Evaluate (any three)

- a) Derive reduction formula for $\int sec^n x dx$ and evaluate $\int sec^4 x dx$
- b) Show that $cosh^{-1}x = ln(x + \sqrt{x^2 1})$
- c) Evaluate $\int \frac{dx}{sinx+cosx}$ OR $\int \frac{dx}{1+coshx}$
- d) Compute $A = \lim_{n \to \infty} \sum_{k=1}^{n} f(x_k) \Delta x$ as a right end-point for curve $f(x) = \frac{x}{2}$, over [1,4]

Evaluate (any three)

- a) Derive reduction formula for $\int cosec^n x dx$ and evaluate $\int cosec^4 x dx$
- b) Show that $\frac{d}{dx} tanh^{-1}x = \frac{1}{1-x^2}$
- c) Evaluate $\int \frac{dx}{5+4\cos x}$ OR $\int \frac{dx}{\sqrt{1-e^{2x}}}$
- d) Compute $A = \lim_{n \to \infty} \sum_{k=1}^{n} f(x_k) \Delta x$ as a right end-point for curve f(x) = 5 x, over [0,5]

Evaluate (any three)

- a) Compute $A = \lim_{n \to \infty} \sum_{k=1}^{n} f(x_k) \Delta x$ as a left end-point for curve $f(x) = \frac{x}{2}$, over [1,4]
- b) Derive reduction formula for $\int sin^n x dx$ and evaluate $\int sin^4 x dx$
- c) Show that $cosh^{-1}x = ln(x + \sqrt{x^2 1})$
- d) Evaluate $\int \frac{dx}{sinhx + 2coshx}$ OR $\int \frac{sinx dx}{sinx + tanx}$