Functions of Logistic Regression

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Given a data set $X = \{X_j^i | X_j^i \in \mathbb{R}^{n \times (m-1)}\}$ and a label set $Y = \{Y^i | Y^i \in \mathbb{R}^{n \times 1}\}$, where $1 \le i \le n$ and $2 \le j \le m$. For all X^i , insert $X_1^i = 1$ so that $X_j^i \in \mathbb{R}^{n \times m}$. Initialize weight matrix $W = \{W_j | W_j \in \mathbb{R}^{1 \times m}\}$.

We define the linear function in Equation (1).

$$Z^i = \sum_{j=1}^m W_j X_j^i \tag{1}$$

We define activation function as sigmoid function and thus the hypothesis function is given in Equation (2).

$$H(X^{i}) = G(Z^{i}) = \frac{1}{1 + e^{-Z^{i}}}$$
 (2)

Loss function is defined in Equation (3).

$$C(X^{i}) = -Y^{i} \log (H(X^{i})) - (1 - Y^{i}) \log (1 - H(X^{i}))$$
 (3)

Cost function is defined in Equation (4).

$$J(W) = \frac{1}{n} \sum_{i=1}^{n} C(X^{i})$$

$$= -\frac{1}{n} \sum_{i=1}^{n} [Y^{i} \log (H(X^{i})) + (1 - Y^{i}) \log (1 - H(X^{i}))]$$
(4)

The partial derivative of J(W) with respect to W_j is given as follows:

$$\begin{split} & \frac{\partial J(W)}{\partial W_j} \\ &= \frac{1}{n} \sum_{i=1}^n \frac{\partial C(X^i)}{\partial W_j} \\ &= \frac{1}{n} \sum_{i=1}^n \left[\frac{\partial Y^i \log (H(X^i))}{\partial W_j} + \frac{\partial (1 - Y^i) \log (1 - H(X^i))}{\partial W_j} \right] \end{split}$$

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For simplicity, we calculate the equation separately:

$$\frac{\partial Y^{i} \log (H(X^{i}))}{\partial W_{j}}$$

$$= Y^{i} \frac{\partial \log (H(X^{i}))}{\partial H(X^{i})} \cdot \frac{\partial H(X^{i})}{\partial (-Z^{i})} \cdot \frac{\partial (-Z^{i})}{\partial W_{j}}$$

$$= Y^{i} \frac{1}{H(X^{i})} \cdot H(X^{i})(1 - H(X^{i})) \cdot (-X^{i}_{j})$$

$$= -Y^{i}(1 - H(X^{i}))X^{i}_{i}$$

$$\begin{split} &\frac{\partial (1-Y^i)\log \left(1-H(X^i)\right)}{\partial W_j} \\ &= \left(1-Y^i\right) \frac{\partial \log \left(1-H(X^i)\right)}{\partial (1-H(X^i))} \cdot \frac{\partial (1-H(X^i))}{\partial H(X^i)} \cdot \frac{\partial H(X^i)}{\partial (-Z^i)} \cdot \frac{\partial (-Z^i)}{\partial W_j} \\ &= \left(1-Y^i\right) \frac{1}{1-H(X^i)} \cdot (-1) \cdot H(X^i) (1-H(X^i)) \cdot (-X^i_j) \\ &= (1-Y^i) H(X^i) X^i_j \end{split}$$

$$\therefore \frac{\partial J(W)}{\partial W_j} = \frac{1}{n} \sum_{i=1}^n [-Y^i (1 - H(X^i)) X_j^i + (1 - Y^i) H(X^i) X_j^i]$$
$$= \frac{1}{n} \sum_{i=1}^n (H(X^i) - Y^i) X_j^i$$

Thus, for all W_j , the update function is given as follows:

$$W_j = W_j - \frac{\lambda}{n} \sum_{i=1}^{n} (H(X^i) - Y^i) X_j^i$$

where λ is the learning rate given by users.