- 1. What is the difference between cat and more command? cat display all content of file more diplay some content and you can press enter to show more of content
- 2. What is the difference between rm and rmdir using man? rm delete a directory by option r and the file name rmdir remove a director by the file name only
- 3. Create the following hierarchy under your home directory

```
total 8
dir1 أغض dir4096 02:38 9 أغض
docs أغض 9 02:39 docs
amar@amar-Latitude-E6430
amar@amar-Latitude-E6430
total 16
لمُن 9 13.39 drwxrwxr-x 4 amar amar 4096
أمُن 9 drwxr-xr-x 7 amar amar 4096 02:34
dir1 أغض  dir4 dir4 طنع dir4
docs ئفنَ docs 1rwxrwxr-x 3 amar amar 4096
amar@amar-Latitude-E6430
./dir1:
./dir1/dir11:
ile1
/dir1/dir12:
/docs:
/docs/mycv:
 amar@amar-Latitude-E6430 🔰
```

a.Remove dir11 in one-step. What did you notice? And how did you overcome that?

the file1 is removed

because when you delete a directory you delete all content in init

b. Then remove dir12 using rmdir –p command. State what happened to the hierarchy (Note: you are in your home directory).

the command delete dir12 and empty directory in the path (dir1)

4. Copy the /etc/passwd file to your home directory making its name is mypasswd.

```
amar@amar-Latitude-E6430 | master | ls | mypassword | public | Templates | master | mypassword | my
```

6. You are in /usr/bin, list four ways to go to your home directory cd ~

cd /home/username/

cd .../.. cd /home/username

cd .../.. cd /home cd /username

- 7. Display the first 4 lines of /etc/passwd cat /etc/password | head -n4
- 8. Display the last 7 lines of /etc/passwd cat /etc/password | tail -n7

- 9. Display the man page of the passwd file
- 10. Display a list of all the commands that contain the keyword passwd in their man page?
  history | grep password

## lab 2

- 1.Create a user account with the following attribute sudo useradd sprint sudo passwd sprint sudo useradd -c "sprint academy" sprint
- 2. Create a user account with the following attribute sudo useradd baduser sudo passwd baduser sudo useradd -c "Bad User" baduser
- 3. Create a supplementary (Secondary) group called pgroup with group ID of 30000 groupadd -g 30000 pgroup
- 4- Create a supplementary group called badgroup groupadd badgroup
- 5. Add sprint user to the pgroup group as a supplementary group sudo usermod -a -G pgroup sprint

- 6. Modify the password of sprint's account to password sudo passwd sprint
- 7. Modify sprints's account so the password expires after 30 days sudo usermod -e 2022-09-10 sprint
- 8. Lock bad user account so he can't log in sudo usermod -s /sbin/nologin baduser
- 9. Delete bad user account sudo userdel baduser
- 10. Delete the supplementary group called badgroup sudo groupdel badgroup
- 11. Create a folder called myteam in your home directory and change its permissions to read only for the owner.

  mkdir myteam
  chmod u=rwx,g=,o= myteam
- 12. Log out and log in by another user su sprint
- 13. Try to access (by cd command) the folder (myteam) what do you note? canot cd to myteam

Change the permissions of oldpasswd file to give owner read and write permissions and for group write and execute and execute only for the others (using chmod in 2 different ways) chomd u=rw,g=wx,o=x oldpasswd chomd 631 oldpasswd

Change your default permissions to be as above. umask 631

What is the maximum permission a file can have, by default when it is just created? And what is that for directory. for file is 631 for directory 631

Change your default permissions to be no permission to everyone then create a directory and a file to verify.