What is Econometrics?

EC 320: Introduction to Econometrics

Amna Javed Winter 2020

Prologue

About me

Amna Javed

- Fourth year doctoral student in economics
- · Development Economics and applied econometrician
- I study the economics of gender (early marriage and crime)

Where can you find me?

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Motivation

Why study econometrics?

- 1. Develop **skills that employers value**.
- 2. Cultivate **healthy skepticism**.
- 3. Learn about the world using **data**.

Motivation

Why study econometrics?

Provide answers to important questions

- Do minimum wage policies reduce poverty?
- Does the death penalty deter violent crime?
- Do income shocks affect long term education outcomes?
- Are recessions good for your health?
- How will global warming affect the economy?
- Does building more schools increase future wages?
- What explains the gender pay gap?

Econometrics

Most econometric inquiry concerns one of two distinct goals:

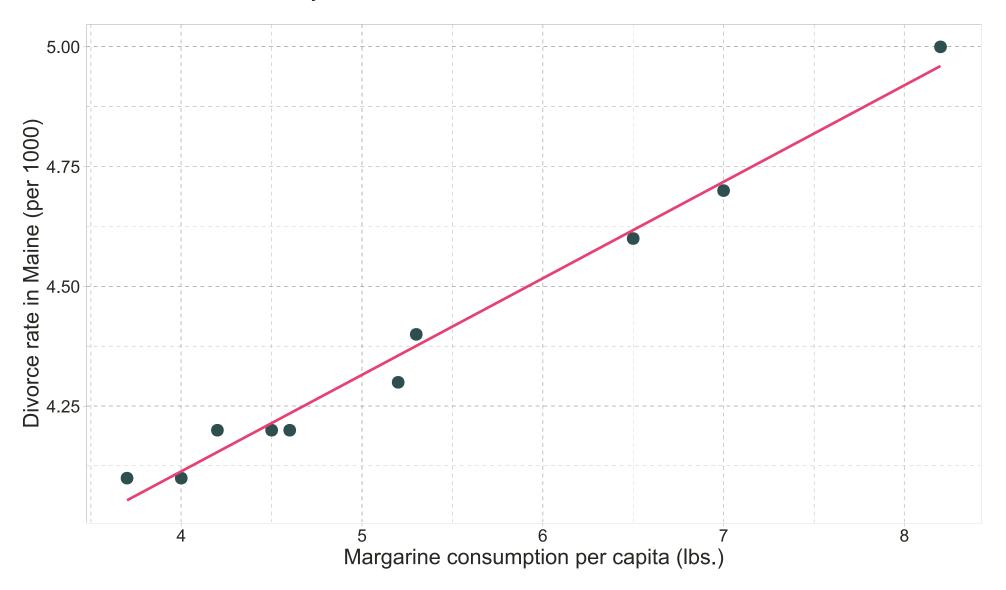
- 1. **Prediction:** Accurately predict or forecast an outcome given a set of predictors. Given what we know about x, what values do we expect y to take?
- 2. **Causal identification:** Estimate the effect of an intervention on an outcome. How does y change when we change x?

The main focus of EC 320 and EC 421 is causal identification.

• But...both rely on a common set of statistical techniques.

Econometrics

Not all relationships are causal



Econometrics

Correlation vs. Causation

Common refrain: "Correlation doesn't necessarily imply causation!"

- **Q:** Why might correlation fail to describe a causal relationship?
- A: Omitted-variables bias, selection bias, simultaneity, reverse causality.

Correlation can imply causation.

- Requires strong assumptions.
- · Real life often violates these assumptions!
- · Solutions: Conduct an experiment or find a natural experiment.

Recent study by UO economist Grant McDermott and coauthors.

Question: Do commercial fishers preempt fishing bans by increasing their fishing effort before the bans go into effect?

Motivation

- · Recent conservation efforts seek to preserve aquatic habitat and increase fish stocks.
- Policy lever: Restrict fishing activity in marine protected areas.
- · Concern: Preemptive behavior could decrease fish stocks.

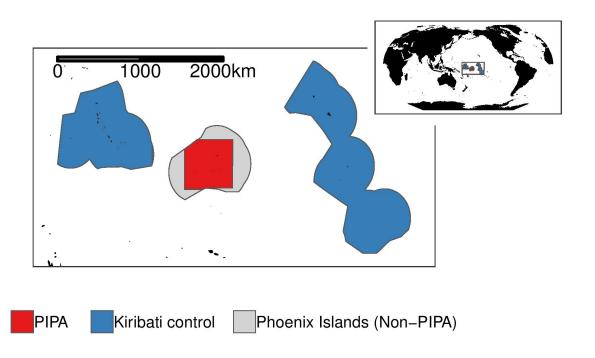
Data

Vessel-level data on fishing effort/intensity.

Natural Experiment

Phoenix Islands Protected Area (PIPA)

- · First mentioned on 1 September 2014; implemented 1 January 2015.
- Treatment group: PIPA.
- · Control group: Outlying Kiribati islands.

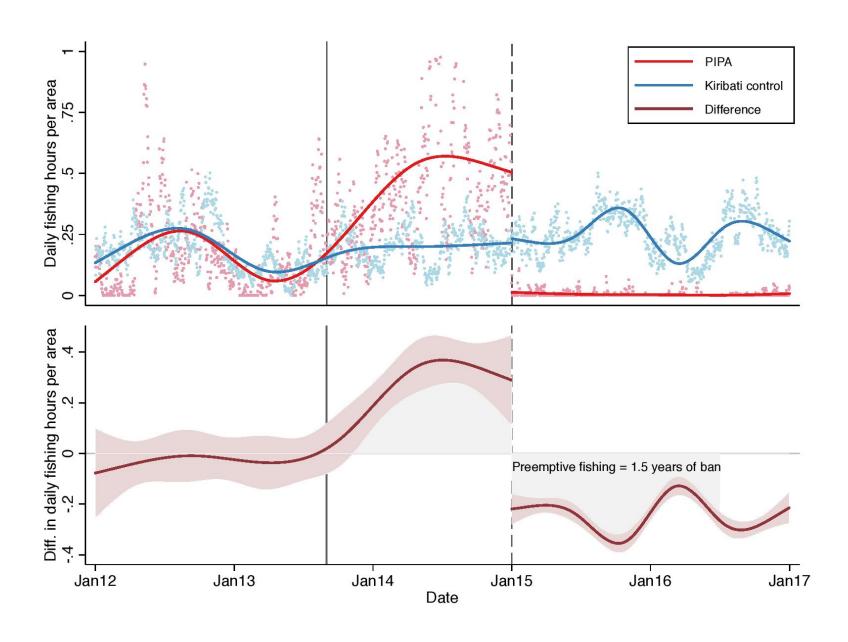


Natural Experiment

Measure the causal effect of the fishing ban by comparing fishing effort in treatment and control regions, before-and-after PIPA.

- A difference-in-differences comparison.
- **Assumption:**Parallel trends. If we believe this assumption, then the observed change supports a causal interpretation. If not, then the change could reflect other factors and thus fail to isolate the causal effect of the ban.

Results



Discussion

Results provide causal evidence that commercial fishers engage in preemptive behavior in response to conservation policy changes.

Results are *consistent* with economic theory, but *cannot prove* that the theory is correct.

- · Science cannot prove anything.
- Science can falsify or reject existing hypotheses or corroborate existing evidence.

Also...the causal statement rests on a critical assumption.

- · Cannot prove that the assumption is true, but can falsify it.
- Failure to falsify \neq assumption is true.

What is R?

According to the R project website,

R is a free software environment for statistical computing and graphics. It compiles and runs on a wide variety of UNIX platforms, Windows and MacOS.

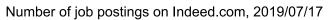
What does that mean?

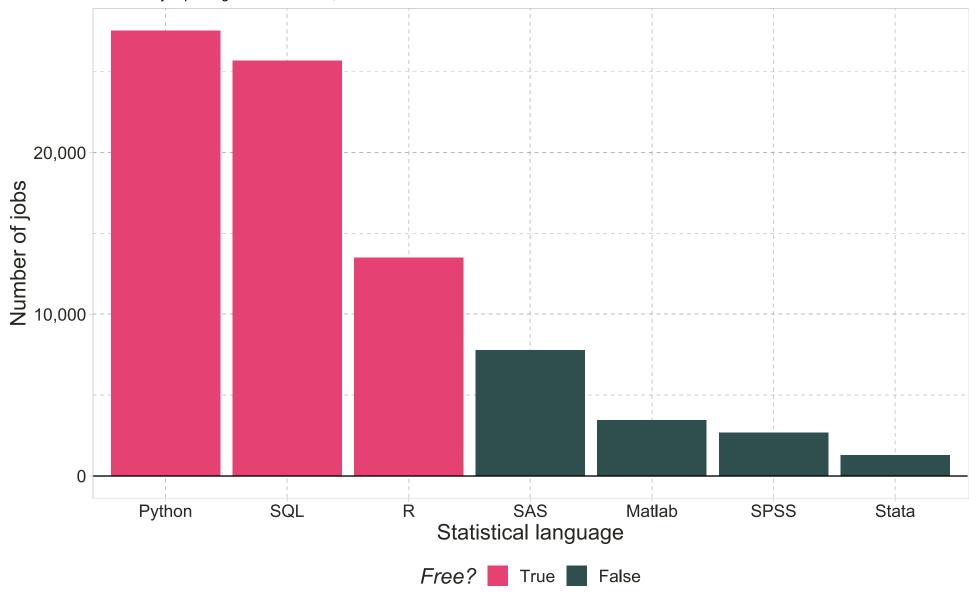
- R is **free** and **open source**.
- R executes a variety of statistical techniques and produces beautiful graphs.
- R has a vibrant, thriving online community (see stack overflow).

Why are we using R?

- 1. R is **free**.
- 2. **R is popular** among economists, political scientists, psychologists, sociologists, geographers, anthropologists, biologists, data scientists, and statisticians.
- 3. **Employers prefer R** over most competing software environments.
- 4. R can **adapt to nearly any task**: 'metrics, spatial data analysis, machine learning, web scraping, data cleaning, website building, teaching.

Comparing statistical languages



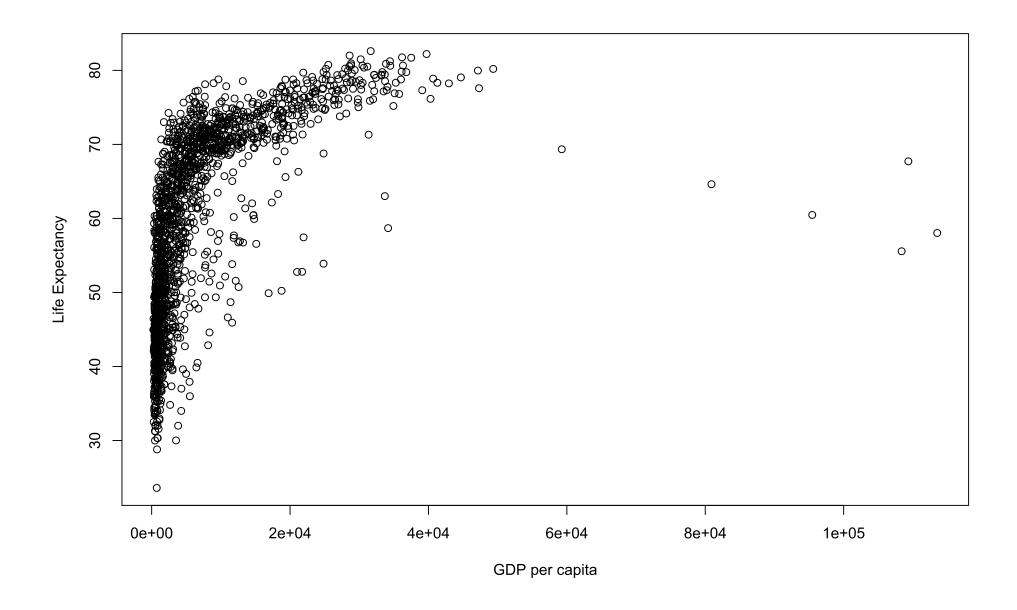


R + [Examples]

R + Regression

```
# A simple regression
fit \leftarrow lm(mpg \sim 1 + wt, data = mtcars)
 # Show the coefficients
coef(summary(fit))
              Estimate Std. Error t value Pr(>|t|)
#>
#> (Intercept) 37.285126 1.877627 19.857575 8.241799e-19
#> wt
             -5.344472 0.559101 -9.559044 1.293959e-10
# A nice, clear table
library(broom)
tidy(fit)
#> # A tibble: 2 x 5
               estimate std.error statistic p.value
#>
   term
   <chr>
                  <dbl>
                           <dbl>
                                     <dbl>
                                             <dbl>
#>
#> 1 (Intercept) 37.3 1.88
                                     19.9 8.24e-19
#> 2 wt
                 -5.34 0.559
                                     -9.56 1.29e-10
```

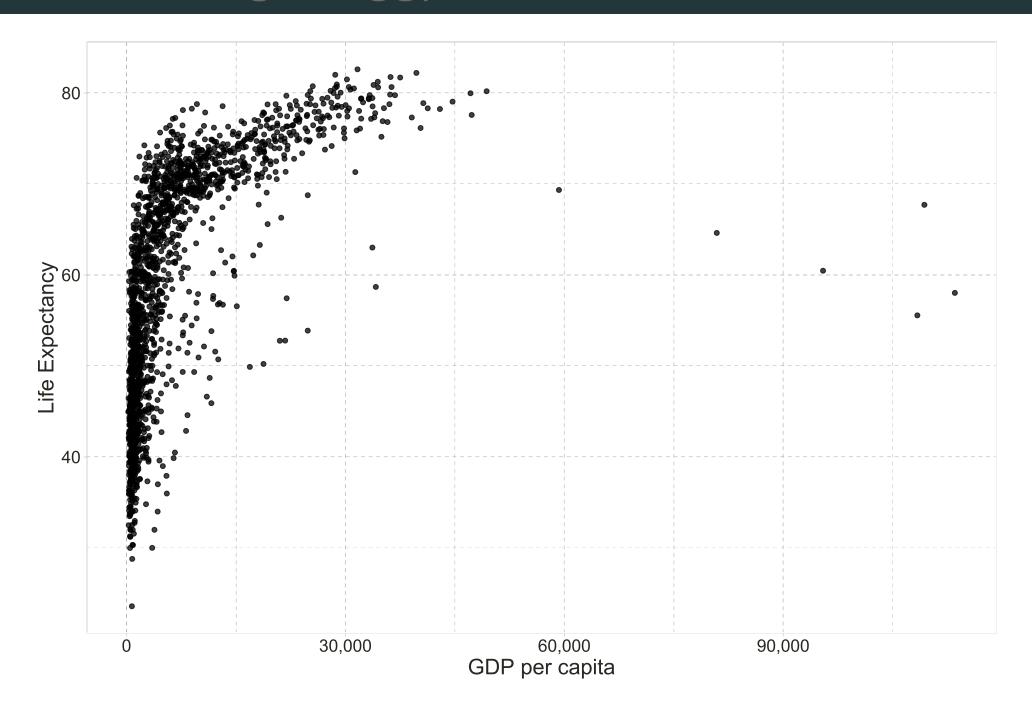
R + Plotting (w/ plot)



R + Plotting (w/ plot)

```
# Load packages with dataset
library(gapminder)
# Create dataset
plot(
    x = gapminder$gdpPercap, y = gapminder$lifeExp,
    xlab = "GDP per capita", ylab = "Life Expectancy"
)
```

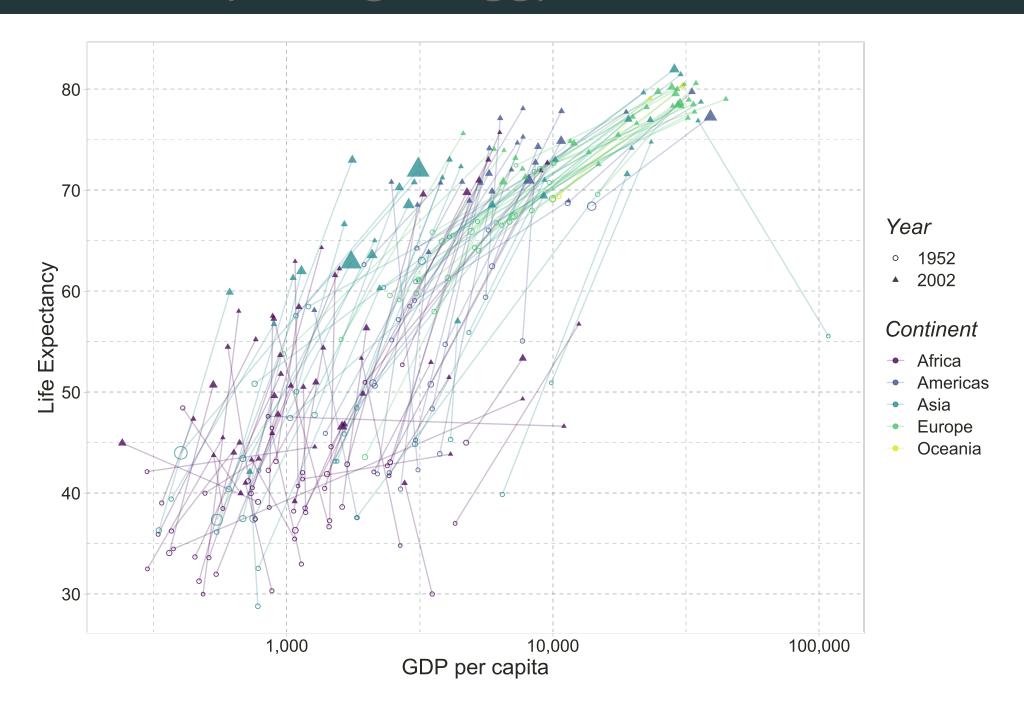
R + Plotting (w/ggplot2)



R + Plotting (w/ggplot2)

```
# Load packages
library(gapminder); library(dplyr)
# Create dataset
ggplot(data = gapminder, aes(x = gdpPercap, y = lifeExp)) +
geom_point(alpha = 0.75) +
scale_x_continuous("GDP per capita", label = scales::comma) +
ylab("Life Expectancy") +
theme_pander(base_size = 17, base_family = "Fira Sans", fc = met_slate)
```

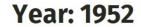
R + More plotting (w/ggplot2)

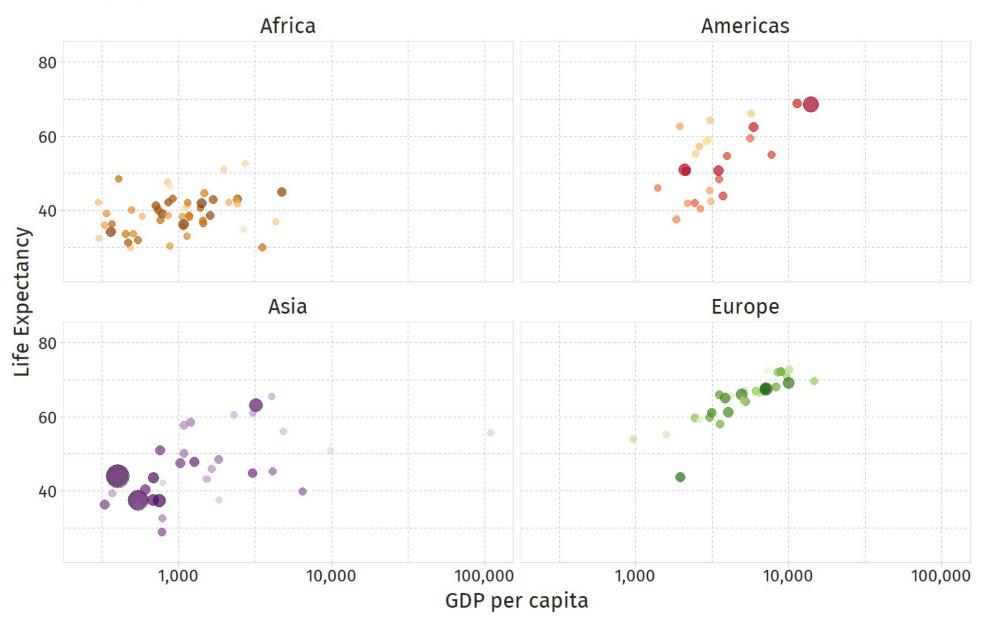


R + More plotting (w/ggplot2)

```
# Load packages
library(gapminder); library(dplyr)
# Create dataset
ggplot(
   data = filter(gapminder, year %in% c(1952, 2002)),
   aes(x = gdpPercap, y = lifeExp, color = continent, group = country)
) +
geom_path(alpha = 0.25) +
geom_point(aes(shape = as.character(year), size = pop), alpha = 0.75) +
scale_x_log10("GDP per capita", label = scales::comma) +
ylab("Life Expectancy") +
scale_shape_manual("Year", values = c(1, 17)) +
scale_color_viridis("Continent", discrete = T, end = 0.95) +
guides(size = F) +
theme_pander(base_size = 17, base_family = "Fira Sans", fc = met_slate)
```

R + Animated plots (w/gganimate)



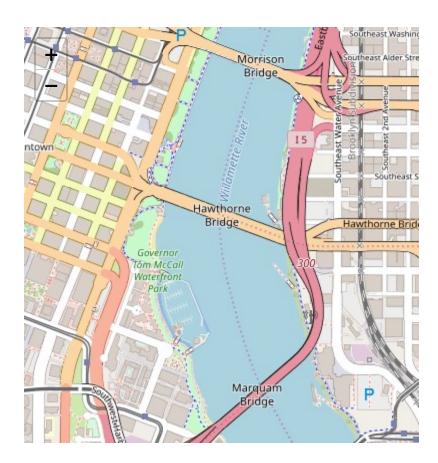


R + Animated plots (w/gganimate)

```
# The package for animating ggplot2
library(gganimate)
# As before
myPlot ← ggplot(
  data = gapminder %>% filter(continent \neq "Oceania"),
  aes(gdpPercap, lifeExp, size = pop, color = country)
) +
geom point(alpha = 0.7, show.legend = FALSE) +
scale colour manual(values = country colors) +
scale size(range = c(2, 12)) +
scale x log10("GDP per capita", label = scales::comma) +
facet wrap(~continent) +
theme_pander(base_size = 17, base_family = "Fira Sans", fc = met slate) +
theme(panel.border = element rect(color = "grey90", fill = NA)) +
# Add gganimate code
labs(title = "Year: {frame time}") +
ylab("Life Expectancy") +
transition time(year) +
ease aes("linear")
animate(myPlot, duration = 5, fps = 20, width = 200, height = 200)
anim save("gganimate L2.gif")
```

R + Maps

```
library(leaflet)
leaflet() %>%
  addTiles() %>%
  addMarkers(lng = -122.6793, lat = 45.51887, popup = "Pioneer Courthouse Square")
```

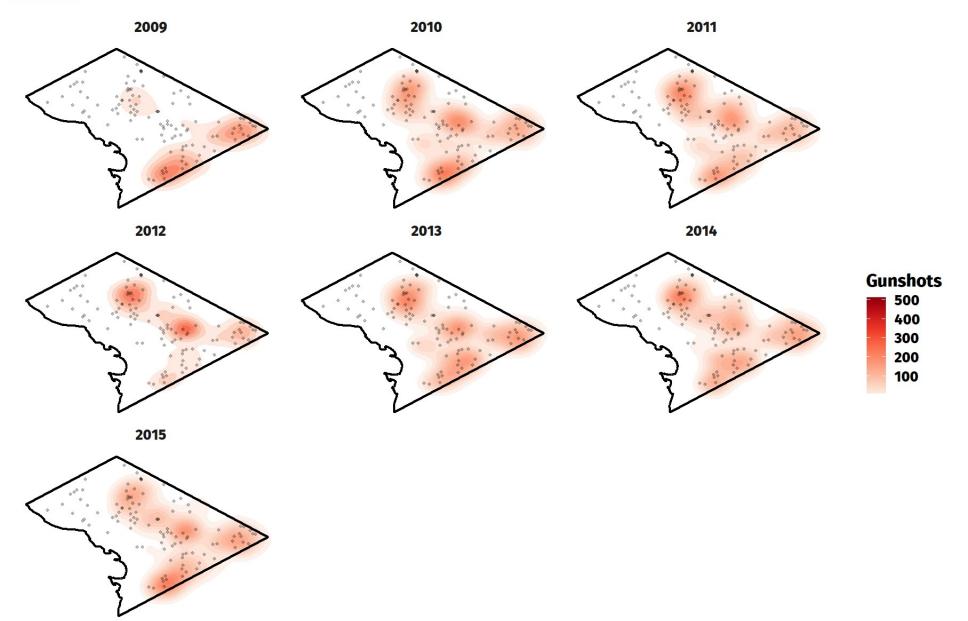


Leaflet | © OpenStreetMap contributors, CC-BY-SA

R + Animated maps (w/gganimate)

Gunshots Detected Near Schools in Washington, DC

Month: 1



Getting Started with R

Starting R

Installation

- · Install R.
- · Install RStudio.
- **Note:**All academic workstations at the UO have R, but having a copy of R on your computer will prove useful for the econometrics sequence and 400-level elective courses.

Resources

- Google and StackOverflow
- Time
- Your classmates
- Your GE
- Me

Syllabus

· Some housekeeping...