## Calculo diferencial e integral III

Foro academico virtual

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$$f(x) = x^2 + 12xy + 2y^2$$
  $f(x) = 25$ 

$$\begin{cases}
f_x = \lambda g_x \\
f_y = \lambda g_y
\end{cases}$$

$$f_{x} = 2x + 12y$$

$$f_{y} = 4y + 12x$$

$$g_x = 8x$$
 $g_y = 2y$ 

$$\begin{cases} 2x+12y = \lambda(8x) \\ 4y+12x = \lambda(2y) \end{cases} = 2x+12y=\lambda; \frac{4y+12x}{2y}=\lambda$$

$$= \frac{2x + 12y}{4x} = \frac{4y + 12x}{y}$$

$$Y(2x+12y) = 4x(4y+12x)$$
  
 $2xy+12y^2 = 16xy+48x^2$   
 $48x^2+14xy-12y^2=0$ 

Resalver el sistema

$$\int \frac{48 \times^2 + 14 \times y - 12 y^2 = 0}{4 \times^2 + y^2} = 25$$

$$\begin{cases}
48 \times^{2} + 14 \times y - 12 y^{2} = 0 & (1) \\
4 \times^{2} + y^{2} = 25 & (2)
\end{cases}$$

$$y^2 = 25 - 4x^2$$
  $y = \pm \sqrt{25 - 4x^2}$ 

$$48x^{2} + 14x \cdot (\sqrt{25 - 4x^{2}}) - 12 \cdot (25 - 4x^{2}) = 0$$

$$x = -2 \qquad x_{2} = \frac{3}{2}$$

$$48x^{2} + 14x \cdot (-\sqrt{25-4x^{2}}) - 12 \cdot (25-4x^{2}) = 0$$

$$x_{1} = 2 \qquad x_{2} = -\frac{3}{2}$$

$$y = \sqrt{25 - 4 \cdot (2)^2} = -3$$
  $y = \sqrt{25 - 4 \cdot (\frac{3}{2})^2} = 4$   
 $y = \sqrt{25 - 4 \cdot (-2)^2} = 3$   $y = -\sqrt{25 - 4 \cdot (-\frac{3}{2})^2} = -4$ 

$$(2,-3), (-2,3), (\frac{3}{2},4), (\frac{-3}{2},-4)$$

$$f(2,-3)=-50$$
 min  $f(\frac{3}{2},4)=106,25$  máx  $f(-2,3)=-50$   $f(\frac{3}{2},-4)=106,25$ 

$$M_{aximos}$$
  $(\frac{3}{2}, 4), (\frac{-3}{2}, -4)$ 
 $M_{inimos}$   $(2, -3), (-2, 3)$