



VIT AP

Numerical Methods for Engineers [MAT2001 - 136]

Marks: 50

Duration: 90 mins.

NM2-MAT2001

Answer all the questions.

- 1) The current flowing in a circuit is describe by  $\frac{1}{2} \frac{di}{dt} + 10i = 12$ . Assuming that that the initial current is zero, find the current flowing in the circuit at  $i(0.2)$  using Piccard's method. Compare the numerical result obtained with the exact solution. (15 Marks) (15)
- 2) The concentration of a chemical in a batch reactor can be modeled by the differential equation:  $\frac{dC}{dt} = \frac{-k_1 C}{1 + k_2 C}$ . Given that  $C(0)=1$ ,  $k_1=2$ ,  $k_2=0.1$  find  $C(0.2)$  using Runge - Kutta fourth order method. (15 Marks) (15)
- 3) Use the explicit method to solve the heat conduction equation  $kT_{xx} = T_t$  for the temperature distribution of the long, thin rod. The rod is of length 10 cm. At  $t = 0$ . The temperature of the rod is zero and the boundary conditions are fixed for all times at  $T(0) = 100^\circ \text{C}$  and  $T(10) = 50^\circ \text{C}$ . Note that the rod is aluminum with  $C = 0.2174 \text{ cal/(g} \cdot ^\circ \text{C)}$  and  $\rho = 2.7 \text{ g/cm}^3$  and  $k' = 0.49 \text{ cal/(s.cm} \cdot ^\circ \text{C)}$ . Perform the numerical calculations for  $\Delta x = 2 \text{ cm}$ , and  $\Delta t = 0.1 \text{ s}$ . (Hint:  $k = k' / \rho C = 0.49 / (2.7 \cdot 0.2174) = 0.835 \text{ cm}^2 / \text{s}$  and  $\lambda = k \Delta t / (\Delta x)^2 = 0.835(0.1) / (2)^2 = 0.020875$ ). (20 Marks) (20)

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