Project Title: Snakes & Ladders - Dungeon Escape

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1. Project Overview

Project Topic:

Snakes & Ladders - Dungeon Escape is an Al-driven twist on the classic board game. In this version, players navigate through a dungeon where **snakes are monsters** and **ladders are secret tunnels**. The Al dynamically places obstacles to prevent the player from reaching the final destination (Tile 100). Players must strategize using power-ups like shields, teleportation, and snake repellents while racing against time to escape.

Objective:

The goal is to create a **challenging AI opponent** that dynamically adjusts difficulty by placing obstacles (snakes) in response to the player's movements. The project will focus on **game AI**, **heuristic-based decision-making**, and real-time strategy adaptation.

2. Game Description

Original Game Background:

The classic **Snakes & Ladders** game consists of a **100-tile board** where players select moves (1-6) to move forward. Landing on a ladder advances the player, while landing on a snake pushes them back. The objective is to reach Tile 100 first within time constraint.

Innovations Introduced:

- Al as Dungeon Master: Al dynamically places snakes (monsters) based on the player's movement pattern, making the game more unpredictable.
- Power-Ups for Player: Players can collect shields, teleportation scrolls, snake repellents, and AI slow-down items to increase their chances of winning. But these power ups will be hidden at first and be only visible when reaching that tile (luck -based)

- **Dungeon Theme:** The board represents a dungeon where ladders are **hidden tunnels**, and players can collect **keys**, **weapons**, **and potions** to fight monsters.
- **Time Constraint:** The player must **escape before time runs out**, adding urgency to the gameplay.
- **Final Boss Mechanic:** Al will attempt a **final challenge** by sending a powerful monster when the player is near escape (Tile 90+), making the endgame more intense.

These changes make the game **strategic**, **Al-driven**, and **interactive**, rather than just luck-based.

3. Al Approach and Methodology

AI Techniques to be Used:

- **Rule-Based AI**: AI analyzes the player's movement pattern and places snakes dynamically.
- Heuristic-Based Decision Making: All predicts high-risk tiles and places obstacles accordingly.
- **Path Optimization**: All calculates the best positions to slow down the player strategically.
- Monte Carlo Simulation (Optional): All can test different obstacle placements and choose the best.
- Minimax Algorithm: Al decision-making for snake placement based on player movement prediction.
- Alpha-Beta Pruning (if applicable): Optimizing Minimax to reduce computational complexity.
- **Scikit-learn (Optional)**: Al training for adaptive difficulty using reinforcement learning techniques.

Heuristic Design:

- All evaluates the board to determine where the player is likely to move and places snakes accordingly.
- All adjusts difficulty based on player progress and power-up usage.

Complexity Analysis:

- Al Decision Making: O(n) complexity for board evaluation and snake placement.
- Player Movement Simulation: O(1) per move.

• Path Prediction (if implemented): O(n log n) for predicting the best/worst paths for the player.

4. Game Rules and Mechanics

Modified Rules:

- Player selects (1-6) steps to move forward.
- Al dynamically places new obstacles (snakes) predicting what step user can take
- Power-ups randomly appear on tiles:
 - Shield: Blocks the next snake.
 - Feleport: Instantly moves the player forward by 10 tiles.
 - Snake Repellent: Neutralizes the nearest snake.
 - Slow Down AI: All cannot place new obstacles for 2 turns.
- **Keys & Weapons:** Some tunnels require a **key** to use, and weapons allow players to **fight monsters** instead of falling down.

Winning Conditions:

- Player wins by reaching Tile 100 within the time limit.
- Al wins if time runs out or the player is forced back too many times.

Turn Sequence:

- 1. Player selects step move and moves forward.
- 2. Player encounters power-ups, tunnels, or monsters.
- 3. Al reacts after every turn by placing new obstacles.
- 4. Game continues until the player reaches 100 or time expires.

5. Implementation Plan

Programming Language: Python

Libraries and Tools:

Tool	Purpose
Python	Main programming language
Pygame	For graphical user interface (GUI)
NumPy	Dice roll probability calculations
Scikit-learn (Optional)	Al training for adaptive difficulty
Minimax Algorithm	Al decision-making for snake placement based on player movement prediction
Monte Carlo Simulation	Player move prediction
Alpha-Beta Pruning (if applicable)	Optimizing Minimax for better performance
Heuristics	Smart placement of snakes to increase game difficulty

Milestones and Timeline:

- Week 1-2: Finalize game design, rules, and Al approach.
- Week 3-4: Implement board, movement mechanics, and AI snake placement logic.
- Week 5-6: Add power-ups, weapons, and dungeon mechanics.
- Week 7: Integrate AI strategy and optimize difficulty scaling.
- Week 8: Final testing, bug fixes, and documentation.

6. References

- Game development tutorials using Pygame
- Al strategy design for board games and adversarial play