

CIS5200 Term Project Tutorial



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Date: 04/12/2018

Lab Tutorial

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04/12/2018

Data Analysis using Spark (NYC-Parking Ticket)

Objectives

In this hands-on lab, you will learn how to:

- Uploaded the dataset for New York Parking system
- Data cleaning using Hive
- HiveQL commands to perform the analysis
- Visualization in Power BI, Tableau and 3D map

Platform Spec

Oracle Big Data Compute Edition

• CPU Speed: 2195.084

• # of CPU cores: 4 cores, 1 Socket

• # of nodes: 5 nodes

• Total Memory Size: 32GB

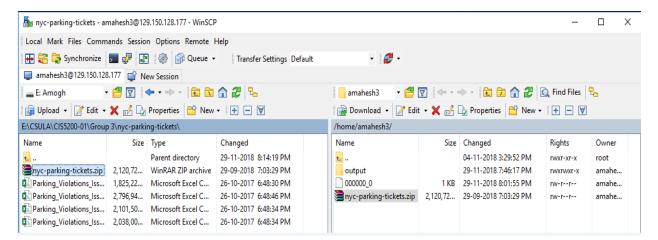
INTRODUCTION

The NYC Department of Finance collects data on every parking ticket issued in NYC (~10M per year!). The Department of Finance is responsible for collecting and processing payments for all parking tickets and camera violations. This dataset gives an insight on ticket resolution and to guide policymakers. This project will illustrate the usage of Hadoop, MapReduce, HiveQL to generate data, Microsoft PowerBI and 3D map to visualize data.

Step 1: Data Upload to server

Server IP: 129.150.129.67

• Dataset **nyc-parking-tickets.zip** of size 2GB has been uploaded to the server through WinSCP



• Use the command **unzip nyc-parking-tickets.zip** to extract the files as a csv format.

Step 2: Uploading data to HDFS

• Use this command to upload the data from the Linux server to HDFS

```
hdfs dfs -put Parking_Violations_Issued_-_Fiscal_Year_2014.csv
hdfs dfs -put Parking_Violations_Issued_-_Fiscal_Year_2015.csv
hdfs dfs -put Parking_Violations_Issued_-_Fiscal_Year_2016.csv
hdfs dfs -put Parking_Violations_Issued_-_Fiscal_Year_2017.csv
```

```
-bash-4.1$ hdfs dfs -put Parking_Violations_Issued_-_Fiscal_Year_2014.csv
-bash-4.1$ hdfs dfs -put Parking_Violations_Issued_-_Fiscal_Year_2015.csv
-bash-4.1$ hdfs dfs -put Parking_Violations_Issued_-_Fiscal_Year_2016.csv
-bash-4.1$ hdfs dfs -put Parking_Violations_Issued_-_Fiscal_Year_2017.csv
```

• Create folders using **mkdir** command, Change the permission for the file using below command to get full access to the file,

```
Hdfs dfs -chmod -R o+w Group3/master 2014
Hdfs dfs -chmod -R o+w Group3/master 2015
Hdfs dfs -chmod -R o+w Group3/master 2016
Hdfs dfs -chmod -R o+w Group3/master 2017
```

```
-bash-4.1$ hdfs dfs -mkdir Group3/master2014
-bash-4.1$ hdfs dfs -chmod -R o+w Group3/master2014/
-bash-4.1$ hdfs dfs -mw Group3/Parking_Violations_Issued_-_Fiscal_Year_2014.csv Group3/master2014/
-bash-4.1$ hdfs dfs -chmod -R o+w Group3/master2014/
-bash-4.1$ hdfs dfs -mkdir Group3/master2015/
-bash-4.1$ hdfs dfs -chmod -R o+w Group3/master2015/
-bash-4.1$ hdfs dfs -mv Group3/Parking_Violations_Issued_-_Fiscal_Year_2015.csv Group3/master2015/
-bash-4.1$ hdfs dfs -mkdir Group3/master2016
-bash-4.1$ hdfs dfs -chmod -R o+w Group3/master2016/
-bash-4.1$ hdfs dfs -chmod -R o+w Group3/master2016/
-bash-4.1$ hdfs dfs -mv Group3/Parking_Violations_Issued_-_Fiscal_Year_2016.csv Group3/master2016/
-bash-4.1$ hdfs dfs -mkdir Group3/master2016/
-bash-4.1$ hdfs dfs -chmod -R o+w Group3/master2016/
-bash-4.1$ hdfs dfs -mkdir Group3/master2017/
-bash-4.1$ hdfs dfs -mv Group3/Parking_Violations_Issued_-_Fiscal_Year_2017.csv Group3/master2017/
-bash-4.1$ hdfs dfs -chmod -R o+w Group3/master2017/
-bash-4.1$ hdfs dfs -chmod -R o+w Group3/master2017/
```

Step 3: Connecting server to HIVE

• Use the command **beeline** to connect with to Hive

!connect jdbc:hive2://cis5200-bdcsce-4.compute-08214094.oraclecloud.internal:2181,cis5200-bdcsce-2.compute-608214094.oraclecloud.internal:2181,cis5200-bdcsce-3.compute-608214094.oraclecloud.internal:2181/;serviceDiscoveryMode=zooKeeper;zooKeeperN amespace=hiveserver2?tez.queue.name=interactive bdcsce_admin

```
-bash-4.1$ beeline
WARNING: Use "yarn jar" to launch YARN applications.
Beeline version 1.2.1000.2.4.2.0-258 by Apache Hive
beeline> !connect jdbc:hive2://cis5200-bdcsce-4.compute-608214094.oraclecloud.internal:2181,cis5200-bdcsce-2.com
pute-608214094.oraclecloud.internal:2181,cis5200-bdcsce-3.compute-608214094.oraclecloud.internal:2181/;serviceDi
scoveryMode=zooKeeper;zooKeeperNamespace=hiveserver2?tez.queue.name=interactive bdcsce_admin
Connecting to jdbc:hive2://cis5200-bdcsce-4.compute-608214094.oraclecloud.internal:2181,cis5200-bdcsce-2.compute
-608214094.oraclecloud.internal:2181,cis5200-bdcsce-3.compute-608214094.oraclecloud.internal:2181/;serviceDiscov
{	t eryMode=zooKeeper;zooKeeperNamespace=hiveserver2?tez.queue.name=interactive}
Enter password for jdbc:hive2://cis5200-bdcsce-4.compute-608214094.oraclecloud.internal:2181,cis5200-bdcsce-2.co
mpute-608214094.oraclecloud.internal:2181,cis5200-bdcsce-3.compute-608214094.oraclecloud.internal:2181/;serviceD
iscoveryMode=zooKeeper;zooKeeperNamespace=hiveserver2?tez.queue.name=interactive:
Connected to: Apache Hive (version 1.2.1000.2.4.2.0-258)
Driver: Hive JDBC (version 1.2.1000.2.4.2.0-258)
Transaction isolation: TRANSACTION_REPEATABLE_READ
0: jdbc:hive2://cis5200-bdcsce-4.compute-6082>
```

Step 4: Creating Database

• Use the command to create database,

Create database group3;

• To view the newly created database use,

Show databases;

```
0: jdbc:hive2://cis5200-bdcsce-4.compute-6082> show databases;
      database name
 abugari3
 acano19
 achan97
 ali31
 aliu38
 amahesh3
 asolank5
 atasgao
 baseball salaries
 baseball salaries dpaz6
 bseto
 bwonse
 clope151
 default
 dha
 dmanato
 dnayak
 dpakhal
 group3
```

Step 5: Creating Tables in Database

• To Create External table, use below command,

```
CREATE EXTERNAL TABLE IF NOT EXISTS NYC parking2015 (Summons Number
     BIGINT, Plate ID STRING, Registration State STRING, Plate Type
     STRING, Issue Date STRING, Violation Code BIGINT, Vehicle Body Type
     STRING, Vehicle Make STRING, Issuing Agency STRING, Street Code1
     BIGINT, Street Code2 BIGINT, Street Code3
     BIGINT, Vehicle Expiration Date BIGINT, Violation Location
     STRING, Violation Precinct BIGINT, Issuer Precinct BIGINT, Issuer Code
     BIGINT, Issuer Command STRING, Issuer Squad STRING, Violation Time
     STRING, Time First Observed STRING, Violation County
     STRING, Violation In Front Of Or Opposite STRING, House number
     BIGINT, Street Name STRING, Intersecting Street
     STRING, Date First Observed BIGINT, Law Section BIGINT, Sub Division
     STRING, Violation Legal Code STRING, Days Parking In Effect
     STRING, From Hours In Effect STRING, To Hours In Effect
     STRING, Vehicle Color STRING, Unregistered Vehicle
     STRING, Vehicle Year BIGINT, Meter number BIGINT, Feet From Curb
     BIGINT, Violation Post Code STRING, Violation Description
     STRING, No Standing or Stopping Violation STRING, Hydrant Violation
     STRING, Double Parking Violation STRING, Latitude BIGINT, Longitude
     BIGINT, Community Board
                                 BIGINT, Community Council
     BIGINT, Census Tract BIGINT, BIN BIGINT, BBL
                                                      BIGINT, NTA STRING)
ROW FORMAT DELIMITED FIELDS TERMINATED BY ','
STORED AS TEXTFILE LOCATION '/user/amahesh3/Group3/master2014'
TBLPROPERTIES ('skip.header.line.count'='1');
```

NOTE: Use the same create table query for the other 3 years.

As the New york city parking ticket dataset has more number of uwanted data like blank cells and irrelevent data it needs to be filter out and saved as New file Clean_nyc2014, Clean_nyc2015, Clean_nyc2016, Clean_nyc2017 in the path /user/amahesh3/ Group3/

• Use the below command to clean the dataset,

```
CREATE TABLE clean nyc2014
 ROW FORMAT DELIMITED FIELDS TERMINATED BY ','
 STORED AS TEXTFILE LOCATION
'/user/amahesh3/Group3/master2014/clean nyc2014'
SELECT
     summons number, plate id, registration state, plate type, issue date
     , violation code, vehicle body type, vehicle make, issuing agency, st
     reet code1, street code2, street code3, vehicle expiration date, iss
     uer code, issuer command, violation time, time first observed, viola
     tion county, violation in front of or opposite, house number, stree
     t name, date first observed, vehicle color, vehicle year, meter numb
     er, violation description from nyc parking2015
where
     registration state != 99 OR plate id != 999 OR vehicle make != '
     ' OR street code1 != 0 OR street code2 != 0 OR street code3 != 0
     OR issuer code != 0 OR time first observed != ' ' OR
     violation county != ' ' OR violation in front of or opposite !=
      ' ' OR house number != ' ' OR vehicle color != ' ' OR
     vehicle year != 0 OR meter number != ' ' OR
     violation description != ' ';
```

NOTE: Use the same create table query for the other 3 years.

• Use the command to view all the tables in the database,

Show tables;

Step 7: Creating Hive Queries to Analyze Data

The following Hive queries analyses the New York city parking tickets for the following year 2014.

1. Query to analyse the Total number of Violated Parking tickets which has been recorded during in the year 2014

```
CREATE TABLE tickets_count_2014
ROW FORMAT DELIMITED FIELDS TERMINATED BY ','
STORED AS TEXTFILE LOCATION
/user/amahesh3/Group3/master2014/clean_nyc2014/tickets_count_2014'
AS
select count(summons_number) as number_of_violations from clean_nyc2014;
```

Query to find out top 10 registration state of the vehicle which has done Parking violation NYC in 2014.

```
CREATE TABLE vehicle_registered_state2014
ROW FORMAT DELIMITED FIELDS TERMINATED BY ','
STORED AS TEXTFILE LOCATION
'/user/amahesh3/Group3/master2014/clean_nyc2014/vehicle_registered_state2014'
AS
select registration_state, count(registration_state) as number_of_vehicle_registered from clean_nyc2014 group by registration_state order by number_of_vehicle_registered desc limit 10;
```

3. Query to find out top 10 violations in NYC based on the vehicle body types in the year 2014.

```
CREATE TABLE violations_vehicle_type2014
ROW FORMAT DELIMITED FIELDS TERMINATED BY ','
STORED AS TEXTFILE LOCATION
'/user/amahesh3/Group3/master2014/clean_nyc2014/violations_vehicle_type2014'
AS
select vehicle_body_type, count(vehicle_body_type) as number_of_vehicles from clean_nyc2014 where vehicle_body_type != "" group by vehicle_body_type order by number_of_vehicles desc limit 10;
```

```
0: jdbc:hive2://cis5200-bdcsce-4.compute-6082> select * from violations_vehicle_type2014;
 violations_vehicle_type2014.vehicle_body_type | violations_vehicle_type2014.number_of_vehicles
 4DSD
                                                 I 2513564
 VAN
                                                  | 1384386
                                                  730517
 SDN
 2DSD
 PICK
                                                   226119
 UTIL
                                                   78454
 TRAC
                                                   62699
0 rows selected (0.076 seconds)
```

4. Query to find out top 10 vehicle which has violated the parking law of New York city frequently in the following years,

```
CREATE TABLE tickets_for_plate_id2014
ROW FORMAT DELIMITED FIELDS TERMINATED BY ','
STORED AS TEXTFILE LOCATION
'/user/amahesh3/Group3/master2014/clean_nyc2014/tickets_for_plate_id2014'
AS
select plate_id , vehicle_body_type, vehicle_make, count(plate_id) as tickets_received
from clean_nyc2015 where plate_id != "BLANKPLATE" group by plate_id ,
vehicle_make, vehicle_body_type order by tickets_received desc limit 10;
```

+	vehicle_body_type	+ vehicle_make	tickets_received
62901JM	DELV	INTER	958
92979JE	DELV	INTER	864
47603MD	DELV	PETER	846
75225JW	DELV	FRUEH	842
62627JM	DELV	INTER	768
68092JZ	DELV	HINO	767
17442JE	DELV	INTER	760
63098JM	VAN	GMC	735
17744MD	DELV	PETER	709
49781MA	DELV	KENWO	676
+		+	-+
10 rows selec	ted (34.641 seconds)		

5. Query to find out Number of tickets recorded during public holidays in NYC

```
CREATE TABLE tickets_on_public_holidays2014
ROW FORMAT DELIMITED FIELDS TERMINATED BY ','
STORED AS TEXTFILE LOCATION
'/user/amahesh3/Group3/master2014/clean_nyc2014/tickets_on_public_holidays2014'
AS
select issue_date, count(issue_date) as number_of_violations from clean_nyc2014 where
issue_date in ( "12/25/2014" , "01/01/2014", "07/04/2014", "09/03/2014", "11/28/2014")
group by issue_date limit 10;
```

6. Query to find out top 5 dates which got recorded with maximum number of tickets in year 2014.

```
CREATE TABLE date_high_tickets2014
ROW FORMAT DELIMITED FIELDS TERMINATED BY ','
STORED AS TEXTFILE LOCATION
'/user/amahesh3/Group3/master2014/clean_nyc2014/date_high_tickets2014'
AS
select issue_date, count(issue_date) as number_of_violations from clean_nyc2014 group by issue_date order by number_of_violations desc limit 5;
```

7. Query to find out top 5 vehicle brand received highest number of tickets in 2014.

```
CREATE TABLE violation_wrt_vehicle_make2014
ROW FORMAT DELIMITED FIELDS TERMINATED BY ','
STORED AS TEXTFILE LOCATION
'/user/amahesh3/Group3/master2014/clean_nyc2014/violation_wrt_vehicle_make2014'
AS
select vehicle_make, count (vehicle_make ) as number_of_violations from clean_nyc2014 group by vehicle_make order by number_of_violations desc limit 5;
```

8. Query to find out which street in New York city has got the greatest number of tickets.

```
CREATE TABLE most_violated_location2014
ROW FORMAT DELIMITED FIELDS TERMINATED BY ','
STORED AS TEXTFILE LOCATION
'/user/amahesh3/Group3/master2014/clean_nyc2014/most_violated_location2014'
AS
select
violation_in_front_of_or_opposite,house_number,street_name,violation_county,count(house_number) as number_of_violations_nearby from clean_nyc2014 group by
violation_in_front_of_or_opposite,house_number,street_name,violation_county order by
number_of_violations_nearby desc limit 10;
```

violation_in_front_of_or_opposite	house_number	street_name	violation_county	number_of_violations_nearby	
F	+ 2655	Richmond Ave	R	2091	I
0	365	Bridge St	K	1932	
F	448	W 16th St	NY	1728	
F	16	E 58th St	NY	1515	
F	55	E 59th St	NY	1421	
F	99	Warren St	NY	1369	
0	1330	1st Ave	NY	1357	
F	1546	2nd Ave	NY	1353	
F	20	Pine St	NY	1343	
F	12	E 49th St	NY	1340	

9. Street which has a least number of parking tickets recorded in 2014.

```
CREATE TABLE least_violated_location2014
ROW FORMAT DELIMITED FIELDS TERMINATED BY ','
STORED AS TEXTFILE LOCATION
'/user/amahesh3/Group3/master2014/clean_nyc2014/least_violated_location2014'
AS
select street_name,violation_county,count(street_name) as number_of_violations_nearby
from clean_nyc2014 where street_name != " AND violation_county != " group by
street_name,violation_county order by number_of_violations_nearby asc limit 10;
```

```
street name
                   | violation county | number of violations nearby
"24 ST
                   l R
                                     | 1
ZULLETTE
                   BX
                                     1 1
"C/O S
                  | K
                                     | 1
"S/S 129TH ST 5 | NY
"W/S/O 4 ST
                 ΙQ
02 FLB
                  ΙQ
0414 ELKE8L
                 | NY
`EAST 21 STREET
                  | K
1 AVE
                   BX
                                     | 1
1 CJO GBMUTF46 HON | K
 rows selected (18.933 seconds)
```

10. Query to find the top 5 most occurred type of violation.

```
CREATE TABLE tickets_description_2014

ROW FORMAT DELIMITED FIELDS TERMINATED BY ','

STORED AS TEXTFILE LOCATION
'/user/amahesh3/Group3/master2014/clean_nyc2014/tickets_description_2
014'

AS

select violation_description, count (violation_description) as
number_of_violation from clean_nyc2014 where violation_description !=
'' group by violation_description order by number_of_violation desc
limit 5;
```

Step 8: Exporting data from HIVE

Use the below command to export the table from HDFS to Linux server,

```
-bash-4.1$ hdfs dfs -get Group3/master2015/clean_nyc2015/least_violated_location2015/000000_0
-bash-4.1$
```

Open Windows power shell. Use the command showed below to export the data to the base machine in the form of .csv format

```
PS E:\CSULA\CIS5200-01\Group 3\output> pscp -pw amahesh3 amahesh3@129.150.129.67:/home/amahesh3/000000_0 least_violated_
location2015.csv
least_violated_location20 | 0 kB | 0.2 kB/s | ETA: 00:00:00 | 100%
PS E:\CSULA\CIS5200-01\Group 3\output>
```

Step 9: Data Visualization using PowerBI, Tableau and 3D map

1. Open your PowerBI and upload the **vehicle_registered_state.csv** file.



Select registration_state as Location, year as Legend and size as number_of_violations. With this visualization we get to know how many violations are made by which registered state plate.

2. Open your Tableau to connect your server. You need to select **Text File** to open the file **violations_vehicle_type.csv**



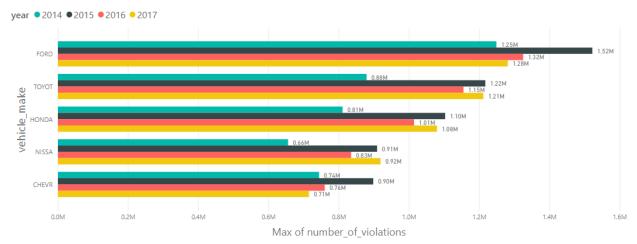
Select Year in Columns, number_of_vehicles in rows and vehicle_body_type in Legends. With this visualization we get to know which type of vehicle is getting more number of violation tickets.

3. Open your Tableau to connect your server. You need to select **Text File** to open the file **tickets_on_public_holidays.csv**



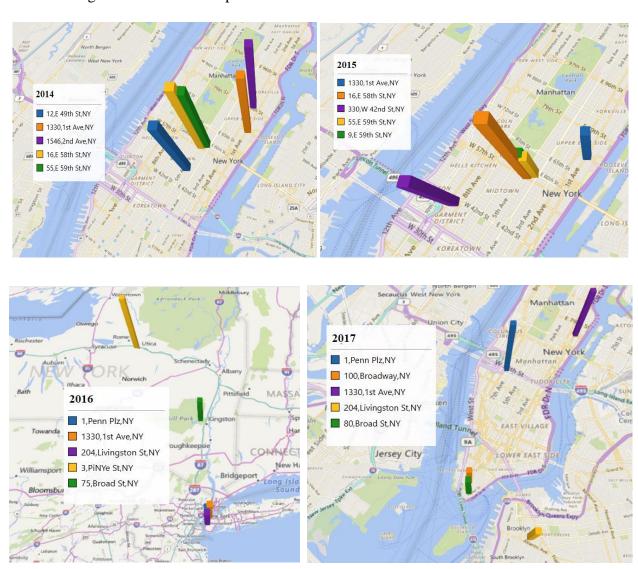
Select Year and Day in column, number of violations in rows and day as legends. The plot shows on which public holiday a greater number of violations were there.

4. Open your PowerBI and upload the **violation_wrt_vehicle_make.csv** file.



This plot depicts in all the 4 years which make of vehicle made a greater number of violations.

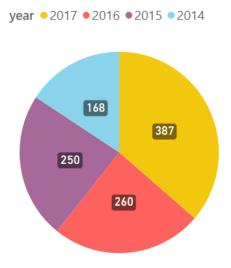
Convert most_violated_location2014.csv, most_violated_location2015.csv,
 most_violated_location2016.csv and most_violated_location2017.csv to xlsx format.
 Then go to insert -> 3D map. Select location as address and value as number of violations.



In this map we get to know at which location a greater number of violations has occurred.

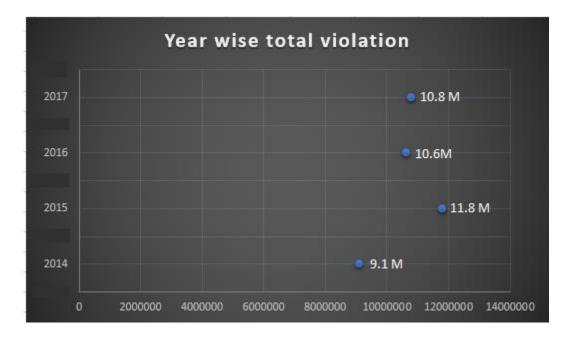
6. Open your PowerBI and upload the **vehicle_count_expired.csv**.

Vehicle Valididy Expired before year 2000

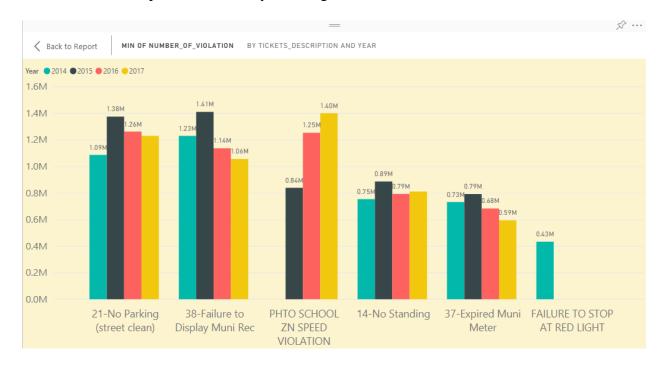


The pie chart shows in which year how many numbers of vehicles have expiration date before 2000.

7. This graph shows how many total violations have taken place.

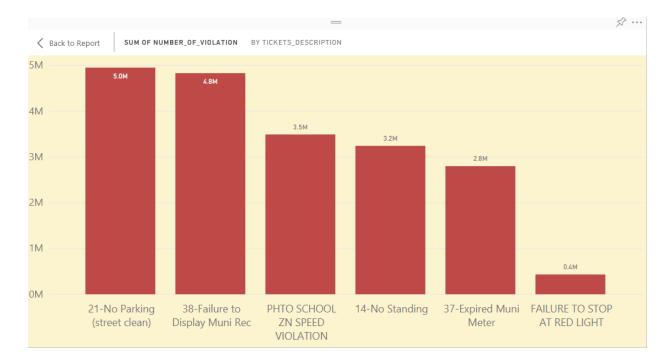


8. Upload **ticket_description.csv** to PowerBI and choose number_of_violations as values, violation_description as axis and year as legend.



This bar chart shows in which year which type of violation has occurred frequently.

9. With the same report, number_of_violations as values and violation_description as axis.



This chart shows which kind of violation has occurred the greatest number of times in all the four years.

References

https://github.com/amoghmahesh/hiveanalysisonnycparkingticket

https://www.kaggle.com/new-york-city/nyc-parking-tickets

 $\underline{http://www.nyc.gov/html/dof/html/pdf/faq/stars_codes.pdf}$

https://www.kaggle.com/donyoe/exploring-42-3m-nyc-parking-tickets/notebook

 $\underline{https://www1.nyc.gov/site/finance/vehicles/services-violation-codes.page}$