

PhylogeneticGraph
Program Documentation
Version 0.1

Ward C. Wheeler
Division of Invertebrate Zoology,
American Museum of Natural History,
200 Central Park West, New York, NY, 10024, USA;
wheeler@amnh.org

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1 Introduction

This document contains descriptions of algorithms, procedures, data structures and other aspects of the source code documentation for the program PhylogeneticGraph (PhyG).

PhyG is a successor program to POY (?????) <https://github.com/wardwheeler/POY5>, although a “complete” Haskell rewrite, optimized C (and even some assembler) was ported over from POY for pairwise alignment of small alphabet (j8) sequences. These functions are access via the Haskell FFI.

2 Overview of Code base

Source code structure.

3 Command Parsing

4 Post-Order Graph Traversal

4.1 Trees

A decorated Graph (tree) is created for each character for each block for the graph. For exact characters, where no addition traversals are required, the specified or default outgroup sets the direction of the graph. For non-exact (e.g. sequence) characters the best traversal rooting is stored for each character in each block although the cost of the graph is recalculated based on the best traversal (over all edges in the graph), the preliminary (post-order) states are not propagated back to the decorated graph (third field of phylogenetic graph). After the pre-order pass, the final states are propagated back. Vertices are not renumbered during the rerooting process, so indices remain unchanged.

Preliminary states (post-order) are determined for exact and non-exact characters as in ?.

5 Pre-Order Graph Traversal

5.1 Trees

Final state assignments of root vertices are set to the preliminary, post-order state. Final states are propagated back to the decorated graph (third field of phylogenetic graph). Vertices are not renumbered during the rerooting process, so indices remain unchanged.

Final states (pre-order) are determined for exact and non-exact characters as in ?. Currently final states for non-exact characters (e.g. sequence) are set as the median between the gapped preliminary state of the vertex and the final state of its parent (for a tree), ‘extra’ gaps in preliminary state are propagated to the gaped left and right descendant sequences, left, right, and parent final sequences should now line up and a 3-median can be calculated.

6 Adding New Character Types

Current character types include Additive, Non-Additive, Matrix, Slim Sequences, Wide Sequences, and Huge Sequences. Functions that branch on character types need to be updates and are found in:

- GraphOptimization.Medians.hs
 - Median2Single
 - Median2SingleStaticIA
 - Union2Single
 - GetPrealignedUnion
 - getPreAligned2Median
- GraphOptimization.PreOrderFunctions.hs
 - updateCharacter
 - getCharacterDistFinal
 - setFinal
- Commands.Transform.hs
 - transformCharacter
- Commands.CommandExecution.hs
 -
- Types.Types.hs
 -
- Utilities.Utilities.hs
 -
- Utilities.ThreeWayfunctions.hs
 - threeMedianFinal
- Support.Support.hs
 -
- Functions with “== NonAdd” etc will need extra cases for any new character type

6.1 Execution in Parallel

By default the program will execute using a single process core. By specifying the options ‘+RTS -NX -RTS’ where ‘X’ is the number of processors offered to the program. These are specified after the program as in (for 4 parallel threads):

PhyGraph +RTS -N4 -RTS other options...

Parallel code options are set using a parmap-type strategy throughout the code. The basic definitions of this functionality are found in ParallelUtilities.hs

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7 Bibliography