a.
$$\lim_{x \to \infty} \frac{\ln(x^{2020})}{x}$$

$$= \lim_{x \to \infty} \frac{2020 \ln(x)}{x}$$

$$= 2020 \lim_{x \to \infty} \frac{\ln(x)}{x} = \frac{\infty}{\infty} \text{ (bertemu indeterminate form)}$$

Menggunakan aturan L'Hopital

$$\lim_{x \to a} \frac{f(x)}{g(x)} = \lim_{x \to a} \frac{f'(x)}{g'(x)}$$

sehingga didapat:

$$2020 \lim_{x \to \infty} \frac{\ln(x)}{x} = 2020 \lim_{x \to \infty} \frac{\frac{d}{dx} \ln(x)}{\frac{d}{dx} x}$$
$$= 2020 \lim_{x \to \infty} \frac{1/x}{1} = 2020 \lim_{x \to \infty} \frac{1}{x} = 2020 \cdot 0 = 0$$

b.
$$\lim_{x \to \infty} \frac{x^{2020}}{e^x} = \lim_{x \to \infty} (x^{2020}e^{-x}) = \infty \cdot 0$$
 (bertemu indeterminate form)

Menggunakan aturan L'Hopital

$$\lim_{x \to a} \frac{f(x)}{g(x)} = \lim_{x \to a} \frac{f'(x)}{g'(x)}$$

sehingga didapat:

$$\lim_{x\to\infty}\frac{x^{2020}}{e^x}=\lim_{x\to\infty}\frac{\frac{d}{dx}x^{2020}}{\frac{d}{dx}e^x}$$

$$= \lim_{x \to \infty} \frac{2020x^{2019}}{e^x} = \frac{\infty}{\infty} \text{ (masih bertemu indeterminate form, maka diturunkan lagi)}$$

$$= \lim_{x \to \infty} \frac{2020 \cdot 2019x^{2018}}{e^x} = \frac{\infty}{\infty} \text{ (masih bertemu indeterminate form, maka diturunkan lagi)}$$

$$= \lim_{x \to \infty} \frac{2020 \cdot 2019x^{2018}}{e^x} = \frac{\infty}{\infty} \text{ (masih bertemu indeterminate form, maka diturunkan lagi)}$$

$$= \lim_{x \to \infty} \frac{2020 \cdot 2019 \cdot 2018x^{2017}}{e^x} = \frac{\infty}{\infty} \text{ (masih bertemu indeterminate form, maka diturunkan lagi)}$$

diturunkan sebanyak 2020 kali, sehingga tidak menghasilkan indeterminate form lagi

(proses disingkat, hasilnya membentuk pola yang bagus, mudah dibaca)

menjadi factorial berikut

$$= \lim_{x \to \infty} \frac{2020 \cdot 2019 \cdot 2018 \cdot 2017 \cdot \ldots \cdot 1}{e^x} = \lim_{x \to \infty} \frac{2020!}{e^x} = \frac{2020!}{\infty} = 0$$

c.
$$\lim_{x \to \pi/2} \frac{3 \sec(x) + 5}{\tan(x)}$$

Catatan: $\tan(x) = \frac{\sin(x)}{\cos(x)}$, $\sec(x) = \frac{1}{\cos(x)}$

$$= \lim_{x \to \pi/2} \frac{3 \sec(x) + 5}{\sin(x) / \cos(x)}$$

$$= \lim_{x \to \pi/2} \left(\frac{3 \sec(x)}{\sin(x) / \cos(x)} + \frac{5}{\sin(x) / \cos(x)} \right)$$

$$= \lim_{x \to \pi/2} \left(\frac{3(1/\cos(x))}{\sin(x) / \cos(x)} + \frac{5}{\sin(x) / \cos(x)} \right)$$

$$= \lim_{x \to \pi/2} \left(\frac{3\cos(x)}{\cos(x)\sin(x)} + \frac{5\cos(x)}{\sin(x)} \right)$$

$$= \lim_{x \to \pi/2} \left(\frac{3}{\sin(x)} + \frac{5\cos(x)}{\sin(x)} \right)$$

$$= \left(\frac{3}{\sin(\pi/2)} + \frac{5\cos(\pi/2)}{\sin(\pi/2)} \right)$$

$$= \frac{3}{1} + \frac{5 \cdot 0}{1} = \frac{3}{1} + 0 = 3$$

 $= \left(\lim_{x \to \infty} x\right) \cdot (1 - 0)$

 $= \infty \cdot 1 = \infty$

$$\begin{aligned} \mathbf{d.} & \lim_{x \to \infty} [x - \ln(x)] \\ &= \lim_{x \to \infty} x \left[1 - \frac{\ln(x)}{x} \right] \text{ (dipecah menjadi 2 limit)} \\ &= \left(\lim_{x \to \infty} x \right) \cdot \left(\lim_{x \to \infty} \left[1 - \frac{\ln(x)}{x} \right] \right) \text{ (bertemu indeterminate form pada limit ke-2)} \\ & \underbrace{\left[\operatorname{Menggunakan aturan L'Hopital}_{x \to a} \right]_{g'(x)}}_{x \to a} \underbrace{\left[\operatorname{Im}_{x \to a} \frac{f'(x)}{g'(x)} \right]}_{x \to a} \\ &= \left(\lim_{x \to \infty} x \right) \cdot \left(\lim_{x \to \infty} \left[1 - \frac{\frac{d}{dx} \ln(x)}{\frac{d}{dx}x} \right] \right) \\ &= \left(\lim_{x \to \infty} x \right) \cdot \left(\lim_{x \to \infty} \left[1 - \frac{1}{x} \right] \right) \\ &= \left(\lim_{x \to \infty} x \right) \cdot \left(\lim_{x \to \infty} \left[1 - \frac{1}{x} \right] \right) \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{array}{ll} \mathbf{e}, & \lim\limits_{x\to 0} \left[\csc^2(x) - \frac{1}{x^2} \right] \\ \mathbf{Catatan:} & \csc(x) = \frac{1}{\sin(x)}, & \sin(2x) = 2\sin(x)\cos(x) \\ \\ = \lim\limits_{x\to 0} \left[\frac{1}{\sin^2(x)} - \frac{1}{x^2} \right] \\ \\ = \lim\limits_{x\to 0} \left[\frac{1}{x^2 \sin^2(x)} - \frac{\sin^2(x)}{x^2 \sin^2(x)} \right] & (\mathrm{disamakan penyebutnya}) \\ \\ = \lim\limits_{x\to 0} \frac{x^2}{x^2 \sin^2(x)} - \frac{6^2 - \sin^2(0)}{0^2 \sin^2(0)} = \frac{0}{0} & (\mathrm{bertemu indeterminate form}) \\ \\ \mathbf{Mengenmakan aturan I Hopital} \\ \lim\limits_{x\to 0} \frac{f(x)}{y(x)} = \lim\limits_{x\to 0} \frac{f(x)}{f(x)} \\ \\ \mathrm{schingga} & \lim\limits_{x\to 0} \frac{x^2 - \sin^2(x)}{x^2 \sin^2(x)} = \lim\limits_{x\to 0} \frac{\frac{dx}{dx} \left(x^2 - \sin^2(x)\right)}{\frac{dx}{dx} \left(x^2 - \sin^2(x)\right)} \\ \\ = \lim\limits_{x\to 0} \frac{2x - \sin(2x)}{2x \sin^2(x) + \sin(2x)x^2} = \frac{0}{0} & (\mathrm{masih bertemu indeterminate form, diturunkan lagi)} \\ \\ = \lim\limits_{x\to 0} \frac{\frac{dx}{dx} \left(2x - \sin(2x)\right)}{\frac{dx}{dx} \left(2x + \sin(2x)\right)} \\ \\ = \lim\limits_{x\to 0} \frac{1}{dx^2} \frac{2 - \cos(2x)}{2x^2 \cos(2x) + 4x \sin(2x) + 2\sin^2(x)} \\ \\ = \lim\limits_{x\to 0} \frac{1}{dx^2} \frac{1 - \cos(2x)}{2x^2 \cos(2x) + 2x \sin(2x) + \sin^2(x)} \\ \\ = \lim\limits_{x\to 0} \frac{\frac{dx}{dx} \left(1 - \cos(2x)\right)}{\frac{dx}{dx} \left(2 \cos(2x) + 2x \sin(2x) + 2\sin(2x) + 4x \cos(2x) + \sin(2x)\right)} \\ \\ = \lim\limits_{x\to 0} \frac{\frac{dx}{dx} \left(1 - \cos(2x)\right)}{2x \cos(2x) + 2x \sin(2x) + 2\sin(2x) + 4x \cos(2x) + \sin(2x)} \\ \\ = \lim\limits_{x\to 0} \frac{\frac{dx}{dx} \left(2 \cos(2x) + 2x \sin(2x) + 2\sin(2x) + 2\sin(2x) + 4x \cos(2x) + \sin(2x)\right)}{2x \cos(2x) + 3\sin(2x) - 2x^2\sin(2x)} \\ \\ = \lim\limits_{x\to 0} \frac{dx}{dx} \left(2 \sin(2x)\right) \\ \\ = \lim\limits_{x\to 0} \frac{dx}{dx} \left(2 \cos(2x) + 3\sin(2x) - 2x^2\sin(2x)\right) \\ \\ = \lim\limits_{x\to 0} \frac{dx}{dx} \left(2 \cos(2x) - 12x \sin(2x) - 2x^2\sin(2x)\right) \\ \\ = \lim\limits_{x\to 0} \frac{dx}{dx} \left(2 \cos(2x) - 12x \sin(2x) - 2x^2\sin(2x)\right) \\ \\ = \lim\limits_{x\to 0} \frac{dx}{dx} \left(2 \cos(2x) - 2\cos(2x) - 4x \sin(2x)\right) \\ \\ = \lim\limits_{x\to 0} \frac{dx}{dx} \left(2 \cos(2x) - x^2\cos(2x) - 4x \sin(2x)\right) \\ \\ = \lim\limits_{x\to 0} \frac{dx}{dx} \left(2 \cos(2x) - x^2\cos(2x) - 4x \sin(2x)\right) \\ \\ = \lim\limits_{x\to 0} \frac{dx}{dx} \left(2 \cos(2x) - x^2\cos(2x) - 4x \sin(2x)\right) \\ \\ = \lim\limits_{x\to 0} \frac{dx}{dx} \left(2 \cos(2x) - x^2\cos(2x) - 4x \sin(2x)\right) \\ \\ = \lim\limits_{x\to 0} \frac{dx}{dx} \left(2 \cos(2x) - x^2\cos(2x) - 4x \sin(2x)\right) \\ \\ = \lim\limits_{x\to 0} \frac{dx}{dx} \left(2 \cos(2x) - x^2\cos(2x) - 4x \sin(2x)\right) \\ \\ = \lim\limits_{x\to 0} \frac{dx}{dx} \left(2 \cos(2x) - x^2\cos(2x) - 4x \sin(2x)\right) \\ \\ = \lim\limits_{x\to 0} \frac{dx}{dx} \left(2 \cos(2x) - x^2\cos(2x) - 4x \sin(2x)\right) \\ \\ = \lim\limits_{x\to 0} \frac{dx}{dx} \left(2 \cos(2x) - x^2\cos(2x) - 2x \cos(2x) - 2x \sin(2x$$