# **Dog-VS-Monkey Documentation**



# Created by

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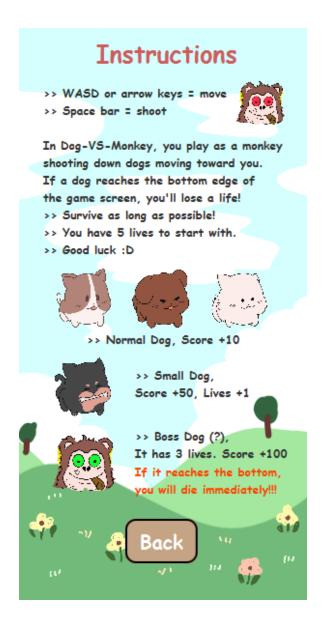
### 1.Introduction:

Dog-VS-Monkey is shooting game to overcome a dog that spawn and move down to monkey.

You are a monkey in this game and you have to shoot every dogs that coming to you as soon as possible cause a dog are so cruel!!!!  $\geq ^{ \cdot } \cdot \cdot \cdot ^{ \cdot } \leq$ 



Start screen



Instruction



Contributors



In gameplay



Losing screen

# Characters

If a dog reaches bottom of the screen, you will lose a life, but if you shoot them, you will get the score.

1. Normal Dog = Score +10







2. Small Dog = Score +50, Lives +1



3. Boss Dog = Score +100, Watch out! If it reaches the bottom, you will die immediately

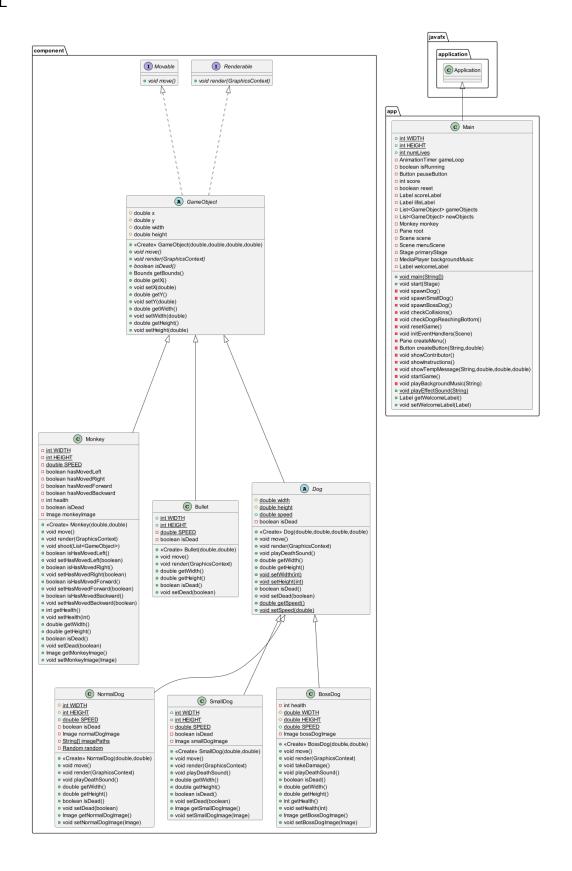


#### How to play

- Use the A, W, S, D keys or arrow keys to move the monkey.
- Press SPACE to shoot at dog.
- Avoid letting dogs reach the bottom of the screen.
- The game ends when all lives are lost and Boss Dog reaches the bottom of the screen.
- Use pause button at top-right corner to pause the game.
- Use back button to redirect to main menu.

#### Features

- Control a monkey using keyboard inputs (A, W, S, D, or arrow keys) to move and SPACE to shoot.
- Dogs and boss dogs spawn in different time, Normal Dog in every 1 second, Small Dog 10 second and Boss Dog when the score can mod 200.
- Score tracking and display as your score rises.
- Lives system where monkey loses a life if a dog reaches the bottom of the screen.
- Reset mechanism to start over once all lives are lost.



### 2. Implementation Details:

#### \* Note that Access Modifier Notations can be listed below

+ (public)

# (protected)

- (private)

underlined (static)

ALL\_CAPS (final variable)

italic (abstract)

# 2.1. Package component

### 2.1.1. Interface Movable:

This interface represents objects that can be moved within the game.

#### Methods:

+ void	Defines a method for moving the object. Implementation provided by	
move()	subclasses.	

#### 2.1.2. Interface Renderable:

This interface represents objects that can be rendered on a graphics context.

+ void	Defines a abstract method for rendering the object on the
render(GraphicsContext gc)	provided graphics context. Implementation provided by
	subclasses.

# 2.1.3. Abstract Class GameObject implement Movable, Renderable:

This abstract class represents a generic game object in a game.

### Fields:

# double x	Represents the x-coordinate of the game object.
# double y	Represents the y-coordinate of the game object.
# double width	Represents the width of the game object.
# double height	Represents the height of the game object.

# Constructor:

+ GameObject(double x, double y, double	Initializes a game object with the given position
width, double height)	(x, y), width, and height.

#### Abstract Methods:

+ void move()	Abstract method for moving the game object. Implementation
	provided by subclasses.
+ void	Abstract method for rendering the game object. Implementation
render(GraphicsContext gc)	provided by subclasses.
+ boolean isDead()	Abstract method indicating whether the game object is dead.
	Implementation provided by subclasses.

+ Bounds	new Rectangle(x - getWidth() / 2, y - getHeight() / 2, getWidth(),	Ì
getBounds()	getHeight()): This line creates a new Rectangle object.	Ì

	The x and y coordinates are adjusted by subtracting half of the object's
	width and height respectively. This is done to ensure that the rectangle is
	centered on the object's position (x, y).
	The width and height of the rectangle are set to the object's width and
	height obtained using getWidth() and getHeight() methods.
	Getting Bounds:
	.getBoundsInLocal(): This method retrieves the bounding box of the
	created Rectangle object. The bounding box represents the rectangular
	area that encloses the entire shape.
	Returning Bounds:
	The Bounds object representing the bounding box of the game object is
	returned by the method.
+ double getX()	Returns the x-coordinate of the game object.
+ void setX(double x)	Sets the x-coordinate of the game object.
+ double getY()	Returns the y-coordinate of the game object.
+ void setY(double y)	Sets the y-coordinate of the game object.
+ double getWidth()	Returns the width of the game object.
+ void	Sets the width of the game object.
setWidth(double	
width)	
+ double getHeight()	Returns the height of the game object.
+ void	Sets the height of the game object.
setHeight(double	
height)	

# 2.1.4. Abstract Class Dog extends GameObject:

This class represents a dog entity in a game. It is an abstract class.

### Fields:

# int width	Represents the width of the dog.
# int height	Represents the height of the dog.
+ double speed	Represents the speed at which the dog moves. (value = 2)
- boolean isDead	Indicates whether the dog is dead. (value = false)

# Constructor:

+ Dog(double x, double y, int width,	Initializes a dog object with the given position (x, y),
int height)	width, and height.

+ void move()	Abstract method for moving the dog. Implementation provided
	by subclasses.
+ void render(GraphicsContext	Abstract method for rendering the dog. Implementation
gc)	provided by subclasses.
+ double getWidth()	Returns the width of the dog.
+ double getHeight()	Returns the height of the dog.
+ void setWidth(int width)	Sets the width of the dog.
+ void setHeight(int height)	Sets the height of the dog.
+ boolean isDead()	Returns whether the dog is dead.
+ void setDead(boolean dead)	Sets the status of the dog (dead or alive).
+ double getSpeed()	Returns the speed of the dog.
+ void setSpeed(double speed)	Sets the speed of the dog.

# 2.1.5. Class NormalDog extends Dog:

This class represents a normal dog entity in the game.

# Fields:

# int WIDTH	Constant representing the width of the normal dog (Value = 40).
# int HEIGHT	Constant representing the height of the normal dog (Value = 40).
+ double SPEED	Constant representing the speed at which the normal dog moves (Value =
	1).
- boolean isDead	Indicates whether the normal dog is dead (Value = false).
- Image	Represents the image of the normal dog.
normalDogImage	
- String[]	Array of paths to different images of the normal dog. (Value =
<u>imagePaths</u>	{"/pic/normalDog01.png", "/pic/normalDog02.png",
	"/pic/normalDog03.png"};
- Random random	Random object for selecting a random image path.

# Constructor:

+ NormalDog(double	this constructor initializes a NormalDog object with the given position(x,
x, double y)	y) and selects a random image path from the imagePaths array to set as
	the image of the NormalDog object. The random image path ensures
	variety in the appearance of normal dogs in the game.

+ void move()	Moves the normal dog downwards based on its speed.
+ void render(GraphicsContext	this method draws the image of the NormalDog object onto the
gc)	canvas at the specified coordinates (x - WIDTH / 2, y - HEIGHT
	/ 2) with the specified dimensions (WIDTH and HEIGHT). This

	·
	ensures that the dog is rendered centered at its position on the
	screen.
+ void playDeathSound()	Plays a sound effect representing the death of the NormalDog.
	The sound effect is retrieved from the file path
	"res/sound/effect/normalDog.wav".
	This method utilizes a class method playEffectSound() from the
	Main class (or associated class) to play the sound effect.
+ double getWidth()	Returns the width of the normal dog.
+ double getHeight()	Returns the height of the normal dog.
+ boolean isDead()	Returns whether the normal dog is dead.
+ void setDead(boolean dead)	-Sets the status of the NormalDog (dead or alive) based on the
	boolean parameter dead.
	-If dead is true, it sets the isDead flag to true, indicating that the
	NormalDog is dead.
	-If dead is false, it sets the isDead flag to false, indicating that
	the NormalDog is alive.
+ Image	-Returns the image of the NormalDog.
getNormalDogImage()	-This method retrieves and returns the normalDogImage, which
	represents the image of the NormalDog object.
	-The image is typically used for rendering the NormalDog on
	the game screen.
+ void	-Sets the image of the NormalDog object to the specified
setNormalDogImage(Image	normalDogImage.
normalDogImage)	-This method allows updating the image of the NormalDog
	during runtime, providing flexibility in visuals.

# 2.1.6. Class SmallDog extends Dog:

This class represents a small dog object in the game.

# Fields:

+ int WIDTH	Width of the small dog (Value = 30).
+ int HEIGHT	Height of the small dog (Value = 30).
- double SPEED	Speed of the small dog (Value = 1).
- boolean isDead	Flag to indicate if the small dog is dead (Value = false).
- Image smallDogImage	Image of the small dog.

# Constructor:

+ SmallDog(double	-This calls the constructor of the superclass (presumably a class named
x, double y)	GameObject) with the provided x and y coordinates, as well as the width
	and height specified by the WIDTH and HEIGHT constants. This initializes
	the position and size of the SmallDog object.
	-set the image of the SmallDog object. It takes an Image object as its
	parameter. In this case, it creates a new Image object using the file path
	"/pic/smallDog.png". The getClass().getResource() method is used to
	load the image file from the application's resources.

+ void move()	Moves the small dog vertically downwards.
+ void render(GraphicsContext	draw the image of the SmallDog onto the canvas at the
gc)	specified coordinates (x - WIDTH / 2, y - HEIGHT / 2) with the
	specified dimensions (WIDTH and HEIGHT).

+ void playDeathSound()	-triggers the playing of a sound effect representing the death
	of the SmallDog.
	-"res/sound/effect/smallDog.wav": Specifies the file path of the
	sound effect to be played.
+ double getWidth()	Returns the width of the small dog.
+ double getHeight()	Returns the height of the small dog.
+ boolean isDead()	Returns true if the small dog is dead, false otherwise.
+ void setDead(boolean dead)	Sets the status of the small dog's life.
+ Image getSmallDogImage()	Returns the image of the small dog.
+ void	Sets the image of the small dog.
setSmallDogImage(Image	
smallDogImage)	

# 2.1.7. Class BossDog extends Dog:

This class represents a boss dog entity in a game.

# Fields:

- int health	Represents the health points of the boss dog.
# double WIDTH	Constant representing the width of the boss dog. (value = 50)
# double HEIGHT	Constant representing the height of the boss dog. (value = 50)
+ double SPEED	Constant representing the speed at which the boss dog moves. (value
	= 0.5)
- Image	Represents the image of the boss dog.
bossDogImage	

### Constructor:

+ BossDog(double x,	Initializes a boss dog object with the given position (x, y), width, and
double y)	height. Sets the initial health to 5 and loads the boss dog image from a
	specified path.

+ void move()	Moves the boss dog downwards at a constant speed.
+ void	Variable Initialization:
render(GraphicsContext	ratio calculates how much the boss dog's health affects its size. It's
gc)	a number between 0 and 1, where 1 means full health and 0 means
	no health.
	Calculating Current Width and Height:
	currentWidth and currentHeight determine the size of the boss
	dog's image based on its health. They're scaled versions of the
	original width and height (WIDTH and HEIGHT), adjusted according
	to the boss dog's health ratio.
	Rendering the Image:
	The boss dog's image is drawn on the screen using the drawlmage
	method. It uses the scaled width and height (currentWidth and
	currentHeight) to adjust the size of the image. The image is
	centered at the boss dog's position (x, y), considering its size.
+ void takeDamage()	Reduces the health of the boss dog by 1 when it takes damage.
	Sets the boss dog as dead if its health reaches 0 or below.
+ void playDeathSound()	Calling Main.playEffectSound("res/sound/effect/bossDog.wav"):
	This line calls a method named playEffectSound from the Main
	class (or an associated class) and passes it the file path
	"res/sound/effect/bossDog.wav".

	The method likely plays the sound effect stored in the specified file
	path.
	File Path "res/sound/effect/bossDog.wav":
	This is the location of the sound effect file (bossDog.wav) within the
	project's directory structure.
	It's assumed that this file contains the sound effect for the boss
	dog's death.
+ boolean isDead()	Checks if the boss dog is dead (health is 0 or below).
+ double getWidth()	Returns the width of the boss dog.
+ double getHeight()	Returns the height of the boss dog.
+ int getHealth()	Returns the current health of the boss dog.
+ void setHealth(int health)	Sets the health of the boss dog.
+ Image	Returns the image of the boss dog.
getBossDogImage()	
+ void	Sets the image of the boss dog.
setBossDogImage(Image	
bossDogImage)	

# 2.1.8. Class Monkey extends GameObject:

This class represents a monkey entity in a game.

# Fields:

- int WIDTH	Constant representing the width of the monkey (Value = 40).
- int HEIGHT	Constant representing the height of the monkey (Value = 40).
- double SPEED	Constant representing the speed at which the monkey moves
	(Value = 3.5).
- boolean hasMovedLeft	Indicates whether the monkey has moved left.

- boolean hasMovedRight	Indicates whether the monkey has moved right.
- boolean hasMovedForward	Indicates whether the monkey has moved forward.
- boolean	Indicates whether the monkey has moved backward.
hasMovedBackward	
- int health	Represents the health of the monkey (Value = 20).
- boolean isDead	Indicates whether the monkey is dead (Value = false).
- Image monkeyImage	Represents the image of the monkey.

# Constructor:

+ Monkey(double x,	- This is a constructor method for the Monkey class, which takes x and y
double y)	coordinates as parameters.
	- calls the constructor of the superclass, passing the x and y
	coordinates along with the WIDTH and HEIGHT parameters.
	This initializes the position and size of the monkey object.
	-sets the image of the monkey object.
	It loads an image file named "monkey_head_red.png" from the "/pic"
	directory relative to the class's location.
	getClass().getResource() obtains the URL of the image file as a
	resource.
	.toExternalForm() converts the URL to a string.
	new Image() creates an Image object using the URL obtained.
	setMonkeyImage() sets the loaded image as the image of the monkey
	object.

+ void move()	-Checks if the monkey should move left (hasMovedLeft is true)
	and if moving left won't take it beyond the left boundary of the
	screen.
	setX(getX() - SPEED): If the conditions are met, it updates the
	monkey's x-coordinate (getX() gets the current x-coordinate)
	by subtracting the speed (SPEED).
	This moves the monkey towards the left side of the screen.
	-Checks if the monkey should move right (hasMovedRight is
	true) and if moving right won't take it beyond the right
	boundary of the screen (Main.WIDTH represents the width of
	the game window).
	setX(getX() + SPEED): If the conditions are met, it updates the
	monkey's x-coordinate by adding the speed.
	This moves the monkey towards the right side of the screen.
	-Similar to left and right movement, these conditions check
	whether the monkey should move forward or backward
	(hasMovedForward or hasMovedBackward is true), and if
	moving in that direction won't take it beyond the top or bottom
	boundary of the screen.
	setY(getY() - SPEED) or setY(getY() + SPEED): Updates the
	monkey's y-coordinate accordingly, either by subtracting or
	adding the speed.
	This moves the monkey either towards the top or bottom of the
	screen.
+ void render(GraphicsContext	this method draws the image of the monkey object onto the
gc)	canvas at the specified coordinates (x - WIDTH / 2, y -

	LIFICUIT / 2) with the openifical discouncies - (MIDTUI-seed
	HEIGHT / 2) with the specified dimensions (WIDTH and
	HEIGHT). This ensures that the monkey is rendered centered
	at its position on the screen.
+ void	-creates a new Bullet object at the position of the monkey
shoot(List <gameobject></gameobject>	object.
newObjects)	The x-coordinate (getX()) is set to the monkey's current x-
	coordinate.
	The y-coordinate is calculated as getY() - getHeight() / 2 -
	Bullet.HEIGHT.
	getY() retrieves the monkey's current y-coordinate.
	getHeight() / 2 adjusts the position vertically to ensure that the
	bullet originates from above the center of the monkey.
	Bullet.HEIGHT ensures that the bullet is positioned above the
	monkey's head.
	-adds the newly created bullet object to the list of new game
	objects (newObjects).
	This list is likely used by the game engine to manage new
	objects that need to be rendered and updated.
	-
	Main.playEffectSound("res/sound/effect/shooting_sound1.wav"
	);
	This line plays a sound effect representing the shooting action.
	It uses the playEffectSound() method from the Main class (or
	associated class) to play the sound effect stored in the
	specified file path ("res/sound/effect/shooting_sound1.wav").
+ boolean isHasMovedLeft()	Indicates if the monkey has moved left.

+ void	Sets the flag indicating if the monkey has moved left.
setHasMovedLeft(Boolean	
hasMovedLeft)	
+ boolean isHasMovedRight()	Indicates if the monkey has moved right.
+ void	Sets the flag indicating if the monkey has moved right.
setHasMovedRight(boolean	
hasMovedRight)	
+ boolean	Indicates if the monkey has moved forward.
isHasMovedForward()	
+ void	Sets the flag indicating if the monkey has moved forward.
setHasMovedForward(boolean	
hasMovedForward)	
+ boolean	Indicates if the monkey has moved backward.
isHasMovedBackward()	
+ void	Sets the flag indicating if the monkey has moved backward.
setHasMovedBackward(boolea	
n hasMovedBackward)	
+ int getHealth()	Returns the health of the monkey.
+ void setHealth(int health)	Sets the health of the monkey.
+ double getWidth()	Returns the width of the monkey.
+ double getHeight()	Returns the height of the monkey.
+ boolean isDead()	Checks if the monkey is dead.
+ void setDead(boolean dead)	Sets the status of the monkey (dead or alive).
+ Image getMonkeyImage()	Returns the image of the monkey.
+ void setMonkeyImage(Image	Sets the image of the monkey.
monkeyImage)	

# 2.1.9. Class Bullet extends GameObject:

This class represents a bullet entity in a game.

# Fields:

+ int WIDTH	Constant representing the width of the bullet. (value = 4)
+ int HEIGHT	Constant representing the height of the bullet. (value = 20)
- static double SPEED	Constant representing the speed at which the bullet moves. (value = 7)
- boolean isDead	Indicates whether the bullet is dead. (value = false)

### Constructor:

+ Bullet(double x, double	Initializes a bullet object with the given position (x, y), width, and
y)	height

+ void move()	Moves the bullet upwards at a constant speed.
+ void render(GraphicsContext	Renders the bullet by drawing a yellow rectangle on the
gc)	GraphicsContext.
+ double getWidth()	Returns the width of the bullet.
+ double getHeight()	Returns the height of the bullet.
+ boolean isDead()	Returns whether the bullet is dead.
+ void setDead(boolean dead)	Sets the status of the bullet (dead or alive)

# 2.2. Package app

# 2.2.1. Class Main extends Application:

This class serves as the main entry point for the game.

# Fields:

+ int WIDTH	Declares a constant integer variable named WIDTH with a value of
	300, representing the width of the game screen.
+ int HEIGHT	Declares a constant integer variable named HEIGHT with a value of
	600, representing the height of the game screen.
+ int numLives	Declares an integer variable named numLives with an initial value of
	20, representing the number of lives the player has.
- AnimationTimer	Declares a private AnimationTimer variable named gameLoop which is
gameLoop;	used for the game loop.
- boolean isRunning	Declares a private boolean variable named isRunning with an initial
	value of false, indicating whether the game is running.
- Button pauseButton;	Declares a private Button variable named pauseButton which is used
	for pausing the game.
- int score	Declares a private integer variable named score with an initial value of
	0, representing the player's score.
- boolean reset	Declares a private boolean variable named reset with an initial value of
	false, indicating whether the game is reset.
- Label scoreLabel	Declares a private final Label variable named scoreLabel and
	initializes it with a Label object displaying the score. (value = new
	Label("Score: " + score);)
- Label lifeLabel	Declares a private final Label variable named lifeLabel and initializes it
	with a Label object displaying the number of lives. (value = new
	Label("Lives: " + numLives);)

- final	Declares a private final List variable named gameObjects which stores
List <gameobject></gameobject>	game objects as GameObject instances. It is initialized as an empty
gameObjects	ArrayList. (value = new ArrayList<>();)
- final	Declares a private final List variable named newObjects which stores
List <gameobject></gameobject>	newly created game objects as GameObject instances. It is initialized
newObjects	as an empty ArrayList. (value = new ArrayList<>();)
- Monkey monkey	Declares a private Monkey variable named monkey and initializes it
	with a new Monkey object created at a position relative to the game
	screen's dimensions. (value = new Monkey(WIDTH / 2, HEIGHT - 40);)
- Pane root	Declares a private Pane variable named root and initializes it with a
	new Pane object, serving as the root container for the game's
	graphical elements. (value = new Pane();)
- Scene scene	Declares a private Scene variable named scene and initializes it with a
	new Scene object, setting its root node to root and specifying its
	dimensions and background color. (value = new Scene(root, WIDTH,
	HEIGHT, Color.BLACK);)
- Scene menuScene;	Declares a private Scene variable named menuScene which
	represents the menu scene of the game.
- Stage primaryStage;	Declares a private Stage variable named primaryStage which
	represents the primary stage of the JavaFX application.
- MediaPlayer	Declares a private MediaPlayer variable named backgroundMusic
backgroundMusic;	which is used for playing background music in the game.
- Label welcomeLabel;	Declares a private Label variable named welcomeLabel which is used
	to display a welcome message in the game.

+ void main(String[] args)	Main method to launch the JavaFX application.
+ void start(Stage primaryStage)	This method is the entry point for JavaFX applications. It is
	called when the application is launched, and it initializes the
	primary stage (main window) and sets up the game scene.
- void spawnDog()	This method is responsible for spawning a new dog enemy in
	the game. It randomly generates a position for the dog to
	appear on the screen and checks if a boss dog should be
	spawned instead.
- void spawnSmallDog()	This method spawns a new small dog enemy in the game.
	Similar to spawnDog(), it generates a random position for the
	small dog to appear.
- void spawnBossDog()	This method spawns a new boss dog enemy in the game. It
	ensures that only one boss dog exists at a time and plays a
	warning message when the boss dog is spawned.
- void checkCollisions()	This method checks for collisions between bullets fired by
	the player and the enemy dogs. It detects when a bullet hits
	a dog and handles the appropriate actions (e.g., scoring
	points).
- void	This method checks if any enemy dogs have reached the
checkDogsReachingBottom()	bottom edge of the game screen. If a dog reaches the
	bottom, it decrements the player's lives and handles game
	over conditions.
- void resetGame()	This method resets the game state when the player loses,
	clearing all game objects, resetting the score and lives, and
	transitioning back to the main menu.
- void initEventHandlers(Scene	This method initializes event handlers for keyboard input in
scene)	the game scene. It listens for key presses and releases to

control the movement of the player character (monkey) and shooting.  - Pane createMenu()  This method creates the main menu of the game, including buttons for starting the game, viewing instructions, seeing contributors, and quitting the game.  - Button createButton(String text, double y)  This method creates a customized button for the game's user interface. It accepts two parameters: text, which is the text to be displayed on the button, and y, which specifies the vertical position of the button.  - void showContributor()  This method displays a pane with information about the contributors who worked on the game, including their names and images.  - void showInstructions()  This method displays a pane with instructions on how to play the game, including movement controls, scoring, and the types of enemy dogs encountered in the game.  - void showTempMessage(String message)  This method temporarily displays a message on the screen, typically used for brief notifications or alerts during gameplay.  - void startGame()  This method starts the game by transitioning from the main menu to the game scene, initializing necessary components, and starting the game loop.  - void  This method plays background music during the game, taking the file path of the music file as input and looping the music File)  # void playEffectSound(String the nusic indefinitely.  # void playEffectSound(String when a dog is killed or when a boss dog appears.		
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	musicFile)	music indefinitely.
soundFile) when a dog is killed or when a boss dog appears.	+ void playEffectSound(String	This method plays a sound effect during the game, such as
	soundFile)	when a dog is killed or when a boss dog appears.

+ Label getWelcomeLabel()	This method is a getter for the welcomeLabel instance
	variable. It returns the welcomeLabel object, allowing access
	to its properties and methods.
+ void setWelcomeLabel(Label	This method is a setter for the welcomeLabel instance
welcomeLabel)	variable. It sets the value of welcomeLabel to the provided
	Label object, allowing for modification.

-- END --

# Git repository

https://github.com/amphikapha/Dog-VS-Monkey

https://github.com/2110215-ProgMeth/project-cedt-2023-2-dog-monkey

### Youtube link

https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=7wDi-FNZwc0