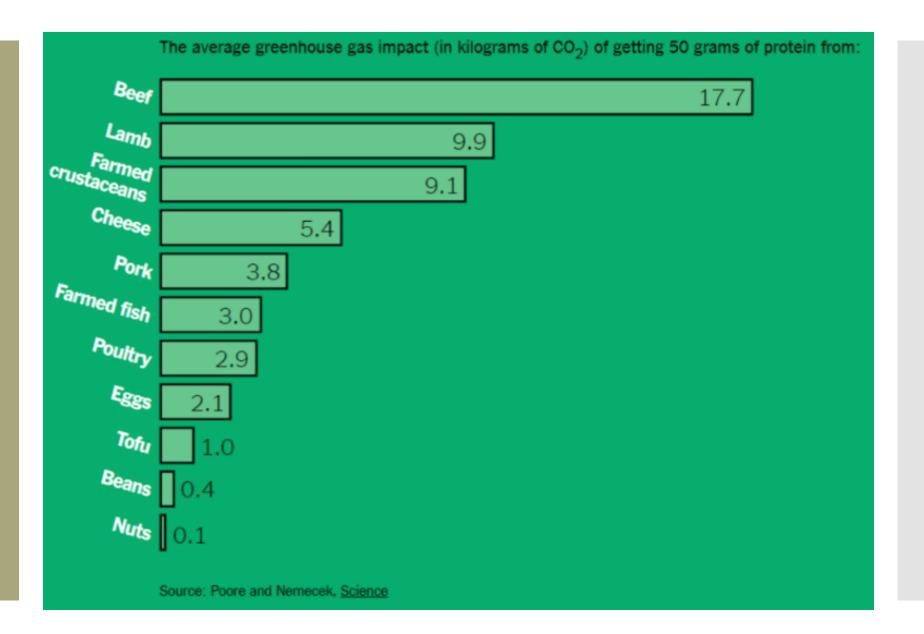
Data Science for Everyone – Introduction to Visualization

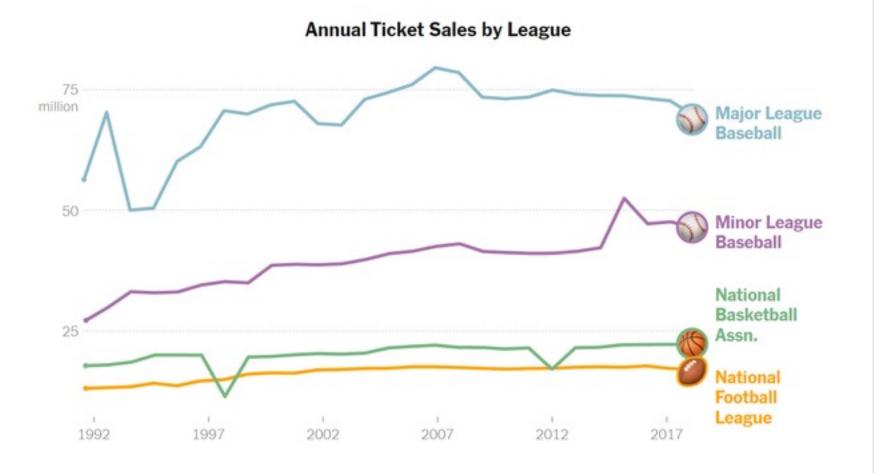
Dr. Ab Mosca (they/them)

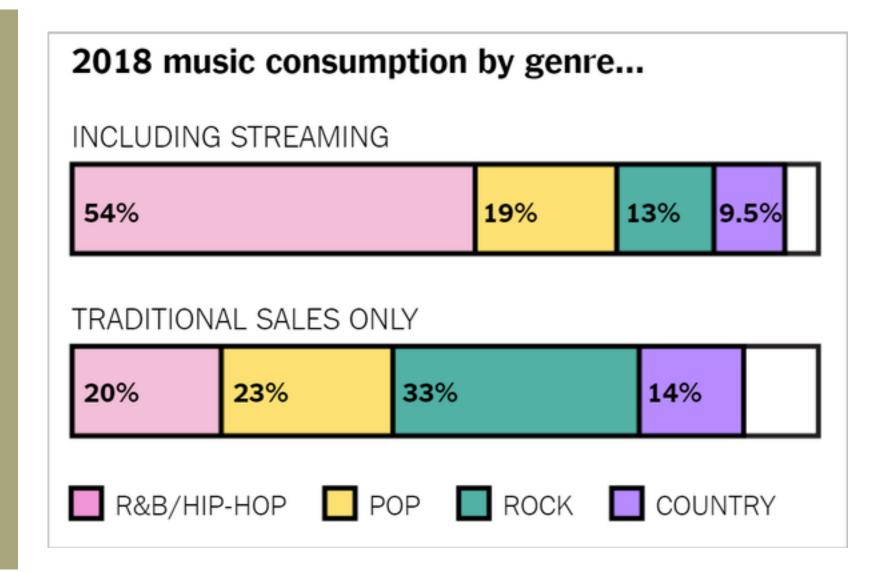
Plan for Today

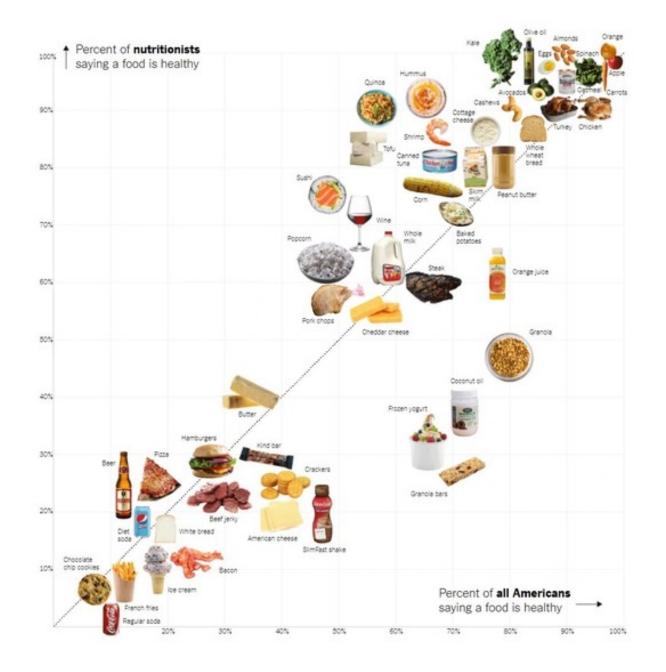
- What is Visualization?
- Basic Principle of Visualization

Visualization









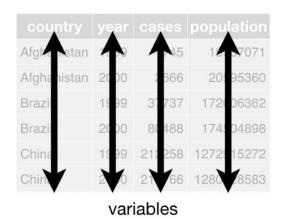
Definition: Visualization

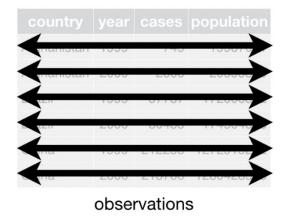
• The graphical representation of information and data.

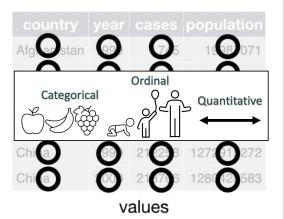
Formalizing Data Visualizations

Data

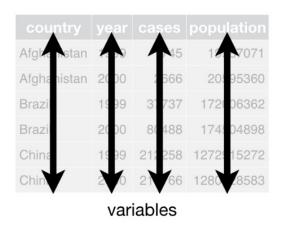
• Remember...

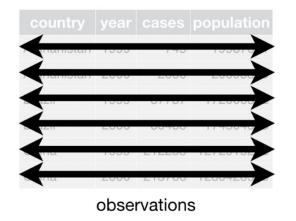


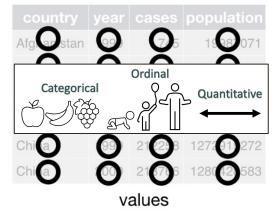




• Remember...



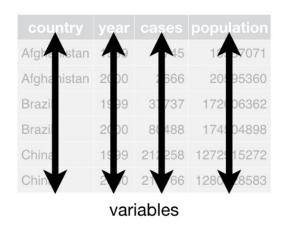


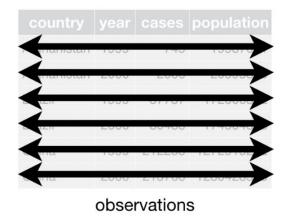


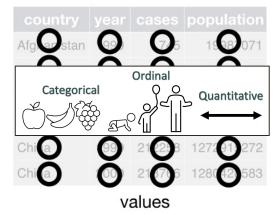
Big idea behind visualization

- Data have dimensions
- Visualizations have dimensions, too
- To build good visualizations, we need to map data dimensions to visual dimensions in a principled way

• Remember...



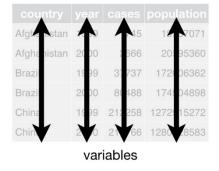


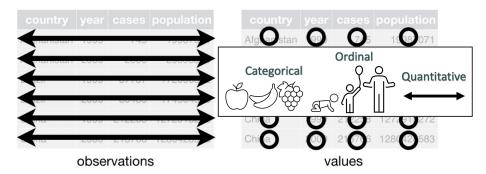


- Big idea behind visualization
 - Data have dimensions
 - Visualizations have dimensions, too
 - To build good visualizations, we need to map data dimensions to visual dimensions in a principled way

Data → Visuals

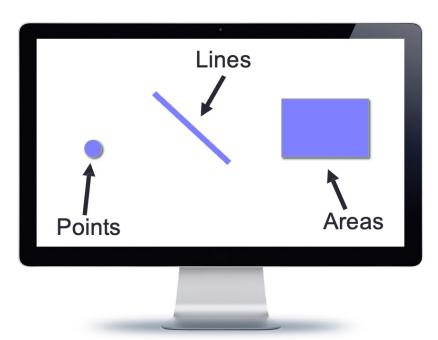
Data



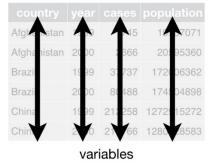


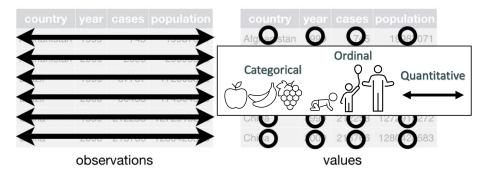
Visuals

- Marks
 - The "ink"



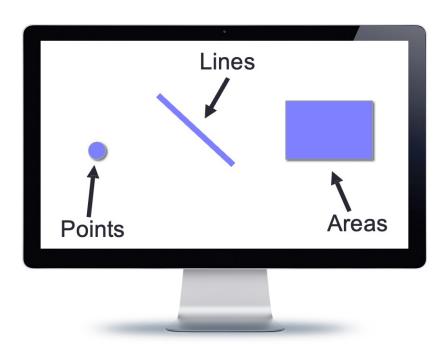






Visuals

- Marks
 - The "ink"

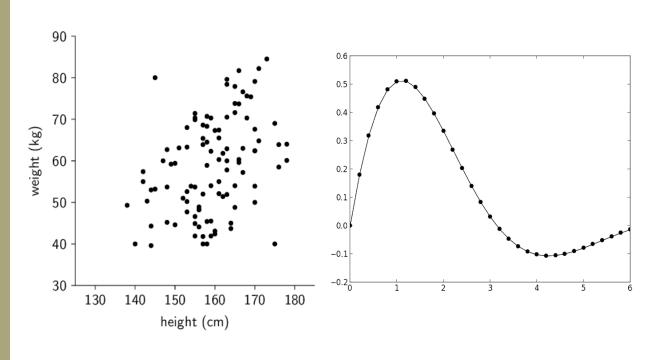


- Channels or dimensions
 - How the marks show up on the page

Visual Channels / Dimensions

Position

- Encode information using where mark is drawn
- Ex.

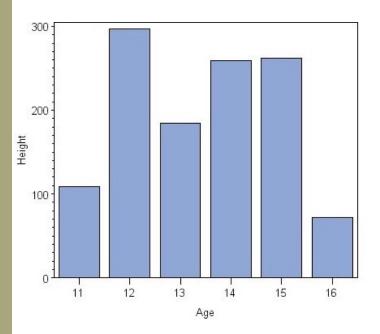


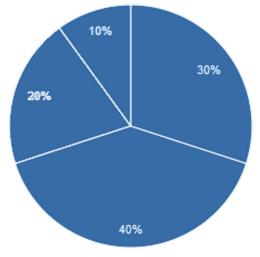


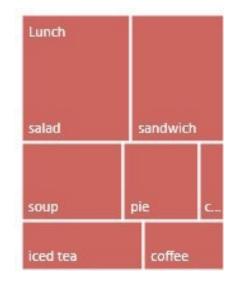
Visual Channels / Dimensions

Size

- Encode information using *how big* mark is drawn
- Ex.



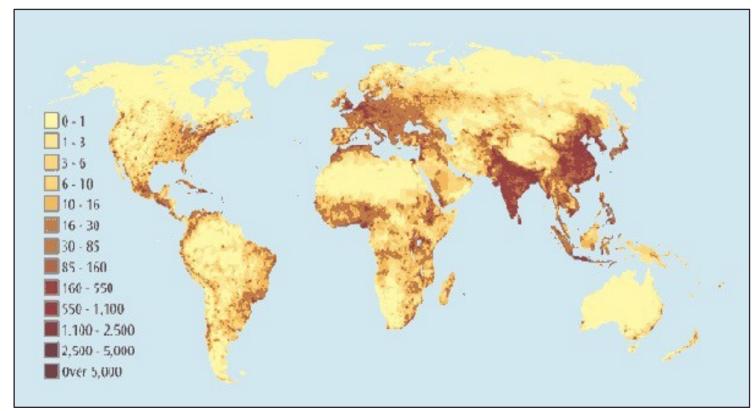




Visual Channels / Dimensions

Value

- Encode information using how dark mark is drawn
- Ex.



Visual Channels / Dimensions

Color

- Encode information using *hue* of mark
- Ex.

Benefits

About 1 out of 10 women improved their symptoms using this medicine.



Side Effects

About 2 out of 10 women had dry mouth using this medicine.

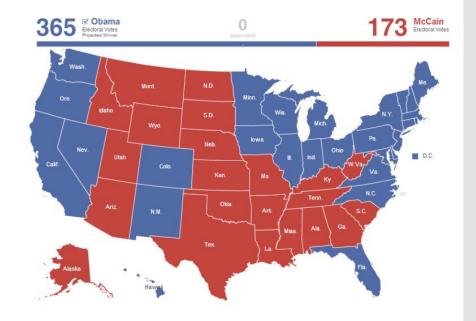


About 1 out of 10 women had constipation using this medicine.



Less than 1 out of 10 women had an upset stomach using this medicine.

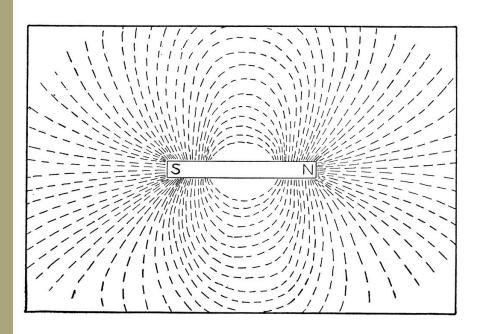




Visual Channels / Dimensions

Orientation

- Encode information using how mark is *rotated*
- Ex.





Visual Channels / Dimensions

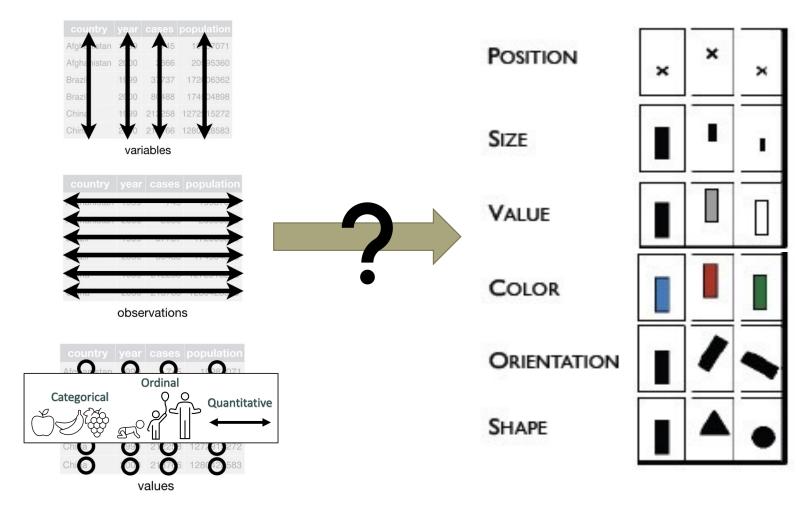
Shape

- Encode information using how mark is *shaped*
- Ex.

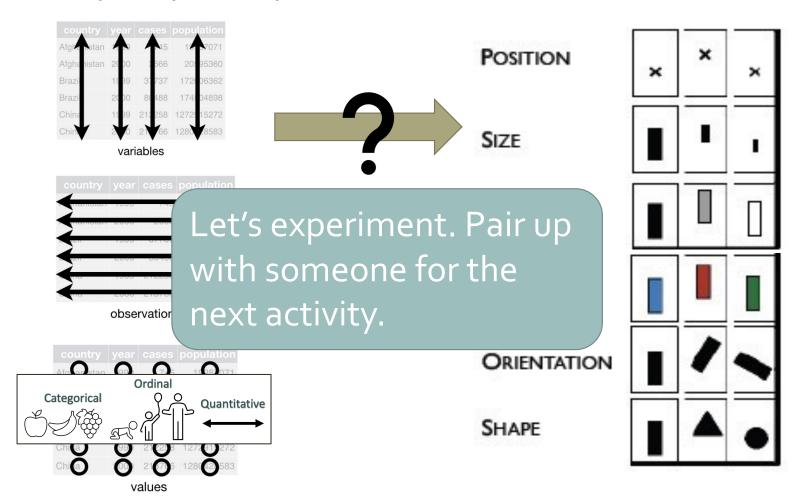


- Remember... Big idea behind visualization
 - Map data dimensions to visual dimensions in a principled way

- Remember... Big idea behind visualization
 - Map data dimensions to visual dimensions in a principled way

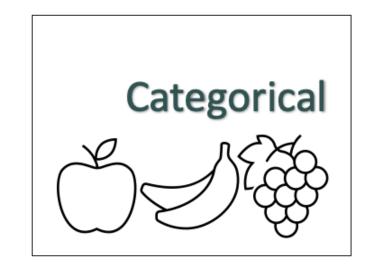


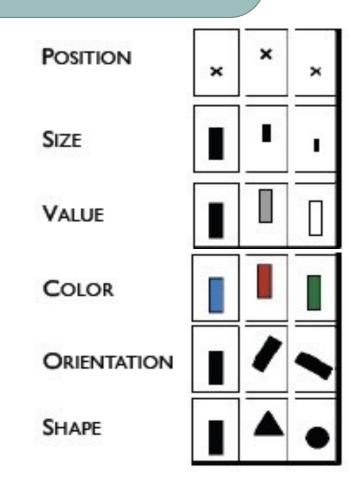
- Remember... Big idea behind visualization
 - Map data dimensions to visual dimensions in a principled way



Work with your partner to represent apple, banana, grapes, with each visual channel.

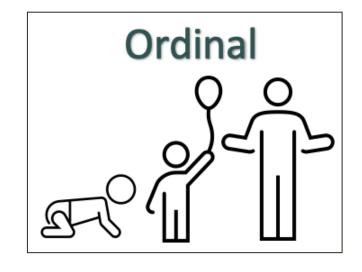
Be prepared to share with the class.

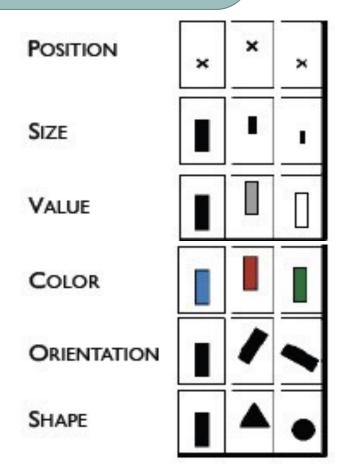




Work with your partner to represent baby, toddler, adult, with each visual channel.

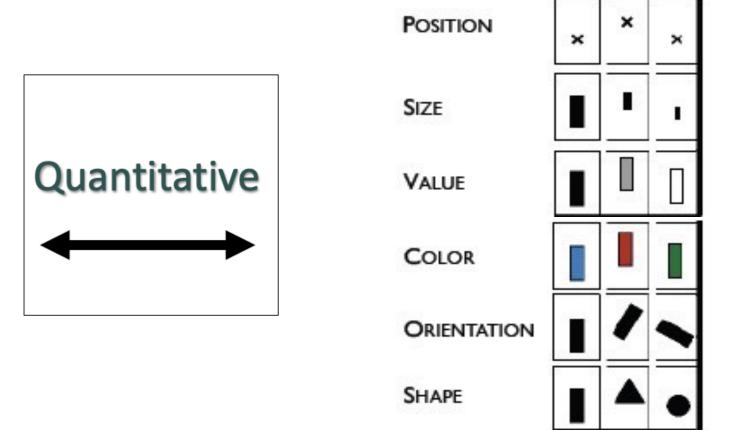
Be prepared to share with the class.



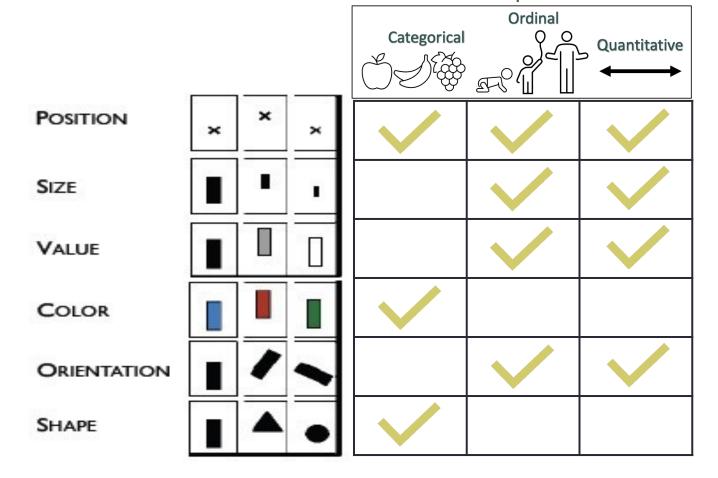


Work with your partner to represent 1, 2, 3, with each visual channel.

Be prepared to share with the class.



- Remember... Big idea behind visualization
 - Map data dimensions to visual dimensions in a principled way
 - Not all visual dimensions can represent all data types



Jacques Bertin, Semiologie Graphique (Semiology of Graphics), 1967.

Try it out!

- Work with 1-2 other people. Be prepared to share your work with the class.
- Find a data visualization you think is interesting
 - Some ideas: NYTimes, Visualising Data.com, Visual.ly
 - Remember to cite your source!
- Identify the following:
 - What is the data that's being visualized? Where did it come from?
 - Which data dimensions are mapped to which visual dimensions?
 - How does this shape your understanding of the data?
 - If you liked the visualization: what is it doing well?
 - If you disliked the visualization: what would you change?