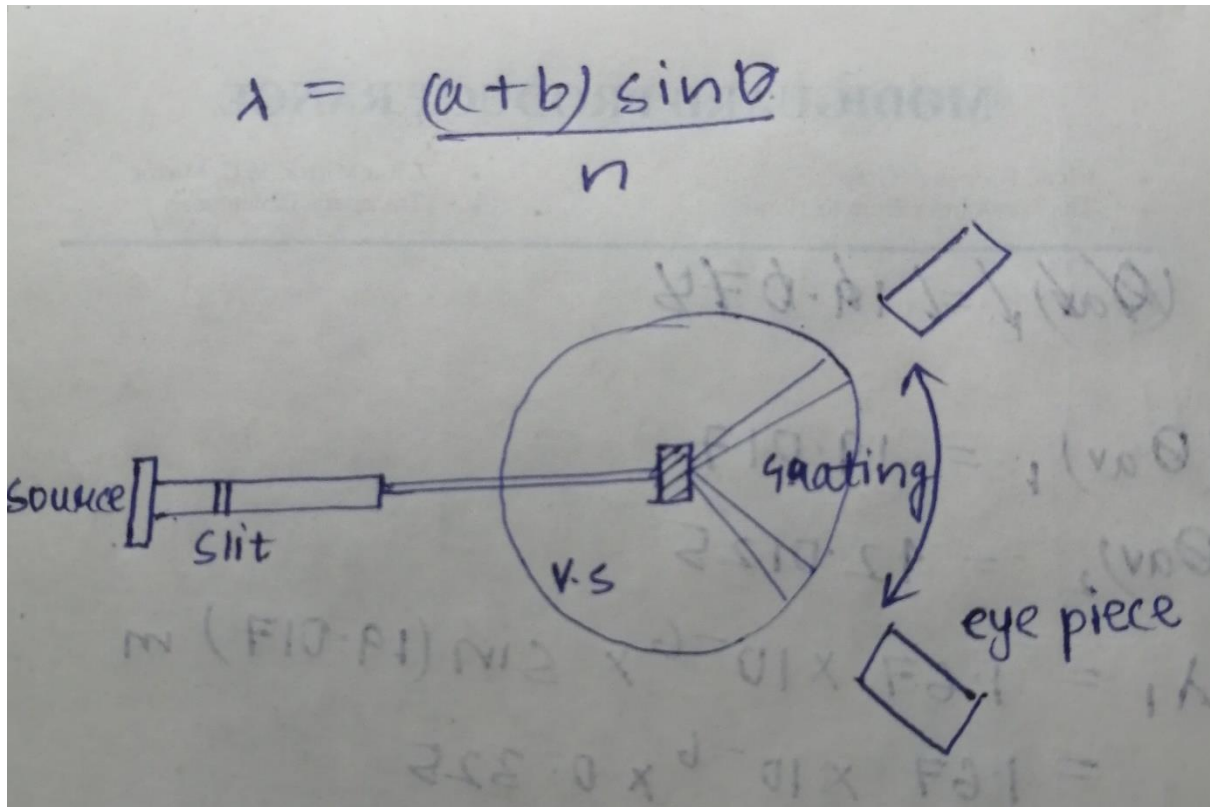


EXPERIMENT-4

AIM: To find the wavelength of mercury green light by diffraction grating using spectrometer.

APPARATUS: Spectrometer, diffraction grating element and mercury vapor lamp.

THEORY:



OBSERVATION: Least count=1/120 degrees

Grating element $(a+b) = 1/600 \text{ mm} = 1.67 \times 10^{-6} \text{ m}$

Wavelength of mercury green light actual=546.1nm

S. No	Order of diffraction(n)	Left Spectrum			Right Spectrum		
		MSR	VSR	Total	MSR	VSR	Total
1	1	341	5	341.041	19	9	19.075
2	2	315	3	315.025	39	6	39.050

CALCULATION:

$$\begin{aligned}(\theta_{av})_1 &= 19.017 \\(\theta_{av})_2 &= 42.0125 \\ \lambda_1 &= 1.67 \times 10^{-6} \times \sin(19.017) \text{ m} \\ &= 1.67 \times 10^{-6} \times 0.325 \\ &= 0.54275 \times 10^{-6} \\ &= 542.75 \text{ nm} \\ \lambda_2 &= \frac{1.67 \times 10^{-6}}{2} \times \sin(42.0125) \\ &= \frac{1.67 \times 10^{-6}}{2} \times 0.669 \\ &= 558.61 \text{ nm} \\ \lambda &= \frac{\lambda_1 + \lambda_2}{2} = 550.68 \text{ nm.} \\ \% \text{ ERROR} &= \frac{550.68 - 546.1}{546.1} = 0.8\%.\end{aligned}$$

RESULT: Wavelength of mercury green light as determined from experiment is 550.68nm.

Percentage error is 0.8%.

PRECAUTIONS: 1) The mechanical adjustment of the telescope should be carried.

2) The slit used must be as narrow as possible.

3) Use reading lens while recording the vernier scales.

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