## Discrete Structures— Graphs: Euler Paths and Circuits

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### Plan for Today

- Recap graph definitions
- Euler Paths & Circuits

### Warm Up: Recap

#### Form 5 Groups

- Each group will get a set of topics (listed to the right)
- For your topics:
  - Define each
  - Show an example of each
  - Choose 1 and provide a practice problem
  - You will walk us all through your definitions, examples, and practice problem

#### Group 1:

- Graph definition, drawing
- Multigraph
- Connected graph
- Complete graph

#### Group 2:

- Graph equality
- Graph isomorphism

#### Group 3:

- Subgraph
- Induced subgraph

#### Group 4:

- Handshake lemma
- Proposition: In any graph, the number of vertices with odd degree must be even.

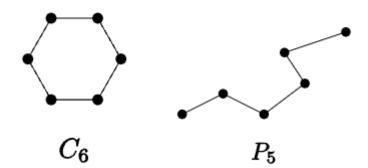
#### Group 5:

- · Bipartite graph
- Complete bipartite graph

 $C_n$ : The cycle on n vertices, just one big loop.

 $P_n$ : The path on n+1 vertices (so n edges), just one long path.

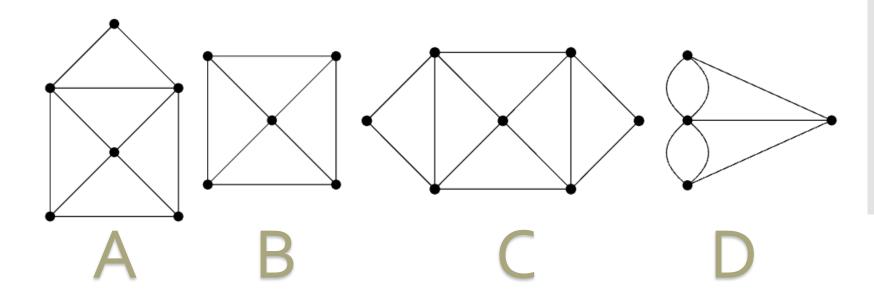
Named Graphs



#### Motivation

Form 4 groups. With your group consider the graph you were assigned...

- How many nodes does your graph have? How many edges?
- Can you make a path through the graph that uses every edge exactly once?
- Can you do the above but also start and end at the same vertex?



An *Euler path*, in a graph or multigraph, is a path through the graph which uses every edge exactly once.

# Euler Paths & Circuits

An *Euler circuit* is a Euler path which stops and starts at the same vertex.

# Euler Paths & Circuits

An *Euler path*, in a graph or multigraph, is a path through the graph which uses every edge exactly once.

An *Euler circuit* is a Euler path which stops and starts at the same vertex.

Based on what we saw earlier, do you think there is an easy and quick way to determine *if* a graph has an Euler path or circuit?

(Notice I said *if* an Euler path or circuit exists, not what the path or circuit is.)

A *Hamiltonian path* is a path which visits every vertex exactly once.

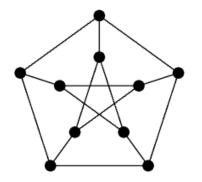
Hamiltonian Paths

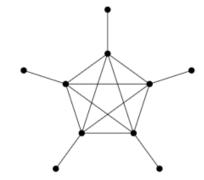
A *Hamiltonian cycle* is a Hamiltonian path that starts and stops at the same vertex.

### Hamiltonian Paths

A *Hamiltonian path* is a path which visits every vertex exactly once.

A *Hamiltonian cycle* is a Hamiltonian path that starts and stops at the same vertex.





Do these graphs have a Hamiltonian path?

## A *Hamiltonian path* is a path which visits every vertex exactly once.

## Hamiltonian Paths

A *Hamiltonian cycle* is a Hamiltonian path that starts and stops at the same vertex.

There is no known simple test for determining whether a graph has a Hamiltonian path! This is an example of an NP-complete problem, which means it is (currently) too difficult for even a computer to solve!