## Jacobi Iterative Method

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```
A=[5 -2 3; -3 9 1; 2 -1 -7]
b=[-1;2;3]
N=40
x=[1,1,1]
jacobi(A, b, N)
function jacobi(A, b, N)
test=all((2*abs(diag(A)))- sum(abs(A),2)>=0);
if test==0
    A([1 \ 2],:) = A([2 \ 1],:);
    b([1\ 2]) = b([2\ 1]);
end
test=all((2*abs(diag(A)))- sum(abs(A),2)>=0);
if test==0
    A([2\ 1],:) = A([1\ 2],:);
    b([2 1]) = b([1 2]);
    A([1 3],:) = A([3 1],:);
    b([1 3]) = b([3 1]);
    disp("not a dominant vector")
end
disp(" dominant vector")
d=diag(A);
D=diag(d);
disp("Displaying the diagonal matrix")
disp(D)
D inv=inv(D);
disp("Displaying the inverse of diagonal matrix")
disp(D_inv)
E=A-D;
disp("Displaying remainder matrix")
disp(E)
x=[1;1;1];
T=-D_inv*E;
C=D_inv*b;
for j=1:N
    x=T*x+C;
end
```

disp("Here are the result of the following matrix: ") <math>disp(x) end

## **OUTPUT**



