

# Using AWS and PostgreSQL to make your own routing engine

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DC HACK && TELL

MAY 11 2016

**Link to project:**

<https://github.com/ampetr/pgrouting>

# Intro

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- Many free routing API's available
    - Google Maps directions API
    - HERE navigation
    - Mapzen Valhalla
    - OpenStreet Routing Project
    - Graph hopper
  - Also free graph theory libraries for shortest path
    - igraph (python, R)
    - networkx (python)
- Subject to API limits
  - May not return the route itself, (or will be slow to do so).
  - May need to know the IDs of edges in route
- Involve creating a “graph object,” still may be slow

# Intro

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- Today I'll show how to use pgRouting to make an okay-ish routing engine, with the benefit that
  - Can calculate huge number of shortest path routes
  - Built on PostgreSQL database, so routes are efficiently stored
  - No limit on usage
- Okay-ish because
  - Built on OpenStreetMap (imperfect)
  - Does not know about arbitrary forbidden turns
  - Disallows *any* U-turns
  - Doesn't know about traffic conditions

# pgRouting Extension for Postgres

- Amazon web services does have PostgreSQL available through RDS product
- However, it does not support pgRouting extension
- So use regular EC2 instance and install Postgres on it.
  - Instructions here: <https://github.com/ampetr/pgrouting>
- Shortest path syntax:

## One-to-one

```
create table test_route
AS
SELECT seq, id1 AS vertex_id, id2 AS edge_id, cost
FROM pgr_dijkstra('
    SELECT      edge_id as id,
               vertex_id_1::int4 as source,
               vertex_id_2::int4 as target,
               length_meters::float8 as cost
    FROM road_edges',
    104815,108913, true, false); -- " arguments are:
                                sql,source_id,target_id,directed,has_reverse_cost"
;
```

## One-to-many:

```
create table way_route_o2m
AS
SELECT seq, id1 AS target, id2 AS edge, cost
FROM pgr_kdijkstra('
    SELECT      edge_id as id,
               vertex_id_1::int4 as source,
               vertex_id_2::int4 as target,
               length_meters::float8 as cost
    FROM road_edges',
    100499,
    (select array_agg(vertex_id) from road_nodes limit 20),
    true, false);
```

Edges table should have index on edge\_id column

# OpenStreetMap

- Three types of objects: nodes, ways, relations
- Nodes define the break points in ways
- Ways include roads, but also bodies of water, borders, etc.
- Relations are shapes made of ways

Way-node  
structure

OpenStreetMap

www.openstreetmap.org/way/29235009#map=19/38.92407/-77.04421

Edit History Export

GPS Traces User Diaries Copyright Help About

name	Adams Mill Road Northwest
source:HFCS	District of Columbia (DC GIS)
tiger:clcc	A41
tiger:county	District of Columbia, DC
tiger:name_base	Adams Mill
tiger:name_direction_suffix	NW
tiger:name_type	Rd
tiger:reviewed	no
tiger:zip_left	20009
tiger:zip_right	20009

Nodes

49739997 (part of ways — Lanier Place Northwest (109672314) and — Adams Mill Road Northwest (50525416))

49740015

49740020

49740024

49740031

49740036

49740040

49716928 (part of way — Ontario Place Northwest (6051302))

49740048 (part of way ..... 226345750)

49740056

49740060

49740064

2351888252 (part of ways ..... 226345752 and 183205906)

49740074 (part of ways — Adams Mill Road Northwest (29235008), 183205906, and — 289197054)

Download XML View History

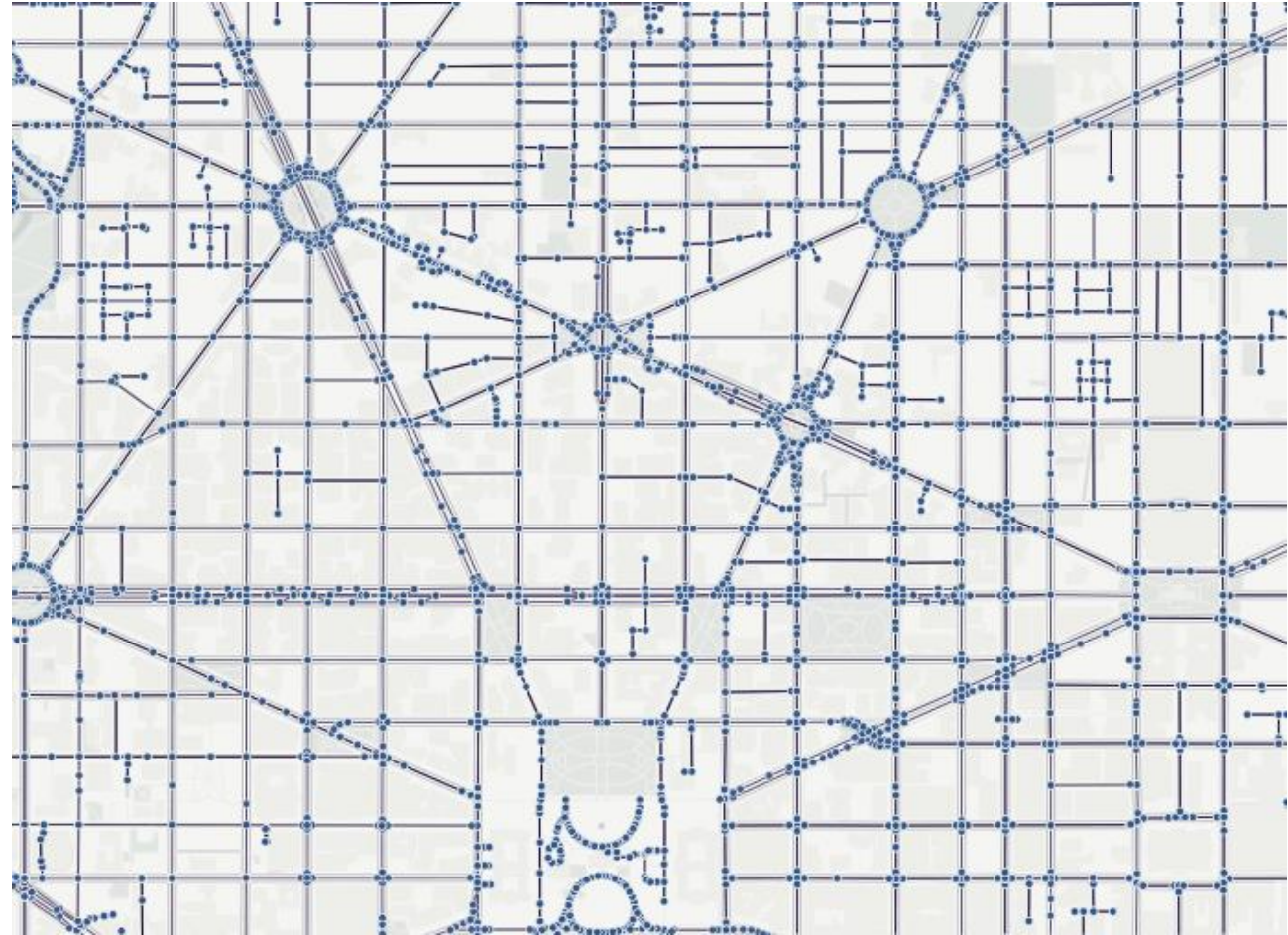
# Disclaimer

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- pgRouting actually has a built-in function to import OpenStreetMap Data “[osm2pgrouting](#)”
- I didn't know this at the time, so wrote my own
- Now I'm too lazy to learn the built-in function

# Import OSM data

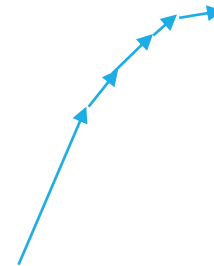
- Fave places to download OSM Data:
  - <https://mapzen.com/data/metro-extracts/>
  - <http://extract.bbbike.org/>
- Extract is “.osm” file (xml format)
- Import into postgres database
  - Python code available on github:  
<https://github.com/ampetr/pgrouting>
- Parses the XML and extracts the three children: nodes, ways, relations
- Filters to ways that are tagged as roads



# Create edges table

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- Use the way-node relationship to get straight line edges
- Create reverse order way for two-way streets
- Ordering by the `node_order` field, use the `lead()` function to get the next node in a way
- Use `ST_MakeLine(start_point, end_point)` to create line geometry
- Get line length with `ST_Length(line)`

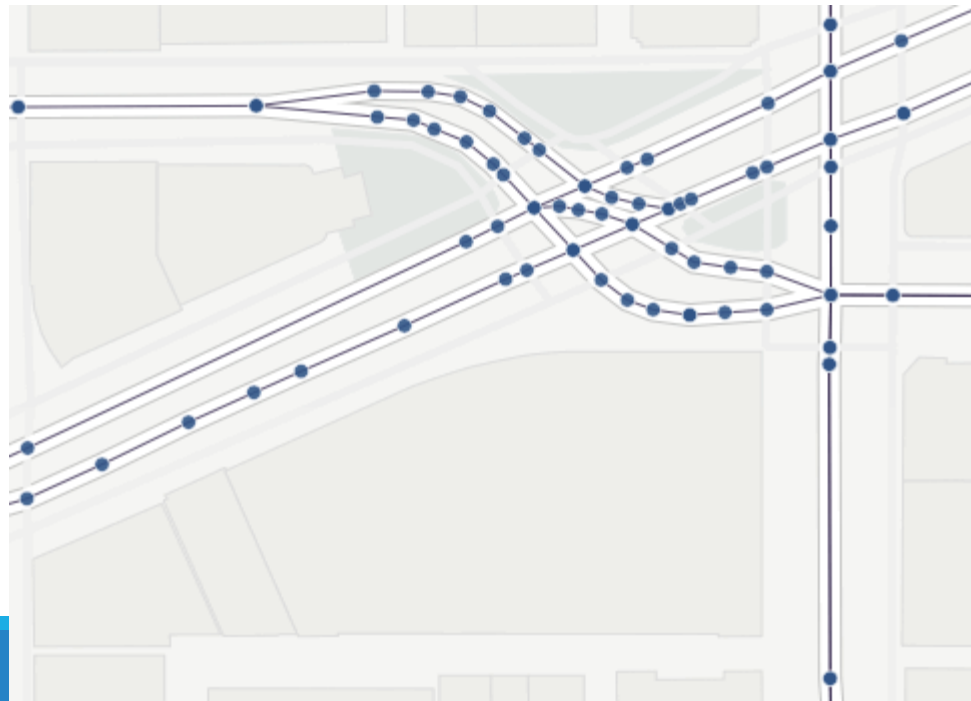




# So we're set?

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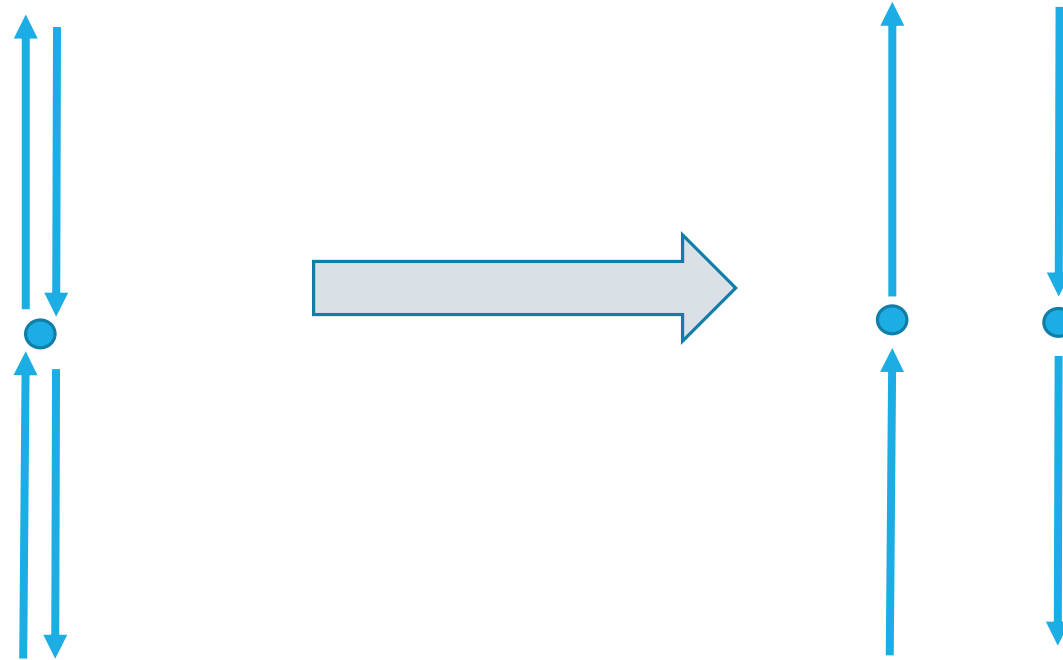
- We have a table of straight line edges, and we know their lengths
- First try
- But remember, this is a directed graph. It doesn't know about how roads work.
- ➔ You can make a U-turn **anywhere**(not just intersections, **at any node**)



# Forbid U-turns

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- Identify Uturns:
  - End point of edge A is start point of B, and their bearings are roughly 180 degrees different
  - Create new nodes:



Not finished yet..

# Thank you!

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- Link to project on github:

# Thank you!

Github: <https://github.com/ampetr/pgrouting>

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