09-Classical Assumptions

Prove that
$$E(\hat{\beta}_z) = \beta_z$$
.

$$\hat{\beta}_2 = \frac{\sum (x_i - \overline{x})(y_i - \overline{y})}{\sum (x_i - \overline{x})^2}$$

$$Z(x;-\overline{x})(y;-\overline{y})=Z(x;-\overline{x})y;$$

$$\Rightarrow \hat{\beta}_2 = \frac{\sum (x; -\overline{x}) y;}{\sum (x; -\overline{x})^2}$$

Then
$$\beta_2 = \frac{\sum (x_i - \overline{x})(\beta_i + \beta_2 x_i + u_i)}{\sum (x_i - \overline{x})^2}$$

$$=\frac{\sum (x_i-\overline{x})\beta_1+\sum (x_i-\overline{x})x_i\beta_2+\sum (x_i-\overline{x})u_i}{\sum (x_i-\overline{x})^2}$$

$$= \frac{\sum (x_i - \overline{x})^2}{\sum (x_i - \overline{x})^2}$$

$$= \underbrace{(x_i - \overline{x})^2} + \underbrace{(x_i - \overline{x})x_i} + \underbrace{(x_i - \overline{x})a_i}_{x_i}$$

 $= \overline{2} \times_{1}^{2} - \overline{2} \times \overline{2} \times_{1} - \overline{2} \times \overline{2} \times_{1} + \overline{2} \times \overline{2}$ $= \overline{2} \times_{1}^{2} - 2 \overline{2} \times \overline{2} \times_{1} + \overline{2} \times \overline{2}$

 $=\overline{2}(x,-\overline{x})^2$

homed
$$\overline{Z}(x; -\overline{x}) = 0$$

$$\overline{Z}(x; -\overline{x}) \times = \overline{Z}(x; -\overline{x})^2 \longrightarrow \overline{Z}(x; -\overline{x}) \times = \overline{Z$$

Then
$$\hat{\beta}_2 = \hat{\beta}_2 + \frac{\sum (x_i - \overline{x}) y_i}{\sum (x_i - \overline{x})^2}$$

Take expectations:

$$E(\hat{\beta}_{z}) = \beta_{z} + E\left(\frac{\Sigma(x; -\overline{x})u_{i}}{\overline{\Sigma(x; -\overline{x})^{2}}}\right)$$

$$= E\left(\frac{1}{\overline{\Sigma(x; -\overline{x})^{2}}} \overline{\Sigma(x; -\overline{x})u_{i}}\right)$$

$$= \frac{1}{\overline{\Sigma(x; -\overline{x})^{2}}} \overline{\Sigma(x; -\overline{x})u_{i}}$$

$$E(u|X)=0 \Rightarrow E(u)=0$$

$$E(u|x)=0 \Rightarrow E(u)=0$$

$$E(\beta_2) = \beta_2 + \frac{1}{\sum(x_i-x)^2} \sum(x_i-x)(0)$$

$$= \beta_2$$

Q.E.D.

Derive
$$Var(\hat{\beta}_z)$$

$$\hat{\beta}_z = \hat{\beta}_z + \frac{1}{Z(x_i - \bar{x})^2} Z(x_i - \bar{x}) u_i$$

$$Var(\hat{\beta}_z) = Var(\hat{\beta}_z + \frac{1}{Z(x_i - \bar{x})^2} Z(x_i - \bar{x}) u_i)$$

$$= Var(\frac{1}{Z(x_i - \bar{x})^2} Z(x_i - \bar{x}) u_i)$$

$$= (\frac{1}{Z(x_i - \bar{x})^2})^2 Var(Z(x_i - \bar{x}) u_i)$$

$$= (\frac{1}{Z(x_i - \bar{x})^2})^2 Z(x_i - \bar{x})^2 Var(u_i)$$

$$= (\frac{1}{Z(x_i - \bar{x})^2})^2 Z(x_i - \bar{x})^2 Var(u_i)$$

$$Var(\hat{\beta}_z) = \frac{1}{Z(x_i - \bar{x})^2} Z(x_i - \bar{x})^2 O^2$$

$$Var(\hat{\beta}_z) = \frac{1}{Z(x_i - \bar{x})^2} Z(x_i - \bar{x})^2 O^2$$