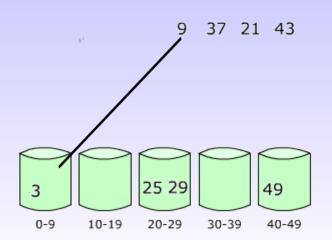
49 9 37 21 43





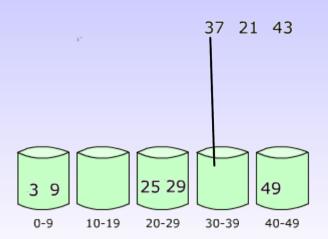
9 37 21 43





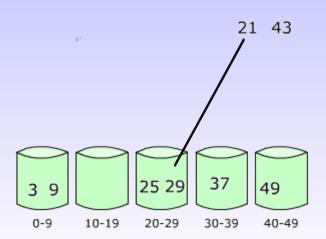
37 21 43



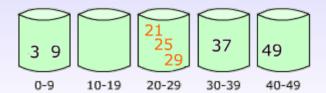


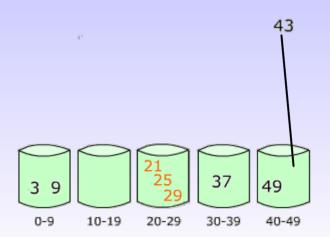
21 43

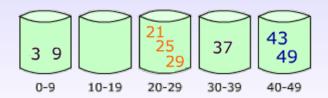


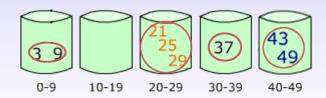


. 43

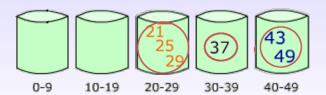




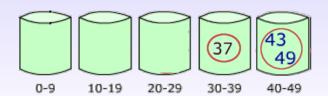




3 9



3 9 21 25 29



3 9 21 25 29 37



3 9 21 25 29 37 43 49



Sorted Array:

3 9 21 25 29 37 43 49



• Take an array of linked list.

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- Each element of the array will work as a bucket.
- Put each number into the appropriate bucket.
- Insert each number according to its order.
- Merge the buckets.

**Advantages:** 

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- Technically its expected runtime is O(n).

**Limitations:** 

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• Non uniformly distributed data takes more time.

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- Non uniformly distributed data takes more time.
- Not suitable for non-versatile data.

#### Reference

• Introduction to Algorithms, Thomas H. Cormen, Charles E.Leiserson, Ronald L. Rivest, Clifford Stein