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```

```
#import necessary libraries
import random
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
```

```
#initialize values
n=10 #number of bits
alpha= 0.1 #noise level
z= 120 #given
count= 10000000 #number of iterations
```

```
values= [2,5,8,10]
```

```
numerator= 0
denominator= 0
bits= [0 for i in range(10)] #initialize to 0
constant= ((1-alpha)/(1+alpha))
```

```
#lists to store values for 2,5,8,10 for different iteration counts
l = []
plot_points= count/500 #for 500 different values
```

```
for i in values:
    temp_list = []
    for j in range(count):
```

```
        #Randomly generate numbers between 0 and 1
        bits= [random.randint(0,1) for i in range(10)]
```

```
        #Calculating f(B)
        #f(B)=  $\sum_{i=1}^n (2^{i-1}) \cdot B_i$ 
        temp= [(2**i)*bits[i] for i in range(10)]
        f_B= sum(temp)
```

```
        # Calculating  $P(Z|B_1, B_2, \dots, B_n)$ 
        power= abs(z- f_B)
        prob= constant * pow(alpha, power)
        #summing all probabilities for denominator value of equation
        denominator+= prob
        if bits[i-1]== 1: #indicator function
            numerator+= prob
```

```
        #calculating probabilities for every 20000 iterations for plot
        if j%plot_points == 0 and j>0:
            t= numerator/denominator
            temp_list.append(t)
```

```
temp= numerator/denominator
```

```
l.append(temp_list)
print(i, temp)
```

```
#Probabilities for all iteration counts for 2,5,8,10
```

```
l_2 = l[0]
```

```
l_5 = l[1]
```

```
l_8 = l[2]
```

```
l_10= l[3]
```

```
x_axis= [num for num in range(20000, 10000000, 20000)]
```

```
#Plotting
```

```
plt.plot(x_axis, l_2)
```

```
plt.plot(x_axis, l_5)
```

```
plt.plot(x_axis, l_8)
```

```
plt.plot(x_axis, l_10)
```

```
plt.legend(['2', '5', '8', '10'])
```

```
plt.xlabel('Number of iterations')
```

```
plt.ylabel('Probability')
```

```
plt.show()
```