

ALGORITMIA E ESTRUTURAS DE DADOS

A BIBLIOTECA TKINTER / CUSTOMTKINTER

PARTE II - CONTAINERS

TKINTER

CUSTOM TKINTER

LICENCIATURA EM
TECNOLOGIAS E SISTEMAS DE INFORMAÇÃO PARA A WEB
#ESMAD #P.PORTO

❑ Biblioteca CustomTkinter | Containers

❑ Frame

❑ ScrollableFrame

❑ Tabview

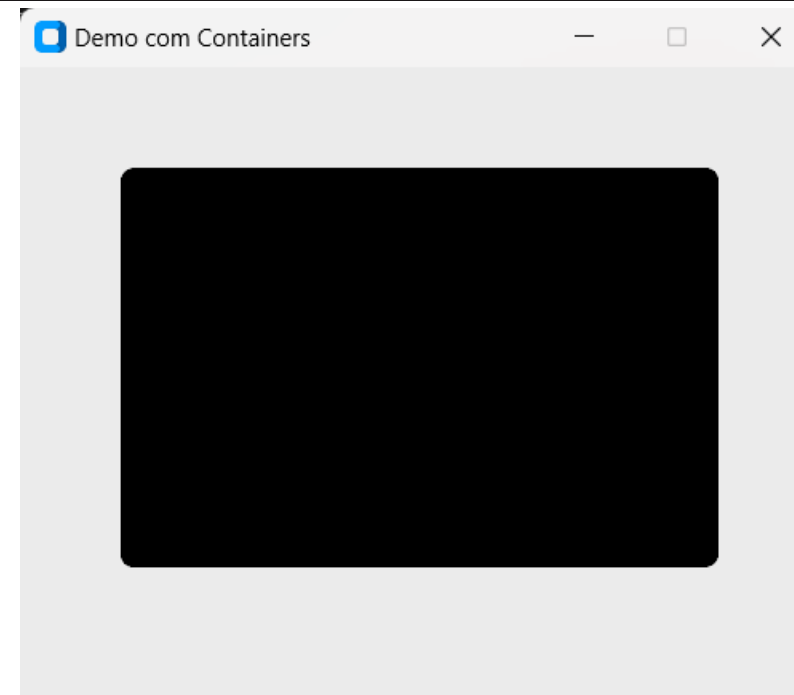
❑ CTkImage



❖ Containers

❑ Frame

- ❑ width
- ❑ height
- ❑ border_width
- ❑ Border_color
- ❑ fg_color
- ❑ bg_color



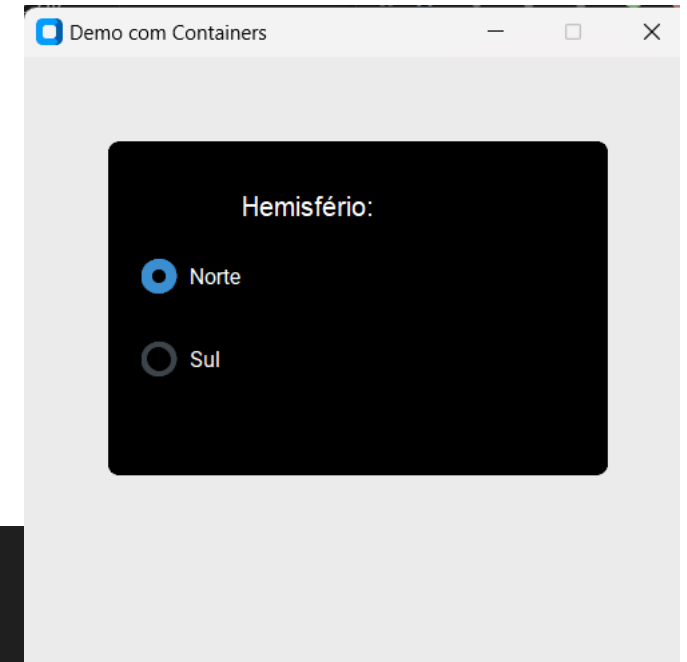
```
1 # FRAME
2 frameRadioButtons = customtkinter.CTkFrame(app, width=300, height=200, fg_color="black")
3 frameRadioButtons.place(x=50, y=50)
4
```

❖ Containers

❑ Frame

- ❑ width
- ❑ height
- ❑ border_width
- ❑ Border_color
- ❑ fg_color, bg_color

```
1  # Label
2  labelHemisferio = customtkinter.CTkLabel(frameRadioButtons, text= "Hemisfério:", text_color="white",
3                                          bg_color="transparent", font=("Helvetica", 16))
4  labelHemisferio.place(x=80, y=25)
5
6  # RadioButtons
7  radioVariable = customtkinter.StringVar(value="Norte")
8  radiobutton1 = customtkinter.CTkRadioButton(frameRadioButtons, text="Norte", text_color="white",
9                                              variable= radioVariable, value="Norte")
10 radiobutton1.place(x=20, y=70)
11 radiobutton2 = customtkinter.CTkRadioButton(frameRadioButtons, text="Sul", text_color="white",
12                                              variable= radioVariable, value="Sul")
13 radiobutton2.place(x=20, y=120)
```



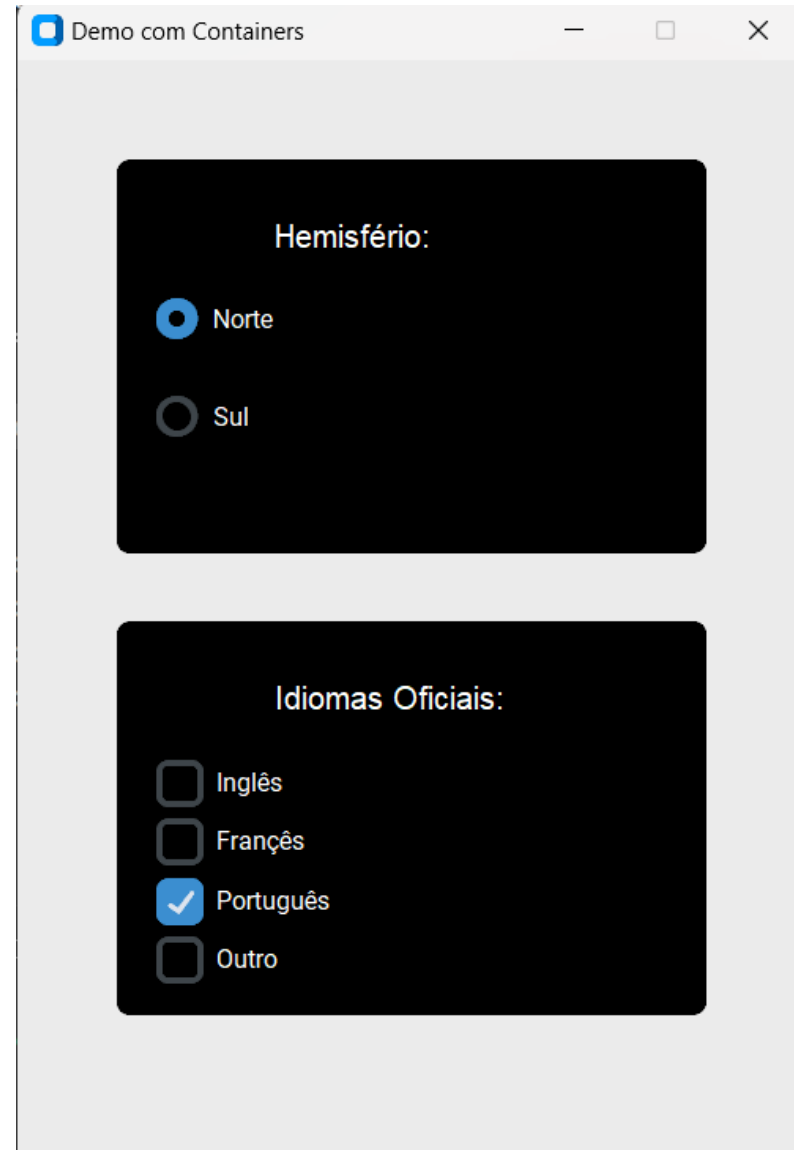
❖ Containers

❑ Frame

- ❑ width
- ❑ height
- ❑ border_width, border_color
- ❑ fg_color, bg_color



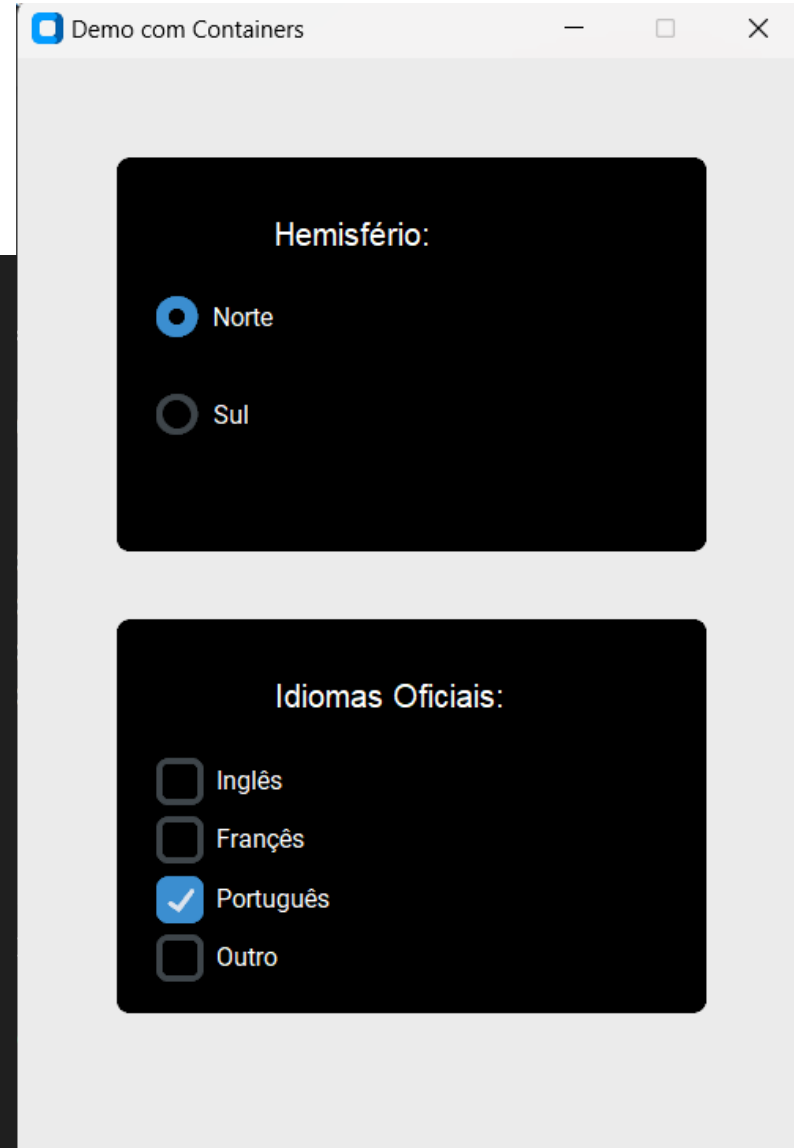
```
1 # FRAME 2
2 frameIdiomas = customtkinter.CTkFrame(app, width=300, height=200, fg_color="black")
3 frameIdiomas.place(x=50, y=285)
4
```



❖ Containers

❏ Frame

```
1  # Label
2  labelIdioma = customtkinter.CTkLabel(frameIdiomas, text= "Idiomas Oficiais:", text_color="white",
3                                     bg_color="transparent", font=("Helvetica", 16))
4  labelIdioma.place(x=80, y=25)
5
6  # CheckBox - Idioma Oficial
7  checkVar1 = customtkinter.StringVar(value="off")
8  checkVar2 = customtkinter.StringVar(value="off")
9  checkVar3 = customtkinter.StringVar(value="on")
10 checkVar4 = customtkinter.StringVar(value="off")
11
12 checkboxEN = customtkinter.CTkCheckBox(frameIdiomas, text="Inglês", text_color="white",
13                                     variable=checkVar1, onvalue="on", offvalue="off")
14 checkboxFR = customtkinter.CTkCheckBox(frameIdiomas, text="Français", text_color="white",
15                                     variable=checkVar2, onvalue="on", offvalue="off")
16 checkboxPT = customtkinter.CTkCheckBox(frameIdiomas, text="Português", text_color="white",
17                                     variable=checkVar3, onvalue="on", offvalue="off")
18 checkboxOT = customtkinter.CTkCheckBox(frameIdiomas, text="Outro", text_color="white",
19                                     variable=checkVar4, onvalue="on", offvalue="off")
20
21 checkboxEN.place(x=20, y= 70)
22 checkboxFR.place(x=20, y= 100)
23 checkboxPT.place(x=20, y= 130)
24 checkboxOT.place(x=20, y= 160)
```

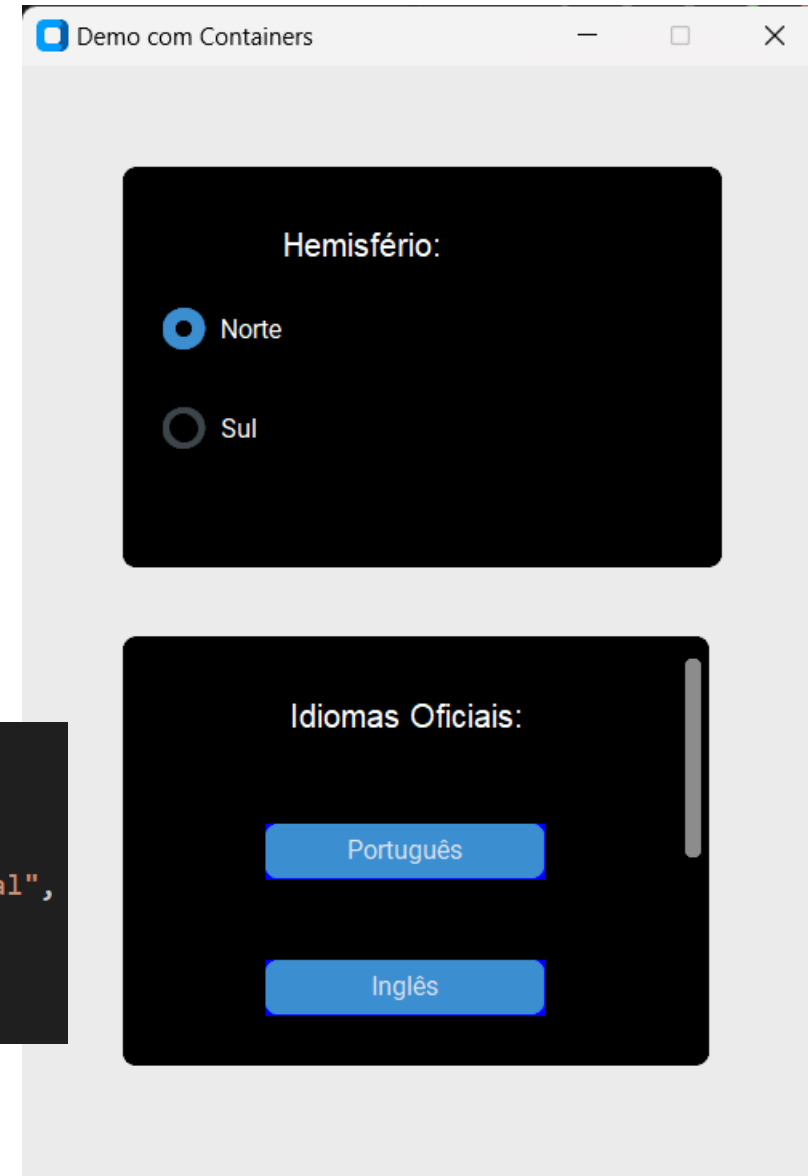


❖ Containers

❑ ScrollableFrame

- ❑ width
- ❑ height
- ❑ border_width, border_color
- ❑ fg_color, bg_color
- ❑ orientation ("horizontal", "vertical")

```
1 # FRAME 2
2 frameIdiomas = customtkinter.CTkScrollableFrame(app, width=270, height=200, orientation="vertical",
3                                                    fg_color="black")
4 frameIdiomas.place(x=50, y=285)
5
```

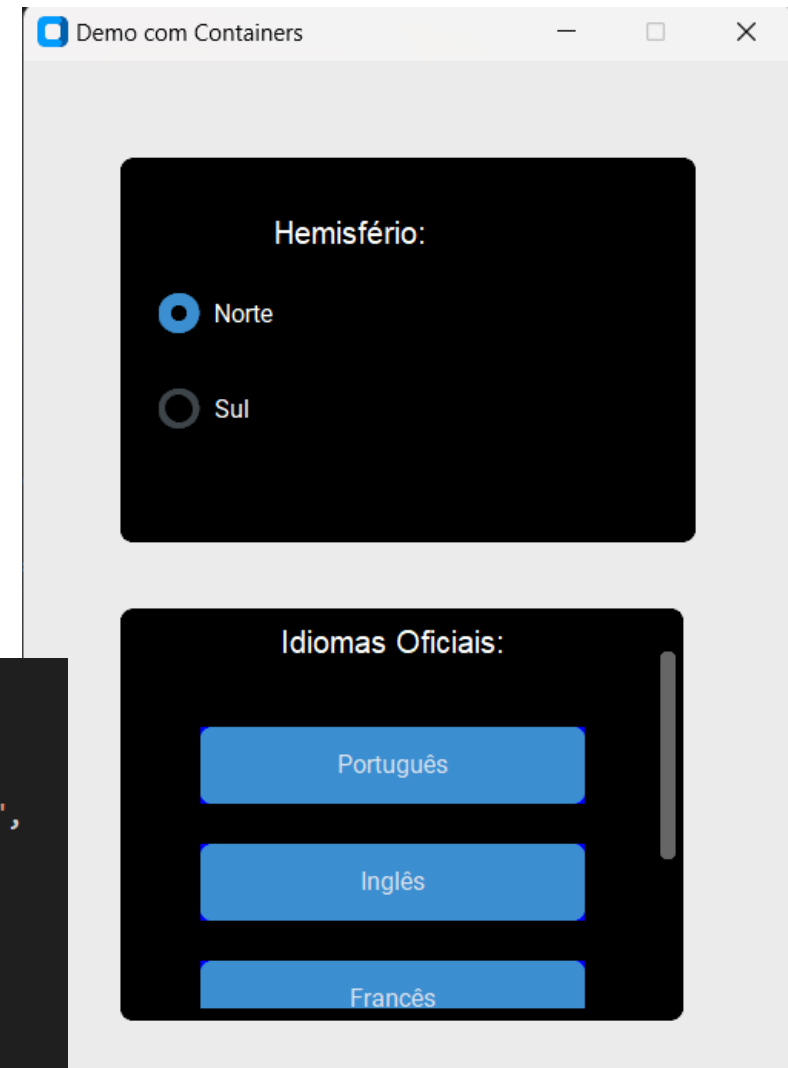


❖ Containers

❑ ScrollableFrame

- ❑ width
- ❑ height
- ❑ border_width, border_color
- ❑ fg_color, bg_color
- ❑ orientation ("horizontal", "vertical")

```
1 # Label
2 labelIdioma = customtkinter.CTkLabel(frameIdiomas, text= "Idiomas Oficiais:", text_color="white",
3                                     bg_color="transparent", font=("Helvetica", 16))
4 labelIdioma.pack(pady=20)
5
6 listIdiomas= ["Português", "Inglês", "Francês", "Mandarim", "Alemão"]
7 for i in range (len(listIdiomas)):
8     customtkinter.CTkButton(frameIdiomas, bg_color="blue", text=listIdiomas[i],
9                             width= 200, height=40).pack(pady=10)
10
```

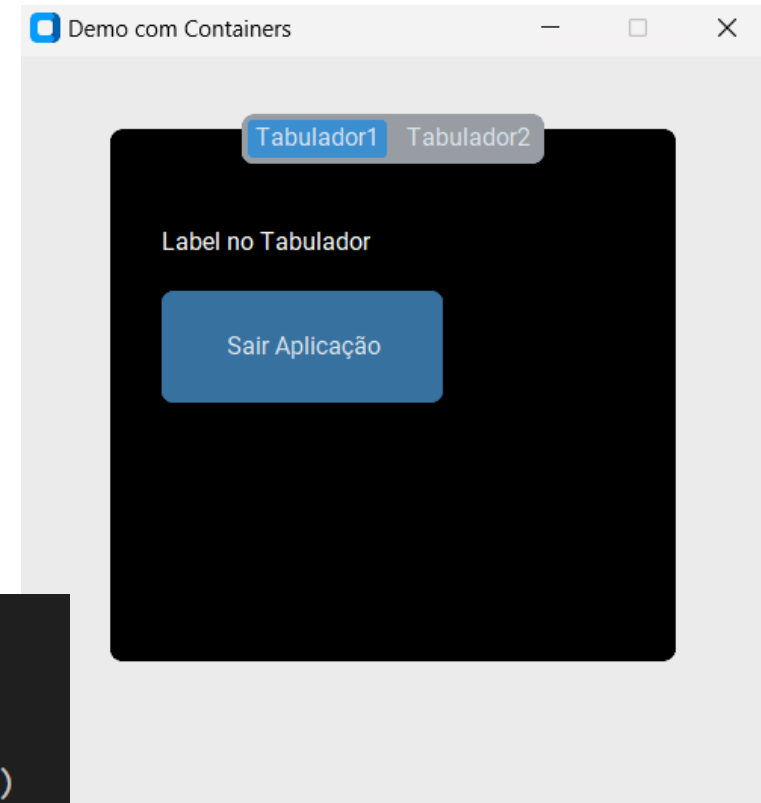


❖ Containers

❑ Tabview

- ❑ width, height
- ❑ border_color
- ❑ fg_color, texto_color
- ❑ state

```
1  # definir componente Tabview
2  tabview = customtkinter.CTkTabview(app, width=300, height=300, fg_color="black")
3  tabview.pack(padx=20, pady=20)
4
5  # Adicionar tabuladores ao tabview
6  tab1 = tabview.add("Tabulador1") # adicionar tab
7  tab2 = tabview.add("Tabulador2") # adicionar tab
8
9  # Definir o tabulador ativo / visível num dado momento
10 tabview.set("Tabulador1")
11
```

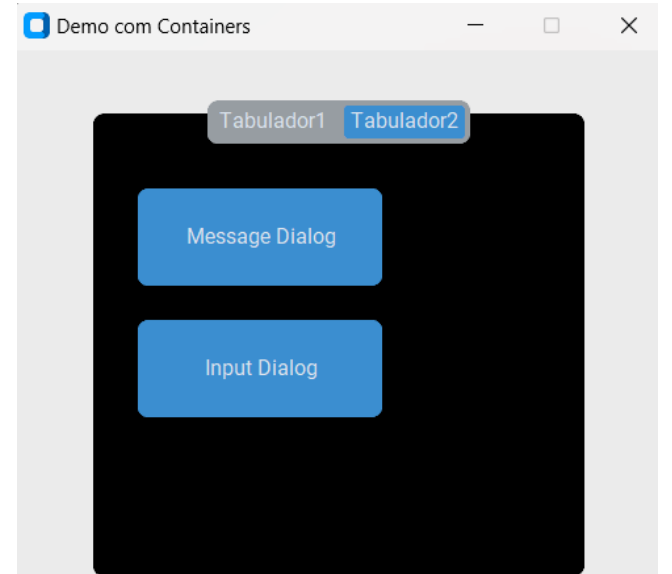
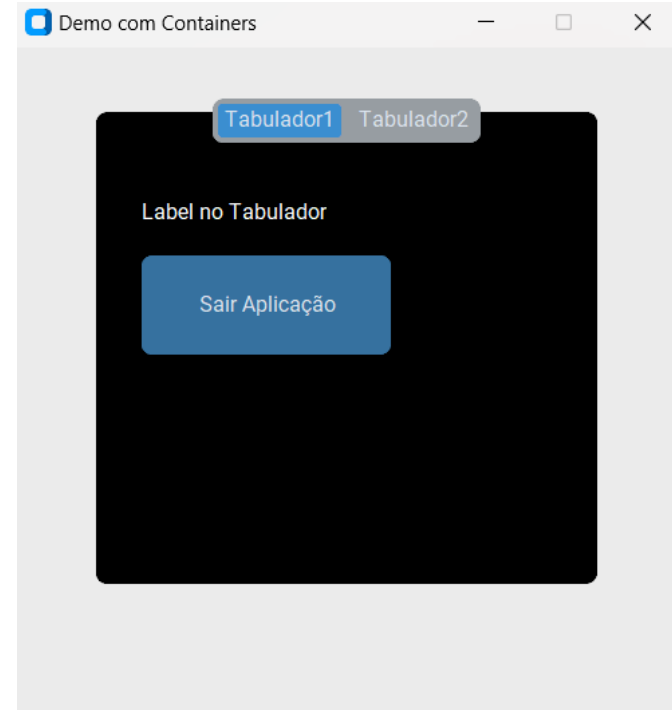


❖ Containers

❑ Tabview

- ❑ width, height
- ❑ border_color
- ❑ fg_color, texto_color
- ❑ state

```
1 # Tabulador1
2 lblText = customtkinter.CTkLabel(tab1, text = "Label no Tabulador", text_color="white")
3 lblText.place(x=20, y=20)
4
5 btnTabulador = customtkinter.CTkButton(tab1, width=150, height=60,
6                                         text = "Sair Aplicação", command= app.destroy)
7 btnTabulador.place(x=20, y=60)
8
9 # Tabulador2
10 btnMessage = customtkinter.CTkButton(tab2, width=150, height=60,
11                                       text = "Message Dialog", command=messageDialog)
12 btnMessage.place(x=20, y=20)
13
14 btnDialog = customtkinter.CTkButton(tab2, width=150, height=60,
15                                     text = "Input Dialog", command=dialogEvent)
16 btnDialog.place(x=20, y=100)
```



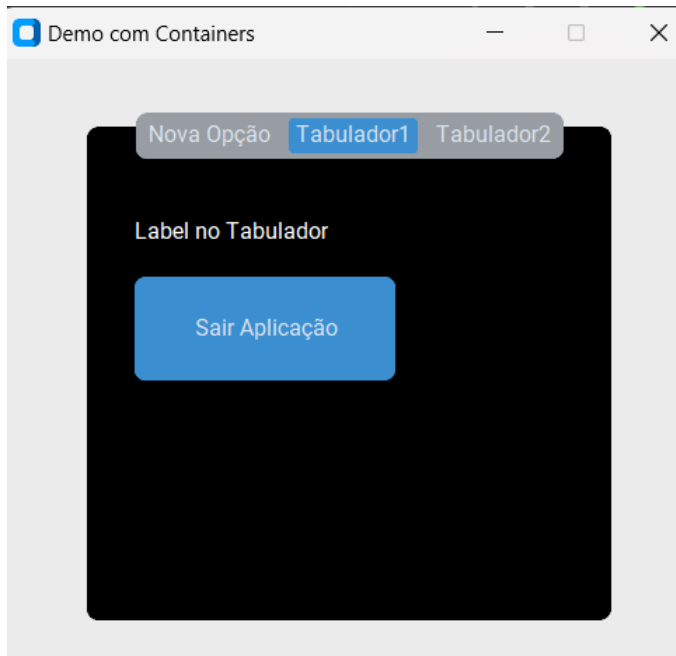
❖ Containers

❑ Tabview

❑ Métodos

- ❑ insert(index, name)
- ❑ add(name)
- ❑ rename(name1, name2)

```
1  #EXEMPLOS MÉTODOS
2
3  tabview.insert(0, "Nova Opção")
4  tabview.add("Configurações")
5  tabview.rename("Configurações", "Settings")
```



❖ Containers

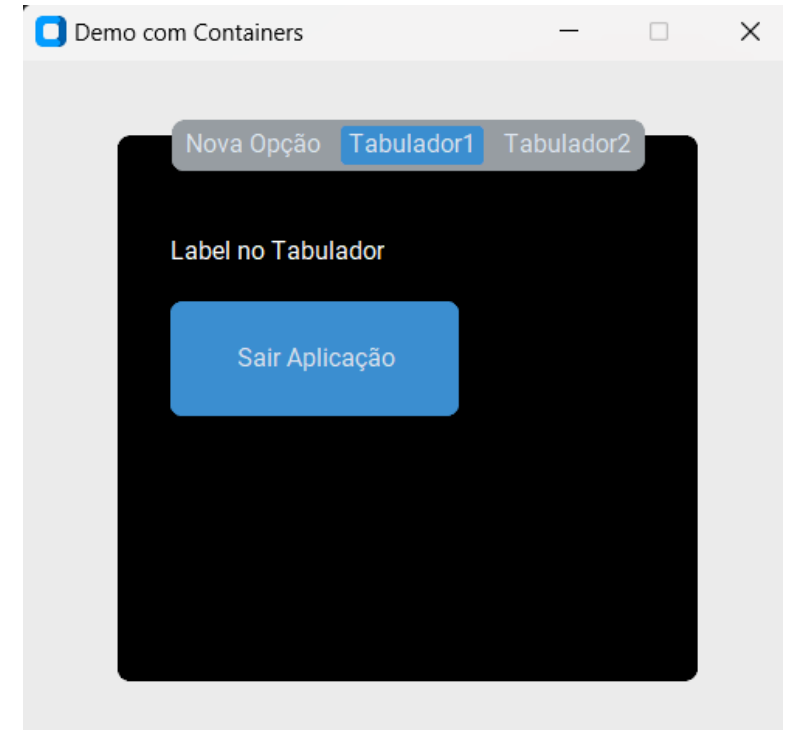
❑ Tabview

❑ Métodos

- ❑ insert(index, name)
- ❑ add(name)
- ❑ rename(name1, name2)



```
1 tabview.delete("Settings")
2
3 tabview.set("Tabulador1")    # define tabulador ativo
4 tabAtivo = tabview.get()     # Obtém o nome do tabulador ativo
```



❖ Containers

❑ CTKImage

- ❑ size (tuplo, width, height)
- ❑ light_image (atribuir objeto imagem para o modo light)
- ❑ dark_image (atribuir objeto imagem para o modo dark)



```
1 # CTKImage
2 tabview.set("Tabulador1") # define tabulador ativo
3 # CTKImage define objeto do tipo Image
4 img1 = customtkinter.CTkImage(Image.open(".\\images\\Praia.png"), size=(160, 105))
5 # Ancorar image numa Label ou num Button
6 lblImage = customtkinter.CTkLabel(tab1, image = img1, text = "", width = 160, height = 105)
7 lblImage.place(x=10, y=140)
```



❖ Containers

❑ Exercício de consolidação

- ❑ App: 400x700
- ❑ Tabview: 400x400
- ❑ 2 tabuladores: “Gestor de Presenças” e “Consultar”
- ❑ Imagem: size=(300, 280), contida numa Label
- ❑ Buttons: 300x30
- ❑ MessageBox para confirmar saída da aplicação
- ❑ TreeView: height=15
- ❑ Data e Hora com width=140, Temperatura com width = 140

