

1.

$$f(t) = \begin{cases} 0, & 0 \leq t < 4 \\ 1-t^2, & 4 \leq t < 2\pi \\ \cos t, & t \geq 2\pi \end{cases}$$

$$f(t) = 0 \cdot \mu_0(t) + (1-t^2-0) \mu_4(t) + [\cos t - (1-t^2)] \mu_{2\pi}(t)$$

$$f(t) = (1-t^2) \mu_4(t) + (\cos t - 1 + t^2) \mu_{2\pi}(t)$$

$$\mathcal{L}\{f(t)\} = \mathcal{L}\{(1-t^2) \mu_4(t)\} + \mathcal{L}\{(\cos t - 1 + t^2) \mu_{2\pi}(t)\}$$

$$= e^{-4s} \mathcal{L}\{1 - (t+4)^2\} + e^{-2\pi s} \mathcal{L}\{\cos(t+2\pi) - 1 + (t+2\pi)^2\}$$

$$= e^{-4s} [\mathcal{L}\{1\} - \mathcal{L}\{t^2 + 8t + 16\}] + e^{-2\pi s} [\mathcal{L}\{\cos(t)\} - \mathcal{L}\{1\} + \mathcal{L}\{t^2 + 2\pi t + 4\pi^2\}]$$

$$= e^{-4s} \left[ \frac{1}{s} - \frac{2}{s^3} - \frac{8}{s^2} - \frac{16}{s} \right] + e^{-2\pi s} \left[ \frac{s}{s^2+1} - \frac{1}{s} + \frac{2}{s^3} + \frac{2\pi}{s^2} + \frac{4\pi^2}{s} \right]$$

$$\text{R/ } \mathcal{L}\{f(t)\} = e^{-4s} \left[ \frac{1}{s} - \frac{2}{s^3} - \frac{8}{s^2} - \frac{16}{s} \right] + e^{-2\pi s} \left[ \frac{s}{s^2+1} - \frac{1}{s} + \frac{2}{s^3} + \frac{2\pi}{s^2} + \frac{4\pi^2}{s} \right]$$

2-

$$\begin{cases} 2y_1' + y_2' - 3y_2 = 0 \\ y_1' + y_2' = t \end{cases}$$

$$y_1(0) = y_2(0) = 0$$

$$\begin{cases} 2\mathcal{L}[y_1'] + \mathcal{L}[y_2'] - 3\mathcal{L}[y_2] = 0 \\ \mathcal{L}[y_1'] + \mathcal{L}[y_2'] = \mathcal{L}[t] \end{cases}$$

$$\begin{cases} 2[s\mathcal{L}[y_1] - \cancel{y_1(0)}] + s\mathcal{L}[y_2] - \cancel{y_2(0)} - 3\mathcal{L}[y_2] = 0 \\ s\mathcal{L}[y_1] - \cancel{y_1(0)} + s\mathcal{L}[y_2] - \cancel{y_2(0)} = \frac{1}{s^2} \end{cases}$$

$$\begin{cases} 2s\mathcal{L}[y_1] + s\mathcal{L}[y_2] - 3\mathcal{L}[y_2] = 0 \\ s\mathcal{L}[y_1] + s\mathcal{L}[y_2] = \frac{1}{s^2} \end{cases}$$

$$\begin{cases} 2s\mathcal{L}[y_1] + (s-3)\mathcal{L}[y_2] = 0 \\ \rightarrow s\mathcal{L}[y_1] + s\mathcal{L}[y_2] = \frac{1}{s^2} \end{cases}$$

$$\begin{cases} 2s\mathcal{L}[y_1] + (s-3)\mathcal{L}[y_2] = 0 \\ -2s\mathcal{L}[y_1] - 2s\mathcal{L}[y_2] = \frac{-2}{s^2} \end{cases}$$

$$(s-3-2s)\mathcal{L}[y_2] = \frac{-2}{s^2}$$

$$(-s-3)\mathcal{L}[y_2] = \frac{-2}{s^2}$$

$$\mathcal{L}[y_2] = \frac{-2}{s^2(-s-3)}$$

$$\mathcal{L}[Y_2] = \frac{2}{s^2(s+3)}$$

$$Y_2 = \mathcal{L}^{-1} \left\{ \frac{2}{s^2(s+3)} \right\}$$

$$Y_2 = 2 \mathcal{L}^{-1} \left\{ \frac{1}{s^2(s+3)} \right\}$$

$$\frac{1}{s^2(s+3)} = \frac{A}{s^2} + \frac{B}{s} + \frac{C}{s+3}$$

$$1 = A(s+3) + B(s+3)s + Cs^2$$

$$s = -3 \rightarrow 1 = A(0) + B(0) + 9C$$

$$\Rightarrow \frac{1}{9} = C$$

$$s = 1 \rightarrow 1 = \frac{1}{3}(4) + B(4) + \frac{1}{9}$$

$$\Rightarrow \frac{-4}{9} = 4B$$

$$s \rightarrow 0 \quad 1 = 3A + B(0) + C(0)$$

$$\Rightarrow \frac{1}{3} = A$$

$$\Rightarrow \frac{-1}{9} = B$$

$$\frac{1}{s^2(s+3)} = \frac{1}{3s^2} - \frac{1}{9s} + \frac{1}{9(s+3)}$$

$$Y_2 = 2 \mathcal{L}^{-1} \left\{ \frac{1}{3s^2} - \frac{1}{9s} + \frac{1}{9(s+3)} \right\}$$

$$Y_2 = 2 \cdot \frac{1}{3} t - 2 \cdot \frac{1}{9} + 2 \cdot \frac{1}{9} e^{-3t}$$

$$Y_2 = \frac{2}{3} t - \frac{2}{9} + \frac{2}{9} e^{-3t}$$

$$\mathcal{L}[Y_2] = \frac{2}{s^2(s+3)}$$

$$2s \mathcal{L}[Y_1] + (s-3) \mathcal{L}[Y_2] = 0$$

$$2s \mathcal{L}[Y_1] + \frac{(s-3)-2}{s^2(s+3)} = 0$$

$$2s \mathcal{L}[Y_1] = \frac{-2(s-3)}{s^2(s+3)}$$

$$\mathcal{L}[Y_1] = \frac{3-s}{s^3(s+3)}$$

$$\frac{3-s}{s^3(s+3)} = \frac{A}{s} + \frac{B}{s^2} + \frac{C}{s^3} + \frac{D}{s+3}$$

$$3-s = Ds^3 + A(s+3)s^2 + B(s+3)s + C(s+3)$$

$$s = -3 \rightarrow 6 = 27D + A(0) + B(0) + C(0)$$

$$\ast \frac{2}{9} = D$$

$$s = 0 \rightarrow 3 = D(0) + A(0) + B(0) + 3C$$

$$\ast 1 = C$$

$$s = 1 \rightarrow \begin{cases} 2 = A + 4B + 4 + \frac{2}{9} \end{cases} \quad A = \frac{2}{9}$$

$$s = 2 \rightarrow \begin{cases} 1 = 20A + 10B + 5 + \frac{16}{9} \end{cases} \quad B = -\frac{2}{3}$$

$$\frac{3-s}{s^3(s+3)} = \frac{2}{9s} + \frac{2}{3s^2} + \frac{1}{s^3} - \frac{2}{9(s+3)}$$

$$\mathcal{L}^{-1} \left\{ \mathcal{L}[y_1] \right\} = \mathcal{L}^{-1} \left\{ \frac{2}{9s} + \frac{2}{3s^2} + \frac{1}{s^3} - \frac{2}{9(s+3)} \right\}$$

$$y_1 = \frac{2}{9} - \frac{2}{3}t + \frac{1}{2}t^2 - \frac{2}{9}e^{-3t}$$

$$\therefore \begin{cases} y_1 = \frac{2}{9} - \frac{2}{3}t + \frac{1}{2}t^2 - \frac{2}{9}e^{-3t} \\ y_2 = \frac{2}{3}t - \frac{2}{9} + \frac{2}{9}e^{-3t} \end{cases}$$

$$3- \quad y'' + \int_0^t y'(u) e^{2(t-u)} du = e^{2t} \quad y(0) = 0 \quad y'(0) = 1$$

$$\mathcal{L}\{y''\} + \mathcal{L}\left\{\int_0^t y'(u) e^{2(t-u)} du\right\} = \mathcal{L}\{e^{2t}\}$$

$$s^2 \mathcal{L}[y] - s y(0) - y'(0) + \mathcal{L}\{y'\} \cdot \mathcal{L}\{e^{2t}\} = \frac{1}{s-2}$$

$$s^2 \mathcal{L}[y] - 1 + (s \mathcal{L}[y] - y(0)) \left(\frac{1}{s-2}\right) = \frac{1}{s-2}$$

$$s^2 y(s) - 1 + \frac{s}{s-2} y(s) = \frac{1}{s-2}$$

$$y(s) \left[ s^2 + \frac{s}{s-2} \right] = \frac{1}{s-2} + 1$$

$$y(s) \left[ \frac{s^3 - 2s^2 + s}{s-2} \right] = \frac{1}{s-2} + 1$$

$$y(s) = \frac{1}{\frac{s^3 - 2s^2 + s}{s-2}} + \frac{1}{\frac{s^3 - 2s^2 + s}{s-2}}$$

$$y(s) = \frac{1}{s^3 - 2s^2 + s} + \frac{s-2}{s^3 - 2s^2 + s}$$

$$y(s) = \frac{s-1}{s^3 - 2s^2 + s}$$

$$y(s) = \frac{(s-1)}{s(s-1)^2} \Rightarrow y(s) = \frac{1}{s(s-1)}$$

$$y(s) = \frac{1}{s(s-1)}$$

$$\frac{1}{s(s-1)} = \frac{A}{s} + \frac{B}{s-1}$$

$$1 = A(s-1) + Bs$$

$$y(s) = \frac{1}{s-1} - \frac{1}{s}$$

$$s=1 \rightarrow 1 = A(0) + B$$

$$\underline{1 = B}$$

$$\mathcal{L}^{-1}\{y(s)\} = \mathcal{L}^{-1}\left\{\frac{1}{s-1}\right\} - \mathcal{L}^{-1}\left\{\frac{1}{s}\right\}$$

$$s=0 \rightarrow 1 = -A + B(0)$$

$$\underline{-1 = A}$$

$$\boxed{y(t) = e^t - 1} \quad \mathbb{R}/$$

$$4 - \mathcal{L}^{-1} \left\{ \frac{e^{-\pi s} (s+1)}{s^2+2s+5} + \ln\left(\frac{s-3}{s+1}\right) - \operatorname{arccot}\left(\frac{4}{s}\right) \right\}$$

$$= s^2+2s + \left(\frac{s}{2}\right)^2 - \left(\frac{s}{2}\right)^2 + s$$

$$= (s+1)^2 + 4$$

$$\mu_{-\pi}(t) \mathcal{L}^{-1} \left\{ \frac{s+1}{s^2+2s+5} \right\}_{t=+-\pi} + \mathcal{L}^{-1} \left\{ \ln\left(\frac{s-3}{s+1}\right) \right\} - \mathcal{L}^{-1} \left\{ \operatorname{arccot}\left(\frac{4}{s}\right) \right\}$$

$$\mu_{\pi}(t) \mathcal{L}^{-1} \left\{ \frac{s}{(s+1)^2+4} + \frac{1}{(s+1)^2+4} \right\}_{t=+-\pi} + \frac{1}{t} \mathcal{L}^{-1} \left\{ \frac{d}{ds} \left[ \ln\left(\frac{s-3}{s+1}\right) \right] \right\} + \frac{1}{t} \mathcal{L}^{-1} \left\{ \frac{d}{ds} \operatorname{arccot}\left(\frac{4}{s}\right) \right\}$$

$$\mu_{\pi}(t) \left[ e^{-t} \mathcal{L}^{-1} \left\{ \frac{s-1}{s^2+4} \right\} + e^{-t} \mathcal{L}^{-1} \left\{ \frac{1}{s^2+4} \right\} \right]_{t=+-\pi} - \frac{1}{t} \mathcal{L}^{-1} \left\{ \frac{1}{s-3} + \frac{1}{s+1} \right\} + \frac{1}{t} \mathcal{L}^{-1} \left\{ \frac{4}{s^2+16} \right\}$$

$$\mu_{\pi}(t) \left[ e^{-t} \mathcal{L}^{-1} \left\{ \frac{s}{s^2+4} \right\} - \cancel{e^{tp^{-1}} \mathcal{L}^{-1} \left\{ \frac{s}{s^2+4} \right\}} + \cancel{e^{tp^{-1}} \mathcal{L}^{-1} \left\{ \frac{1}{s^2+4} \right\}} \right]_{t=+-\pi} - \frac{1}{t} \left[ e^{3t} + e^{-t} \right] + \frac{1}{t} \sin 4t$$

$$\mu_{\pi}(t) \left[ e^{+} \mathcal{L}^{-1} \left\{ \frac{s}{s^2+4} \right\} \right]_{t=+-\pi} - \frac{1}{t} \left[ e^{3t} + e^{-t} \right] + \frac{1}{t} \sin 4t$$

$$\boxed{\mu_{\pi}(t) e^{-(t-\pi)} \cos(2(t-\pi)) - \frac{1}{t} \left[ e^{3t} + e^{-t} \right] + \frac{1}{t} \sin 4t} \quad \mathbb{R}$$



$$5- \mathcal{L} \left\{ t^2 \int_0^t \sin u e^{3t-3u} du + e^{-7t} t^2 u_4(t) \right\}$$

$$\frac{d^2}{ds^2} \left[ \mathcal{L} \left\{ \underbrace{\int_0^t \sin u e^{3(t-u)} du}_{f(t) = \sin t, g(u) = e^{3t}} \right\} \right] + \left[ \mathcal{L} \{ t^2 u_4(t) \} \right]_{s \rightarrow s+7}$$

$$f(t) = \sin t \quad g(u) = e^{3t}$$

$$\frac{d^2}{ds^2} \left[ \mathcal{L} \{ \sin t \} \cdot \mathcal{L} \{ e^{3t} \} \right] + \frac{d^2}{ds^2} \mathcal{L} \{ u_4(t) \} \Big|_{s \rightarrow s+7}$$

$$\frac{d^2}{ds^2} \left[ \frac{1}{s^2+1} \cdot \frac{1}{s-1} \right] + \frac{d^2}{ds^2} \cdot \frac{e^{-4s}}{s} \Big|_{s \rightarrow s+7}$$

$$\frac{d^2}{ds^2} \left( \frac{1}{(s^2+1)(s-1)} \right) + \frac{2e^{-4s}(4s^2+4s+1)}{s^3} \Big|_{s \rightarrow s+7}$$

$$\frac{d^2}{ds^2} \left( \frac{1}{(s^2+1)(s-1)} \right) + \frac{2e^{-4(s+7)}(4(s+7)^2+4(s+7)+1)}{(s+7)^3}$$

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