

Report: Project 3

CS425A Computer Networks

30th Sep 2016

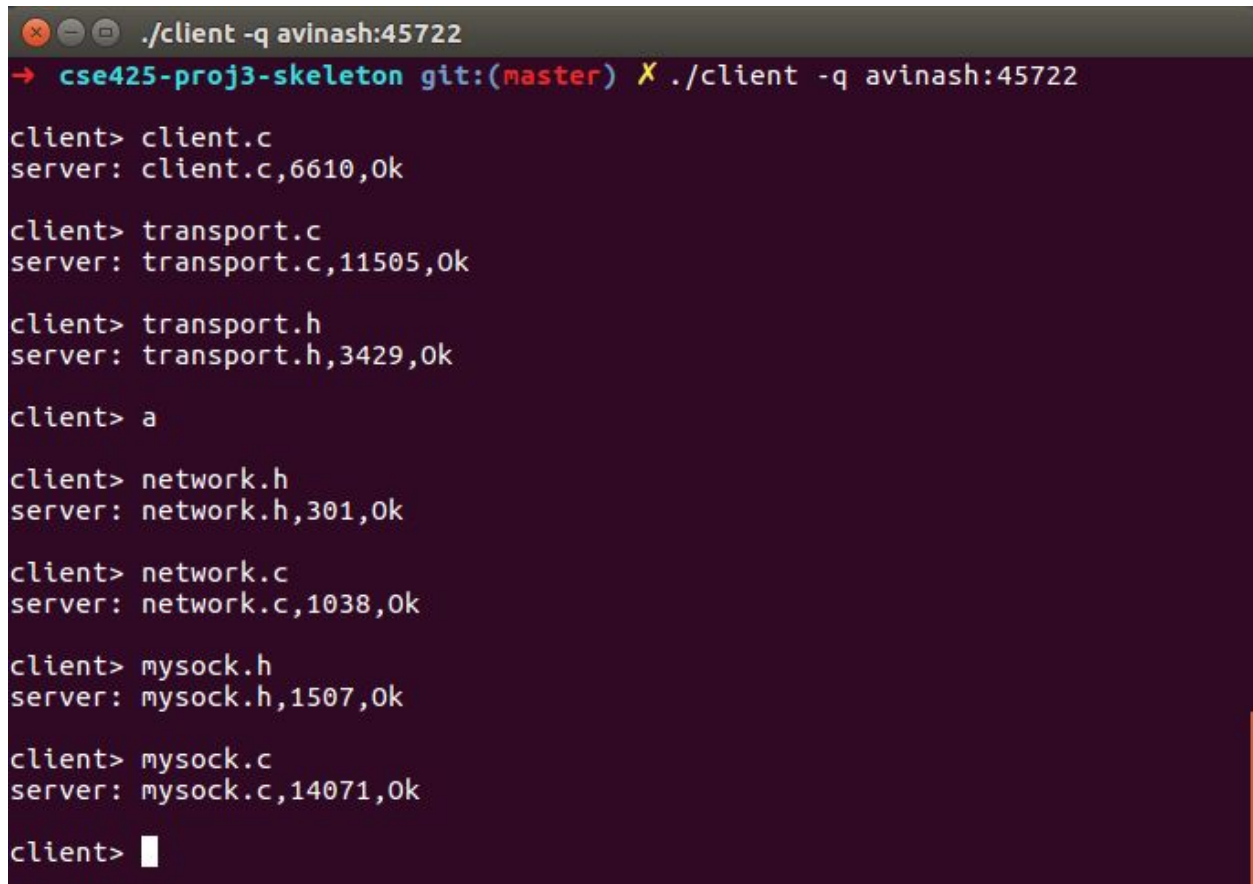
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Implemented Options:

- Network Initiation (3-way handshake)
- Network Termination(4-way tear down)
- Sliding Window for Data transfer

Testing Results:

1. The given client and server were used for testing purposes. Successful multiple file transfer between them in interactive mode. (In the given snapshot, output has been suppressed for clarity).

A terminal window with a dark purple background. The title bar shows window control buttons and the text './client -q avinash:45722'. The prompt is 'cse425-proj3-skeleton git:(master) X ./client -q avinash:45722'. The user enters 'client> client.c' and the server responds 'server: client.c,6610,0k'. The user enters 'client> transport.c' and the server responds 'server: transport.c,11505,0k'. The user enters 'client> transport.h' and the server responds 'server: transport.h,3429,0k'. The user enters 'client> a' and there is no response. The user enters 'client> network.h' and the server responds 'server: network.h,301,0k'. The user enters 'client> network.c' and the server responds 'server: network.c,1038,0k'. The user enters 'client> mysock.h' and the server responds 'server: mysock.h,1507,0k'. The user enters 'client> mysock.c' and the server responds 'server: mysock.c,14071,0k'. The user enters 'client>' and the prompt is shown again.

```
./client -q avinash:45722
→ cse425-proj3-skeleton git:(master) X ./client -q avinash:45722
client> client.c
server: client.c,6610,0k

client> transport.c
server: transport.c,11505,0k

client> transport.h
server: transport.h,3429,0k

client> a

client> network.h
server: network.h,301,0k

client> network.c
server: network.c,1038,0k

client> mysock.h
server: mysock.h,1507,0k

client> mysock.c
server: mysock.c,14071,0k

client> █
```

2. The termination was tested with the `-f` option, which ran successfully, multiple times.

```

avinish@avinash: ~/Computer-Networks/Project 3/cse425-proj3-skeleton
→ cse425-proj3-skeleton git:(master) X ./client -f network.c avinash:57906
server: network.c,1038,Ok
→ cse425-proj3-skeleton git:(master) X ./client -f transport.c avinash:57906
server: transport.c,11505,Ok
→ cse425-proj3-skeleton git:(master) X ./client -f transport.h avinash:57906
server: transport.h,3429,Ok
→ cse425-proj3-skeleton git:(master) X ./client -f mysock.h avinash:57906
server: mysock.h,1507,Ok
→ cse425-proj3-skeleton git:(master) X ./client -f mysock.c avinash:57906
server: mysock.c,14071,Ok

```

```

./server
→ cse425-proj3-skeleton git:(master) X ./server
Server's address is avinash:57906
connected to 127.0.0.1 at port 45708
client: network.c
connected to 127.0.0.1 at port 33950
client: transport.c
connected to 127.0.0.1 at port 58192
client: transport.h
connected to 127.0.0.1 at port 51309
client: mysock.h
connected to 127.0.0.1 at port 53094
client: mysock.c

```

Summary:

1. The STCP (handshake, file transfer, and termination(or tear-down) works properly to the best of my knowledge.
2. The endianness/compatibility issue was handled correctly.
3. All states(according to the TCP state-diagram(RFC 793)), except TIME_WAIT, were implemented.
4. The server seems to misbehave when the client is closed with Ctrl-C instead of Ctrl-D(EOF).
5. Not much could be done for error handling, except a few diagnostic messages.

Appendix:

Source Code:

/*

```
* transport.c
*
*      Project 3
*
* This file implements the STCP layer that sits between the
* mysocket and network layers. You are required to fill in the STCP
* functionality in this file.
*
*/
```

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include <stdarg.h>
#include <string.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
#include <assert.h>
#include <arpa/inet.h>
#include "mysock.h"
#include "stcp_api.h"
#include "transport.h"
```

```
#define MaxWindowSize 3072
```

```
void h_to_n(STCPHeader *Header)
{
    Header->th_seq = htonl(Header->th_seq);
    Header->th_ack = htonl(Header->th_ack);
    Header->th_win = htons(Header->th_win);
    Header->th_sum = htons(Header->th_sum);
    Header->th_urp = htons(Header->th_urp);
}
```

```
void n_to_h(STCPHeader *Header)
{
    Header->th_seq = ntohl(Header->th_seq);
    Header->th_ack = ntohl(Header->th_ack);
    Header->th_win = ntohs(Header->th_win);
    Header->th_sum = ntohs(Header->th_sum);
    Header->th_urp = ntohs(Header->th_urp);
}
```

```
enum {      CSTATE_ESTABLISHED = 1,
```

```

        LISTEN = 2,
        SYN_SENT = 3,
        SYN_RECV = 4,
        FIN_WAIT_1 = 5,
        FIN_WAIT_2 = 6,
        CLOSING = 7,
        CLOSE_WAIT = 8,
        LAST_ACK = 9,
        CLOSED = 0
    }; /* you should have more states */ /* I have it already */

```

/* this structure is global to a mysocket descriptor */

typedef struct

```

{
    bool_t done; /* TRUE once connection is closed */

    int connection_state; /* state of the connection (established, etc.) */
    tcp_seq initial_sequence_num;

    tcp_seq next_byte_expected;
    tcp_seq last_byte_acked;
    tcp_seq next_sequence_num;
    tcp_seq fin_seq_num;

    int AdvertisedWindowSize;
    /* any other connection-wide global variables go here */
} context_t;

```

```

static void generate_initial_seq_num(context_t *ctx);
static void control_loop(mysocket_t sd, context_t *ctx);

```

/* initialise the transport layer, and start the main loop, handling
 * any data from the peer or the application. this function should not
 * return until the connection is closed.

```

*/
void transport_init(mysocket_t sd, bool_t is_active)
{

```

```

    context_t *ctx;

    ctx = (context_t *) calloc(1, sizeof(context_t));

```

```

assert(ctx);

generate_initial_seq_num(ctx);
ctx->AdvertisedWindowSize = MaxWindowSize;
ctx->next_sequence_num = ctx->initial_sequence_num;
ctx->connection_state = CLOSED;

STCPHeader *synPacket = (STCPHeader *) calloc(1,sizeof(STCPHeader));
STCPHeader *synAckPacket = (STCPHeader *) calloc(1,sizeof(STCPHeader));
STCPHeader *ackPacket = (STCPHeader *) calloc(1,sizeof(STCPHeader));
STCPHeader *inPacket = (STCPHeader *) calloc(1,sizeof(STCPHeader));

while(ctx->connection_state == CLOSED)
{
    if(is_active)
    {
        synPacket->th_seq = ctx->initial_sequence_num;
        synPacket->th_off = 5;
        synPacket->th_flags = TH_SYN;

        h_to_n(synPacket);
        stcp_network_send(sd,synPacket,sizeof(STCPHeader),NULL);

        ctx->connection_state = SYN_SENT;
        ctx->next_sequence_num++;

        unsigned int event_flag = stcp_wait_for_event(sd,ANY_EVENT,NULL);

        if(event_flag == NETWORK_DATA)
        {
            bool_t simultaneous_open = false;

            stcp_network_rcv(sd,inPacket,sizeof(STCPHeader));
            n_to_h(inPacket);
            // if(synAckPacket->th_ack == ctx->initial_sequence_num + 1)

            if((inPacket->th_flags ^ TH_SYN) == 0)
            {
                simultaneous_open = true;
                ctx->connection_state = SYN_RECV;
            }
        }
    }
}

```

```

        synAckPacket->th_ack = inPacket->th_seq + 1;
        synAckPacket->th_seq = ctx->initial_sequence_num;
        synAckPacket->th_off = 5;
        synAckPacket->th_flags = (TH_SYN | TH_ACK);

        h_to_n(synAckPacket);

stcp_network_send(sd,synAckPacket,sizeof(STCPHeader),NULL);

        unsigned int event_flag =
stcp_wait_for_event(sd,ANY_EVENT,NULL);

        if(event_flag == NETWORK_DATA)
        {

stcp_network_rcv(sd,inPacket,sizeof(STCPHeader));
                n_to_h(inPacket);
                simultaneous_open = false;
        }
        else
        {
                //error handling : Non-network data
        }
    }

    if((((inPacket->th_flags ^ (TH_SYN | TH_ACK)) == 0) &&
!simultaneous_open)
    {
        ctx->next_byte_expected = inPacket->th_seq + 1;

        ackPacket->th_seq = ctx->initial_sequence_num + 1;
        ackPacket->th_ack = inPacket->th_seq + 1;
        ackPacket->th_off = 5;
        ackPacket->th_flags = TH_ACK;

        ctx->last_byte_acked = inPacket->th_ack;

        h_to_n(ackPacket);

stcp_network_send(sd,ackPacket,sizeof(STCPHeader),NULL);
    }
    else
    {

```

```

        //error handling
    }
}
else
{
    //error handling : Non-network data
}
}

else
{
    ctx->connection_state = LISTEN;

    stcp_network_rcv(sd,synPacket,sizeof(STCPHeader));
    n_to_h(synPacket);
    if(synPacket->th_flags ^ TH_SYN)
    {
        //error handling
    }
    else
    {
        ctx->next_sequence_num++;

        synAckPacket->th_ack = synPacket->th_seq + 1;
        synAckPacket->th_seq = ctx->initial_sequence_num;
        synAckPacket->th_off = 5;
        synAckPacket->th_flags = (TH_SYN | TH_ACK);

        h_to_n(synAckPacket);

    stcp_network_send(sd,synAckPacket,sizeof(STCPHeader),NULL);

        ctx->connection_state = SYN_RECV;

        unsigned int event_flag =
stcp_wait_for_event(sd,ANY_EVENT,NULL);

        if(event_flag == NETWORK_DATA)
        {
            stcp_network_rcv(sd,ackPacket,sizeof(STCPHeader));
            n_to_h(ackPacket);

```

```

        if(ackPacket->th_flags != TH_ACK || ackPacket->th_ack !=
ctx->initial_sequence_num + 1)
        {
            //error handling
        }
        else
        {
            ctx->next_byte_expected = ackPacket->th_seq;
            ctx->last_byte_acked = ackPacket->th_ack;
        }
    }
    else
    {
        // Non-Network Data
    }
}

/* XXX: you should send a SYN packet here if is_active, or wait for one
 * to arrive if !is_active. after the handshake completes, unblock the
 * application with stcp_unblock_application(sd). you may also use
 * this to communicate an error condition back to the application, e.g.
 * if connection fails; to do so, just set errno appropriately (e.g. to
 * ECONNREFUSED, etc.) before calling the function.
 */

ctx->connection_state = CSTATE_ESTABLISHED;
stcp_unblock_application(sd);

control_loop(sd, ctx);

/* do any cleanup here */
free(ctx);
free(synPacket);
free(synAckPacket);
free(inPacket);
free(ackPacket);
}

```

```

/* generate random initial sequence number for an STCP connection */
static void generate_initial_seq_num(context_t *ctx)
{

```



```

    assert(ctx);

#ifdef FIXED_INITNUM
    /* please don't change this! */
    ctx->initial_sequence_num = 1;
#else
    /* you have to fill this up */
    ctx->initial_sequence_num = rand() % 256;
#endif
}

/* control_loop() is the main STCP loop; it repeatedly waits for one of the
 * following to happen:
 * - incoming data from the peer
 * - new data from the application (via mywrite())
 * - the socket to be closed (via myclose())
 * - a timeout
 */
static void control_loop(mysocket_t sd, context_t *ctx)
{
    assert(ctx);
    assert(!ctx->done);

    while (!ctx->done)
    {
        char sendBuffer[MaxWindowSize], recvBuffer[MaxWindowSize];

        unsigned int event;

        /* see stcp_api.h or stcp_api.c for details of this function */
        /* XXX: you will need to change some of these arguments! */
        event = stcp_wait_for_event(sd, ANY_EVENT, NULL);

        /* check whether it was the network, app, or a close request */
        if (event & APP_DATA)
        {
            int EffectiveWindow = ctx->AdvertisedWindowSize -
            (ctx->next_sequence_num - ctx->last_byte_acked);
            if(EffectiveWindow > 0)
            {
                int app_rcvd =
                stcp_app_rcv(sd,sendBuffer,MIN(EffectiveWindow,STCP_MSS));

```

```

        if(app_rcvd > 0)
        {
            STCPHeader *DataPacketHeader = (STCPHeader *)
calloc(1,sizeof(STCPHeader));

            DataPacketHeader->th_seq = ctx->next_sequence_num;
            DataPacketHeader->th_ack = ctx->next_byte_expected;
            DataPacketHeader->th_off = 5;
            DataPacketHeader->th_win = MaxWindowSize;

            ctx->next_sequence_num += app_rcvd;

            h_to_n(DataPacketHeader);

            stcp_network_send(sd,DataPacketHeader,sizeof(STCPHeader),sendBuffer,app_rcvd,NULL);
            free(DataPacketHeader);
        }
    }

    if(event & NETWORK_DATA)
    {
        int recvBufferSize =
stcp_network_recv(sd,recvBuffer,MaxWindowSize);
        if(recvBufferSize>0)
        {
            STCPHeader *DataPacketHeader = (STCPHeader *)
calloc(1,sizeof(STCPHeader));
            STCPHeader *ackPacketHeader = (STCPHeader *)
calloc(1,sizeof(STCPHeader));

            int offset = TCP_DATA_START(recvBuffer);

// Header size

            memcpy(DataPacketHeader,recvBuffer,sizeof(STCPHeader));
            n_to_h(DataPacketHeader);

            if(DataPacketHeader->th_flags & TH_ACK)
            {
                ctx->last_byte_acked = DataPacketHeader->th_ack;

                if(DataPacketHeader->th_ack == ctx->fin_seq_num + 1)
                {

```

```

        if(ctx->connection_state == FIN_WAIT_1)
            ctx->connection_state = FIN_WAIT_2;
        if((ctx->connection_state == LAST_ACK) ||
        (ctx->connection_state == CLOSING))
        {
            ctx->connection_state = CLOSED;
            ctx->done = TRUE;
        }
    }

    int data_size = recvBufferSize - offset;
    if(data_size > 0)
    {
        if(DataPacketHeader->th_seq ==
        ctx->next_byte_expected)
        {
            ctx->next_byte_expected =
            ctx->next_byte_expected + data_size;
            stcp_app_send(sd,recvBuffer+offset,data_size);
        }

        else if(DataPacketHeader->th_seq <
        ctx->next_byte_expected)
        {
            int diff = ctx->next_byte_expected -
            DataPacketHeader->th_seq;

            if(diff < data_size)
            {
                offset += diff;
                ctx->next_byte_expected =
                ctx->next_byte_expected + data_size - diff;
                stcp_app_send(sd,recvBuffer+offset,data_size - diff);
            }
        }
        else
        {
            //error handling -- Packet loss probably -- not to
            be handled
        }
    }
}

```

```

        if(DataPacketHeader->th_flags & TH_FIN)
        {
            stcp_fin_received(sd);

            ctx->next_byte_expected++;
            if(ctx->connection_state == CSTATE_ESTABLISHED)
                ctx->connection_state = CLOSE_WAIT;
            if(ctx->connection_state == FIN_WAIT_1)
                ctx->connection_state = CLOSING;
            if(ctx->connection_state == FIN_WAIT_2)
            {
                ctx->connection_state = CLOSED;
                ctx->done = TRUE;
            }
        }

        ackPacketHeader->th_seq = ctx->next_sequence_num;
        ackPacketHeader->th_ack = ctx->next_byte_expected;
        ackPacketHeader->th_flags = TH_ACK;
        ackPacketHeader->th_off = 5;
        ackPacketHeader->th_win = MaxWindowSize;

        h_to_n(ackPacketHeader);

    stcp_network_send(sd,ackPacketHeader,sizeof(STCPHeader),NULL);
    }

    if(event & APP_CLOSE_REQUESTED)
    {
        STCPHeader *finPacket = (STCPHeader *)
        calloc(1,sizeof(STCPHeader));
        finPacket->th_seq = ctx->next_sequence_num;
        finPacket->th_ack = ctx->next_byte_expected;
        finPacket->th_flags = TH_FIN;
        finPacket->th_off = 5;
        finPacket->th_win = MaxWindowSize;

        h_to_n(finPacket);
        stcp_network_send(sd,finPacket,sizeof(STCPHeader),NULL);

        ctx->fin_seq_num = ctx->next_sequence_num;
    }

```

```

        ctx->next_sequence_num++;

        if(ctx->connection_state==CSTATE_ESTABLISHED)
            ctx->connection_state = FIN_WAIT_1;
        else if(ctx->connection_state == CLOSE_WAIT)
            ctx->connection_state = LAST_ACK;
    }

}

}

/*****
/* our_dprintf
*
* Send a formatted message to stdout.
*
* format          A printf-style format string.
*
* This function is equivalent to a printf, but may be
* changed to log errors to a file if desired.
*
* Calls to this function are generated by the dprintf amd
* perror macros in transport.h
*/
void our_dprintf(const char *format,...)
{
    va_list argptr;
    char buffer[1024];

    assert(format);
    va_start(argptr, format);
    vsnprintf(buffer, sizeof(buffer), format, argptr);
    va_end(argptr);
    fputs(buffer, stdout);
    fflush(stdout);
}

```