Org_Net_Ex_1

2024-03-14

```
options(warn = -1)
connections <- read.csv("E:/Users/pc/Downloads/Connections_Sohail.csv", skip = 2)</pre>
Connections_Sohail = connections
library(tidygraph)
## Attaching package: 'tidygraph'
## The following object is masked from 'package:stats':
##
      filter
library(tidyverse)
## -- Attaching core tidyverse packages ----- tidyverse 2.0.0 --
## v dplyr 1.1.3
                        v readr
                                    2.1.4
## v forcats 1.0.0
                        v stringr
                                    1.5.0
## v ggplot2 3.5.0
                        v tibble
                                    3.2.1
## v lubridate 1.9.3
                        v tidyr
                                    1.3.0
## v purrr
              1.0.2
## -- Conflicts ----- tidyverse_conflicts() --
## x dplyr::filter() masks tidygraph::filter(), stats::filter()
                    masks stats::lag()
## x dplyr::lag()
## i Use the conflicted package (<a href="http://conflicted.r-lib.org/">http://conflicted.r-lib.org/</a>) to force all conflicts to become error
library(igraph)
##
## Attaching package: 'igraph'
## The following objects are masked from 'package:lubridate':
##
##
      %--%, union
##
## The following objects are masked from 'package:dplyr':
##
##
       as_data_frame, groups, union
##
```

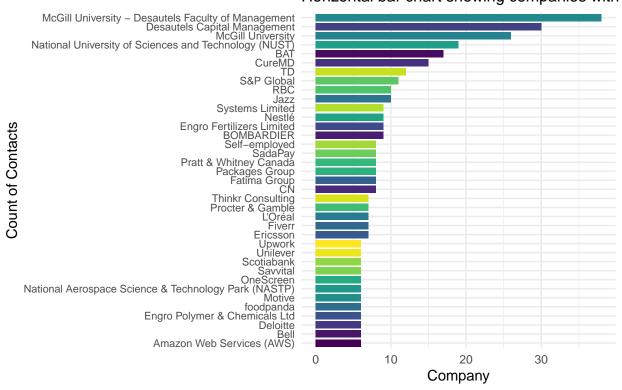
```
## The following objects are masked from 'package:purrr':
##
       compose, simplify
##
##
##
  The following object is masked from 'package:tidyr':
##
##
       crossing
##
## The following object is masked from 'package:tibble':
##
##
       as_data_frame
##
## The following object is masked from 'package:tidygraph':
##
##
       groups
##
##
  The following objects are masked from 'package:stats':
##
##
       decompose, spectrum
##
## The following object is masked from 'package:base':
##
##
       union
library(ggplot2)
library(vroom)
##
## Attaching package: 'vroom'
##
## The following objects are masked from 'package:readr':
##
##
       as.col_spec, col_character, col_date, col_datetime, col_double,
##
       col_factor, col_guess, col_integer, col_logical, col_number,
##
       col_skip, col_time, cols, cols_condense, cols_only, date_names,
##
       date_names_lang, date_names_langs, default_locale, fwf_cols,
##
       fwf_empty, fwf_positions, fwf_widths, locale, output_column,
##
       problems, spec
library(scales)
##
## Attaching package: 'scales'
##
## The following object is masked from 'package:vroom':
##
##
       col_factor
##
## The following object is masked from 'package:purrr':
##
##
       discard
##
## The following object is masked from 'package:readr':
```

```
##
##
       col_factor
library(ggraph)
library(ggtext)
library(ggrepel)
library(ggforce)
library(ggthemes)
library(patchwork)
library(qualpalr)
library(viridis)
## Loading required package: viridisLite
## Attaching package: 'viridis'
## The following object is masked from 'package:scales':
##
       viridis_pal
library(oaqc)
#Before Removing missing values
# Count the number of contacts by their current employer
counts_by_employer <- Connections_Sohail %>%
  group_by(Company) %>%
  summarise(count = n())
# Calculate the total count of contacts
total_count <- sum(counts_by_employer$count)</pre>
# Print the counts by employer
print(counts_by_employer)
## # A tibble: 1,135 x 2
##
      Company
                                 count
##
      <chr>>
                                 <int>
## 1 ""
                                    73
## 2 " Warren Insurance Group "
## 3 "28 Global Pvt. Ltd"
## 4 "5Y Capital"
## 5 "9 Mark Communications"
                                     1
## 6 "9D Technologies"
                                     1
## 7 "AEDesign (pvt) Ltd"
                                     1
## 8 "AFRY"
## 9 "AIESEC in Pakistan"
## 10 "AIN Engineering Services"
## # i 1,125 more rows
# Print the total count
print(paste("Total count of contacts:", total_count))
```

```
## [1] "Total count of contacts: 1813"
Connections_Sohail <- select(Connections_Sohail, -'Email.Address')</pre>
Connections_Sohail <- Connections_Sohail %>%
  mutate(
   label = str_c(
     First.Name,
     str_sub(Last.Name, 1, 1),
     as.character(row_number())
   )
  ) %>%
  select(label, Company) %>%
  filter(!is.na(Company) & Company != "") # Filter out NA and empty strings
#After removing missing values
# Count the number of contacts by their current employer
counts_by_employer <- Connections_Sohail %>%
 group_by(Company) %>%
 summarise(count = n())
# Calculate the total count of contacts
total_count <- sum(counts_by_employer$count)</pre>
# Print the counts by employer
print(counts_by_employer)
## # A tibble: 1,134 x 2
##
     Company
                                 count
##
      <chr>>
                                 <int>
## 1 " Warren Insurance Group "
## 2 "28 Global Pvt. Ltd"
## 3 "5Y Capital"
                                     1
## 4 "9 Mark Communications"
                                     1
## 5 "9D Technologies"
                                     1
## 6 "AEDesign (pvt) Ltd"
                                    1
## 7 "AFRY"
## 8 "AIESEC in Pakistan"
## 9 "AIN Engineering Services"
                                    1
## 10 "ALDO Group"
## # i 1,124 more rows
# Print the total count
print(paste("Total count of contacts:", total_count))
## [1] "Total count of contacts: 1740"
#Summarising
```

```
companies_with_more_than_5 <- Connections_Sohail %>%
  group_by(Company) %>%
  count(sort = TRUE) %>%
 filter(n > 5)
companies_with_more_than_5
## # A tibble: 37 x 2
## # Groups: Company [37]
##
     Company
                                                                n
##
      <chr>>
                                                            <int>
## 1 McGill University - Desautels Faculty of Management
                                                               38
## 2 Desautels Capital Management
                                                               30
## 3 McGill University
                                                               26
## 4 National University of Sciences and Technology (NUST)
                                                               19
## 5 BAT
                                                               17
## 6 CureMD
                                                               15
## 7 TD
                                                               12
## 8 S&P Global
                                                               11
## 9 Jazz
                                                               10
## 10 RBC
                                                               10
## # i 27 more rows
\# Histogram
ggplot(companies_with_more_than_5, aes(x = reorder(Company, n), y = n, fill = Company)) +
  geom_bar(stat = "identity", width=0.8) +
  coord_flip() +
 labs(
   x = "Count of Contacts",
   y = "Company",
   title = "Companies with More Than 5 Contacts",
   subtitle = "Horizontal bar chart showing companies with more than 5 contacts"
 ) +
 theme minimal() +
  scale_fill_viridis_d() +
 theme(
   legend.position = "none",
   axis.text.y = element_text(size = 8), # Adjust font size of y-axis labels
   plot.subtitle = element_text(size = 12)
 )
```

Companies with More Than 5 Contacts Horizontal bar chart showing companies with



```
# Preparing a dataframe for graph creation

df_connections <- Connections_Sohail %>%
    filter(Company %in% companies_with_more_than_5$Company) %>%
    group_by(Company) %>%
    summarise(label_combinations = list(combn(label, 2, simplify = FALSE))) %>%
    unnest(label_combinations) %>%
    transmute(
        from = map_chr(label_combinations, 1),
        to = map_chr(label_combinations, 2),
        company = Company
)

# View the resulting dataframe
print(df_connections)
```

```
## # A tibble: 2,683 x 3
##
      from
                                   company
##
      <chr>
                    <chr>
                                   <chr>
##
    1 SeungyeonH310 SebastienP313 Amazon Web Services (AWS)
##
    2 SeungyeonH310 SungbaeP318
                                   Amazon Web Services (AWS)
    3 SeungyeonH310 NikosV325
                                   Amazon Web Services (AWS)
##
##
    4 SeungyeonH310 VincentR332
                                   Amazon Web Services (AWS)
    5 SeungyeonH310 AnamZ1514
                                   Amazon Web Services (AWS)
##
##
    6 SebastienP313 SungbaeP318
                                   Amazon Web Services (AWS)
    7 SebastienP313 NikosV325
                                   Amazon Web Services (AWS)
    8 SebastienP313 VincentR332
                                   Amazon Web Services (AWS)
```

```
## 9 SebastienP313 AnamZ1514
                                 Amazon Web Services (AWS)
## 10 SungbaeP318 NikosV325 Amazon Web Services (AWS)
## # i 2,673 more rows
# Setting seed for reproducibility
set.seed(180)
# Sampling 30% of the connections and creating a graph
graph_data <- df_connections %>%
  slice_sample(prop = 0.30) %>%
  as_tbl_graph(directed = FALSE)
# Print the graph object to view its summary
print(graph_data)
## # A tbl_graph: 357 nodes and 804 edges
## #
## # An undirected simple graph with 42 components
## # A tibble: 357 x 1
## name
    <chr>
## 1 RoushniA834
## 2 MaazZ1417
## 3 AyeshaS792
## 4 Syed AliM832
## 5 Sania KhanT16
## 6 BrittannyJ161
## # i 351 more rows
## #
## # A tibble: 804 x 3
##
   from to company
   <int> <int> <chr>
## 1 1 257 Upwork
       2 258 SadaPay
## 2
## 3 3 214 Fatima Group
## # i 801 more rows
# Generating a color palette
color_palette <- qualpal(</pre>
  n = graph_data %>%
   activate(edges) %>%
    pull(company) %>%
    unique() %>%
    length(), # Number of unique companies in the graph's edges
  colorspace = "pretty" # Specifies the color space for the palette
)
# Create a data frame for plotting
palette_df <- data.frame(colors = color_palette$hex)</pre>
# Create a plot of the color palette with custom text sizes
ggplot(palette_df, aes(x = 1, y = colors, fill = colors, label = colors)) +
```

```
#EAC7CB
#E5DACA
#E2C0AA
#E2B6D9
#DDCDE3
                                                      #DC98A2
#DC98A2
#D9E5BB
#D698DC
#D1B87A
#CFD077
#CB9B6A
#CB92B2
#CADFD8
#C96D94
#C96C69
                                                      #C96C69
#C8ACE1
#C872BD
                                                      #C872BD
#C6A6B1
#C2B99D
#BFD5E8
#BC968C
#B9BBE4
#ABD589
#AAE1BB
#A9B783
#A78ABA
#A76DC9
                                                       #A76DC9
#9BD8DB
                                                      #9991D8
#8DAAD8
#8CB596
#82A3B2
#9991D8
#8DAAD8
#8CB596
 #82A3B2
#7669CA
#71BDD0
                                                       #7<u>1BDD0</u>
                                                      #70C7B2
#7089C6
#70C7B2
 #7089C6
#6CC884
```

```
#Example seeing connections in McGill University - Desautels Faculty of Management and Desauetls Capita
# Extract names associated with McGill University
mcgill_names <- df_connections %>%
    filter(company %in% c(
        "McGill University - Desautels Faculty of Management",
        "Desautels Capital Management"
)) %>%
    select(from, to) %>%
    pivot_longer(cols = c(from, to)) %>%
    distinct() %>%
    pull(value)
# Create a graph layout
```

graph_layout <- create_layout(graph_data, layout = "backbone", keep = 0.7)</pre>

```
# Visualize the graph
graph_vis <- ggraph(graph_layout) +</pre>
 geom_node_point(
   size = 4,
   color = ifelse(
     graph_data %>%
       activate(nodes) %>%
       pull(name) %in% mcgill_names,
     "brown",
     "black"
   )
 ) +
  geom_node_text(
   aes(label = name),
   repel = TRUE,
   max.overlaps = 5,
   check_overlap = TRUE,
   size = 2 # Adjust text size here if needed
 ) +
 geom_edge_link0(
   aes(color = company),
   show.legend = TRUE,
   width = 1
  scale_edge_color_manual(values = color_palette$hex) +
 theme_void() +
 theme(
   legend.position = "bottom",
   panel.border = element_rect(fill = NA)
 ) +
 labs(
   title = "LinkedIn Connections Network",
   subtitle = "Edges are colored based on the organization (sample of 30% of connections, organization
   caption = "Linkedin Connections Data by Ammad Sohail"
 )
# Preview the graph in the R plotting window
print(graph_vis)
```

LinkedIn Connections Network

Edges are colored based on the organization (sample of 30% of connections, organizations with



S)	_	Engro Fertilizers Limited	_	McGill University	_	Pra
	_	Engro Polymer & Chemicals Ltd	_	McGill University – Desautels Faculty of Management	_	Prc
	_	Ericsson	_	Motive	_	RB
	_	Fatima Group	_	National Aerospace Science & Technology Park (NASTP)	_	S&
	_	Fiverr	-	National University of Sciences and Technology (NUST)	_	Sa
	_	foodpanda	_	Nestlé	_	Sa
	_	Jazz	_	OneScreen	_	Scı
nent	_	L'Oréal	_	Packages Group	_	Se

Linkedin Connections Data by Ammad Sohail

```
# Saving the graph to a PNG file
ggsave("E:/Linkedin_Connections_Networks_Graph.png",
   graph_vis,
   width = 20,  # Set the width of the saved image
   height = 15,  # Set the height of the saved image
   dpi = 300,  # Set the resolution in dots per inch
   device = "jpg"  # Specify the type of graphics device
)

options(warn = 0)  # Reset to default behavior
```