PRACTICAL: 13A

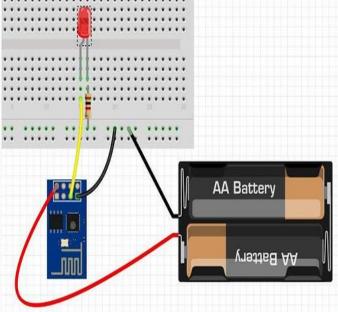
AIM: To interface LED using ESP01 and GPIO and Timer

ARDUINO CODE:

```
/*********
* Author: Shreejicharan
* Title: To interface LED using ESP01 and GPIO and Timer.
* Date: 27/05/2017
* Time: 6:00
* Email: shreejicharanelectronics@gmail.com
**********
/*Using GPIO and Timer: Using inbuilt timer of ESP, blink LED at an interval of one second.
*/
#define LED 2
void setup()
pinMode(LED,OUTPUT);
void loop()
 digitalWrite(LED,HIGH);
delay(5000);
digitalWrite(LED,LOW);
 delay(5000);
```

SIMULATION:





PRACTICAL: 13B

AIM: Print a statement on Serial Terminal USING ESP-01.

ARDUINO CODE:

```
/******************

* Author: Shreejicharan

* Title: Print a statement on Serial Terminal.

* Date: 27/05/2017

* Time: 6:00

* Email: shreejicharanelectronics@gmail.com

**********************

/*Using UART for Serial Print:Print a statement on Serial Terminal

*

//

void setup()
{
    Serial.begin(9600);
}

void loop()
{
    Serial.println("Hello ESP8266");
    delay(500);
}
```

SIMULATION:

PRACTICAL: 13A

AIM: Using ADC for analog sensing for ESP-01.

ARDUINO CODE:

```
/********
* Author: Shreejicharan
* Title: Using ADC for analog sensing.
* Date: 27/05/2017
* Time: 6:00
* Email: shreejicharanelectronics@gmail.com
*********
/*Using ADC for analog sensing: Use POT as an analog input to ESP8266 and print its value
on serial terminal * */
#define SENSOR A0
void setup()
 Serial.begin(9600);
 pinMode(SENSOR,INPUT);
                                                                            DS18B20
delay(2000);
                                                          +3.3V
                                                  RX
 Serial.println("ADC");
void loop()
float value;
 value = analogRead(SENSOR);
 Serial.print("value is:" );
 Serial.println(value);
delay(1000);
                                                     Shreejicharan Electronics
SIMULATION:
                                                GND
```

PRACTICAL: 13A

AIM: Use I2C pins for communication with LCD and display characters on it.

ARDUINO CODE:

```
/********
* Author: Shreejicharan
* Title: Use I2C pins for communication with LCD and display characters on it.
* Date: 27/05/2017
* Time: 6:00
* Email: shreejicharanelectronics@gmail.com
**********
/*Using I2C communication: Use I2C pins for communication with LCD and display
characters on it. */
#include <Wire.h>
#include <LiquidCrystal_I2C.h>
LiquidCrystal_I2C lcd(0x3F,16,2);
// set the LCD address to 0x3F for a 16 chars and 2 line display
void setup()
                      // initialize the lcd
 lcd.init();
 // Print a message to the LCD.
 lcd.backlight();
 lcd.print("Hello, world!");
void loop()
SIMULATION:
```

PRACTICAL: 13A

AIM: GPIO to change the brightness of LED using pulse width modulation.

ARDUINO CODE:

```
/********
* Author: Shreejicharan
* Title: Use GPIO to change the brightness of LED using pulse width modulation.
* Date: 28/05/2017
* Time: 7:00
* Email: shreejicharanelectronics@gmail.com
****************
/*Using PWM:Use GPIO to change the brightness of LED using pulse width modulation * */
#define LED 2
#define analogPin A0
void setup()
 pinMode(LED,OUTPUT);
pinMode(analogPin, INPUT);
void loop()
 // Reverse Logic for the inbuilt LED
 for (int i=1023; i>600;i--){
 analogWrite(LED, i);
 delay(10);
 }
```

SIMULATION:

