

Implementation Roadmap for Random Gait MPPI

Current System Overview

1. Gait Generation (`PeriodicGaitGenerator`)

- Fixed gait patterns (trot, pace, etc.)
- Predetermined phase offsets
- Fixed duty factors
- No runtime optimization

2. Foothold Planning (`FootholdReferenceGenerator`)

- Determines foot placement locations
- Based on predefined gait patterns
- Uses kinematic and stability constraints
- No dynamic optimization

3. MPPI Controller (`centroidal_nmpc_jax.py`)

- Optimizes Ground Reaction Forces only
- Uses predetermined contact sequences
- No control over gait timing or foothold positions

Project Objectives

1. Randomize Gait Patterns

- Remove dependency on fixed gaits
- Implement variable stance/swing durations
- Maintain following constraints:
 - Minimum stance duration
 - Support polygon stability
 - Leg coordination rules

2. MPPI-based Optimization

- Stage 1: Timing Optimization
 - When to transition between stance/swing
 - Duration of each phase
 - Stability-aware sampling
- Stage 2: Position Optimization
 - Where to place feet during touchdown
 - Kinematic reachability
 - Terrain adaptation

Implementation Strategy

Phase 1: Random Gait Generator

1. Create new class `RandomGaitGenerator`

- Implement basic random gait sampling
- Add stability constraints:
 - Minimum support legs (≥ 2)
 - Adjacent leg coordination
 - Maximum swing duration
- Unit tests for gait feasibility

2. Create adapter interface

- Bridge between `RandomGaitGenerator` and existing `PeriodicGaitGenerator`
- Allow switching between random/periodic gaits
- Maintain backward compatibility

3. Define Gait Parameters

Essential Parameters:

- Stance/swing duration ranges
 - Minimum stance duration (e.g., 0.2-0.3s)
 - Maximum swing duration (e.g., 0.4s)
 - These are critical for physical feasibility
- Support polygon requirements
 - Minimum number of supporting legs (≥ 2)
 - Adjacent leg coordination rules
 - These ensure basic stability

Optional Parameters:

- Energy efficiency metrics
 - Can be added later when optimizing performance
 - Not critical for basic gait generation
- Transition costs between states
 - Useful for smoothing transitions
 - Can be implemented in later iterations

Phase 2: MPPI Integration

1. Extend MPPI sampling space

- Add gait parameters to optimization
- Modify cost function to include gait costs

- Keep GRF optimization intact

2. Create new MPPI wrapper

- Separate random gait MPPI from existing implementation
- Use inheritance to extend `Sampling_MPC`
- Add new configuration options

3. Cost Function Design

- Primary Costs (Timing Optimization)
 - Phase transition feasibility
 - Minimum stance duration enforcement
 - Support polygon stability
 - Leg coordination penalties
- Stability Costs
 - Center of mass trajectory tracking
 - Support polygon metrics
 - Angular momentum bounds
- Secondary Costs (Optional)
 - Gait symmetry
 - Transition smoothness
 - Movement efficiency

Phase 3: Foothold Optimization

1. Create `FootholdOptimizer` class

- Sample foothold positions
- Add kinematic constraints
- Consider terrain information

2. Integration with random gaits

- Coordinate foothold and gait optimization
- Add combined cost functions
- Maintain stability guarantees

3. Performance Optimization

- JAX implementation for parallel sampling
- Efficient contact sequence representation
- Warm starting from previous solutions

Phase 4: Testing & Validation

1. Unit Tests

- Gait feasibility tests
- Foothold reachability tests
- Stability constraint tests

2. Integration Tests

- Combined gait-foothold optimization
- Performance benchmarks
- Compare with periodic gaits

3. Simulation Testing

- Test in different scenarios
- Measure success metrics
- Debug and optimize parameters

Directory Structure

```
quadruped_pympc/  
├── helpers/  
│   ├── random_gait_generator.py    # New file  
│   ├── gait_adapter.py             # New file  
│   └── foothold_optimizer.py       # New file  
├── controllers/  
│   └── sampling/  
│       └── random_gait_mppi.py     # New file  
└── tests/  
    ├── test_random_gait.py  
    ├── test_foohold_opt.py  
    └── test_combined_mppi.py
```

Implementation Order

1. Basic **RandomGaitGenerator** with tests
 - Basic gait mask generation
 - Stability constraints
 - Unit tests for constraints
2. Adapter interface implementation
 - Bridge to existing **PeriodicGaitGenerator**
 - Contact sequence conversion
3. MPPI extension for gait optimization
 - Timing parameter sampling
 - Cost function implementation
 - Testing with fixed footholds
4. Foothold optimization integration
5. Full system integration
6. Testing and validation
7. Parameter tuning and optimization

Success Metrics

- Gait feasibility rate

- Stability measures
- Tracking performance
- Computational efficiency/Computation time per optimization cycle